HUNDRED BARELY ESCAPE.

Disaster at the Mine of the Pennsylvania Company at Lorentz, W. Va., Caused by an Explosion of Firedamp -Five of the Dead Are Americans and Seven Italians.

Weston, W. Va. (Special) .- Five Americans and seven Italians are known to be dead as the result of an explosion of fire damp in the Pennsylvania Company mine at Lorentz, W. Va., near Buckhannon, W. Va., which occurred about 5.30 Saturday evening.

Immediately following the explo-sion the mine caved in and nearly caused the entombment of all the miners, estimated at 100. The bodies of 12 dead men have been recovered, and it is not known at time whether any others met

The bodies of several Italians have also been recovered, but as they are known only by numbers, their iden-

tity is not possible until later.
The explosion occurred just as the day force was leaving the mine. Only a few of the men had reached the surface when, with a terrific re-port, the fire damp exploded. The mine elevator had just started for the top, carrying about 20 men, and almost 80 men were still at the bot-tom of the shaft. Immediately there was a panic among the men still in

There was but one direction in which they could run, and this was back into the drift. From this direction, however, a strong flow of gas was slowly enveloping them. Al-most suffocated, they huddled closetogether and cried pitifully up the shaft for assistance.

Several rescuers took possession of the elevator car and quickly ran it down into the shaft. There was ac-commodation for about 20 of the men at the time, however, and the foreign miners, who were crazed from fright, fought like demons to board the car, greatly retarding the work of rescue. The car was finally

loaded and run to the top.
With great precision and quickness the elevator continued to make trips until all the men at the bottom of the shaft were brought to the surface. On the last two trips a majority of the miners were unconscious and had to be carried from the car

The five Americans and seven Italians who were killed were found about 100 feet back in the mine. parently, the 12 men had been over with gas and died, as their bodies were not burned.

MILLWORKERS CREMATED.

Five Lives Lost in a Fire in New Hampshire.

Dover, N. H. (Special) .- Dover's most disastrous fire, which occurred Satudray, cost the lives of four and probably five young mill operatives and a property loss of balf a million ollars. The fire destroyed Mill No. of the Cocheco Manufacturing dollars. Ompany. The bodies of four boys, charred beyond hope of identification, were found in the smoking ruins, and, as five boys are known to be missing, it is believed that another body will be discovered.

Several of the injured were hurt while descending by ropes.

The fire broke out in the mill not long after the 500 or more operative Russo-Japanese agreement. tives had assembled for their day's work. Friction from a belt generated sparks which lodged in a mass of ed sparks which lodged in a mass of cotton and the flames quickly spread throughout the building. The exits soon became blocked by a struggling ists of St. Anne d'Auray. soon became blocked by a struggling obliged to jump from the windows Others secured ropes and descended to the ground.

There were several during rescues by firemen. Four imprisoned men on the fourth floor were taken out of a window, though not until they had climbed one by one down a stout to reach the window sill.

ered by insurance.

Field Worth \$75,000,000

Chicago (Special) .- The executors of the estate of Marshall Field filed in the Probate Court their inventory of the estate. In the docu-ment, which gives a detalled account of the personal and real prop-erty of the estate, the par value of the stocks and bonds are given, but no statement is made showing the present cash value of the accurities. For this reason it is impossible to make an accurate estimate of the value of the estate from the inventory, but counsel for the executors place the total value of the property described in the inventory at \$75,-

Burning Of A Courthouse.

Hudson, N. Y. (Special) .- The Cotumbia County Courthouse, located here, was burned. The loss is probably \$200,000. The building, which was erected in 1900, was a threestory structure of white marble, and in addition to all the county offices contained the office of Justice Cochrane, of the appellate division of the Supreme Court.

A Double Snicide.

Detroit, Mich. (Special) .- Thomas Thompson, aged 50 years, a loborer, and his wife were found dead in their lodgings, on Champlain Street, with an empty strychnine bottle and two glasses close by. The couple came from England three years ago, and Mrs. Thompson is said to have conarrival in this country. Despondency over the woman's inability to reform is thought to have impelled them to commit suicide.

Million Loan To Jamestown Washington (Special) .- The Senate Committee on Appropriations adopted as a rider on the House bill making appropriations to supply ad-ditional urgent deficiencies the Senate bill appropriating \$1,000,000 as a loan to the Jamestown Exposition Company, this lean to become a first lien upon the gross receipts. In addition, the committee included \$65, 600 for the purpose of constructing holding a religious public meeting two piers from the Exposition grounds to the waters of Hampton Roads.

Havena harbor.

THE NEWS OF THE WEEK CHAOS REIGNS IN

Domestic. Judge Holt in the United States Circuit Court at New York, heard arguments on the demurrer inter-posed by the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railway Company to the indictment returned against it al-leging violations of the Elkins act, in the granting of rebates to the

American Sugar Company.

The smaller metal dealers of the New England and Middle States have organized and have called on Secretary Bonaparte to bring suit to prevent the formation of a combination of the copper mining companies.

The next annual convention of the

National Educational Association will be held in Los Angeles, Cal., the first week in July.
Mrs. Isabella Beecher Hooker, six-

ter of Henry Ward Beecher Stowe, died at Hartford, Ct.

It is believed Mrs. Harry K. Thaw will testify that Stanford White disclayed one of her photographs in bublic to anger her husband. Three dditional jurors were selected.

A test vote taken in the South Carolina Senate shows a majority of that body against the State Dis-

The National Shoe Wholesale Asciation held its annual meeting in

Kendall Thaw was placed Harry the architect, on the Madison Square Garden roof on the night of June 25 last. Two jurors were selected and 17 talesmen rejected.

By order of the County Court of St. Paul, Minnesota, the Great Northern Railway was enjoined tempor-arily, pending the court's decision, from issuing its proposed \$60,000,-000 worth of additional stock withfirst obtaining approval of the state railway commission.

Fifteen minutes after he had registered at the Grand Union Hotel, New York, Lathrop Smith, of Kansas City, Mo., a student at the Columbia committed suicide by shooting himself.

City Judge Everest, of Plattsburg, N. Y., ruled that refusal to admit a ldier in uniform to a place of pubic amusement does not constitute a iolation of the Civil Rights Act of New York.

Governor Winthrop, of Porto Rico, had a narrow escape in a vailroad ac-cident on the island. John Gardner, a cod fisherman, was drowned by the upsetting of a

boat off Atlantic City.
Francis S. McAvoy has been chosen to succeed Recorder Goff, of the New York Court of Special Sessions.

President McCrea, of the Penn-ylvania Railroad, favors a 35-foot channel in the Delaware River. Justice Newburger has ruled that

William A. Brown, Jr., president of the Washington Life Insurance Company, charged with perjury and for-gery, must stand trial. Margharetta Carnevole, who pur-sued for four months a man she ac-

cuses of killing her sweetheart, came across him accidently in New York and had him arrested. The jury in the conspiracy trial of Cornelius P. Shea, president of the International Brotherhood of

Teamsters, reported a disagreement. The jury was discharged. Foreign.

King Alfonso called the Conservalives to power because the Marquis de Armijo was unable to form a min-Senor Maura is the new prestry. mier

The Russian government has decided to withdraw its troops from Manchuria immediately instead of awaiting the date, April 15, fixed by

The American tariff commission ers to Germany were presented to Emperor William, who expressed William, expressed ratification at the satisfactory reults of their mission.

Returns from the German tions for members of the Reichstag show a setback for the Socialists and victory for the government.

pole which the firemen had made William Whitely, founder of the fast to the top of a ladder too short first big department store in London, reach the window sill.

The financial loss is \$500,000, coved by insurance.

was shot and killed by Cecil Whitely, a young man, who then attempted suicide. The murderer claims to be the son of the man he killed.

Professor De Maartens, of St Petersburg, had another conference with United States Ambassador Tower, in Berlin, regarding the position of the United States toward the secand peace conference

The Hamburg-American Steamship Company has decided upon paying dividend of 10 per cent., and establishing a service between New

York and Brazil. The Spanish Cabinet has resigned as a result of the dissensions tween Liberals and Radicals over the

It is said that arrangements have seen made to ship arms from Japan to Russian revolutionists in Siberia Students at the university at Lam erg, Austria, made a demonstration ecause they wanted the Polish langauage used. One hundred were ar-

The British government has re ived cable messages from Governor Swettenham, but their nature has not Augustin Birrell, president of the Board of Education, will be the new

chief secretary for Ireland, succeeding James Bryce. It was reported at San Juan that the battleship Connecticut ran on a reef while entering the harbor at

The Moroccan War Minister is con Zinsh for a supreme effort to cap-ture Raisuli.

President Diaz, of Mexico, partici-pated in the ceremonies inaugurat-ing the operation of the Tehuantepeo

The eruption of Mauna Loa, a vol-cano in Hawaiia, furnished a beauti-ful spectacle and in volved no danger. The French government has ac-

Apostolic Catholic Church. Two severe earthquake a tocks caused alarm among the people of Admiral Dikoff has been appointed commander-in-chief of the Russian

Swettenham is Reported To Have Resigned.

HE IS UNEQUAL TO THE TASK.

No Organized Movement to Facilitate Relief Work or Clearing Away of the Ruins-Reports That American Sailors Engaged in Looting Authoritatively Denied,

Kingston, Jamaica (By Cable) .-The lack of cooperation on the part of the central control here is greatly hampering the work of extending relief, providing shelter for the earthquake sufferers, pulling down the unsafe walls and repairing the damaged buildings, for which Governor Swettenham is severely con-The Daily Telegraph in an

editorial says:
"His Excellency is still careering around the city, poking his nose into various corners and attending to petty details which his subordinates ought to attend to. The result is that when prominent officials and other gentlemen in charge of important work call at headquarters on trial Wednesday before Justice Rouse to Consult The Fitsgerald in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court of New York absence of a deliberate, organized for the murder of Stanford White, movement. This is a state of affairs the architect, on the Madison Square on which the British and colonial governments cannot congratulate themselves.

An instance of the Governor's untimely, obstructive measures is the police enforcement of the regulation forbidding the re-erection of buildings, even wooden shacks, without the city surveyor's approval of the plans, which is causing great delay and dissatisfaction. The general opinion is that the Governor has completely lost his head and is utterly unequal to the task of meet-

ing the emergency.
Colonial Secretary Bourne caused the publication of a letter in reply to the letter of the American consul. Orrett, saying that his recollection of the visit of Rear Admiral Davis to headquarters, when the per mission to land sailors was given does not agree with Mr. Orrett's version, but he does not explain the

Eugene Magnus, manager of the Crosswell store, which the Governor in his letter to Admiral Davis said the Americans had cleaned up, denies the Governor's version of the affair. He says the sailors merely assisted in getting out the safe, during which Swettenham arrived on the spot and angrily protested be-cause the saliors were Americans.

A report issued by Health Officer Ogilvie warmly thanks the crew of the American battleship Missouri for their assistance in erecting tents, and commends the services of Surgeon Norton, of the Missouri, in establishing the American hospital in Winchester Park. The report that the sailors were guilty of some looting is authoritatively denied. Earth tremors continue, but at

longer intervals and in decreased intensity. Governor Swettenham has cabled to the secretary of state for the colonies that the provisions received are more than ample for the relief of the destitute, and that no further funds are needed except for the rebuilding of the houses of the lower and middle classes.

A CUBAN'S CURE FOR LEPROSY. Dr. Duque's Favorable Experiment With Mangrove Tree.

Havana (By Cable) .- A commission appointed by the government Many persons were injured in a has turned in a report to the effect flerce encounter between 500 troops that Dr. Matias Duque, who is in and the people at Vannes, France, during the eviction of the seminar-glous Diseases, probably has discovered a cure for leprosy. Two lepers were turned over to the Doctor several years ago for experimental purposes, and these persons have no exterior traces of the disease are gaining notably in weight. Sevother cases treated by Duque are in various stages of im-

Dr. Duque's experiments have been along the line of what he terms the "red mangrove tree" treatment. He claims to have discovered this treatment as a result of his study to find a cure for his sister, who suffered from leprosy, and who he has succeeding in curing.

Insane Asylum Burned.

Elizabeth City, N. C. (Special).ment of insane and unmanageable inmates at the almshouse caught on fire from a defective flue and burned down, incinerating two insane inmates. One of the victims was white man named Meads and the

other a negro woman.

Will Start Schuetzenfest. Washington (Special) .- President Roosevelt promises to press a button at the White House some day in May that will fire a rifle at Charleston, S. C. The occasion will be the opening the triennial shooting festival of National Schuentzenbund. President has also promised to write a letter to be read at the festival.

Automatic Divorce Decress. Constantinople (By Cable), cal-laden ship, name not ascertained, trading between Songuldak and Eregli, on the Black Sea, has foundered in a storm. Sixty workmen, who were going to Eregli, and the

hip's entire crew were drowned. Trouble With Cuban Official. Havana (By Cable) .- Trouble is hreatened at Santiago de las Vegas, Havana Province, owing to the recentrating men and munitions at fusal of the acting mayor of that town to turn over his authority to the actual mayor. Governor Nunez, of Havana, conferred with Governor

ment does not apprehend any serious trouble, though the Mayor of Santi-ago de las Vegas has asked for assistance.

Magoon on the subject. The govern-

Hundreds Flee For Lives. Terre Haute, Ind. (Special) .- Tel phone advices from Merom, south of this city, state that the Wabash River levee protecting an entire township broke and the 300 people of the valley had to fice for their

Three Killed In A Mine. a fail of rock in the Dodson Mine, at Plymouth, near here, John Mayer, a miner, and two Polish laborers were killed. Wilkes-Barre, Pa. (Special) .- By

AT THE NATION'S CAPITAL

THE WRECKED CITY Some Interesting Happenings Briefly

To Stop Land Frauds.

President Roosevelt has determined to put an end, possibly, to frauds in the acquisition of public lands by individuals and corporations. He has directed that bereafter no patents shall be issued to public land until an examination of the ground shall have been made by an authorized officer of the government,

The President's order is in the form of a letter to Secretary Hitchcock, and under its provisions orders were sent out by the officials of the General Land Office.

Following is the text of President Roosevelt's letter:

The White House, Washington, January 25, 1907. The Secretary of the Interior: Sir — To prevent the fraud now practiced in the acquisition of public lands of the United States, I have to direct that hereafter no final tificates, patent, or other evidence of title shall be issued under the public land laws until an actual examination has been made on the ground by an authorized officer of the government; but the following shall be excepted from the force of

1. All claims which have heretofore been axamined on the ground by an authorized officer of the governent whose report is found satisfac-

2. All claims where heretofore an officer of the government, other than officers authorized to take final proof, shall have been present at the taking of final proof to cross-examine claim ant and witnesses if such proof is ound satisfactory.

3. All claims where claimants' ompliance with law has been established by contest or other regular adverse proceedings. 4. Entries which may have been confirmed by virtue of any act of

Congress. Selections and entries in which no residence or improvement is required by law when the lands empraced therein are, strictly speaking, n agricultural districts, or when character has been fixed by investiga-tion and classification made in acordance with law.
6. Cases of reissuance of patents

because of some clerical error occur-ring in the patent heretofore issued. All Indian allotments which have been regularly approved, in accordance with instructions of the Secretary of the Interior. You will isnecessary instructions to carry this order into effect,

This order is in lieu of my order of December 13, 1906. THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Congress And The Departments.

A White House conference over the bids for the construction of the Panama Canal resulted in the elimination of Bange as a bidder and a conditional decision to award the contract to William J. Oliver, of Knoxville, Tenn. Oliver and Bangs had bid together, their bid being the lowest.

The Interstate Commerce Commission transmitted to Congress its first his landing men from his ships to report on its investigation of discriminations and monopolies under the joint resolution of Congress of March 7, 1906. The report deals ing in the whole affair to warrant er demands which could not be evad-with the bituminous coal carried east the letter addressed to him by Govof the Ohio River. Senator Simmons introduced

child labor bill making it unlawful for an interstate carrier to transport from the state of production unto another state products a mine or factory in which child labor is employed. The Senate passed an urgent deficiency appropriation bill containing,

among other provisions, a Senate amendment authorizing a loan of \$1,000,000 by the government to the Jamestown Exposition Company. Representative Foss reported the

he estimates. In the case of Burton and Dupreutl against Senator Elkins and plaintiffs closed their case, and court denied the motion of the defendants to dismiss the case.

America's exportation of canned decreased about 40,000,000 pounds in the year 1906, according to statistics announced by the partment of Commerce and Labor. The House Committee on Naval Affairs recommended the construction of an additional battleship of not less than 20,000 tons, to cost

The House adopted the Pension appropriation Bill, carrying \$130,-000,000, with a provision abolishing all pension agencies except that at Washington

Announcement was made that Chief Engineer Stevens would also ecome chief engineer of the Isthmian Canal Commission. Before the House committee Mr. Bonaparte defended his manner of making the armor plate awards.

The President gave a dinner at the White House in honor of the ustices of the Supreme Court. Various states are co-operating with the Postoffice Department to

improve the county roads The Senate committee has decided o begin the Brownsville investigation on February 4.

the Isthmian Canal Commission, resignation Roosevelt, to take effect at the President's pleasure, but not later than March 4 of this year. He goes to New York to take charge of the Belmont-Ryan traction interests in New

Charles D. Walcott, director of the Geological Survey, was elected sec-retary of the Smithsonian Institute by the board of regents at their annual meeting.

Brigadier General W. P. Rogers United States Army, retired, has been appointed deputy governor of the Soldiers' Home in Washington. Chairman Wadsworth, of the Agricultural Committee, reported to the House the Agricultural Appropria-tion Bill, carrying an appropriation of \$8,125,799. This is an increase of a million dollars. Free seeds are

The Census Bureau issued a bulle-tin stating that 12,167,873 bales of cotton had been ginned from growth of 1906 to January 16, 1907, as compared with 9,989,634 to the corresponding date last year. The Committee on on Ways and

Means agreed to a favorable report on a bill to amend the Denatured Alcohol Law in order to afford re-lief to the small manufacturers of

The Senate concurred in the House amendment to the Tillman bill pro-hibiting corporations from making campaign contributions.

PRESIDENT'S GOOD

Representatives. Swettenham's Career As Governor

About Ended.

Prominent Prelate at Kingston, Cables Thanks for Prompt Visit of the American Warships Under Rear Admiral Davis--Additional Men to Those Needed to Guard Consulate Only Landed.

THOUSANDS PEOPLE STILL HOMELESS

WORSE FOR SWETTENHAM.

United States government officials have found numerous prece dents for Admiral Davis' action, In 1895 bluejackets were landed from United States warship to put out a fire on the Island Trividad, which service gratefully acknowledged by the

Governor. The Most Rev. Dr. Nuttall, lord archbishop of the West In-dies, has cabled President Roose-velt his thanks for Admiral Davis'

British government officials in-timate that Governor Swetten-ham's career is at an end. Official reports from Rear Admiral Davis show that the land-

ing of men additional to those put ashore to guard the consulate was upon the earnest entreaty of the Colonial Secretary. Earthquake shocks continue to

alarm the people. London (By Cable) .- Foreign Sec retary Grey sent the following reply

the charge d'affaires of the British Embassy, at Washington: Plouse express to the Assistant Secretary of State my thanks for his message. The friendly attitude of the President and the American

government are warmly appreciated by His Majesty's government." Washington (Special).—President Roosevelt received a cablegram from the Most Rev. Dr. Enos Nuttall, lord archbishop of the West Indies and hairman of the Kingston renef committee, tendering his thanks for the prompt visit of the American war-ships under Rear Admiral Davis.

The message is as follows: 'We all appreciate deeply Amerian sympathy in our distress and the prompt visit of your men-of-war for our succor. Happily the supply of food available for the relief commit-tee is sufficient. After meeting the cost of this, our next great want will be the means for making small houses habitable. All our people are behaving splendidly."

The receipt of the official full text of the correspondence between Rear Admirai Davis and Governor Swet-tenham, of Jamaica, caused the na-have the means to mingle socially val officials to again study the situa-tion to see if Admiral Davis had in any way transgressed the bounds of propriety on his visit to Kingston.

posed increase. He said be believed public opinion was in favor of the propriety on his visit to Kingston. "We have been increasing." the case of another British island in the West Indies, but also saw noth-

ernor Swettenham. Earnest Entreaties. Secretary Metcalf gave out the collowing statement bearing on the

subject: The department has received the full text of the correspondence be-tween Rear Admiral Davis, commanding the squadron of naval ves-sels which recently visited Kingston, Jamaica, after the earthquake, and Sir Alexander Swettenham, governor

of Jamaica.
"From this correspondence it ap-Naval Appropriation Bill. It carries pears Admiral Davis landed a party an appropriation of \$96,167,155, or of six men for the purpose of guard-\$19,000,000 less than was asked in ing and securing the archieves of the American consulate and another party of 10 men for the purpose clearing away the wreckage. Later upon the earnest entreaty of the co lonial secretary and the inspector of police, who spoke for the Governor (the Governor being absent from the city and at King's House, some three miles distant), 50 men were landed under arms from the Indiana to overawe an alleged mutiny at the penitentiary, containing 500 or 600 prisoners. Admiral Davis then pro-ceeded by carriage to visit the Governor at King's House, and found him living with his family in tents and was accompanied back to the city by the Governor. That same afternoon, upon request the Governor, the men were withdrawn from shore and re-

On the same day the following let ter was delivered to Admiral Davis from the Governor of the island:

Colonial Secretary's Office Jamaica, January 18, 1907 Sir—I beg to thank Your Excel-lency for the kind assistance which you have rendered to the govern-ment of this colony. I have the nonor to be, sir,

Your obedient servant, (Signed) J. A. SWETTENHAM,

Men Landed At Trinidad. The action of Admiral Davis in landing under the circumstances is not without precedent, there being numerous cases to justify it, and as an incident Rear Admiral R. W. Meade, U. S. N., landed men at Port of Spain, Trinidad, on March 4, 1895, to suppress a fire, and the governor of the island of Trinidad expressed his gratitude

1,500 People Perish.

The Hague (By Cable) .- The tidal wave which devastated some of the Dutch East Indian islands south of Atchin, as anounced January 11, practically engulfed the Island of Simalu. According to the latest information received here Simalu has almost disappeared. It is said that probably 1,500 persons lost their lives. Violent earth shocks continue to be felt daily. The civil governor of Atchin has gone to the scene of the catastrophe.

Washington (Special)-The House Committee on Military Affairs decided to make a favorable report on a bill permitting the wives of enlisted

Corporal Tanner's Bill.

bill permitting the wives of enlisted men to be buried in the same grave with their husbands in national cemeteries. This measure was strongly urged for several years by Mrs. Tanner, the wife of "Corporal" Tanner, who was killed in an automobile accident last summer. Since her death "Corporal" Tanner has worked earnestly for the measure, and he is largely responsible for its progress.

SENATE VOTES FOR MORE PAY

WORDS ARE APPRECIATED Concurs in the Action of the House of

Washington (Special) .- The Senate Wednesday accepted the proposition of the House of Representatives to increase the salaries of senators, members and territorial dele-gates to \$7,500 annually, and those of the Vice President, the Speaker of the House and members of the President's Cabinet to \$12,000. This ection was taken by a vote of 53 to 21, and followed a discussion of nearly three hours. An amendment confining the increase to Cabinet officers and the presiding officers of the Senate and House was voted down, as was also a proposition to postpone the increase until 1913. The increase becomes effective March

The House provision was carried by a vote of 53 to 21, the details of

the vote being as follows: Yeas — Aldrich, Allee, Ankeny Benzon, Beveridge, Brandegee, Balk-ley, Burnham, Burrows, Carter, Clark (Mont.), Clark (Wyo.), Clarke (Ark.), Crane, Cullom, Daurel, Dick, Dillingham, Dubois, Du Pont, Flint, Foraker, Foster, Frye, Fulton, Gal-linger, Male, Heyburn, Hopkins, Kittredge, Kuox, Latimer, Lodge, Long McCumber, McEnery, Millard, Money Newlands, Nixon, Overman, Penrose Pettus, Piles, Scott, Simmons, Smoot Spooner, Sutherland, Teller, Tillman, Warner and Warren-53.

Nays — Bacon, Berry, Blackburn, Burkett, Carmack, Clapp, Clay, Culberson, Frazier, Hansbrough, Hemen-way, Lafollette, McCreary, Mallory, Nelson, Patterson, Perkins, Rayner, Stone, Taliaferro and Whyte—21.

A conference committee was apdisagreement between the House and Senate on the Legislative Bill. o Mr. Bacon through Esme Howard,

In the debate which preceded the adoption of the salary increase proposition, Mr. Berry contended that \$5,000 was not a grossly inadequate salary for senators and members of Congress. He denied that they could not live on that amount. "There is not one-half of them," he declared, "who ever could or did make \$5,000 a year engaged in any other busi-

Senator Nelson offered an amendment confining the increase to the vice president, speaker and cabinet officers, and spoke in support of it. He said: "We as legislators are paid higher than legislators of any other country." Mr. Nelson then gave fig-ures showing the salaries paid to legislators in European countries and, continuing his argument, spoke with resentment of the idea legislators were here as laborers for a salary. Theirs was a pos-honor, and pay enough to live mod-honor, and pay enough to live modwant to enter the social world," he asserted. He then expressed satisfaction that some senators and mem with diplomats, etc.

Mr. Gallinger supported the pro-posed increase. He said be believed salaries all along the line except our own. Each member must make political contributions. This was just, he said, and so were many othto the government would be only about \$1,000,000 annually.

Mr. Lodge, in favoring the increase. English Parliament received no salaries; that the Irish members, who aries; that the Irish members, who were poor, received contributions from the people of their districts and from this country; that the labor members were paid by their labor unions. This, he asserted, was a bad system, and he believed Great Britain was coming to recognize it.

AN INDIAN SLAYER.

Arizona Cowboy Picks Them Off In

Douglas, Ariz. (Special) - At Beat y Camp, on the new Southern Paific Line from Montezuma to Guayamas, eight miles from Montezuma. Sonora, Mexico, Bert Seely, a noted Arizona cowboy, single-handed, shot and killed six Yaqui laborers. Seely, it is said, acted in self-defense. He had a quarrel with one of the gang of Indians with whom he was work-ing on the grade, and all of them attacked him with shovels and picks. Before they reached him Seely fired five shots at the Indians from his re volvers. He picked the five foremos f the advancing Indians in one-tw three order, stopping their onslaught Every shot he fired proved fatal Running down the grade a sixth Indian tried to intercept him, and See ly also shot this one dead. See! scaped. He bears an excellent repu-

tation in Arizona, IN THE FINANCIAL WORLD.

Philadelphia banks have loaned onsiderable money to railroads. Manipulation was apparent Reading but traders were puzzled as

The United Power & Transporta-tion Company has declared a dividend of \$3.20 per share.
It is asserted that enough Mars den stock has been deposited to en-sure the merger with the Consoli-

dated Paper Company Since the organization of the relief department of the Pennsylvania Railroad, February 15, 1886, there have been paid in death benefits \$6, 463,894.13, and on account of dis ablements, \$9,346,638.60, or a total of \$15,810,532.73.

Fuel tonnage of the railroads is arger this month than it was in

January, 1906. "I do not believe," said the head of one the big trust companies in Philadelphia, "that the increase to 3½ per cent. interest to be paid on deposits by a number of institutions will reduce the deposits of the lar-ger trust companies. I think, how ever, that this increase will result in larger deposits for the companies that will pay 3 % per cent, but they will come from savings in other directions."

There will be a general feeling of relief when the Union Pacific probe is ended. That Southern Pacific stock juggle which was effect order to down Keene and fool a Federal Court made such unpleas-ant reading that Wall Street doesn't want another dose of it.

Crittenden, Ky. (Special) .- The posit Bank was dynamited by rob-bers. The men secured or robrault of the Tobacco Growers' De-

bers. The men secured only \$500, leaving \$4,000 in the vault.

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA

Latest News Gleaned From Various Parts.

With the weather below zero, John Marshall, his invalid wife, their daughter and two visitors had to run for their lives the other morning when flames almost completely destroyed their home at Collingdale. An alarm was sent out and the fire companies from Norwood, Sharon Hill and Folcroft responded, but little of the house could be saved. The fire was discovered by Mr. Marshall's daughter while the familiars of the fire was discovered by Mr. Marshall's daughter while the family was at breakfast, and so quick was its spread that they were compelled to leave their uncompleted meal and fly. Several streams from the chemical extinguishers were soon playing on the blazing building, but the water was turned to ice almost as soon as it left the nozzle. Mrs. Marshall received such a nervous shock from the excitement athad to be summoned. Mr. Marshall is the father of former County Commissioner J. Harry Marshall and of former Sheriff J. Humphrey Marshall, both prominent in Delaware

County politics.

The home of William G. Daniels, The home of William G. Danlels, at Scranton, former clerk of the County Commissioners, now secretary of the Poor Board, was almost totally destroyed by fire. The total loss on house and furniture will reach \$4,000, on which there is some insurance. The fire was due to the thawing out of frozen water pipes which was being done by the domestic, Miss Emma Bartosch. In this work the young woman used a hand lamp, the fiame from which overheated and set fire to the wood work.

The lives of two children, John and Mary Machak, aged 3 and 5 respectively, were sacrificed in a fire respectively, were sacrificed in a frewhich broke out in a large double house in the Fourteenth Ward, Johnstown. The little ones were suffocated by smoke as they lay in bed in an upper room. Fire from a defected flue attacked the partition between the two houses and shortly filled the side in which the children were with smoke, suffocating them. The damage to the building them. The damage to the building was slight.

Quite a sensation was caused in Bethlehem when Postal Inspector W. W. Stone, of Philadelphia, arrested Walter F. Hoffman, a highly respected young man, and charged him with robbing the mails. Hoffman had , been employed at the post office for seven years as chief mailing clerk, but his irregularities are said to have extended over a two year per-iod. When arrested several decoy letters containing silver coin were found on his person. At a hearing before United States Commissioner W. J. Jones, Hoffman was held in \$1,000 ball. His trial will take \$1,000 bail. His trial will take place in the United States District Court at Philadelphia in March. Hoffman is largely the support of a widowed mother and an invalid sister. He is 26 years old.

A number of property owners in Springfield encouraged by Mrs. Mary Agnew, a neighbor, recovering dam-

ages from the Llewellyn Mining Com-pany for undermining and causing her lot to cave in, instituted suit against the company for undermining their houses and lots.

Mrs. W. B. Beitzel, who for the past ten years has had charge of the art department at Betzger Col-lege for women, Carlisle, has re-signed her position, which will be taken by Miss Winifred S. Woods,

who has lately returned from South America, where she was at the head of the art department of Conception College, Chili. The sharp turn of a trolley car, in rounding a curve in Pittsburg, shook Frederick Bushar, who was riding on the rear platform, so that he dropped his false teeth. He saw them going and in reaching to save them, fell headlong to the street. Bushar sustained a broken arm and

lies in a serious condition. Joseph Long, a Cambria brake-man, 21 years of age, fell under his train at Johnstown and was ground to pieces.

shoulder and several fractured ribs.

in addition to internal injuries.

As a reward for saving the First National Bank of Altoona from burning at Sunday morning's fire, Presi-tent John Lloyd has sent to the Firemen's Relief Association a check

ing Railroad at Landingville, William Martin, aged 21 years, has his thest crushed in. His death occurred instantly. The accident cosurred when the man tried to pass between two sections of a coal train. valentine W. Schreiner and Catha-rine- Schreiner, his wife, have arought suit in the Columbia County Courts against the Shamokin & Mount Carmel Electric Railway Mount Carmel Electric Railway Company for \$12,000 damages, al-leged to have been sustained by Mrs. Sobreiner when one of the company's

ars collided with a cow. While tunneling for water near Fisher's Ferry, Joseph Roughton and John Moody found a well deaned copper vein, the outcrop being thin and almost perpendicular. Peter Kuzikewicz, aged 26 years,

son of a Shenandoah merchant, was killed in a railroad wreck near Havre, Montana. He was fireman on a locomotive. Fire of unknown origin destroyed a large slaughter house of O. B. De-long, at Lansford, entailing a loss

long, at Lansford, entailing a loss of \$10,000, partly covered by insur-Announcement is made of an increase of \$10 a month in the wages of section foremen on the main line of the Lehigh Valley Railroad and an increase of from \$5 to \$7.50 in

the pay of division foremen.

While crossing the Pennsylvania While crossing the Fennsylvania Railroad tracks at Mountville, the team driven by Dr. S. B. Koser was struck by a fast eastbound passenger train. The horse was killed, the wagon was reduced to kindling wood and Dr. Koser was dragged fifty feet. Several ribs were broken and it is feared the abselcan was inand it is feared the physican was in-

George H. Mandeville, of Johnstown, representing Philadelphia and Baltimore capitalists, is about to close a deal for 32,000 acres of coal land in Somerset and Westmoreland Counties. The tract has been tap-ped at four places, the output being several thousand fons a day at this

Unseen by her parents, Mary Henninger, a young girl, of Gowen City, found a box of strychnine pills on a shelf at hoe and, thinking they were candy, swallowed some. She died in great agony shortly after-