COULD NOT KEEP UP.

Broken Down, Like Many Another, With Kidney Troubles.

Mrs. A. Taylor, of Wharton, N. J., says: "I had kidney trouble in its most painful and severe form, and the torture I went through now seems to have been almost unbearable. I had backache, pains in the side and loins, dizzy spells and hot, feverish headaches. There were bearing-down pains, and the kidney secretions passed too frequently, and with a burning sensation. They showed sediment. I became discouraged, weak, languid and depressed, so sick and weak that I could not keep up. As doctors did not cure me I decided to try Doan's Kidney Pills, and with such success that my troubles were all gone after using eight boxes, and my strength, ambition and general health is fine."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

TIN FOIL'S INVENTION.

The foil, or silver paper, which is used the world over for wrapping cigars, chocolates, cakes of yeast, etc., owes its origin, like the telephone, to America.

A New York man, over 50 years ago, gave a good deal of time to an unsuccessful attempt to cover iron bolts with copper. Such bolts would have taken the place of the costly ones of pure copper. The man, though, could not make them.

But in the beating out of the copper he hit on the idea of beating out tin. He beat it out between sheets of lead, and the beautiful, flexible silver paper that he obtained achieved an instant popularity.

Tin foil, or silver paper, is now beaten from pure tin exactly as gold leaf is beaten from pure gold. It is usually rolled in sheets four feet long by six inches wide. It is perfectly easy, with a little beating, to double the length and breadth of these sheets without adding any new material to them.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

BABY TALK BAD.

"If parents would begin to speak English to a child as soon as he can talk, instead of some absurd 'baby talk' lingo, the work of a primary school teacher would be lightened by half," said one of them recently.

"Half the children who start going to school don't understand what you are saying to them, and it adds to their terror in their strange surroundings and to the work of their instructors.

"One little boy whom I have just transferred impressed me at first appearance here as one of the dullest children I had ever encountered. I soon found what the trouble was. The boy was the only child of a widow, who made him her constant companion, and never spoke a word to him that was intelligible to anyone else. All food was known to him as 'doody,' chairs as 'rakkey,' and money as 'kip.'

"It took that poor child two years to learn enough of the King's English to be transferred from my grade to the next."—Washington Post.

SEEDLESS APPLES.

Rumors of the existence of a seedless apple have raised the hopes of the lovers of the king of fruit for several seasons past, and the famous orchard at Grand Junction, Col., which, it is expected, will revolutionize the apple industry, as the famous seedless orange cutting from Bahia has revolutionized the citrous industry, is now well established and in full bearing, so that unless some catastrophe overtakes it the Spencer seedless apple promises to become a national byword.

The American Agriculturalist vouches for the fact that the orchard now contains about 50 trees, ranging from 6 to 14 years. While the variety is not absolutely free from seeds, it is parctically so, and there is only a semblance of a core. It is quite fortunate that the Spencer seedless is of very good quality and flavor, of large size and an excellent keeper, in this respect being equal to the Baldwin.

ORIGIN OF "BLACK MARIA."

"Black Maria" is a familiar term, with an origin more or less mysterious. It has been suggested that "Maria" really represents the old word "marinated," which meant transported, or "married," a slang expression formerly applied to persons chained or handcuffed together on the way to jail. But more attractive is the story that in the old colonial days a gigantic and brawny negress kept a sailors' boarding-house at Boston and frequently lent some strength to the cause of law and order. Once she took three sailors to the lockup unassisted. "Send for Black Maria," it is said, became a regular way of hinting that a man ought to be jailed.

SALLOW FACES.

Often Caused by Coffee Drinking.

How many persons realize that coffee so disturbs digestion that it produces a muddy, yellow complexion?

A ten days' trial of Postum Food Coffee has proven a means, in thousands of cases, of clearing up bad complexions.

A Washn. young lady tells her experience:

"All of us—father, mother, sister and brother—had used tea and coffee for many years until finally we all had stomach troubles more or less.

"We were all sallow and troubled with pimples, breath bad, disagreeable taste in the mouth, and all of us simply so many bundles of nerves.

"We didn't realize that coffee was the cause of the trouble until one day we ran out of coffee and went to borrow some from a neighbor. She gave us some Postum and told us to try that.

"Although we started to make it we all felt sure we would be sick if we missed our strong coffee, but we were forced to try Postum and were surprised to find it delicious.

"We read the statements on the pkg., got more and in a month and a half you wouldn't have known us. We were all able to digest our food without any trouble, each one's skin became clear, tongues cleaned off and nerves in fine condition. We never use anything now but Postum. There is nothing like it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville." "There's a reason."

Woman's Realm

Force of Habit.

Entertaining is not only a "habit," but has become "second nature." Nothing will cure us of it—not even the determined efforts of unmannerly guests.—Lady Pictorial.

Duty of "Making-Up."

A reasonable amount of vanity is a virtue, not a fault. Some people seem to think that they owe nothing to society, and if nature has not gifted them richly with good looks, give it up, and do nothing to supply the deficiency.

Women Who Hunt.

The number of hunting ladies is each season increasing. This may be because of the fact that while the boys of country families are away at school the girls are galloping about on ponies with the one desire of ere long riding to hounds. Boys become knights of the gun instead.—Madame.

Poison in the Rouge.

Dr. Milian, at a recent congress, said the adulteration of cosmetics was a serious matter. Rouge, for example, was harmless, if it was colored with carmine, but carmine was expensive, and cheap substitutes were commonly employed, often with disastrous results.—From the British Medical Journal.

Vanished Milkmaids.

From many parts of the country it it reported that there is great and increasing difficulty in getting farm hands who can, or will, milk the cows, and the problem of mechanical milking will have to be faced as a much more serious affair in the future than it has been in the past.—Creamery Journal.

Practical Suggestions.

Is a lace gown lacking and a silk one hopeless? Combine the two, taking as a model one of the Paris creations shown at the best shops, that one cannot tell how to characterize whether as a lace dress silk trimmed or a silk dress lace trimmed. Anything is possible to clever adapters this season, but be sure the work is done neatly and that it shows none of the clumsiness that we associate with the term "home made." In dress as in art those succeed who are possessed of an infinite capacity for "taking pains."

A Menu Suggester.

A California housekeeper has adopted a novel idea she calls a "menu suggester." It consists of several sheets of cardboard tied loosely together. Each card is devoted to a certain class of food. No. 1 contains a list of the family's favorite soups, each name written by the number of the page in the cookery book where the recipe is to be found. She says this save her a great deal of time and worry hitherto caused in hunting up a recipe, and as it is easy to tell at a glance what is generally liked in all kinds of dishes it adds a great deal of variety to the meals.

The Cure For Scandal.

It is told of Hannah More that she had a good way of managing talebearers. It is said that whenever she was told anything derogatory of another her invariable reply was: "Come, we will go and ask if this be true." The effect was sometimes ludicrously painful. The talebearer was taken back, stammered out a qualification, or else begged that no notice might be taken of the statement. But the good lady was inexorable. Off she took the scandalmonger to the scandalized to make inquiry and compare accounts. It is not likely that anybody ever a second time ventured to repeat a gossipy story to Hannah More, says Modern Women. One would think her method for treatment would be a sure cure for scandal.

An Avaricious Woman.

The modern woman is often accused of extravagance, but when accusing a person of over-liberality in every-day life it is as well to remember that over-carefulness in money becomes just as reprehensible as over-extravagance.

A woman who carried love of money to an incredible extreme was Lady Margaret Jardine, sister of the first Duke of Queensbury. Although her husband was a rich man, Lady Margaret would actually carry foot passengers across the little River Annan for a half-penny, and whenever there was a fair or market day she would sit on the banks of the stream all day long waiting for customers, says Home Notes.

She usually wore rags to save her clothes, but on the rare occasions when she visited anywhere she packed up a few decent garments which she slipped on before entering the house, exchanging them for her dirty ones when leaving.

On Dressing Little Boys.

When the three-year-old child doffs his infant skirts he dons a Russian-blouse suit. This consists of bloomer trousers, full in the seat and leg and gathered into a band below the knee, and a blouse made in one piece, long enough to reach from the neck to just above the knee, pleated, and belted at the waist. Sometimes the belt is of leather, sometimes of the same material as the suit. It never fastens tightly, but droops to a point in front in the mode made familiar a couple of years ago by the extremists in the straight-front, long-waisted effects.

Although the general style of these suits is practically the same, the materials as well as the minor details leave room for variety. The suits for dressy wear are usually white pique or duck—all white and trimmed occasionally with narrow bands of blue or red, or adorned with buttons. I speak of "trimming" and "adornment," but nothing must be allowed to detract from the severity of the style. Any garniture is in the shape of simple pipings of the color preferred, and buttons are big pearl affairs that will stand a visit to the wash tub.—Harper's Bazar.

One's Serene Little World.

A woman I know is counted poor among her friends. She has little or no money, no health, much love, one sunshiny window, and a plant or two. Each one with whom she began life has grown rich, occupying great and important places, outstripping her like a gay procession that sweeps by one who has fallen discomfited by the wayside. Sometimes the woman has compared her lot and rebelled, as she herself has told me. She, too, has cried out for the meaning of it all, the secret of her own failure and their success. "Why, why, why?" she has monaned in despair. "What ought I to do, how ought I to have done?" The other day she came to see me. I saw a new light in her eyes, and saw that she had found strength.

"What is it?" I asked.

"Only this," she answered. "I've studied into it all and thought. Their world is not my world, nor my world theirs, and I can do nothing to change it. One thing, though, I can do. Small as it is, I can make my little world serene."—Lillie Hamilton French, in Harper's Bazaar.

For Proper Young Widows.

A young widow, who if not herself sitting up and taking notice, yet fears that she may be the cynosure of critical eyes, sends the following appeal to Vogue:

"Please give advice for mourning for a young widow. What is the correct hat and veil? Are elbow sleeves good taste? What collar and cuffs are worn? What materials and trimmings? Give model for a traveling coat."

Here are the latest rules Vogue gives for the guidance of young widows desiring to mourn properly:

If you observe the strictest standards you should wear a crape bonnet and veil in town and a crape hat with crape or chiffon face veil in the country. There is only one correct way of draping a widow's veil. We do not care for any of the fancy drapings which are sometimes seen. These are not good taste.

Elbow sleeves are not good taste in deep mourning, as they make too much of an attempt at dressiness. Collars and cuffs of sheer white organdie are worn by widows. These have a deep hem and measure three inches or so in width. For materials use nun's veiling, Henrietta cloth, crepe de chine, chiffon, dull veilings or taffetas.

Lace and embroidery are not correct trimmings, but you can use dull-finished ribbon, net, footings and hem-stitched ruffles. All white can be worn for summer, as it is as deep mourning as all black for country wear. All your gowns should be simply made. For your coat use dull-finished pongee, with trimmings of stitched taffeta.

There are lines which do not wrinkle easily, and it is of these that one's morning frocks should be made.

The rule seems to be that the separate coat of taffeta shall be black or dark no matter how light the gown is with which it is to be worn.

Mohair Swiss is the name of one of the most alluring summer materials, and a beautiful piece in a delicate rose-pink with dot of black is forty-five inches wide.

Floating streamers of gossamer fabrics appear as ties worn with sailor costumes and the elaborate Peter Pan waists as well as in automobile veils and hat ties.

The linen parasol with a graceful lacey pattern in French embroidery disposed over the entire surface is one of the prettiest of the many handsome novelties displayed this season.

Bands of insertion alternating with box pleats of the same width make a pretty yoke for the summer blouse, the result being especially good if the sleeve tops are treated in the same way.

To secure quite the most approved effect, the up-to-date young lady who wears slippers with embroidered heels selects from her supply of hosiery, stockings embroidered in the same color and design.

English eyelet, which was so much in vogue last season for linen suits, is seldom seen now except on house gowns, and not at all on separate coats. French raised embroidery and applique form the decoration instead.

The single line of feather stitching near one edge of trimming bands is much more distinctive than a line at each side. Those who are adept at this sort of needlework will find this a simple means of decorating a light weight coat and skirt suit.

Horizontally-applied bands of dull black ribbon form the skirt yoke of a black eolienne gown. Separated by a small space the lines of ribbon tend to increase the apparent size of the hips, therefore this style at once proclaims itself exclusively for the slender woman.

Household Matters

Marking Ink on Linen.

Remove marking ink from linen thus: Paint the mark with a solution of cyanide of potassium, applied with a camel's hair brush. As soon as the ink disappears the linen should be rinsed in cold water and then washed in the ordinary way.

Hints on Marketing.

In the first place, the housewife ought, where it is possible, to do her marketing herself, and pay cash for everything she purchases. This is the only way in which she can be sure of getting the best goods at the lowest price.

It is the only way compatible with economy, because, if a servant be entrusted with the buying she will, if she is not a good judge of the quality of articles, bring home those she can get for the least money (and these are seldom the cheapest); and even if she is a good judge, it is ten to one against her taking the trouble to make a careful selection.

The Frying Pan.

A caustic observer says that the devil of indigestion holds full sway in some localities, because the frying pan has a firm grip on the affections of the people. He complains of seeing tall, gaunt men, sallow faces like a corpse, having perfect satisfaction with the country, but a lack of high, strong ambitions; women, gaunt, haggard and hopeless-looking, all traces of womanly beauty long since gone, every line of their faces speaking want, privation, neglect of all sanitary laws, and unvaried monotony of unwholesome food; little children, flabby, yellow, pallid, with old faces, and you will be told that this is malaria. But it is the frying pan. Give them wholesome boiled and roasted foods, abolish grease and boiling in lard, and let them make their meals on fruits, clean vegetables and cereals, and within a year's time you would not recognize them as the same beings.—The Commoner.

To Get Rid of the Fly.

Le Matin, of Paris, has offered a prize for the best method of getting rid of house flies. The offer has drawn forth an essay entitled "Delenda Musca," which professes to give a method by which the pest may be destroyed. The remedy is not sought in fly papers or fly traps of any kind. The breeding places of the insect must be sought out and the evil dealt with there.

The writer of the essay tried a mixture of soda and chloride of zinc, using eleven pounds to thirty-five cubic feet of material. This was found effective, and it is recommended for closed tanks, but not for places where the poisonous solution could drain away. Petroleum at the rate of about a quart to every eleven square feet of surface was also tried, but the effect was found not to be sufficiently lasting. Coal tar was found to give better results. Raw petroleum or raw schiet oil—the residue in distillation—was found to give the best results. About two quarts of this mixed with water were used for every square feet of surface. This forms a stratum of oil in the drain or over the surface of the solid, which effectually prevents the development of the egg or grub. And this protective coat of oil, it is further pointed out, facilitates the development of anaerobic bacteria, which liquify the solids, and so render them unfit breeding places for flies.

Tomato Salad—Scald and peel six or eight tomatoes. Slice them and mix with a few thinly cut slices of cucumber, arrange these in a salad bowl. Garnish with stuffed olives and slices of hard-boiled egg, cover with mayonnaise, sprinkle with lemon juice, and serve at once.

Fried Chicken — Southern negro style of frying: Cut the chicken into pieces, dip each one separately in cold water, sprinkle with pepper and salt and roll well in flour. Have an equal quantity of butter and lard in a frying pan, hot; put the chicken in and cover; when brown on one side turn until all sides are brown and done. Remove the chicken to a hot dish, sprinkle a teaspoonful of flour in the hot grease, stirring all the time until it browns; then pour in half a pint of cream, stir well and pour over the chicken.

Ginger Pudding—Chop as fine as possible one-quarter pound of beef suet and mix it with one-half pound of flour, a tablespoonful of ground ginger, a teaspoonful of mixed spice, a teacupful of brown sugar and a dessertspoonful of baking powder. When well mixed make it into a dough, not too stiff. Wring a pudding cloth out of boiling water, put in the pudding, tie as tight as possible, and put at once in a saucepan of boiling water, keeping it boiling for an hour and quarter. Turn on to a hot dish and pour some hot treacle over and serve.

Potato Chowder — Pare and cut into blocks two quarts of potatoes. Peel and chop two good sized onions, half a cupful of celery and two tablespoonfuls of parsley. Put in the bottom of a kettle a layer of potatoes, a sprinkling of onions and parsley, a dusting of salt and pepper, and so on until your ingredients are all used. Add a pint of water, cover tightly and cook slowly until the potatoes are tender. Rub together the tablespoonful of butter and two of flour, add a pint of milk and stir until boiling; add a small teaspoonful of salt, then pour over the chowder and serve.

POPULAR SCIENCE

The chance of two finger prints being alike is not one in sixty-four billions.

The originals of the English alphabet were pictographs such as are still found on the ancient monuments of earth's earliest civilization.

It is curious to note that the "marriageable age" standard increases in cold or temperate latitudes and that the lowest point is touched in tropic latitudes, lack of civilization also having much to do with it.

Turbines are to be substituted for the enormous reciprocating engines at the new London (Eng.) County Council generating station. A London paper says that the latter engines are already obsolete, and seriously affect the nearby Greenwich Observatory.

Dr. Taylor, public analyst of Hackney, England, reporting on the danger of disease from the cheap flock bedding sold in London, says that filthy, ill smelling rags are collected from dust heaps and shredded by machinery without the least preliminary cleaning or sterilization, for use in mattresses. He found that one gram of flock yielded 7,590,000 colonies of bactèria, as against 6,400,000 in sewage.

A formidable list of persons killed and injured in one month by eating adulterated food has been compiled by a current magazine. The list of the dead include four persons who died from eating toadstools mixed with mushrooms, three poisoned by candy, three by wood alcohol contained in lemon extract, and many by the same substance in whisky; four infected by typhoid fever germs contained in ice cream, twin babies poisoned by formaldehyde used to preserve milk, and hundreds of persons poisoned by beer manufactured from glucose, in the manufacture of which sulphuric acid, made from an arsenic bearing mineral has been used. Many of these cases were reported by health officers and food commissioners of the various States in which they occurred.

By galvano-faradization, Dr. Lewandowski, an Austrian physician, claims to have solved the problem of removing troublesome scars. A galvanic battery and an induction coil are so connected that either the direct or the alternating or faradic current can be used, or both together, and a large plate electrode at the negative pole of the coil is passed over the scar for fifteen or thirty minutes, another large electrode at the positive of the battery being applied to the sacral region. In thirty to sixty sittings the scars nearly disappear, the disagreeable redness being quite removed, while the tissue is made soft and flexible. A specimen of about thirty bad cases successfully treated is that of a soldier, whose chest was covered on one side with the scars of an enormous powder urn and who had the use of his arm restored and the scars nearly obliterated.

INCREASE IN OUTPUT.

Leather Glove Industry Growing, Though Workers Are Decreasing.

Although there is a decrease in the number of workmen employed in the leather glove and mitten industry in the recently completed census of 1904, as compared with 1900, the fact is explained by a rearrangement of the work and the production has increased materially.

There was a decrease of eleven per cent. in the number of establishments and an increase in the output of six per cent. A decrease of twenty-five per cent. in the number of wage earners is recorded, but this is explained by the fact that piece workers at their homes on contract, and who constitute a considerable proportion of the employes in the industry, were in 1900 included in the schedules as regular wage earners, while in the latest figures only the compensation paid them was taken into account. The figures for 1904 show the following: Number of establishments, 339; capital invested, $10,705,599; salaried officials and clerks, 640; salaries, $584,573; wage earners, 10,645; wages, $3,840,253; total value of products, $17,740,385. The number of dozens of pairs of gloves and mittens was 3,370,146.—Washington Post.

His Unsuccessful Effort.

"Do you know the only Irishman who ever committed suicide?" asked W. P. Pollard. "You know it is said that Irishmen never commit suicide, and when the argument was advanced in a crowd of that nationality he was so unstrung that he decided to show his opponents that Irishmen do sometimes commit a rash act. He accordingly disappeared, and the man who employed him started a search. When he got to the barn he looked up toward the rafters and saw his man hanging with a rope around his waist.

"'What are you up to, Pat?' he asked.

"'Ol'm hanging meself, begobs!' the Irishman replied.

"'Why don't you put it around your neck?'

"'Faith, Ol did, but Oi couldn't breathe,' was the unsmiling reply of the man from the Emerald Isle."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

A Very New Avocation.

It is a great pity some one does not add to the avocations of present day by starting as a professor of personal appearance and for certain fees advise people how to attire themselves and set off their facial attractions to the best advantage. There are but few who have the gift of seeing themselves as others see them.—London Graphic.

HOW TO KEEP FRIENDS.

The other day a lady forgot an engagement to pour tea at a friend's afternoon at-home. The lady who was left in the lurch managed as best she could, but felt a little incensed that a chair of honor stood empty that many would have been delighted to fill.

There were all the materials for a breach of friendship, particularly as the lady who failed to appear was reported as out walking on the street. But being a person not given to quick judgment, the offended lady waited. In the early morning came a ring at the telephone, at the other end of the wire a woman full of frankness and apology. What excuse did she offer? None—actually none; but with honesty confessed that she had forgotten the engagement entirely, and told her distress, offered eager apologies, begged the favor of a drive, and in every way possible made amends. The result is that the two women are dearer to each other than before, for each feels she has discovered good qualities of friendship in the other.—Pittsburg Press.

SOMETHING ABOUT VALUABLE STONES.

The black diamond is so hard that it cannot be polished.

An uncut diamond looks very much like a bit of gum arabic.

The diamond, in sufficient heat, will burn like a piece of charcoal.

The island of Ceylon is the most remarkable gem depository in the world.

Every gem known to the lapidary has been found in the United States.

The carat used in estimating the weight of gems is a grain of Indian wheat.

When a fine ruby is found in Burmah a procession of elephants, grandees and soldiers escort it to the King's palace.

The sapphire which adorns the summit of the English crown is the same that Edward the Confessor wore in his ring.—Louisville Courier Journal.

THE FLORIST'S DEVICE.

Florists are no longer content to decorate flowers with several dollars' worth of ribbon. That cannot be made to cost enough, whatever the quality of the ribbon may be. So it has become the fashion this spring to tie up the boxes in ribbons. From the most expensive shops there are sent out now boxes bound up at one end with broad ribbons, which add at least several dollars to the price of each box. Sometimes small bunches of the flowers inside are tied under the ribbon as an index to the contents of the box.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Good Colors For Houses.

It is not generally known—not even among painters—why certain tints and colors wear much better than others on houses, and the knowledge of just what tints are best to use is, therefore, rather hazy.

One writer on paint, in a recent book, says that experiments seem to show that those colors which resist or turn back the heat rays of the sun will protect a house better than those which allow these rays to pass through the film.

Thus red is a good color because it turns back, or reflects, the red rays, and the red rays are the hot rays.

In general, therefore, the warm tones are good and the cold tones are poor, so far as wear is concerned. In choosing the color of paint for your house, select reds, browns, grays and olives which, considering the various tones these tints will produce, will give a wide range from which to choose.

Avoid the harsh tints, such as cold yellows (like lemon), cold greens (like grass green, etc.), and the blues.

It must be understood that no virtue is claimed for tints in themselves, irrespective of the materials used in the paint. Any color will fade, and the paint will scale off, if adulterated white lead or canned paint is used, but if one is careful to use the best white lead—some well-known brand of a reliable manufacturer—and genuine linseed oil, the warm tints mentioned above will outwear the same materials tinted with the cold colors.

At their recent joint meeting the Foreign Mission Boards of the United States and Canada appointed a committee to investigate the religious conditions of the 130,000,000 people in Russia, with a view to beginning Protestant mission work among them.

FITS, St. Vitus' Dance: Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. H. R. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Girls don't take much interest in swimming when there are no men around.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle

Maybe the punishment in purgatory is being in a public job and trying not to lose it.

BABY COVERED WITH SORES.

Would Scratch and Tear the Flesh Unless Hands Were Tied—"Would Have Died But For Cuticura."

"My little son, when about a year and a half old, began to have sores come out on his face. I had a physician treat him, but the sores grew worse. Then they began to come on his arms, then on other parts of his body, and then one came on his chest, worse than the others. Then I called another physician. Still he grew worse. At the end of about a year and a half of suffering he grew so bad I had to tie his hands in cloths at night to keep him from scratching the sores and tearing the flesh. He got to be a mere skeleton, and was hardly able to walk. My aunt advised me to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I sent to the drug store and got a cake of the Soap and a box of the Ointment, and at the end of about two months the sores were all well. He has never had any sores of any kind since. He is now strong and healthy, and I can sincerely say that only for your most wonderful remedies my precious child would have died from those terrible sores. Mrs. Egbert Shelton, R. F. D. No. 1, Woodville, Conn., April 12, 1905."

When a couple is engaged it doesn't necessarily follow that they will never have any sense.

Smithdeal's
is the oldest and first business college in Va. to own its building—a fine one. No vacations. Ladies and Gentlemen. Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Penmanship, Typewriting, Telegraphy, &c. Three first taught by mail also. "Leading business college south of the Potomac River." Address, C. ed. SMITHDEAL, President, Richmond, Va.

MISS LEOPOLD, SEC'Y LIEDERKRANZ,

Writes: "Three Years Ago My System Was in a Run-Down Condition. I Owe to Pe-ru-na My Restoration to Health and Strength.

MISS RICKA LEOPOLD, 137 Main street, Menasha, Wis., Sec'y Liederkranz, writes:

"Three years ago my system was in a terrible run-down condition and I was broken out all over my body. I began to be worried about my condition and I was glad to try anything which would relieve me.

"*Peruna was recommended* to me as a fine blood remedy and tonic, and I soon found that it was worthy of praise.

"A few bottles *changed my condition materially* and in a short time I was all over my trouble.

"I owe to Peruna my restoration to health and strength. I am glad to endorse it."

Pe-ru-na Restores Strength.

Mrs. Hettie Green, R. R. 6, Iuka, Ill., writes: "I had catarrh and felt miserable. I began the use of Peruna and began to improve in every way. My head does not hurt me so much, my appetite is good and I am gaining in flesh and strength."

The Prince and Princess of Wales' tour through India cost more than $500,000.

CAPUDINE CURES INDIGESTION and ACIDITY It acts immediately—you feel its effects in 10 minutes. You don't have to wait a week to know it's good. It cures HEADACHES ALSO by removing the cause. 10 cents.

Libby's Food Products
enable you to enjoy your meals without having to spend half your time between them over a hot cook-stove.
All the cooking is done in Libby's kitchen—a kitchen as clean and neat as your own, and there's nothing for you to do but enjoy the result.
Libby's Products are selected meats, cooked by cooks who know how, and only the *good* parts packed.
For a quick and delicious lunch any time, in doors or out, try Libby's Melrose Pate—with Libby's Camp Sauce.
Booklet free, "How to Make Good Things to Eat." Write
Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago
Libby's Melrose Pate

YOU CANNOT CURE
all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions of the mucous membrane such as **nasal catarrh, uterine catarrh caused by feminine ills, sore throat, sore mouth or inflamed eyes** by simply dosing the stomach.
But you surely **can cure** these stubborn affections by local treatment with
Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic
which destroys the disease germs, checks discharges, stops pain, and heals the inflammation and soreness.
Paxtine represents the most successful local treatment for **feminine ills** ever produced. Thousands of women testify to this fact. 50 cents at druggists.
Send for Free Trial Box
THE R. PAXTON CO., Boston, Mass.

SHENANDOAH COLLEGE
A School for Boys and Girls, Young Men and Young Women. Academic, Collegiate, Commercial and Musical Courses. Experienced Christian Teachers. Home Comforts. Catalogue for 24th session FREE. Address
W. R. KLINE, Pres.
RELIANCE, VA.

POWHATAN COLLEGE
FOR YOUNG WOMEN. CHARLES TOWN, W. VA.
NOTED FOR—Its 15 Schools, Able Faculty, Magnificent Buildings, Wide Patronage, Home Comforts and Location—"far-famed Valley of Virginia," near Washington, D. C. Write for Catalogue. S. P. HATTON, A. M., Pe. D., Pres.

PENSION FOR AGE. A new order will give pension for age. Write me at once for blanks and instructions free of charge. No Pension, No Pay. Address W. H. WILLS, Wills Building, 312 Indiana Ave., Washington, D. C. Patents and Trade-Marks solicited.

MONARCH STUMP PULLER Will Pull Stumps 7 Feet in Diameter. Guaranteed for 12 mos. Catalog & Disc., ad'rs, Monarch Puller Co. Lone Tree, Ia.

WINTER Wheat, 60 Bushels per acre. Catalogue and samples free. Salzer Seed Co., Box A. Co., La Crosse, Wis.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER. IT WILL PAY

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

GALL STONES, KIDNEY STONES, GRAVEL OR STONES IN THE BLADDER AND BILIOUSNESS Or Any Liver Complaint and all Stomach Troubles Resulting From Biliousness positively cured by CRAEMER'S CALCULUS CURE. Write for circulars. WM. CRAEMER, 4100 N. GRAND AVENUE, ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.