

# WILLIAM D. HAYWOOD ACQUITTED OF MURDER

### Prosecution of Haywood's Associates to Continue.

## NO FAITH WAS PUT IN ORCHARD.

Secretary and Treasurer of the Western Federation of Miners Freed From Charge of Murdering Stenenberg—Haywood's First Show of Emotion on Hearing Verdict.

### CHRONOLOGY OF THE TRIAL.

Frank Stenenberg assassinated on December 30, 1905.  
Harry Orchard arrested January 1, 1906.  
Moyer, Heywood and Pettibone arrested February 17, 1906.  
Trial began May 9, 1907.  
Jury completed June 3, 1907.  
Number of witnesses summoned, 248.  
Number of witnesses for prosecution, 89.  
Number of witnesses for defense, including depositions, 87.  
Verdict of not guilty returned July 28, 1907.  
Cost of trial to State of Idaho, \$95,000.  
Cost of trial to Canyon County, \$25,000.

Boise, Idaho (Special).—William D. Heywood is a free man. The historic trial which has engrossed the attention of the entire country ended at 8 o'clock Sunday morning, when an Idaho jury pronounced the secretary-treasurer of the Western Federation of Miners not guilty of the murder of Frank Stenenberg.

Never was a more dramatic scene witnessed in a courtroom than that which followed the reading of the verdict. As the words pronouncing Heywood free fell from the lips of the clerk of the court they proved too much for the strong man who has sat in the prisoner's dock for the last three months. Heywood cried. His powerful frame shook convulsively and great tears rolled down his cheeks.

Not once throughout the trial has this strong-willed labor leader given way. When his chief accuser, Orchard, told his incriminating story Heywood sat unmoved. When he was assailed by the prosecuting counsel he returned a look of defiance. When Attorney Darrow pleaded for the life of his client with an eloquence that moved many to tears it had no visible effect on the defendant. He appeared to be a man of iron will as well as of iron constitution.

But when the supreme moment came he showed that he was human. He did not try to conceal his tears as his friends crowded around him, eager to grasp his hand. For a moment he appeared stunned, as, indeed, did most of the early morning spectators who appeared in the courtroom. No one seemed prepared for the verdict. The most that the friends and even the attorneys for the defendant hoped for was a disagreement.

Few persons other than attorneys and correspondents were in the courtroom. It was not generally known that a verdict had been reached. Governor Gooding was notified and he drove rapidly to the courthouse. He appeared confident that a verdict vindicating him for his activity in the prosecution could be reached. Attorneys Darrow and Richardson looked dejected as they entered the courtroom and took their seats, one on each side of the defendant. There was a depressing gloom in the air as Judge Wood entered and took his seat.

## THE NEWS OF THE WEEK.

### Domestic.

Attorney Clarence Darrow closed an eloquent plea for the life of Harry T. Haywood, on trial in Boise, Idaho, in connection with the assassination of Governor Stenenberg.

S. S. Simon, a prominent manufacturer of Lyons, France, shot himself in his room at the Hotel Imperial, New York. He was taken to a hospital in a dying condition.

Baron von Humbrecht, German minister to Cuba, sailed from New York for Europe on board the steamship Deutschland, of the Hamburg-American line.

Harold Reed, of Brooklyn, N. Y., was cut to pieces by a Monon flyer as he was hurrying to shelter at Lafayette, Ind., during a severe electrical storm.

All the objections made by the Christian Science attorneys for the purpose of limiting the scope of the inquiry into the competency of Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy were overruled by Judge Chamberlin.

Three lives were lost by the explosion of a car of naphtha in a Big Four train near Euclid, Mich. The car left the track on a curve and immediately burst into flames.

The causes of the failure of public ownership in America is discussed in reports to the Civic Federation made by Professor Goodenow and Walter L. Fisher.

Charles Johnson was hanged at the Bradford County, Pa., jail for the murder of his sister-in-law, Mrs. Bigler Johnson, and her niece.

## Is Mere Man Getting Gay?

A casual comparison of the summer man of 1907 with the corresponding types of previous seasons would seem to indicate that he is increased frivoly the keynote of masculine modest. Marked male tendency toward rowdy raiment causes sober-minded to view the situation with alarm.



SUMMER MAN #1907.  
—Week's Cleverest Cartoon by Triggs, in the New York Press.

## THE MARQUIS OF ITO WILL RULE KOREA

### As the Resident General He Will Control.

## THE EMPEROR A FIGUREHEAD.

Neither the Government nor any Legislative Body Can Enact Any Law or Carry Out Any Administration Measure Unless Approved by the Japanese Resident General.

Seoul (By Cable).—Iwan-Yung, premier of Korea, acting by authority of the Emperor, given under the imperial seal at the palace, and Marquis Ito, resident general of Japan, signed the following agreement at midnight at the Japanese residence:

"The governments of Japan and Korea, in view of the early attainment of prosperity and strength in Korea and the speedy promotion of the welfare of the Korean people, have agreed upon and concluded the following stipulations:

"Article 1.—The government of Korea shall follow the direction of the resident general in connection with the reform of the administration.

## AT THE NATION'S CAPITAL

### Some Interesting Happenings Briefly Told.

Director of the Mint Roberts announced the appointment of Kingsbury Foster, of New York, as superintendent of the United States assay office at New York.

Manuel Ibarra, the Mexican who was kidnapped from an Arizona jail and taken across the border, was returned by the Mexican authorities.

New regulations designed to encourage the manufacture of denatured alcohol were issued by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Cyrus Phelps, dependent over the loss of his position in the Government Printing Office, committed suicide.

The report of the board which inquired into the battleship Georgia explosion declares that the air blast attached to the gun being fired was still in operation several minutes after the fire occurred.

## COTTON GINNING STATISTICS

### The Census Bureau Perfects Its Plans.

Washington (Special).—The Census Bureau has perfected its arrangements for collecting cotton-ginning statistics covering the cotton crop of 1907-8.

The reports will be printed and mailed within 24 hours after publication to all ginners and to all others interested.

Between the hour of 6 P. M., when the agents complete their canvass and make their county summaries for telegraphing, and 10 A. M. of the following morning, when the reports are published in Washington, no business is transacted on cotton exchanges in this country, and hence, under this system, Director North says, there can be no improper use of the information.

## 14 KNOWN DEAD.

Another Tenement House Horror In New York.

New York (Special).—An explosion, accompanied by fire, shattered an East Side tenement shortly before midnight and, with the crumbling walls, at least 14 persons and perhaps more went down to death, while many more were probably fatally injured.

London (Special).—A cartoon in "Punch" that attracting much attention from those persons who are of the belief that the United States is responsible morally for the action of Venezuela in refusing to pay debts that have been passed upon as just by the Hague conference. It portrays the South American republic in the shape of a monkey perched in a tree, holding in its hand a catchel. The tree is labeled "Monroe Doctrine."

Fortune For Three Young Women. Helena, Mont. (Special).—The Misses Bertha and Frederica Volkmer and Miss Eton Kepner were apprised that after three years' litigation in German courts, they had been made heiresses to the estate of their grandfather, valued at \$40,000,000. The young women will go to Germany shortly.

## NO COAL FAMINE

### IN THE NEAR FUTURE

### It Is Not Even a Very Remote Possibility.

## A STATEMENT BY MR. WOODRUFF.

### Valuable Statistics By Acting Head of Interior Department to Show That There Are Millions Upon Millions of Acres Under Which There Are Mines of Coal Yet Untouched.

Washington (Special).—That a coal famine is not necessary nor imminent is the opinion expressed by Acting Secretary Woodruff, in a statement of the Interior Department. In a statement, just made public he discussed the coal area as developed by the Geological Survey, saying:

"Not including great areas of lignite, which will be mined only after the more valuable coal deposits are exhausted, the Geological Survey has determined that there are townships in the states and territories west of South Dakota, Nebraska and Kansas, aggregating in all over 60,000,000 acres of land, each township of which contains under its entire surface, or part of it, workable deposits of coal. The Geological Survey has been busy for several years in determining the location, quantity, quality and workable condition of these coal deposits. This work has been taken up with utmost vigor during the present year, and townships containing more than 28,000,000 acres in which workable coal exists have been examined and classified.

When one remembers that these classified areas are most conveniently situated with reference to transportation and settled districts, and that every acre of them is subject to purchase from the government under the coal-land laws, and has been for several months; also that the Northern Pacific Railroad Company alone is reputed to have in its own possession land containing 3,000,000 acres of coal, and also that many hundred thousand acres of coal land scattered throughout the entire region containing coal have already passed into private holding, and in many instances contain large mining plants, it is easy to see that if there is to be a coal famine next winter such a famine will result only from failure to mine the coal which is easily accessible either by grant to railroads, purchase in the past by individuals and companies or entry at the present time under the laws.

Mr. Woodruff expresses the hope that the next Congress may enact a leasing law which would enable companies to acquire control of more than the 640 acres now allowed to be purchased.

Chicago (Special).—"Children should wear no clothing until ten years old."

Prof. Starr's Idea May Be Carried Out In Chicago.

Prof. Fred Starr, of Congo exploration fame, made this statement at the University of Chicago, and shortly afterward it became definitely known that several university professors are to experiment on cures for the "family problem" in a specially constructed "paradise flats," at Fifty-sixth Street and Lexington Avenue.

## POPULAR SCIENCE

Air that has been inhaled has a higher electrical conductivity than has normal air.

In 300 years, according to a Berlin scientist, water will be worth 50 examinations to get to the conclusion that woman's brain is undoubtedly smaller than man's.

An unusually perfect and beautiful example of the atmospheric spokes, which may occasionally be seen radiating from the setting sun, was witnessed in England by a correspondent of Knowledge in July last. Five distinct bands of a light salmon-pink color, separated by five corresponding bands of pale blue, were visible, stretching up into the heavens from the sinking sun. The phenomenon lasted about an hour, and later on the same evening a violent thunder-storm broke over the place where the spectacle had been witnessed.

Paraffine wax models of all proposed British battleships are used by the Admiralty for tests before the keels of the ships are laid down, the miniatures being tested in a great tank. The models are from twelve to twenty-four feet long, the tank being four hundred feet long and twenty feet wide. The models are made of wax because it is a material which does not absorb water or change its weight, so that alterations can be easily made, and the material can be melted up and used again. The American naval authorities also have models of their hulls constructed, but these are much more elaborate than the British, being formed of white pine and fitted with rudders, false keels, propeller shafts and all cetera.

Mr. David T. Day, of the United States Geological Survey, referring to the fact that within the last four or five years the price of platinum has increased about tenfold, says that nevertheless no real famine in platinum exists. At present it is always obtained by placer-mining, but it also occurs as arsenides and sulphides. The present supply of the metal is probably 100,000 ounces per year, and the probable future demand is estimated at 200,000 ounces. Systematically worked, the known placer deposits could yield 175,000 ounces per year, and it is deemed unlikely that the arsenid and sulphid deposits will be worked until after the placers are exhausted. The high prices, Doctor Day says, have mainly been produced by a combination of dealers and hoarding of the metal.

Water softening reactions are notoriously delicate, a fact emphasized by the experience with the softening method at Oberlin, Ohio, last summer. The process of softening followed there was described in this journal on October 7, 1905; the water being treated in two settling basins. During last August it was discovered that if all the chemicals for the day were put into one-half the water and the other half was allowed to flow into the first basin without chemicals, there would be no caustic alkalinity in the water after mingling and treatment and the magnesium would be reduced from 22 to 1.5 parts per million. It had previously been impracticable to remove so much magnesium, as the caustic alkalinity would rise too high.—Engineering Record.

GROWING FLAX.

Amusing Story of an Irish Marriage Market.

There is nothing prettier than a field of Irish flax in full bloom. The stems are about thirty inches high. They are slender and of a pale green. On each stem is a flower in an exquisite tone of blue, something between a cornflower and a forget-me-not. The little flower is not of a robust constitution. The petals soon fall and then a seed pod forms which, when given time to do so, produces quantities of what is called linseed ("lin" is the Celtic name for flax). But when the flax is grown for the manufacture of linen it is pulled up before the seed has had time to mature.

## IN THE FINANCIAL WORLD.

Housman, who is regarded as a Morgan broker, sold 10,000 Union Pacific.

The street is now admitting a 20 per cent. contraction in the steel trade.