

TREATY NOW COMPLETE

The Evacuation of Manchuria Causes Discussion.

JAPANESE TAKING NO CHANCES.

They insist that all the Russian Forces Along the Line of the Eastern Chinese Railroad That Remains in Russia's Possession Shall Be Required to Leave Manchuria at the Earliest Practical Time.

Portsmouth, N. H. (Special).—After two long sessions, the second lasting until late at night, the treaty of peace between Russia and Japan was completed in rough form. The work of engraving on parchment will be entrusted to expert penmen from the Department of State in Washington.

The air has been full of rumors all day of differences between the envoys over the articles relating to the division of Sakhalin Island and the evacuation of Manchuria. But those who are intimately concerned in the conferences insisted that there was no danger that the negotiations would fail.

While the completed treaty will be cabled to St. Petersburg and Tokio, the reports of both nations indicate that there is no occasion to wait until formal approval comes from the czar and the Mikado before the plenipotentiaries may affix their signatures.

The Japanese admit that they have not had the Mikado's approval of the agreement reached on last Tuesday, but point to the fact that this is not necessary to permit Baron Komura and Mr. Takahira to become signatories of the convention. Mr. Takahira, for Japan, and Mr. Martens and Mr. Plancou, for Russia, declared that there was no danger of any hitch.

The points of difference regarding Sakhalin Island were harmonized. The Russian envoys having agreed that the northern part of the island, which Russia will retain, should not be fortified, this having been insisted upon by the Japanese who were required by the terms of the agreement to erect no guns on the southern part of the island, the only remaining feature of the Sakhalin article relating to the rights of Russian property holders and residents in the portion of the island which will become Japan's, were quickly adjusted.

The provision forbidding the Japanese to erect fortifications overlooking La Perouse Straits is very explicit and will make it impossible for Sakhalin to be used as a war base for a Japanese fleet or for the matter of that, for a Russian fleet.

Under the agreement reached the troops of both belligerents are to retire from their present position in Manchuria immediately upon the proclamation of the peace treaty, the Russian to Harbin and the Japanese to Mukden. Subsequently the complete withdrawal from Chinese territory of the troops of both armies will be carried out in accordance with provisions set forth in the treaty.

Upon the insistence of Japan, all Russian forces along the line of that part of the Eastern Chinese Railroad which will remain in Russia's possession will be required to leave Manchuria at the earliest practicable moment. The treaty as agreed upon will provide the exact number of railway guards which both Russia and Japan may retain for the purpose of protecting their rolling stock and trackage in Manchuria.

Undesirable Immigrants.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—While the increase in immigration to this country during the last six months far exceeds that of other years, the rate of increase of those debarred is still greater. Immigration shows an increase of 14 per cent. over 1903, while there was 20 per cent. increase among those debarred. In all 67,229 were not permitted to remain. From statistics of the department of commerce and labor it is shown that during July 149 Chinese were admitted, 22 less than in July a year ago. In all 76,000 immigrants were admitted.

Convicted of Extortion.

Pittsburg, Pa. (Special).—Ex-Capt. James Wilson, of the Allegheny police department, was sentenced to pay a fine of \$100 and to serve a term of six months in the county workhouse, as the result of the convictions in graft cases. His attorneys immediately appealed the case to the Superior Court, where it will act as a stay of imprisonment until next spring should the appeal be affirmed. Wilson is the first defendant to be sentenced since the Allegheny graft crusade began. He was tried on two charges of extortion.

Water Snake in His Mouth.

Kansas City, Mo. (Special).—David Dregotich sank suddenly from sight and was drowned while swimming in the Kaw river. When his body was recovered a watersnake, eight inches long, was found in his mouth. It is thought that the snake got in the man's mouth while he was swimming and caused him to strangle and drown. Dregotich was 38 years old and a good swimmer.

A Prince Murdered.

Tiflis, Caucasia. (By Cable).—It is reported that the town of Shusha is in flames. The people have fled to the mountains. Troops are being sent to the scene. At Manchram, in the Dushet district, the property of Prince Machramshki has been destroyed by dynamite. Prince Eristoff has been murdered near Gor.

A Judge Assaulted.

Charlotte, N. C. (Special).—A special to the Observer from Durham, N. C., says that M. E. McCown, ex-mayor of Durham, assaulted Judge George W. Ward, of the First Judicial District, knocking him down. The assault was occasioned by the imposition of a two-year sentence on Allen Haskins, colored, by Judge Ward at the afternoon session of the Superior Court for killing I. C. Day, who was the nephew of McCown. Judge Ward's assailant was immediately attached for contempt.

Masacre of Armenians.

Tiflis. (By Cable).—The town of Shusha is besieged by Tartars, who are well armed and are massacring the Armenians. Telegraphic communication with Shusha is cut.

German Insurance Companies Refuse to Give any Risks in the Case of Alpine Climbers unless an Expert Guide is One of the Party.

The central markets of Paris are more than \$500,000 worth of baskets every year.

BALLOONIST BLOWN TO PIECES.

Balloonist's Frigorous Death High Up in the Clouds.

MANY VICTIMS OF BOMB

Exploded Among Holiday Makers at Barcelona.

CONE WAS COVERED WITH CEMENT.

A Panic Ensued and the Air Was Rent With the Shrieks and Groans of the Victims, Who Numbered 40 and 60, Including One Woman Killed and Five Persons Mortally Wounded.

Barcelona, (By Cable).—A bomb exploded with terrific force on the Marine Parade, which was thronged with holiday makers.

A panic ensued and the air was rent with the shrieks and groans of the victims.

Twenty-one persons, including one woman, were killed and five others were mortally wounded.

The bomb was conical in shape and was covered with cement.

The perpetrator of the outrage is unknown. One witness states that a child was seen to deposit a bomb at the foot of a tree.

Another version was that the bomb was placed at the foot of a tree in the afternoon and that the man who was seen to place it there was injured by its premature explosion.

After the explosion Panama hats, parasols and wearing apparel were found strewn about, and here and there were pools of blood.

The detonation was heard throughout the city and the force of the explosion threw a coachman from the seat of his carriage 50 yards away.

The bomb was filled with nails and scrap-iron.

A workman covered with blood while running away from the scene was pursued by a mob which believed him to be responsible for the outrage, and being caught was nearly lynched.

The man was taken to a hospital, where he died when he had exploded the bomb.

A YOUNG FIEND'S CRIME.

Saturates a Companion With Gasoline and Sets Him On Fire.

Hannibal, Mo. (Special).—Charles Christian, 11 years old, son of Lee Christian, was roasted alive in Union street here by another boy named McLean, who dashed a can of gasoline over the clothes of young Christian and then applied a lighted match.

Christian was playing in the street with several other boys when McLean walked up swinging a gasoline can. After twice threatening to roast the Christian boy alive, he finally made his word good.

He unscrewed the cap of the can, rushed upon Christian and drenched him from head to foot with gasoline. Before the unfortunate lad could get away he touched a lighter match to his trousers, which were soaked with gasoline.

Instantly the boy was enveloped in flames. He fell to the ground screaming in agony and fighting the fire. Many persons ran to the rescue, and succeeded in extinguishing the flames. Every stitch of clothing was burned from young Christian's back. The boy will die.

MANIAC KILLS HIMSELF.

Pitts Shot at Those Who Escaped From Buildings He Fied.

Lorain, O. (Special).—Peter Pitts, the Avon maniac who has been terrorizing the inhabitants of this county, killed himself when he found that capture was at hand.

Sheriff Salisbury and a posse had been following the maniac all night.

Pitts started for the home of his grandfather, Leisen, at French Creek. Leisen refused to give him shelter, and informed the sheriff.

A posse of 100 men scoured the country in Avon township all the morning for Pitts.

Pitts was heavily armed.

The members of the posse were armed with revolvers and rifles.

Pitts was charged with setting fire to two houses. The buildings were destroyed and the occupants barely escaped with their lives.

When they ran out of the building Pitts shot at them from a thick.

Since then the maniac has been attempting to wreck the Toledo Limited on the Lake Shore electric railway by piling ties on the track.

The maniac had also attempted to kill several women and children by shooting.

When he found escape cut off in every direction, Pitts fired two shots into his head.

OBSERVATION OF ECLIPSE PERFECT.

Report From Rear Admiral Chester, of United States Squadron.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The following was issued at the Navy Department:

"Rear Admiral C. M. Chester, commanding the special-service squadron, which was formed in June to proceed to Spain and the northern coast of Africa for the purpose of observing the solar eclipse occurring on August 30, reports as follows:

"Observation of eclipse in Spain perfect in every respect."

London. (By Cable).—A telegram from Sir Norman Lockyer, chief of the eclipse party at Palma, Island of Majorca, says:

"The results were indifferent, owing to unfavorable weather."

Prof. Hugh Callender, of the Royal College of Science, London, reports from Castellon de la Plana, near Valencia, Spain, that the first and last contacts were observed in a clear sky and that good records of the radiation and temperature were obtained.

Col. Mosby Didn't Kill His Own Cow.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—Referring to a recent publication that "the shot Colonel Mosby recently fired at a publishing house killed his own cow," implying that the shot had injured an imaginary book which it was alleged he had written and in the sale of which he had an interest, Colonel Mosby says he has not killed his own cow, as he had no cow to kill. He has not written a book, but is writing one. No publisher, he says, has either a vested or contingent interest in it. When the book is finished it will go to the highest bidder.

Find Seven-Foot Skeletons.

Fond du Lac, Wis. (Special).—Two skeletons each measuring more than seven feet in length were found in a gravel pit in Forest, near this place. The skulls are twice as large as those of an ordinary adult and the thigh bones are almost six inches longer than those of a six-foot man. It is probable the skeletons, which are thought to be the remains of some prehistoric race, will be sent to Milwaukee for examination.

Three Blown to Atoms.

Lancaster, Pa. (Special).—Three slaves and an Italian were blown to pieces by the premature explosion of a blast near Safe Harbor. Another Slav is missing and is believed to have been blown into the Susquehanna river, and two Slavs and a negro were badly injured. The men were engaged in loading a blast hole 50 feet deep, and had just placed the dynamite and detonating cap. It is supposed the tamping rod struck this cap.

The Nation's Money.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The monthly circulation statement issued by the Comptroller of the Currency shows that at the close of business Friday the total circulation of national banks was \$512,220,367, an increase for the year of \$9,703,594 and an increase for the month of \$8,248,972. The circulation based on United States bonds amounted to \$478,786,165, an increase for the year of \$6,749,265 and an increase for the month of \$7,170,394.

IN THE FIELD OF LABOR.

There are about 7,000,000 cigars made in the United States annually.

Asbestos workers have compromised a strike at Cleveland, O., and secured increased wages.

Workmen's old-age pensions in Belgium are paid by the national treasury from the budget.

A law making transient officers factory inspectors has been passed by the Wisconsin Legislature.

Albany, N. Y., has 81 labor unions, with a membership of 7501. This is a decrease from 1904 of three unions and 816 members.

Philadelphia factories consume annually raw materials valued at \$26,877,421. The value of the total annual output is \$603,466,526.

Returns from British firms employing 134,825 cotton operatives show an increase in wages of 9.6 per cent. compared with a year ago.

Illinois, with fewer than 900 unions, including Knights of Labor assemblies, in 1886, had, January 1, 1904, 1750 unions and 300,000 members.

THE LATEST NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD.

The committee appointed by the recent constitutional convention of the Five Civilized Tribes to draft a constitution for the proposed new state completed its work.

CZAR TO ROOSEVELT

Remarkable Message Giving Him All Honor.

THE GRATITUDE OF RUSSIA.

Friendly Felicitations From the Emperor of Austria—Congratulations Continue to Pour in Upon the President From All Parts of the World—All Utter in Giving Him Credit for His Great Work.

Emperor Nicholas: "My country will gratefully recognize the great part you have played in the Peace Conference."

Emperor Francis Joseph: "Friendliest felicitations. May the world be blessed with many years' continuance of peace undisturbed."

Emperor William: "The unstinted expressions of admiration and satisfaction lavished on him from all sides are in every respect well merited."

Oyster Bay, L. I. (Special).—Emperor Nicholas of Russia has recognized gratefully the great part which President Roosevelt played in the successful negotiations for peace. In a cablegram received by President Roosevelt Emperor Nicholas congratulated and thanked the President for his efforts. The cablegram follows:

Peterhof, Alexandria, Aug. 31. President Roosevelt:

Accept my congratulations and earnest thanks for having brought the peace negotiations to a successful conclusion, owing to your personal energetic efforts. My country will gratefully recognize the great part you have played in the Portsmouth peace conference.

NICHOLAS.

That the Russian Emperor should thank President Roosevelt for his efforts to insure peace between Russia and Japan was to have been expected, but it is particularly significant that in his cablegram Emperor Nicholas extended to President Roosevelt his "earnest thanks for having brought the peace negotiations to a successful conclusion."

The dispatch is regarded as one of the most remarkable of its kind ever sent by the head of one nation to that of another.

President Roosevelt thanked for the Emperor of Japan, warm thanks for his "disinterested and unremitting efforts in the interest of peace and humanity."

The cablegram, which was received from the Emperor personally, follows:

Tokio, September 3, 1905. The President:

I have received with gratification your message of congratulations conveyed through our plenipotentiaries and thank you warmly for it. To your disinterested and unremitting efforts in the interests of peace and humanity I attach the high value which is his due, and assure you of my grateful appreciation of the distinguished part you have taken in the establishment of peace based upon principles essential to the permanent welfare and tranquility of the Far East.

(Signed) MUTSUHITO.

Congratulatory messages by the score yet are pouring in upon the President. The executive office force is completely swamped, and it will be many days before acknowledgment of the receipt of all messages can be sent out. It will be impossible for President Roosevelt himself to respond to the felicitations of his friends everywhere, but in the course of time the sender of each message will receive a response.

FROM FRANCIS JOSEPH.

Among the messages received was one from the Emperor of Austria-Hungary. It was notably cordial. The text was as follows:

Ischi, August 31. To the President of the United States of America:

On the occasion of the peace just concluded I wish, Mr. President, to send you my friendliest felicitations on the result of your intervention. May the world be blessed with many years' continuance of peace undisturbed.

FRANZ JOSEPH.

It is estimated that 400,000 worth of diamonds are stolen every year from the South African diamond mines.

The British consul at Cadiz, Spain, says that it will pay to establish steel works in that city, and recommends such an enterprise to capitalists.

Among the staff of the royal garages of Italy a semi-military system has been introduced. The director will wear the uniform of an army captain and the chauffeurs that of the ranks.

The Department of Agriculture during the last two years has taken great interest in promoting gardening work and botanical study among the pupils of the public schools of Washington.

A suburban building boom in London has collapsed and thousands of "villas" stand empty in the outer circle of the metropolis. Builders overestimated the effect of new street-car lines.

A farmer living near Versailles who carries off all his melon prizes at the local agricultural shows has discovered that "watering" his melons with milk will grow to twice their usual size.

Blue bricks have been used to face the dam at the Gray Reservoir, Swansea. This is said to be the first instance in England where blue bricks have been used in place of the stone masonry for facing a dam.

Damages have been awarded in a London court to an engineer's fitter named Mansfield, who, as the result of a sudden muscular strain, had sustained an injury to the heart which caused it to emit a musical murmur loud enough to be heard some distance.

Coach Turned Over.

Washington (Special).—The rear coach on a South Carolina and Georgia Railroad train turned over at Reynolds street crossing, Augusta, Ga. F. J. Murphy, police health officer of Augusta, was killed. The injured are Geo. Lott, flagman, both legs cut off; J. A. Brown, employee, Augusta yards, back sprained; M. Kalliskie, passenger, Augusta, side slightly hurt. The train had just left the Augusta Union Station and was moving about two miles an hour through the city.

Wrecked the Freight.

Indianapolis (Special).—Confronted with the alternative of wrecking a Lake Erie and Western freight train or allowing a disastrous collision between the freight and a Chicago and Erie passenger train, the operator at Kingsland chose the former, and threw a lever which sent the freight into a ditch. He had given the freight the right of way over a crossing of the two roads before he discovered the passenger was approaching the crossing at full speed. The locomotive and one car of the freight were derailed, but no one was injured.

CZAR TO ROOSEVELT

Remarkable Message Giving Him All Honor.

THE GRATITUDE OF RUSSIA.

Friendly Felicitations From the Emperor of Austria—Congratulations Continue to Pour in Upon the President From All Parts of the World—All Utter in Giving Him Credit for His Great Work.

Emperor Nicholas: "My country will gratefully recognize the great part you have played in the Peace Conference."

Emperor Francis Joseph: "Friendliest felicitations. May the world be blessed with many years' continuance of peace undisturbed."

Emperor William: "The unstinted expressions of admiration and satisfaction lavished on him from all sides are in every respect well merited."

Oyster Bay, L. I. (Special).—Emperor Nicholas of Russia has recognized gratefully the great part which President Roosevelt played in the successful negotiations for peace. In a cablegram received by President Roosevelt Emperor Nicholas congratulated and thanked the President for his efforts. The cablegram follows:

Peterhof, Alexandria, Aug. 31. President Roosevelt:

Accept my congratulations and earnest thanks for having brought the peace negotiations to a successful conclusion, owing to your personal energetic efforts. My country will gratefully recognize the great part you have played in the Portsmouth peace conference.

NICHOLAS.

That the Russian Emperor should thank President Roosevelt for his efforts to insure peace between Russia and Japan was to have been expected, but it is particularly significant that in his cablegram Emperor Nicholas extended to President Roosevelt his "earnest thanks for having brought the peace negotiations to a successful conclusion."

The dispatch is regarded as one of the most remarkable of its kind ever sent by the head of one nation to that of another.

President Roosevelt thanked for the Emperor of Japan, warm thanks for his "disinterested and unremitting efforts in the interest of peace and humanity."

The cablegram, which was received from the Emperor personally, follows:

Tokio, September 3, 1905. The President:

I have received with gratification your message of congratulations conveyed through our plenipotentiaries and thank you warmly for it. To your disinterested and unremitting efforts in the interests of peace and humanity I attach the high value which is his due, and assure you of my grateful appreciation of the distinguished part you have taken in the establishment of peace based upon principles essential to the permanent welfare and tranquility of the Far East.

(Signed) MUTSUHITO.

Congratulatory messages by the score yet are pouring in upon the President. The executive office force is completely swamped, and it will be many days before acknowledgment of the receipt of all messages can be sent out. It will be impossible for President Roosevelt himself to respond to the felicitations of his friends everywhere, but in the course of time the sender of each message will receive a response.

FROM FRANCIS JOSEPH.

Among the messages received was one from the Emperor of Austria-Hungary. It was notably cordial. The text was as follows:

Ischi, August 31. To the President of the United States of America:

On the occasion of the peace just concluded I wish, Mr. President, to send you my friendliest felicitations on the result of your intervention. May the world be blessed with many years' continuance of peace undisturbed.

FRANZ JOSEPH.

It is estimated that 400,000 worth of diamonds are stolen every year from the South African diamond mines.

The British consul at Cadiz, Spain, says that it will pay to establish steel works in that city, and recommends such an enterprise to capitalists.

Among the staff of the royal garages of Italy a semi-military system has been introduced. The director will wear the uniform of an army captain and the chauffeurs that of the ranks.

The Department of Agriculture during the last two years has taken great interest in promoting gardening work and botanical study among the pupils of the public schools of Washington.

A suburban building boom in London has collapsed and thousands of "villas" stand empty in the outer circle of the metropolis. Builders overestimated the effect of new street-car lines.

A farmer living near Versailles who carries off all his melon prizes at the local agricultural shows has discovered that "watering" his melons with milk will grow to twice their usual size.

Blue bricks have been used to face the dam at the Gray Reservoir, Swansea. This is said to be the first instance in England where blue bricks have been used in place of the stone masonry for facing a dam.

Damages have been awarded in a London court to an engineer's fitter named Mansfield, who, as the result of a sudden muscular strain, had sustained an injury to the heart which caused it to emit a musical murmur loud enough to be heard some distance.

Coach Turned Over.

Washington (Special).—The rear coach on a South Carolina and Georgia Railroad train turned over at Reynolds street crossing, Augusta, Ga. F. J. Murphy, police health officer of Augusta, was killed. The injured are Geo. Lott, flagman, both legs cut off; J. A. Brown, employee, Augusta yards, back sprained; M. Kalliskie, passenger, Augusta, side slightly hurt. The train had just left the Augusta Union Station and was moving about two miles an hour through the city.

Wrecked the Freight.

Indianapolis (Special).—Confronted with the alternative of wrecking a Lake Erie and Western freight train or allowing a disastrous collision between the freight and a Chicago and Erie passenger train, the operator at Kingsland chose the former, and threw a lever which sent the freight into a ditch. He had given the freight the right of way over a crossing of the two roads before he discovered the passenger was approaching the crossing at full speed. The locomotive and one car of the freight were derailed, but no one was injured.

CZAR TO ROOSEVELT

Remarkable Message Giving Him All Honor.

THE GRATITUDE OF RUSSIA.

Friendly Felicitations From the Emperor of Austria—Congratulations Continue to Pour in Upon the President From All Parts of the World—All Utter in Giving Him Credit for His Great Work.

Emperor Nicholas: "My country will gratefully recognize the great part you have played in the Peace Conference."

Emperor Francis Joseph: "Friendliest felicitations. May the world be blessed with many years' continuance of peace undisturbed."

Emperor William: "The unstinted expressions of admiration and satisfaction lavished on him from all sides are in every respect well merited."

Oyster Bay, L. I. (Special).—Emperor Nicholas of Russia has recognized gratefully the great part which President Roosevelt played in the successful negotiations for peace. In a cablegram received by President Roosevelt Emperor Nicholas congratulated and thanked the President for his efforts. The cablegram follows:

Peterhof, Alexandria, Aug. 31. President Roosevelt:

Accept my congratulations and earnest thanks for having brought the peace negotiations to a successful conclusion, owing to your personal energetic efforts. My country will gratefully recognize the great part you have played in the Portsmouth peace conference.

NICHOLAS.

That the Russian Emperor should thank President Roosevelt for his efforts to insure peace between Russia and Japan was to have been expected, but it is particularly significant that in his cablegram Emperor Nicholas extended to President Roosevelt his "earnest thanks for having brought the peace negotiations to a successful conclusion."

The dispatch is regarded as one of the most remarkable of its kind ever sent by the head of one nation to that of another.

President Roosevelt thanked for the Emperor of Japan, warm thanks for his "disinterested and unremitting efforts in the interest of peace and humanity."

The cablegram, which was received from the Emperor personally, follows:

Tokio, September 3, 1905. The President:

I have received with gratification your message of congratulations conveyed through our plenipotentiaries and thank you warmly for it. To your disinterested and unremitting efforts in the interests of peace and humanity I attach the high value which is his due, and assure you of my grateful appreciation of the distinguished part you have taken in the establishment of peace based upon principles essential to the permanent welfare and tranquility of the Far East.

(Signed) MUTSUHITO.

Congratulatory messages by the score yet are pouring in upon the President. The executive office force is completely swamped, and it will be many days before acknowledgment of the receipt of all messages can be sent out. It will be impossible for President Roosevelt himself to respond to the felicitations of his friends everywhere, but in the course of time the sender of each message will receive a response.

FROM FRANCIS JOSEPH.

Among the messages received was one from the Emperor of Austria-Hungary. It was notably cordial. The text was as follows:

Ischi, August 31. To the President of the United States of America:

On the occasion of the peace just concluded I wish, Mr. President, to send you my friendliest felicitations on the result of your intervention. May the world be blessed with many years' continuance of peace undisturbed.

FRANZ JOSEPH.

It is estimated that 400,000 worth of diamonds are stolen every year from the South African diamond mines.

The British consul at Cadiz, Spain, says that it will pay to establish steel works in that city, and recommends such an enterprise to capitalists.

Among the staff of the royal garages of Italy a semi-military system has been introduced.