FROM GIRLHOOD TO WOMANHOOD

Mothers Should Watch the Development of Their Daughters—Interesting Experiences of Misses Borman and Mills.

Every mother possesses information which is of vital interest to her young daughter.

Too often this is never imparted or is withheld until serious harm has resulted to the growing girl through her ignorance of nature's mysterious and wonderful laws and penalties.

Girls' over-sensitiveness and modesty often puzzle their mothers and baffle physicians, as they so often withhold their confidence from their mothers and conceal the symptoms which ought to be told to their physician at this critical period.

When a girl's thoughts become sluggish, with headache, dizziness or a disposition to sleep, pains in back or lower limbs, eyes dim, desire for solitude; when she is a mystery to herself and friends, her mother should come to her aid, and remember that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will at this time prepare the system for the coming change, and start the menstrual period in a young girl's life without pain or irregularities.

Hundreds of letters from young girls and from mothers, expressing their gratitude for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has accomplished for them, have been received by the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., at Lynn, Mass.

Miss Mills has written the two following letters to Mrs. Pinkham, which will be read with interest:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— (First Letter.)

"I am but fifteen years of age, am depressed, have dizzy spells, chills, headache and backache, and as I have heard that you can give helpful advice to girls in my condition, I am writing you."—Myrtle Mills, Oquawka, Ill.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— (Second Letter.)

"It is with the feeling of utmost gratitude that I write to you to tell you what your valuable medicine has done for me. When I wrote you in regard to my condition I had consulted several doctors, but they failed to understand my case and I did not receive any benefit from their treatment. I followed your advice, and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and am now healthy and well, and all the distressing symptoms which I had at that time have disappeared."—Myrtle Mills, Oquawka, Ill.

Miss Matilda Borman writes Mrs. Pinkham as follows:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"Before taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound my monthlies were irregular and painful, and I always had such dreadful headaches.

"But since taking the Compound my headaches have entirely left me, my monthlies are regular, and I am getting strong and well. I am telling all my girl friends what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—Matilda Borman, Farmington, Iowa.

If you know of any young girl who is sick and needs motherly advice, ask her to address Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and tell her every detail of her symptoms, and to keep nothing back. She will receive advice absolutely free, from a source that has no rival in the experience of woman's ills, and it will, if followed, put her on the right road to a strong, healthy and happy womanhood.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound holds the record for the greatest number of cures of female ills of any medicine that the world has ever known. Why don't you try it?

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Makes Sick Women Well.

Up to date 23 Albany, N. Y., unions have voted in favor of the proposed per capita assessment of 5 cents per week for six weeks to assist the bakers in their strike.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

---

Paris will soon have a Mohammedan mosque.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c. a bottle

---

Electricity is fatal to the discernment of certain colors.

CAPT GRAHAM'S CURE

Sores on Face and Back—Tried Many Doctors Without Success—Gives Thanks to Cuticura.

Captain W. S. Graham, 1321 Eoff St., Wheeling, W. Va., writing under date of June 14, '04, says: "I am so grateful I want to thank God that a friend recommended Cuticura Soap and Ointment to me. I suffered for a long time with sores on my face and back. Some doctors said I had blood poison, and others that I had barber's itch. None of them did me any good, but they all took my money. My friends tell me my skin now looks as clear as a baby's, and I tell them all that Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment did it."

Greater London contained 924,143 inhabited houses in 1901.

Beware of Ointments For Catarrh That Contain Mercury.

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, price, 75c. per bottle.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A Trite Reply.

A girl in Gaylord, Kan., was told by one of her admirers that, if she didn't marry him, he'd get a rope and hang himself right in front of her house. "Oh, please don't do it, dear," she said, "you know father doesn't want you hanging around here."

There is a fine opportunity in this vicinity to take orders for the celebrated White Bronze monuments, headstones, grave covers, etc., made by The Monumental Bronze Company, 392 Howard Ave., Bridgeport, Conn. It is a good, legitimate business, and they offer very liberal inducements. Someone should write them for the agency.

A Big Sounder.

One invention sometimes makes another necessary. A gramophone which can be heard a distance of three miles is the latest. Now, what is needed is a sound deadener with a three-mile range, to smother the noise of the gramophone.

Cures Rheumatism and Catarrh—Medicine Sent Free.

These two diseases are the result of an awful poisoned condition of the blood. If you have aching joints and back, shoulder blades, bone pains, crippled hands, legs or feet, swollen muscles, shifting, sharp, biting pains, and that tired, discouraged feeling of rheumatism, or the hawking, spitting, blurred eyesight, deafness, sick stomach, headache, noises in the head, mucous throat discharges, decaying teeth, bad breath, belching gas of catarrh, take Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) It kills the poison in the blood which causes these awful symptoms, giving a pure, healthy blood supply to the joints and mucous membranes, and makes a perfect cure of the worst rheumatism or foulest catarrh. Cure where all else fails. Blood Balm (B. B. B.) is composed of pure Botanic Ingredients, good for weak kidneys. Improves the digestion, cures dyspepsia. A perfect tonic for old folks by giving them new, rich, pure blood. Thoroughly tested for thirty years. Druggists, $1 per large bottle, with complete directions for home cure. Sample free and prepaid by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and special free medical advice sent in sealed letter.

According to the figures of the mine inspectors there are 4504 heard coal mine workers in the Panther Creek (Pa.) valley. Of this number 4400 wear union buttons.

BOX OF WAFERS FREE—NO DRUGS—CURES BY ABSORPTION.

Cures Belching of Gas—Bad Breath and Bad Stomach — Short Breath—Bloating—Sour Eructations—Irregular Heart, Etc.

Take a Mull's Wafer any time of the day or night, and note the immediate good effect on your stomach. It absorbs the gas, disinfects the stomach, kills the poison germs and cures the disease. Catarrh of the head and throat, unwholesome food and overeating make bad stomachs. Scarcely any stomach is entirely free from taint of some kind. Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers will make your stomach healthy by absorbing foul gases which arise from the undigested food and by re-enforcing the lining of the stomach, enabling it to thoroughly mix the food with the gastric juices. This cures stomach trouble, promotes digestion, sweetens the breath, stops belching and fermentation. Heart action becomes strong and regular through this process.

Discard drugs, as you know from experience they do not cure stomach trouble. Try a common-sense (Nature's) method that does cure. A soothing healing sensation results instantly.

We know Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers will do this, and we want you to know it.

SPECIAL OFFER.—The regular price of Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers is 50c. a box, but to introduce it to thousands of sufferers we will send two (2) boxes upon receipt of 25c. and this advertisement, or we will send you a sample free for this coupon.

11185 FREE COUPON 129

Send this coupon with your name and address and name of a druggist who does not sell it for a free sample box of Mull's Anti-Belch Wafers to

MULL'S GRAPE TONIC CO., 328 Third Ave., Rock Island, Ill.

Give Full Address and Write Plainly

Sold by all druggists, 50c. per box, or sent by mail.

Winnipeg, Manitoba, now has a population of 78,000.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, OceanGrove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

There are plenty of lions in southern Rhodesia.

Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullen is Nature's great remedy. Cures Coughs, Colds, Croup and Consumption, and all throat and lung troubles. At druggists, 25c., 50c. and $1.00 per bottle.

It Looked Like a Drug Store.

The captain of one of the Boston harbor tugboats, while traveling toward Boston one night, was compelled to place a green man on watch, with instructions to call him if he saw anything in their course. The captain was aroused from his slumbers by the new man shouting, as he started for the deck.

"Well," replied the watcher, "it have a green light and a rid loight, and sure I think it's a drug shtore."

RAISED FROM A DEATH-BED.

Mr. Pitts, Once Pronounced Incurable, Has Been Well Three Years.

E. E. Pitts, 60 Hathaway St., Skowhegan, Me., says: "Seven years ago my back ached and I was so run down that I was laid up four months. I had night sweats and fainting spells and dropped to 90 pounds. The urine passed every few minutes with intense pain and looked like blood. Dropsy set in and the doctors decided I could not live. My wife got me using Doan's Kidney Pills, and as they helped me so I took heart, kept on and was cured so thoroughly that I've been well three years."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Farm

Adapt the Crops to the Farm.

The small farms should always be devoted to those crops that are not grown extensively. A farm of ten acres will not pay if wheat and corn are grown upon it, but if used for growing fruit or garden vegetables it will be large enough for all the work that can be given it. Everything depends upon the kind of crop grown.

Keeping Potatoes.

Potatoes which are dug in clear weather and thoroughly dried in the sun will keep in much better condition in the cellar than those put into bins without being sun-dried. Some recommend spreading them on the barn floor after drying them in the sun. This may improve their keeping qualities, and they may be just as good for seed, but are not generally considered equal for table purposes to those put into the cellar when taken from the field.

Lime Water For Cucumbers.

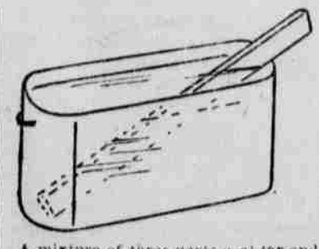
I planted cucumbers twice last season without any success so thought I would try an experiment. I prepared some lime water, made my hills, then poured it on them and left it until the ground was dry. Then I powdered the earth up fine and planted the seeds and the outcome was fine cucumbers. This same method also made my Rocky Fords and other melons a success.—Mrs. M. J. Piers, in The Epitomist.

Farming by Automobile.

A new and special type of automobile has recently been put on the market in Scotland which is designed especially for farm work, and which is not only suitable for plowing, but may be equipped with a cultivator or reaper. It will prepare the ground and sow the seed at one operation, and can be operated at a better speed than a horse. Thus, when plowing, it can cover from six to seven acres a day, and goes over the field so as to leave it in final shape for cultivation. When not in use in the field the motor can be used to drive all farming machinery, and when plowing the cost of fuel, labor and depreciation has been computed at $1 per acre, or less than one-half the expense of plowing by horse. It is interesting to note that the cost of the machine is about $1500, an amount that does not seem prohibitive for a large farm, where a thorough test of the new machine could readily be made, says Harper's Weekly. The automobile, unlike the farm animal, does not have to be fed when it is not working, and it is here that a substantial element of economy can probably be secured.

Preserving Fence Posts.

There are several methods whereby fence posts may be made to last much longer than if set untreated. An application of coal tar mixed with 1-10 oil of turpentine and applied hot is one of the best preservatives. To do this have an ordinary large iron kettle, in which to heat and mix the tar, and a deep vat, which may be an old wash boiler or similar tin vessel, which must be at least three feet deep and ten inches in diameter. Have the tar quite hot when the posts are dipped. Allow them to remain a moment, then remove and pile with the ends free and allow to dry.



A mixture of three parts coal tar and one part clean, unsalted grease, to prevent the tar from drying until it has had time to fill the pores of the wood, is also a first-class preservative, says the Farm and Home. One barrel coal tar should cover 300 posts. This may be painted upon the posts, but better be applied in a bath as described above. In either case the posts should not be set deeper than the tar has been applied. An application to the top or exposed part of the post need not be so thorough. Good paint is more valuable for exposed portions.

Posts used in this way should be thoroughly dry and well seasoned before the tar is applied, otherwise when set they will rot quite as rapidly as if untreated. Heavy tar oils, such as carbolineum, are better than paints or coal tars, but are expensive for general use. Charring posts before setting is not a good practice, because when charred large cracks appear, which are openings for rot.

Profit in Geese.

That geese are profitable and should be more generally kept there is no denying. But a great deal of the success with them depends upon management, quality and location. First of all, they are grazing birds and must not be kept in confinement. Indeed, grass and range are most essential to their welfare. It is also important that they have access to a stream or pond of water, and if it is where they can feed on aquatic growth, so much the better. Being very hardy fowls and industrious in their line, there is no question but they will thrive under the right conditions. The fact is they need very little special care and feeding, if given a fair range on low meadow or marshy land, in connection with a stream of water or small lake; they will then practically make their own living in the summer and get along exceedingly well through the winter if allowed to rough it with the barnyard stock.

Toulouse geese, in some respects, give the best satisfaction. Gentle, not susceptible to disease, light eaters and long livers, the small quantity of food required to keep them is really surprising. Grass and green stuffs form the principal part of their bill of fare in summer, and when it comes on cold, stormy weather they will seldom complain if given cut fodder and clover with a little corn at night; certainly not if a shed, open to the south and carpeted with straw, is built for them to stay in during the night and on cold days. It is not strictly necessary to have a pond or stream for this breed of geese, either, although they are by nature fond of water. Hence, on a farm where water does not plentifully exist, they are the kind to keep if any are kept at all.

And now to show, where the conditions are right for them, that they are profitable to have. Their feathers can be picked from two to three times a year, and these, notwithstanding the introduction of hair mattresses and other kinds, are still in good demand; so much so, even, that they alone will generally more than pay for the keeping of the birds. And in addition to these are the eggs, which can be used for sitting and shipping. Moreover, a certain percentage of the fowls, if enough are kept, can be fattened and disposed of at excellent figures during the holidays, a good, fat goose being equal, if not superior, to a roast turkey. Particularly is this so if a market can be reached that is patronized by certain nationalities. The Jews, for instance, not being pork eaters, as is generally known, will readily substitute goose flesh for swine product, and a nice fat goose is seldom rejected by them in the market at any season of the year.—Fred O. Sibley, in the Massachusetts Ploughman.

Running a Separator.

No one can operate any kind of an intricate machine successfully unless he fully understands its construction—is perfectly familiar with all its different parts and knows exactly how to adjust them. Especially is this true in regard to a separator. It needs in the first place a solid foundation and one that is absolutely level. Then, before any milk is put in it should be tested and made to run with an even motion, absent of any vibrations. It is very important, indeed, that the proper speed be maintained. The power, therefore, that is applied should be even and steady. To be on the safe side it is advisable, when starting a new separator, to have it set up and tested by some one who understands such machinery from A to Z; certainly so if the owner has never run a separator. The operation of one is not at all difficult once the knack has been acquired, and for that reason it is doubly important to learn nothing but correct principles. After the requisite speed has been attained a little warm water at about 100 degrees should first be run into the machine. It should also be treated to the same after the milk is all separated, until the water is slightly visible from the cream spout. This excluded, the bowl and tinware should be rinsed with cold water. They can then easily be cleaned with hot water. Keeping the machine perfectly clean is of the utmost importance. Even the oil boxes should not be neglected. Kerosene oil is excellent for cleaning these. They should be lubricated only with clean, good oil.—The Epitomist.

Shelter For Fattening Steers.

In the fall of 1902 there were planned a series of experiments to test the comparative merits of indoor and outdoor feeding for fattening steers, says T. I. Mairs, of the Pennsylvania experiment station. These experiments have now extended through three seasons, upon practically the same plan. Twenty-four steers were divided into two lots as nearly equal as possible. One lot was fed in a large pen in the basement of the barn, the other lot was fed in an open shed in a yard adjoining the barn. This shed was enclosed on the two ends and one side, leaving the open side toward the southeast.

During the first season the lot fed in the shed produced a slightly smaller gain and ate somewhat more food than the one fed in the barn. During the second season the lot in the barn again produced a larger gain but ate more food than the lot outside. During the first season it required one and one-fifth pounds more feed to produce a pound of gain in the outside lot than in the barn lot. During the second season it required one and one-half pounds more feed to produce a pound of gain in the open shed than in the barn. During the third season the two lots made practically the same gains, there being only one-half pound difference per steer, and that in favor of the outside lot. The steers in the shed ate less during this season than the steers in the barn. During this season it required a quarter of a pound more feed to produce a pound of gain in the barn than outside.—Farmers' Home Journal.

Poultry Notes.

Thoroughbred fowls cost no more to keep than the mongrels. Then why cling to the latter?

Don't let cold weather find you unprepared. Look after the house, the scratching shed and the walks now.

Lay in a supply of straw or leaves for the scratching shed. Also a few barrels of road dust for the dust box.

If you have kept mongrel fowls heretofore, don't wait to make a change. Each year means one more lost.

Store away all the small potatoes, turnips, cabbage, etc., that you do not sell or use, and the fowls will enjoy them during the winter.

Now that most of the farm work is done do not imagine that there is nothing to do in the poultry yard. Little things here and there done now will save much worry later on.

Beautifying West Point.

The experts of the Forestry Bureau of the Government are carrying out the plans prepared by themselves in conjunction with Mr. Olmsted, the landscape architect, for the beautifying of the West Point military reservation. General Mills, the superintendent of the Academy, takes a keen interest in this project, which is to be carried out in conjunction with the new construction at the Military Academy. Already some fifteen acres of old growth of the land bordering on the Academy limits have been cleaned out and improved. A forest nursery has been established which will yield 10,000 white pine, 5000 red spruce, 4,000 eastern hemlock and about 2000 American elm.—New York Tribune.

There are in America to-day more than 200 fraternal beneficiary orders.

LAP DOGS.

How They Have Figured in History and How They Are Made.

The making of new kinds of dogs has been a profitable industry since remotest history, and promises, especially in the case of lap dogs, to go on forever.

The "latest thing in lap dogs" has been very clearly defined ever since the days of the Greeks and Romans in Europe and from a much earlier period in Europe.

In the sepulchral halls of the great pyramids sculptures have been found in which a small species of elegant greyhound is seen following members of the royal family. Both are classified in the stiff "one foot in front of the other" style of old Egypt, but the dog is unmistakably a special artificial breed just as much as a modern dachshund.

China evolved her Pekinese spaniel in her progressive days, some 8000 years ago. Chinese inertia has preserved the breed unchanged to this day in the regal palaces of the Empress. When the Summer palace in Pekin was searched in 1860 by European troops six specimens were found. These dogs, whose unbroken ancestry is older than any royal family, even that of the Empress, were found upon silken pillows, each in its own special apartment. Each had a special retinue of attendants, who had fled.

Of all the lap dogs of Europe and America, perhaps the first to be mentioned is the "Maltese dog," or "Maltese terrier," as it was once called. This silky little toy of a creature is said to have been originated in the town of Melita, in Sicily, whence it was exported to Rome and Athens in their days of greatness.

Strabo, the historian, describes them as "not bigger than common ferrets or weasels, yet they are not small in understanding nor unstable in their love."

From the first century until the nineteenth the Maltese dog was only heard from occasionally, but that it retained its individuality and feminine favor are shown by its description eighty years ago in the European Magazine as a "pampered creature waddling and wheezing its pampered way after its fashionable mistress."

In the eighteen-sixties new and superior breeds of dogs appeared as rivals of the Maltese, who rapidly lost his supremacy. Dog shows gave great impetus to improvement and variety of the little canines. In the efforts of their breeders to hold their place the Maltese was reduced to five pounds in adult weight.

It is said that one of these little animals could be placed in a lady's glove. This apparently unpalatant inference to the size of feminine hands of the time is explained by the assumption that the "glove" was a hawking gauntlet with sleeves reaching almost to the shoulders.

The pocket beagle enjoys popularity to-day among many women.

Anne of Denmark and Mary of Modena, two Queen consorts of the Stuarts, both "fancied" Italian greyhounds, and in the well-known painting by Ward, R. A., of James II., bearing of the landing of William of Orange, an Italian hound sniffs suspiciously at the messenger, while a court lady entertains the infant Prince of Wales with a King Charles spaniel pup.

At one time, not so long ago, it was so fashionable and sought after that an attempt was made to improve on nature by interbreeding the Italian greyhound with the toy terrier, but with most lamentable results; and it was with the greatest difficulty and patience that the ill effects of the mésalliance were overcome, and the breed purified by the infusion of fresh blood from its native Italy, until it once more displayed those true traits and that exquisite grace which makes this fragile little creature so admired by ladies of taste and refinement.

There are doubtless several new types in formation at this time under the careful experiments of breeders. Each one should have its day of popularity and high prices, to be succeeded by a later canine freak.

Reinforcing His Explanation.

The editor of the Gory Gulch Vindicator happening to look out of his window saw Comanche Pete approaching the office with an expression of wrath on his face and a revolver in each hand.

Glancing hastily at a copy of the Vindicator that lay on the table before him he sought to ascertain the cause of the impending visit. His eye was caught by this item:

"They are talking of running our illustrious fellow citizen, Comanche Pete, for town marshall. He's a huckster—that's what Pete is."

He had barely time to snatch a big revolver from the drawer in his table when the door opened and Comanche Pete came in.

"Pete," quietly remarked the editor, leveling the weapon at him, "throw up your hands. I've got the drop on you. I wrote it 'hustler.'"—Chicago Tribune.

The Beauties of Our Land.

Nature's beauty in America is a marvelous and rarely wonderful spectacle. There are long rivers the rushing sweep of which drain the heart of the continent. The Rocky Mountains, lifting granite peaks, alien and remote, far up into the clouds; scarred clefts and canons, deep wooded valleys that hint of savage withdrawal from human association. The mysterious and barbaric land of the mesas, and the great primeval forests that whisper and rustle, and gleam and gloom in light and darkness, and through every season of the year. The forest that is never seen twice in the same aspect and never tells the same story; is as silent as the grave, and yet is filled with constantly moving, hidden, unseen life; as changeful and mutable as human thought, and as mysterious as the impulses that sway human acts.—Metropolitan Magazine.

Our Sophisticated Foods.

Suppose you ask for the grocer's best strawberry jam, and he charges you fourpence a pound for it, and you get a mixture of foreign fruit-pulp, sweetened with glucose, colored with aniline dyes, with seeds alien to the strawberry put in, you have no legal cause of complaint; and the dealer is quite free from prosecution, provided he has included in the composition one or two strawberries.—London Magazine.

"DIRECT FROM WORKSHOP"

Baird-North Co.

Stock Pins			
288	Solid Gold, plain		.65
307	Solid Gold, plain		.75
310	Solid Gold, plain		.85
328	Solid Gold, pearls		1.00
478	Gold plate, bead edge		.50
485	Gold plate, pearl		.50
655	Sterling Silver, plain		.35
Sterling Silver Brooches			
9016	Handy Pin, holly		.35
9045	Crescent		.40
9013	Heart		.35
9015	Swallow		.35
9018	Owls, gray		.35
9032	Wishbone		.35
9035	Mapleleaf		.35
9047	Lily		.35
Solid Gold Brooches			
696	Pearl crescent		2.75
712	Baroque pearls, diamond		5.00
722	Pearls and baroques		4.00
724	Pearls		4.00
781	Crescent, pearl		1.50
Scarf Pins			
7	Pearls, solid gold		1.25
64	Head, pearl, solid gold		1.50
76	Wishbone, solid gold		.50
9027	Wishbone, Sterling silver		.35
9364	Mapleleaf sterling silver		.35
9372	Ruby eyes, sterling silver		.35

Solid Gold Neck Chains	
219 Neck Chain, 15 inches	2.00
224 Neck Chain, 18½ inches	2.75
231 Bead Necklace, 14 inches	10.00
134 Solid Gold Links	2.50
686 Solid Gold Locket	4.50
9305 Sterling silver Hat Pin	.50
10302 Violet pattern Coffee Spoon, each	.50
	doz. 5.00
10285 Violet Tea Spoons	doz. 8.00

Our Catalog T pictures the complete violet pattern.

6244 Solid Gold Signet Ring	1.50
697A Diamond Ring	10.00

Our Catalog T is now ready for mailing. The book contains 132 pages and illustrates over 3000 articles—Diamonds, Gold and Silver Jewelry, Leather, Ebony, Toilet Goods, Watches, Rings, Table Ware, etc.

We can give the best service possible; we guarantee every article we sell; we assume all risk; we return your money if you ask it. Most important of all, we save you one third of your purchase money by selling "Direct from Workshop." Buying from us you save the profits of the jobber, the wholesaler and retailer.

For ten years we have been filling orders by mail to the entire satisfaction of thousands of customers in all parts of the postal union. We can please you.

We want every lover of artistic jewelry, every person who intends to make a holiday gift, to have a copy of our beautiful catalog—sent post paid upon receipt of your address. WRITE NOW.

BAIRD-NORTH COMPANY, 320 Essex Street, Salem, Mass.

PRICE, 25 Cts

ANTI-GRIPINE

IS GUARANTEED TO CURE

GRIP, BAD COLD, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

I won't sell Anti-Gripine to a dealer who won't Guarantee It, or refund your MONEY BACK IF IT DOESN'T CURE.

F. W. Diemer, M.D., Manufacturer, Springfield, Mo.

AGAINST THE STORM THERE IS NO PROTECTION IN THE WORLD LIKE TOWER'S SLICKERS

FOR SALE BY ALL THE BEST DEALERS

TOWER'S FISH BRAND

A. J. TOWER CO. ESTABLISHED 1836

BOSTON NEW YORK CHICAGO

TOWER CANADIAN CO. Limited TORONTO, CAN.

CONEY ISLAND SOUVENIR POST CARDS. Six beautiful colored scenes for 25c. Coney Island Postal Card Co., Coney Island, N. Y.

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

RATHER LONG PERIOD TO WAIT.

Joshua Wanted Boiled Wheat, but He Was No Cook.

"Lucinda," said Mr. Melstrum, who had just returned from a visit to a farmer friend in the country, "while I was at Longley's I ate some whole wheat, boiled. I like it better than anything I ever tasted. He gave me a small paper sack of the wheat, so we could cook some ourselves. How long will it be before supper is ready?"

"About half an hour," answered Mrs. Melstrum.

"Well, we'll have some boiled wheat, if you please. Here's the paper sack."

"But, Joshua, it will have to be cooked in a double boiler, and——"

"I don't care how you cook it. I'm hungry for some more boiled wheat."

"But see here, Joshua! it will take——"

"It will take a lot of cream and sugar; I know that. But we've got plenty of both. Put it on right away, will you?"

Without another word his wife took the wheat, washed it, emptied it into the "double boiler," and set it on the fire.

At the end of half an hour Mr. Melstrum became impatient.

"Lucinda," he called out from the sitting room, "isn't that wheat ready yet?"

"Not yet," responded Mrs. Melstrum.

"How much longer is it going to take to cook it?"

"About eleven hours and a half. That's what I was trying to tell you, but you wouldn't give me a chance. Do you want to wait for it?"—Youth's Companion.

FROM TEXAS.

Some Coffee Facts From the Lone Star State.

From a beautiful farm down in Texas, where gushing springs unite to form babbling brooks that wind their sparkling way through no-very meads, comes a note of gratitude for delivery from the coffee habit.

"When my baby boy came to me five years ago I began to drink Postum Food Coffee, having a feeling that it would be better for him and me than the old kind of drug-laden coffee. I was not disappointed in it, for it enabled me, a small, delicate woman, to nurse a bouncing healthy baby 14 months.

"I have since continued the use of Postum, for I have grown fond of it, and have discovered to my joy that it has entirely relieved me of a billious habit which used to prostrate me two or three times a year, causing much discomfort to my family and suffering to myself.

"My brother-in-law was cured of chronic constipation by leaving off the old kind of coffee and using Postum. He has become even more fond of it than he was of the old coffee.

"In fact, the entire family, from the latest arrival (a 2-year-old, who always calls for his 'potie' first thing in the morning), up to the head of the house, think there is no drink so good or so wholesome as Postum." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Read the little book "The Road to Wellville" in pkgs.

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FOR WOMEN

troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness, cures leucorrhœa and nasal catarrh.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all

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