

MAN-A-LIN Is An **Excellent Remedy** for Constipation.

There are many allments directly dependent upon constipation, such as biliousness, discolored and pimpled skin, inactive liver, dyspepsia, overworked kidneys and headache.

Remove constipation and all of these ailments disappear.

MAN-A-LIN can be relied upon to produce a gentle action of the bowels, making pills and drastic cathartics entirely unneces-

A dose or two of Man-a-lin is advisable in slight febrile attacks, la grippe, colds and influenza.

THE MAN-A-LIN CO., COLUMBUS, OHIO, U. S. A.

Rescue Apparatus For Mines. Reported successful experiments have been conducted in a Yorkshire with two kinds of artificial breathing apparatus to enable rescurers to work in irrespirable air after an explosion. A portion of the mine had been provided with the conditions existing after an explosion. Four men were equipped with the contrivances and remained in the place several hours engaged in such explosion. It is believed that these devices would enable a corps trained men to enter a mine filled with foul air, to restore the ventilation and to save many lives.

Small Slices,

"The bill of fare for Sunday dinner will be shredded chicken instead of baked chicken," announced the old farmer to the group of city board-

"H'm!" grunted one pessimist, "what caused the change?" "What caused the change? Why, by beck, one of them thar racing au-

flock of poultry."-Chicago News. Not The Real Thing.

mobiles just ran through my whole

Clara-I'm going to break off my engagement with Tom. I find I do love him. Maude-Indeed! When did you

make the discovery?
Clara—Last night. I saw him out riding with another girl, and I didn't feel like pulling her hair or scratching her eyes out at all.—Chicago

Modern Education.

"Fifth grade next year, Johnny?" "Ah, you'll be in fractions or decimals then, no doubt?" "No, sir; I'll be in beadwork and perforated squares." — Washington Herald.

Revised Version.

My Bonnie lies under the auto; My Bonnie swears under the car, Please send to the garage for some For 'tis lonesome up here where

-The Home Magazine.

It's a

Good Time now

to see what a good "staying" breakfast can be made without high-priced

Meat

TRY

A Little Fruit, A Dish of Grape-Nuts and Cream, A Soft-Boiled Egg. Some Nice, Crisp Toast, - Cup of Postum Food Coffee.

That's all, and all very easy of digestion and full to the brim with nourishment and strength.

REPEAT FOR LUNCHEON OR SUP-PER.

and have a mea! and vegetable dinner either at noon or evening,

as you prefer. We predict for you an increase in physical and mental power.

"There's a Reason."

Many Kinds of Fish Imitate the Birds

Build Nests and Mate Like Feathered Tribe-Stickleback's Odd Habits......

among the fishes.

Probably the best known finny to build a nest. When the mating scientists. season arrives the little bachelor's thoughts are centered upon providing a nest. The site selected is genbut not too swiftly. He first begins by carrying small bits of green masides of the banks. that he has the power of secreting lars for his building. During this This is repeated until enough has been thrown on to weight the slender fabric down and give its substance and stability; then more twists, turns and splashings to test the firmness of the foundation.

Collecting Materials. "The foundation once complete, the next operation is to collect materials, chiefly pieces of straw, roots, the nest. The nest, or nursery, when completed, is a hollow, somewhat rounded, barrel-shaped structure, worked together much in the same way as the platform fastened to the water plants, the whole firmly glued together.

"The inside of the nest is made as smooth as possible by a kind of plas- corner of the pond. After the eggs tering system; the little architect have been deposited in the nest both and builder continually goes in, then turning 'round and 'round works the mucus from his body on to the inner out, and then continue their loving sides of the nest, where it hardnes like tough varnish. Two apertures to shift for themselves. are constructed in the nest, one for ingress and the other for egress. and not unlike it.

Looking For a Mate. "As soon as the nest is completed Mr. Stickleback begins to cast his eyes around for a suitable mate. Watch him as he swims toward a group of the fair sex enjoying themselves amid the water plants. Arrayed in his best and brightest livery smiles and amiability; steadily and in the most approved style of stickleback love making this young bachelor pleads his suit, generally with success. Then the pair return to the nest, in which the female deosits her eggs, emerging when the operation is completed by the opposite hole. On the female leaving he Immediately enters, deposits the milt the eggs, taking his departure through the back door. And now comes the saddest part of all. Immediately after leaving the nest he seeks another lady love, introduces her as he did the first and so on, wife after wife, until the nest is filled with all quarters of the globe, sometimes build nests. The nest is usually made eggs, layer upon layer. He then devotes all his time to guarding the eggs in his nest until the young are hatched out and have attained an age at which they can shift for themselves.

Shelter For Dry Shells.

construct nests for the purpose of eggs, when ready, are stuck to the holding their eggs, but the African inner surface of the shell forming mudfish builds one for his own sal- the roof. The rivers which this spevation. cies inhabits are liable to protracted mound or nest in which to deposit its droughts each year. When such a eggs. This nest is formed either of drought is imminent the fish retires sandy grit of pebbles "if the latter to the deeper water and excavates a are available" and is often at least pit, in which it lies, covering itself three feet in diameter. The fish are over with a thick layer of mud. Thus said to carry pebbles in their mouths sheltered it can suffer the complete to the desired spot. drying up of the river, as being gifted with lungs as well as gills it breathes about eight inches by six inches. This air directly through an aperture left nest, which is always located in a in the top of the nest. The rains of spot where the water is quiet and the west season dissolve the mud and there are plenty of aquatic plants, liberate the fish. Sometimes these has a soft water envelope, and after fish are dug out from their nests and the female has deposited her eggs in eaten by the natives. Others have it the male hovers over it, forcing been shipped thousands of miles in fresh water through the mass by those nests and when the mud was rapid vibrations of his fins until after

came forth as lively as ever. "It is doubtful whether protective from all enemies. mimicry among fishes is better ememplified than in the case of the species commonly known as the marbled anspends most of its time clinging to the floating masses of sargassum weed. to rest on which, from its peculiar armlike pectoral fins, it is specially fitted; and the color markings of the fish closely resemble the weed itself. so much so, in fact, that it is very difficult to distinguish it. Not only does the weed thus furnish a home for this species, but the fish actually constructs a nest from it and therein deposits its eggs. Each nest is made of one scaweed; the different 'twigs' being brought together and made fast to each other by means of silklike fibers, probably secreted by the parent, as in the sticklebacks. The eggs are attached by more fibers to the dinner, nest, from which they hang like large "I c clusters of grapes. To the superficial

a tangled mass of seaweed floating on the surface, a most common sight. "In Brazil is found a fish shaped somewhat like an ell which burrows in the mud during the dry senson. During the wet season the animal stores up in its system a reserve of fat, and then when the dry season arrives and the rivers dry up it constructs a deep tubular burrow in which it doubles up with head and tail together. The mouth of the currow is closed with a most ingeniously constructed mud flap through
which are several small perforations,
which remit the animal to breathe
eir directly, as it is also one of the row is closed with a most ingenious-

"The nest building habit," said a few species gifted with both lungs well known naturalist in a recent and gills. While inclosed in its nest lecture, "is generally associated with the fish is frequently dug out by the birds, but there are other members natives, who highly prize its flesh. of the animal kingdom which indulge In the period of incubation it lives in it. Strange to relate, some of the upon the reserve of fat accumulated most typical examples are to be found during the rainy season. When the early rains soften the soil the fish emerges from its burrow and resumes nest builder is the little stickleback, its aquatic existence. This is a very which is found commonly in brack- rare species, but few specimens havish water. The male alone is able ing ever come into the possession of

Male Guards Eggs.

"In Lakes Huron and Erie, and in some of the interior lakes of Nem erally among the stems of aquatic York, is found the bowfin. At the plants, where the water always flows, beginning of the breeding season the fish makes its way from the deeper water, where it has remained rlugterial, which he nips off the stalls gish during the winter, to the spawnand tugs from out the bottom and ing ground, which is usually at the These he at- swampy end of a lake where there is tackes by some glutinous material an abundance of aquatic herbage intersected by channels of clear water. to the different stems destined as pil- Here the fish circles 'round and 'round until the soft weeds and rootoperation he swims against the work lets are bent and crushed aside so as already done, splashes about and to leave a crude form of nest, where seems to test its durability and the eggs are deposited, adhering to strength, rubs himself against the the nest in enormous numbers. The tiny platform and scrapes the mucus | male remains on guard until the eggs from his sides to use as mortar. Then are hatched out, when the young aphe thrusts his nose into the sand at | pear to leave the nest in a body, still the bottom, and, bringing up a under the watchful care of the father, mouthful, scatters it over the foun- who keeps the swarm together by circling 'round and 'round it.

One Ingenious Nest.

"The gourami, or paradise fish, builds a very ingenious nest. A muddy bottom is generally selected for this purpose. The fish prefers to use for the nest tufts of peculiar grass, which grows on the surface of the water and whose floating roots, rising and falling with the moveleaves, etc., and build the walls of ment of the water, form natural galleries, under which the fish can conceal themselves. The nest is constructed by entangling the stems and leaves, intermingled with blades of grams, and is of a nearly spherical form much resembling in shape those of some birds, and when completed is attached among the plants in one parents carefully guard it for a month, when the young are hatched care until the young are large enough

"The wrasses of the Atlantic ocean also build nests during the breeding They are smooth and symmetrical as season. These are generally built the hole leading into a wren's nest, in crevices of rocks. The nest is usually in the shape of a crescent and is six or seven inches wide at its widest part, and twelve incaes high, and is made generally of tufts of coraline, seaweed, zoophytes, broken shells, etc., fixed together at their bases by a semi-solid mucus. It is the work of both the male and the female. There is a small opening leading into the centre of the nest A very remarkable thing about these nests is that they are generally built at half tide mark, which leaves them exposed to the air at least twelve hours each day-six hours at a tide. The fish have been seen jumping out of the water in order to reach the nests when the tide is rising, but had not yet reached the nest. It was in this family of fishes that sleep was first observed in fishes, that fish when in an aquarium seeking a sleeping place at night and lying down on one

side "Gobles, which are found in almost all quarters of the globe, sometimes of some mollusk shell or of the carapace of a crab, with the convex side turned upward and covered with sand. The sand underneath the shell is hollowed out and a round opening at the side, coated by a mucus increted by the skin of the male fish, "Nearly all the nest building fishes gives access to the interior. The

"An Australian catfish forms a

"Certain catfishes construct nests dissolved in warmish water the fish about a week they are hatched. The parents jealously guard the eggs

"Many of the nests are nothing but shallow holes scooped out of the sandy bottom by the fins and snouts As it is a poor awimmer it of the fishes. Such are the nests of the black bass and salmon. The little fresh water 'Miller's Thumb' and the larger marine 'buliheads' deposit their eggs on stones, weeds or other submerged objects, or in a sort of rough nest, and here they are guarded by the male. The lumpsuckers, when the breeding season arrives, prepare a nest by digging a pit between two stones at the bottom of a shallow portion of the sea, in which the female deposits several hundred thousand eggs."

Scorching at Meals. Lawrence Mott, author and automobilist, condemned scorching at a

"I condemn," he said, "scorehing and the scorcher, but I don't conobserver the whole thing looks like demn the scorcher unheard. I don't condemn the accused man hastily. Hasty condemnation is always a mis-

"Once on a Canadian railway I got off the train for a five-minute lunchcon at a railway-eating bar. "There was a man beside me gob-

bling away, and when he finished I heard him say bitterly, as he took out "Call that a bam sandwich? It's the worst ham sandwich I ever atc.

Making Inventories.

By EDWARD WILLISTON FRENTZ.

The appraising of personal estates and the making inventories of the contents of stores and private residences is one of those businesses which goes on continually, but so quickly that little is heard of it. The growing tendency of wealthy persons to carry an adequate insurance upon their furniture, books, pictures, and the other things in their homes has given considerable impetus to this industry, and has created a demand for the most comprehensive and exact knowledge an equipment which few women possess, but which is bringing very handsome returns to those who lo possess it.

The business of appraising, or rather of making inventories, embraces the whole range of human knowledge. Indeed, its motto might very well be the old Latin sentiment: Nothing of human interest is forsign to me." The object is to give a man such a list of the things he owns, and so arranged, so as to enable him, in case of fire or burglary, to tell at once what his loss has been; and in the one event to secure his insurance money, and in the other to recover the goods. The advantage of such a list is so evident to men of large possessions, to collectors of books or lovers of old lace or china, or connoisseurs of paintings that the business is constantly growing; but to be of even the slightest value the list must be accurate. Here comes in the appraiser's skill, and here is the demand for specially trained women.

No college will impart this training. It must be acquired by actual practice and experience; but an education, if it is good for anything, should have trained the faculty of observation and strengthened the memory, and both these things are useful In this work.

A still more practical equipment is the absolute mastery of some one department of knowledge. It may be books or book-binds, or silks or lace or etchings or furniture; but it must be thorough in its own field. The expert in book-bindings must be familiar with all the famous binders both of the past and of the present, so that she can make no mistake in the kind of leather used, and can see at a glance whether an ornament is handtooled or machine-struck. She will look at the pores in the leather of one binding, and because she finds them in peculiar groups will pronounce it sheep. Another she knows is calf because the pores are evenly distributed.

If her specialty is furniture, she will be able to tell you the characteristics of Chippendale and Sheraton, and the difference between birch and maple, and how bay-wood is treated to make it look like San Domingo

Another girl picks up a piece of velvet and says, "This is Scurari. It is made only in one place, on the Bosphorus. I know all about it." Such knowledge as this is more likely to be acquired at first in the pursuit of a fad than with the deliberate purpose of turning it to financial account; but the possession of such a fad is a good steppingstone to the business of making inventories. Even then the beginner will usually receive not more than six dollars a week until she has demonstrated her ability. She will most likely be set at work on some task which includes her specialty, but embraces something more, and her success will be measured both by the extent of the knowledge which she displays in her peculiar field and by the intelligence which she manifests' in gathering information outside of it. If she has an accurate and comprehensive knowledge of several things she will be able to command from three to ten dollars a day.

The business of making inventories is not yet, and indeed may never be, one in which a large number of girls can find employment; but for the exceptional girl it offers a new and attractive opening, in which there is not only a high standard of payment for the work itself, but excellent opportunity for collateral employment, such as the giving of expert opinion in special cases.-- From the Youth's Companion.

An Andacious Fool.

The function of the king's fool In mediaeval times was in a measure an important one, and he who filled the post had often very great influence with his sovereign. Perhaps the brightest and most astute of fools was Tribouler, the favorite jester of Francis I. It was reported that His Majesty, who was of a very generous nature, had acceded to a request of Charles V., Emperor of Germany, that he might pass through France on his way to the Netherlands. Putting aside a recollection of what he had suffered at the Emperor's hands while a captive in Spain, Francis was preparing to receive Charles with much ceremony and splendor. Observing one morning that Triboulet was scribbling industriously upon a bit of paper Francis inquired what he was doing. "I have just added the name of

Emperor Charles of Germany to my list of fools," answered the jester, "a sovereign who is committing the incredible folly of intrusting himself to you by passing through your king-

"Folly? How if I should let him pass safely?" "Then I shall substitute your name

for his," was the audacious retert of the fool .- Tit-Bits.

Had Heart Like a Shoe. Samuel Culp, the man with the freak heart, which was frequently ilscussed in medical journals, and was an object of interest to the medical world generally, died suddenly to-day of heart disease, aged twentyfour years. The heart was shaped like a shoe, and was unusually large.

The least exercise made him ill. While a student at the University of Pennsylvania, from which institution he was graduated with honors in chemistry two years ago, he was subjected to X-ray examinations by eminent physicians, but all their treatments were in vain.—Reading Dispatch to the Philadelphia Press.

DUG BY A METEORITE.

Hole 400 Feet Deep and Three-Fourths of a Mile Wide Made.

In Coconino County, Arizona, about five miles south of Sunshine Station, on the Santa Fe Railroad, is a very remarkable eminence rising above an almost perfectly level plain, and known locally as Coon Butte or Coon Mountain.

This so-called mountain consists of a circular ridge from 130 to 160 feet in height, surrounding an almost circular depression in the earth about 400 feet deep and approximately three-fourths of a mile in diameter. From the bottom of the depression to the crest of the ridge surrounding it the distance is from 530 to 560

The depression has a general resemblance to a crater, and a superficial glance conveys the impression that it was really the crater of a volcano which became extinct ages ago. Geologists, however, soon observed that the ring around the crater-like depression is not composed of volcanie outpourings. The hole is found to penetrate from twenty to forty feet to red sandstone, then from 250 to 350 feet of yellowish limestone, then a light gray sandstone and finally a brownish sandstone, in which it terminates.

These same level strate, formed when the land was covered with water, extend over the plain in all directions for many miles. The theory that the so-called crater could have been formed by a volcano may be set aside as impossible.

Another theory was that this remarkable hole was the result of a steam explosion, but the latest investigators have found many reasons for believing that this explosion is incredible. The vast amount of steam required to do this work could be stored up only in regions of volcanic activity. There is no evidence that such a region ever existed.

Daniel M. Barringer, geologist, and B. C. Tilghmann, physicist and chemist, have been giving a great deal of time to investigating this phenomenon, and have just printed their results. They have collected an actonishing amount of evidence in favor of the theory that this great bole in the earth was produced by the impact of an Iron body failing out of space and moving, of course, at terrific speed.

The body must have been a very large meteorite or a small asteroid and in making this deep hole it not only ground an immense quantity of rock into fine particles of almost impalpable dust, of which a large part of the crater rim is formed, but it was itself to a large extent broken into slivers by the terrific force of the collision.

Borings have revealed many small fragments and splinters of it to a considerable depth, but no large piece has yet been found beneath the floor of the crater. On the other hand, about fifteen tons of the meteoric iron have been collected from around the crater and sent to the various museums of the world. Several thousand pieces have been discovered scattered all around the crater and to a distance of two and a half miles from it, and there are millions of particles of it scattered far around the

Like other meteoric objects coming . to us from the skies, these countless fragments contain iron, nickel, uridium and platinum.

A double compartment shaft is now being sunk in the exact centre of the crater. Unless insurmountable difficulties are met it will be sunk to such a depth as will show whether or not any large part of the body lies buried several hundred feet below the floor of the crater.

Hetty Green's Son First.

The first corporation charter under the new and rigid Texas law was issued to-day to E. H. R. Green, son of Mrs. Hetty Green, of New York. The new law requires that fifty per cent, of the capital stock must be paid in money and all stock subscribed before a charter can be is-

sued. These facts are to be sworn to. Green launched the "Cash Oil Company, of Dallas." Some of the wealthiest men of Dallas are his associates. He has obtained control of 10,000 acres of land at Cash, in Hunt County, where large deposits of petroleum have been discovered.

The excitement in that locality is intense. Green is sinking wells and hundreds of other men are prospect-- Dallas Dispatch to the New York World.

Missouri's Honey Crop.

The importance of the honey crop of Missouri is much larger than many people know of, says Secretary Ellis of the State Board of Agriculture. According to the last United States Census only three States-namely, Texas, California and New Yorkexceed Missouri in the total honey products. Missouri has something like \$750,000.

Within the last few years a very fatal contagious disease has appeared in some places in the State, known as foul brood. For the protection of the bee owners the just Legislature enacted a law for the appointment of a State bee inspector, to be under the control of the State Board of Agriculture.—Kansas City Journal.

Compulsory Education in Ching. The Board of Education has under consideration a acheme of compulsory education of children, by which one hundred primary schools will be established in each provincial capi tal, forty in each prefect, department and district and one in each village.

The same board is of opinion that all children reaching a certain age should be forced to enter the schools, otherwise their parents are to be punished. It is also proposed that the provincial director of education shall attend the school once in every two years and hold an examination. -Shanghal Mercury.

The Lady or the Tiger?

It is always embarrassing to a girl when she goes into a fashionable shoe store to buy a new pair of boots and cannot remember for the moment which stocking it is that has the hole in it. -- Somerville Journal.

The Dead Came To Life,

A remarkable case of the dead returning to life was furnished by John A. Hall, a railroad man, who came bere from Sabetha, Kans., recently.
to look for work. He dropped unconscious in the yards and was found
apparently dead. He was taken to
the morgue and left on a table all night.

The coroner decided upon a postmortem to determine the cause of death and left his assistant to do the work. No sooner had the point of the surgeon's knife touched the body than it suddenly began to sit up on

"You needn't cut me open." said Hall. "Fil answer any questions you ask me." Hall explained that he had not lain senseless at all, but knew all that had been going on. He heard all that was said about a post-mortem, but was unable to make a sound of any kind. 'About that time," said Hall, "I

was doing some hard thinking."-Philadelphia Press.

Costly Coffins. A well-known American million-re is reported to have expended £20,000 on a coffin. This is thought to be the record in this form of postmortem extravagance. Several cof fins, however, have been known to cost over £1,000, and not many years ago a woman buried her husband in a coffin of elaborately carved mahog any, with gold fittings and silk lin-ing, the whole costing £4,000. It another case a woman directed that an electric light should be kept burning in her tomb and another inside coffin, at an annual cost of £100 Li Hung Chang's coffin is said to have cost £13,000, and to have becprofusely embellished with gold figures and clusters of precious stones -Tit-Bits.

The Industrious Flower,

The most marvelous thing to me is the swiftness with which the morning glory vines grow during this enervating weather," said the tired woman. "I have one in my window woman. "I have one in my window box. It has gone up the side now and is coming across on a string put there to the other side. I the down on my couch to watch it. The other day I thought I really must get up and turn the vine down over the string. Before I could get up the wind had blown it down or it had reached down of its own second and white I lay there watching it vine. It grew so fast, in fact, that it made me even more tired than I am to lie there and watch it."-N

The Change Of A Word.

"You wouldn't think there'd b enough difference between the defi-nite and the indefinite article to motter much, would you?" said a woman who writes for a living. "I made a lifelong enemy of a woman once just by writing 'the' where I mean! It was an account of her wed ding I was doing. I said somethin about the ceremony being performed at the home of the bride's aunt, and then I added that there were pres 'only the few friends of the family.' The bride never got over that 'the' in front of few. It happened five years ago and when my name is mentioned she still froths

Cure For Sore Throat.

"There is absolutely no better cur for a sore throat than the fuice from green gooseberries." said M. O. Jones, of Plant, Tenn., at the Utopia. "My children have never taken any medicine for sore throats except the gooseberry juice. My wife takes the berries when they are green, cook the juice out of them, sweetens is and places it in bottles for future use. The fuice will keep for an in-definite period and has proven to be most beneficial in cases where the try folks to find out the real medicines as they were intended for us them."-- Nashville Tenne

FITS, St. Vitus Dance: Nervous Diseases per-manently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. 82 trial bottle and treatis: free. Dr. H. R. Kline, Ld., 631 Arch St., Phila., Ph.

Once there was a cook who stayed a one place more than a month, but he had a stroke of paralysis.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflamma-tion, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle

TERRIBLE ITCHING.

Eczema Affected Whole System—Un-able to Rest Night or Day—Suffered 4 Years-Caticura Cures.

"I suffered severely for four years from poison oak and ivy. My condition was serious, as I could not rest night or day and be free from a terrible itching sensation from scratching on my hands between the lingers my feet and face, and eczema the ingers, my feet and face, and eccenna followed. My cresight was affected, and I went to a hospital especially for the eyes and got relief, but eccenn got a terrible hold on my system. I was about to give up all hope of ever being cured, yet I could not be reconciled to such results, as my health had been good and free from any disease all my life. My age is seventy-three years. In my extremity I happened to read of Cuticura Remedies for skin diseases. I bought five boxes Cutieura Oint ment, also some Cattieura Sosp and Cuti-cura Pills as I required them. In four weeks' treatment my face was smooth, and weeks treatment my face was smooth, and the itching gradually left my hands and feet and I could rest confortably for which I am grateful and happy. W. Field Cowen, Justice of the Peace and Notary Public, Martly, Del., May 15, 1906."

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HANGABARAN PROPERTY AND A SECONDARY

Circumstantial Evidence

It is not necessarily great elo-quence or wisdom that gives a lawhappy knack of telling a homely story with a "point" at just the suspicious moment has saved many a losing side. The world-wide ex-empiar of this is, of course, Abra-bam Lincoln, but he has had a mul-

titude of followers. The late George Vest, of Missouri. was once defending a young ma vidence against him was purely c cumstantial, but strong. Vast claired that no man should be convicts

oon circumstantial evidence alone 'Why," he said. "when I was oy, I knew another lad who, while his parents were absent, went to the pantry and nearly devoured a large custard ple. Then fearing the con-

iding the traces of his guilt. "Seeing the cat, he took her, smeared her face and paws with the custard, and then, taking the inno-cent criminal into the backyard, he shot her. As he did so the boy oberved to me, There goes one more victim of circumstantial evidence." "
Vest won the case.—N. Y. Times.





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