

A Professional Nurse Tells Her Experience With Doan's Kidney Pills.

Montague, Mass. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y .: Gentlemen-I heartily wish those who are suffering from backache and disturbed action of the kidneys would try Doan's Kidney Pills. As was the case with me, they will be more than surprised with the results. I had been troubled for years with my spine. 1 could not lie on either side. Spinal cramps would follow, and words could not explain the agony which I would endure. While in these cramps I could not speak or move, but by making a great effort after the cramp had left me I could begin to speak and move a little, but my whole back was so sore and lame that I could not even have the back bathed for some time. My nerves were in a terrible state. I would rather sit up at night than go to bed, dreading the cramps and the terrible backaches. I consulted physicians, but got only a little relief for the time being Seeing your advertisement, my mother urged me to try Doan's Kidney Pills. After using one box I was better, and have ever since been on the gain. I have no backache and no cramps now, and I feel like a new person. My nerves are better and I know my blood is purer. Words cannot express my thanks to you for what Doan's Kidney Pills have done for me. In my work as professional nurse I have a chance to recommend them, and they did me so much good that I will do so on every possible occasion.

HATTIE BRIGHAM, Nurse. Doan's Kidney Pills are sold at 50 cents per box. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., for a free trial box.

Gordon a Stranger to Fear.

Of Gen. Gordon, who died at Khartum, Lord Wolseley says: "A deeply religious man in whom danger apparently excited neither pleasure nor repugnance, he seemed only to distinguish between a safe position or an extremely perilous one as he would notice any slight change in the weather of a fine sunny day. He knew how infectious courage was and how much any exhibition of contempt for perconal danger braced the nerves and steadled the heads of those less gifted with masculine daring than he was. He was a man in a hundred. During a lull in our slege operations one sailor was overheard saying to another in the battery: 'I haven't seen old Gordon here lately.' 'No,' answered his shipmate, 'the fire ain't hot enough for that old beggar just now."



Young women may avoid much sickness and pain, says Miss Alma Pratt, if they will only have faith in the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Judging from the letters she is receiving from so many young girls, Mrs. Pinkham believes that our girls are often pushed altogether too near the limit of their endurance nowsdays in our public schools and semin-

Nothing is allowed to interfere with studies, the girl must be pushed to the front and graduated with honor; often physical collapse follows, and it takes years to recover the lost vitality.— often it is never recovered. Miss Pratt

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM : - I feel it my duty to tell all young women how much Lydia E. Pinkham's won-derful Vegetable Compound has done for me. I was completely run-down, unable to attend school, and did not care for any kind of society, but now I feel like a new person, and have gained seven pounds of flesh in three

"I recommend it to all young women who suffer from female weakness." - MISS ALMA PRATT. Holly. - \$5000 forfait if original of above letter



The Egg Eating Hen.

many plans suggested to cure her of tite is certainly an abnormal one when it craves the contents of an egg. Sometimes red pepper has been put in the shells of the nest egg, but the experiment has not been a roaring success. high that she cannot reach the egg and are crossed with lines of gray when she stands upon the edge of the scales, giving them the appearance of see it and she wonders what she is orckling at. Hens rarely eat porcelain Taken as a whole, the coloring of the eggs.-Green's Fruit Grower.

Some of the best horses ever brought producing stallions that had admirable generation are laid upon the fruit. conformation and disposition for draft who owned well bred road mares and dams for the purpose for which their these ridges are finer. produce is intended, cannot produce great breeding establishments? asks after it is laid. In about cleven days Stockman and Farmer. They can and (varying somewhat with temperature often do. There is no parent on horse the young larva breaks its way out of millionaire who keeps his brood mares to mate her properly and take care of

Ment and Grain For Fond. Foods containing protein are given cows to increase the milk production. and hens to increase the quantity of eggs and improve their quality. The dairyman understands full well that in feeding grains which furnish protein to cows, a sufficient quantity of succu-

lent food must be given to formulate the proper balance. Yet this same man protests when it is suggested that the same rule should apply to laying hens. The proper feeding of poultry is not so difficult as any one would think. nor is the feeding of any animal, for

of grains by all means as well as an sults from green food and grain at surface. the expense of the animal food. In follow.-Indianapolis News.

To make a good farm gate make it in wo parts as shown in the cut below. Make it four feet four inches high and any length desired, from ten to sixteen feet; twelve feet is preferable. Make four inches. At the ends where you anll use one strip on each side and nail of an tuch in length, when, being



post in the ground, leaving it about eight inches high. To this hook one part of the gate. Use a slide latch. If you have hogs use two latches, one at freely, and every second tree should top and one at the bottom. Gate posts should be nine feet long and about six-teen inches in diameter, set four feet dressing of manure. The following in the ground. With good, heavy year cover crops, such as cowpeas or binges and proper care this gate should red clover, should be sown and plowed last twenty years .- Norman T. Atkins, in The Epitomist.

To Prevent Soil Washing

The past two seasons have been unusually favorable to soil washing, and many acres of slope land have been carried to the level bottoms below or borne away by high water. This loss dressed with sheliac varnish or graft of fertility if followed up year after year would impoverish the hill land to such an extent as to render it entirely worthless for crop raising. As washing occurs mainly where soil is loose and sandy in texture, such ground needs extra protection in the line of drain ditches and cross plowing. Frequently where it is necessary to crop the land situated on hill slopes, the mere opening of a ditch at the upper end of the cultivated portion will prevent serious loss from washing by keeping the water from the land above from coming down in injurious quantities over the field. The use of strips of soil binders through the cultivated field is also to be recommended. These should be sown cresswise of the bill, and any good pasture grass will answer the purpose provided the roots are strong and penetrate the ground to some depth. In plowing a field that washes badly it is well to bear in mind that furrows made lengthwise of the hill are conducive to soil wash ing; hence it is always a good plan to plow the land crosswise. Organic matter, soch as barayard manure, rubbish hay or stubble plowed under, will, until entirely decomposed, aid in keep ing the soil particles in their places through heavy rainfall. In the same manner badly washed ditches may be effectively closed by the use of hay or straw lu sufficient quantities to pre vent further carrying away of adjacent soil. Often the rains come so pocket, quickly that the water comes almost in a body down the hilisides. In a com- greatly relished by the hens and is a par 'ively dry season this is not desira-ble, as much of the moisture is con-ducted from the field before it has grain thrown in the litter to keep them an opportunity to percolate through the exercised. soil. To prevent this, plow the ditches to run in the direction of the most gentle slope, so that the water may be To prevent this, plow the ditches

A good knowledge of the life history of the codling moth is the first ecsential to its control. Every fruit grower should familiarize himself with its different stages by studying the insect in his own orchard.

The codling moth passes the winter The egg eating hen is an intolerable in the larval stage. The larvae may nuisance. She is a twin sister to the chicken eating hog. There have been cracks and holes in the trees, and in houses where apples have been stored. this habit, but she is still at it, and In the spring these larvae change to perhaps always will be. Her appe- pupae, from which the moths emerge about a week after the apple is in blossom.

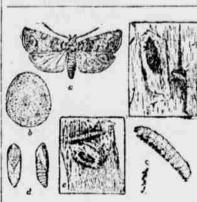
The adult insect or moth is but little known among fruit growers and other moths are often mistaken for it. It One poultryman uses nests that are so varies somewhat in size, but the maxismall that the hen cannot reach down mum spread of its wings is about under her body to peck at the egg after three-fourths of an inch. The front she has laid it and the nest box is so wings are of a brownish-gray color box. Nests are sometimes provided watered silk. At the tips of the wings that allow the egg to roll down into a there is a large brown spot, in which darkened place where the hen cannot are many scales of bronze or gold. The bind wings are gravish brown in color moth is such that when resting on old grayish bark it is so like the bark

that it is not easily distinguished. The moth lays her eggs, a few days to America were bred by the farmers after emergence, on the leaves of apple of England, France and Belgium, or other food plant, or on the fruit. A These men got a good mare or two, majority of the eggs of the first genused them to work their farms, bred cration are laid on the leaves, while them to the best sires they could find, the greater part of those of the second

The eggs of this lusect were never horse sires. Some of the best trotters noted until within comparatively reever bred were produced by farmers cent years. They are of a pearly white color and are like thin, convex disks. mated them to good stallions. Who Around the edge there is a coarse netwill say that these men, who use the work of ridges, while to and the centre

A red ring, which indicates the emhorses that are equal to those of the bayo, appears in the egg a few days

breeding, no advantage in favor of the the shell and seeks to enter the fruit. Recent work tends to show that a in idleness over the farme, who works large number of the larvae which or drives his. It will pay any man hatch from eggs deposited on the who has a good more to give her a leaves eat small portions of the chance to do her best, and that means leaves before finding fruit. The larvae



If one possesses a knowledge of the needs of the animal he is feeding, he will readily find out what foods will supply such needs. Feed the variety shall need to be supply such needs.

occasional supply of animal feed, but have some difficulty in entering the do not overlook the need for green smooth sides of the fruit; hence they food. This same rule works the other usually enter at the catyx, or take way, so do not attempt to obtain re- advantage of some bregularity in the

About eighty per cent, of the larvae some way get at the properly balanced of the first generation enter the fruit ration and then profitable results will by way of the calyx, while the majority of the second generation enter at the sides, especially where fruits are touching. Upon entering the fruit the larva feeds immediately under the sur face for a few days and then commences a tunnel towards the centre of the fruit, where it eats out a large eavity. It lives in the fruit about it out of good white oak lamber one by twenty days and grows pinkish or whitish, until it is about ove-eighths from both sides. In the centre place a grown, it makes a tunnel to the or side of the fruit. The larva then crawls out and immediately seeks place in which to spin its cocoon,

Work should be begun late in the fall or early in the spring, and preventive treatment should be about the same in all cases, except that the Western orchard should be irrigated be cut out. The sail should receive a under, and this should be repeated every few years. Branches should be cut out where they are matted to gether, thus allowing access of sunlight and spraying solution. The dead branches and stubs should be cut away and burned. It is highly important that the cut ends be smooth and ing wax. All of the rough bark should be scraped from the trunks and larger branches. The holes in the trees should be filled with plaster or cenicut thus confining all larvae that are in them and preventing others from en tering later in the season.

. If proper attention is given at orchard when it is young, no such work will ever be necessary.

Poultry Notes.

And the old rooster, even he crows good deal more than be scratches. Many believe that eggs absorb odors after being laid, by coming in contact with foreign substances. Steamed clover buy is a good substi-

tute for grass now that the latter product belongs to the bybones.

A tight roof, a dry floor and walls free from cracks are very essential things in the makeup of a poultry house.

The natural time for a hen to lay i

from February to October, but by sel entific methods she can be made to lay the whole year round. Once in a while you will find a her that does all the cackling and the oth-

ers all the laying. Every place has one or more of that kind of hens. If you are wanting to buy some 'new blood," go to your nearest poultry show and buy from the fancier of your choice and you will be money in

A warm mush in the morning is

The ancient silver pennies, to the number of about 7000, recently dis-covered at Colchester, have been seid carried off gradually -C. B. Barrett, ir

FRAUDS IN A BALE OF HAY. Frauds in Watch Cases.

According to an article in the Cincinnati Commercial, a fifty one pound stone was recently found in that city secreted in a bale of hay of eighty pounds.

This is not as bad as finding a lump of lead of nearly one-half the weight of the solid gold watch case secreted in the centre of the case.

tre of the case.

Gold watch cases are sold by weight, and no one can see where this lead is secreted until the springs of the case are taken out and the lead will be found secreted behind

These cases are made by companies who profess to be honest, but furnish the means to the dishonest to rob the public. It is not pleasant for anyone to find that he has lugged a lump of lead in his watch

Another trick of the makers of spurious

Another trick of the makers of spurious solid gold watch cases is to stamp the case. "U. S. Assay." The United States does not stamp any article made out of gold and silver except coin, and the takir, by using this stamp, wants to make the public believe that the Government had something to do with the stamping or guaranteeing the fineness of watch cases.

Another trick of the watch fakir is to advertise a watch described as a solid gold filled watch with a twenty or twenty-five-year guarantee. These watches are generally sent C. O. D., and if the purchaser has paid for the watch he finds that the company which guaranteed the watch to wear is not in existence.

The Dueber-Hampden Watch Company, of Canton, Ohio, who are constantly ex-posing these frauds, will furnish the names of the manufacturers who are in this ques-

many, and it is thought the ailment to con

China silk dresses may be quite su coss-fully washed. Remove all spots with ben-zine, then wash in warm somesuds, rubbing between the bands, riose through several waters. Use lvory soap and do not rub the soap on the dress. Wring as dry as possible, wrap in a sheet or coan cotton of th, and, when rariially dry iron. wrop in a sheet or tron.
when par, lally dry, from.
Eleanor R. Parer.

A decayed apple rates by a schoolbox in Dublin caused a fatal attack of promains

Teosinte and Billion Dollar Grass. The two greatest fooder plants on earth, one good for 14 tons of hay and the other 5t tons green fooder per sere. Grows everywhere, so does Victoria Rape, yielding 60,000 lbs. sheep and sware food per acre. [A.C.L.]

JUST SEND 10C. IN STAMPS TO THE John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis-and receive in return their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples.

Some men trust to luck in this world and some others are lucky to get trusted IamsurePiso's Cure for Consumption save my life three years ago. — Mns. Thomas lieu nins, Maple St., Norwich, N.Y., Feb. 17, 1900

By gaining round after round of plause the orator climbs the ladder

Persons in Michigan bitten by rabidegs are now sent to the Pasteur Institute at Ann Arbor at the expense of the township in which they reside.

FITS permanently cured. No lits or nervous-Sometimes it is difficult to distinguish between contentment and lazmess.

Millions in Oats.

Salzer's New National Oats yielded in 1903 in Mich. 240 but, in Mo., 255 but; in N. D., 310 but, and in 30 other States from 150 to 300 but per zere. New this Oat if generally grown in 1904 will add millions of bushels to the yield and millions of dollars to the farmer's purse. Try it for 1904. Largest Seed Potato and Alfaifs Clover growers in America. (A.C.L.)
Salzer's Speltz, Beardless Barley, Home Builder Corn, Macaroni Wheat, Fea Oat, Billion Dollar Grass and Earliest Canes are money makers for you, Mr. Faimer, JUST SEND THIS NOTICE, AND 190.

in stamps to John A. Salzer Serd Co., La Crosse, Wis., and receive in return their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples.

Generally a man has seen too many great nights when he tells you he has seen better days.

Mrs. Winslow a Southing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflamma-tion allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a best le

The weman who wastes her breath task ing never seems in want it any Money refunded for each package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYES if unsatisfac-

There are 20,000 Indian children in school, 62,616 fudians who can speak English and 143,974 Indians who wear

Beware of Cinimints For Catarrie The

Contain Mercury.
as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole syssmell and completely derange the whole sys-tem when entering it through the mucous-surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable phy-sicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarra Curs, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co. Toledo, O. contains no mercury, and is taken internally netting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarra Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken in-ternally, and made in Toledo. Onlo, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. J. Chaney & Co. Testimonials free Sold by Druggists; price, 75% per bottle. Take Hall's Family Pitts for constitution

The erection of galvanized iron houses in Bloemfontein, the capital of the Orange River colony, has been prohibited.

Alfalfa Clover-

Alfalfa Clover.

For years the editor has been urging farmers to sow Alfalfa Clover, and glad he is that thousands of wide-awake farmers, scattered all over America, are doing this tow, to their great benefit and satisfaction.

A. Walford, Westlore Farms, Pa., writes: "I have 60 acres in Salzer's Alfalfa Clover. It is immense. I cut three crops thus season and have lots of pasture besides."

Hon, H. F. Hunter, S. D., says, "Salzer's Northern Grown Alfalfa clover cannot be beat. I have solved the question of stock raising here. Salzer's Alfalfa is good for 3 rousing crops of hay, Salzer's Spettz for 60 bu, of grain and 3 tons hay, Salzer's Macsroni Wheat for 65 hu, best hog fattening wheat, and Salzer's Hanna Barley, for arid; dry land, is good for 70 bu, per acre. These are all great hog, sheep and cattle fatteners, and last but not least, Salzer's Victoria Hape for sheep, and Salzer's Teosinte, good for 80 tons of green food for cattle, and Salzer's Billion Bollar Graes and Bromus Inermis for lots and lots of good hay. These things make it possible for me to grow live stock by the housands.

Have you heard of Earliest cane? Gives six mowings a year, and Teosinte, the 80 ton per acre folder wonder?

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10C. IN STAMPS

JUST SEND THIS NOTICE AND 10C. 15

to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis, and receive their hig catalog and lots farm seed samples free. [A.C.L.] If a man is going to believe in himself he has bester not get too well acquainted with himself.

Tany ?-bool Children Are Sickly. Mether Gray Sweet Powders for Children, used by Archer Gray, a nurse in Children's Rone Sewlerk break upcoids in 24 hours, cure Fererisin ss. Constitution. Stomach Loubits. Testing Dis ridge and Destroy Worms. At all druggists, 25c. Sample malled From, 1-Grass Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N.Y. BOUNTY LAND WARRANTS BOUNTY LAND WARRANTS DROPSY SET DISCOVERY; store the land to solidiers of an are Write me at one to the land to solidiers of an are Write me at one to the land to solidiers of an are write me at one to the land Aluminum shoes for horses have been tested in the Russian cavalry.

ADDS TO THE COTTON AREA.

Paraguay is About to Engage in the

Culture on a Large Scale. The recent advance in the price of cotton in this country and in England has stimulated the culture of the plant in other countries. The possibility that the cotton manufacturers of the world are facing the prospect of a dearth of raw material seems to have excited the people of Paraguay. Cotton grows wild in that country, and the cultivated product, though different from ours, has a long and fine sta-

As in Peru, the plant is a small tree rather than a little bush, and it lives and produces for several years. European manufacturers have reported good results from its use. The Paraguayans, however, have never given much attention to its cultivation.

The newspapers of Asuncion have suddenly awakened to the opportunities presented, and have risen to the occasion. They are offering many suggestions to the government and assert that cotton will yet place Paraguay on the high road to prosperity.

They ask the government to employ the services of men of science, like Dr. Bertoni, to prepare pamphlets for distribution in the cotton trade of Great Britain, France and Germany. descriptive of the nature and qualities of Paraguayan cotton and the facili ties for producing large supplies of it They ask that Dr. Bertoni, Mr. Anisite and other experts be engaged to make a survey of the lands adapted to cot ton cultivation in the republic; also that the government print and distrib ute among the farmers of the lowlands the best information as to the methods of cotton-raising.

"We may in a short time export \$100,000,000 worth of cotton in a year," announces the enthusiastic Paraguay, a German weekly published at Asun

Are Kind to Their Horses.

Evidently there is one place where there is little need of a society for the prevention of cruelty to animals and that is Jersey. The farmers there are so careful of their horses that they do not work them more than is absolutely necessary, and frequently do work which is done elsewhere by horses.

If a farmer has to plow a heavy plece of ground he is obliged to use his team, but if the ground which is to be broken up is light it is very probable that he will take the place of a horse.

At first glance labor of this kind may seem very irksome, but it really is not, for the farms in Jersey are small and it does not take long to cultivate the ground. Still, in other places where the farms are equally small, no one thinks of sparing the horses, and there is little doubt that up-to-date agriculturists consider the Jersey farmers far behind the times because in the kindness of their hearts they are as lenient to thelhorses as possible.

"Clefmania."

"Clefmania," says "T. A. T." is a comparatively modern form of the collecting craze. It consists in an irreeistible ambition to gather together keys of all sorts, sizes and shapes One victim to the habit, a woman openly confessed recently to having traveled ever one hundred thousand miles in pursuit of her hobty, during which time she had expended, entire by on keys, quite a respectable for tune. Her collection comprises the key of the Nuremberg kon Virgin one said to have belonged to Cicopatra's jewel case, a huge iron specimen from the collections. miles in pursuit of her hobby, during the Tower of London, got by bribing "Beefeater : the one that used to enlock Anne Hathaway's cottage at Stratford-on-Avon, and many others

Sour Stomach

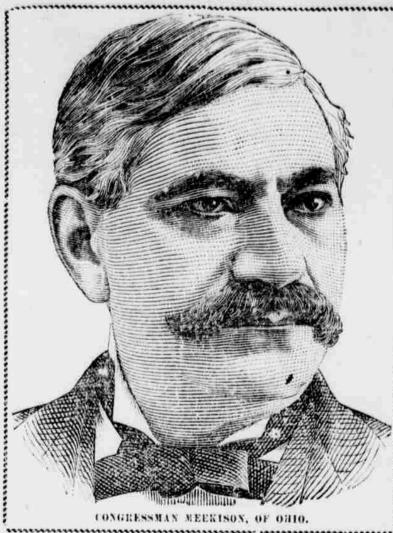
They are very pice to eat. Harry Stuckley, Nauch Chunk, Pa.

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLIGH BOXES

ADVERTISE'S LALLA IT PAYS

FOR THIRTY YEARS

Congressman Meekison Suffered With Catarrh--Read His Endorsement of Pe-ru-na.



Hon David Meekson is well known not only in his own State but throughout America. He began his political curver by serving four reosciutive terms as Mayor of the lown in which he lives during which time the became widely known as the founder of the Meckson Bank or Napo con Onio. He was elected to the Fitty little Congress by a very large majority, and is the acknowledged leader of his party in his section of the State.

Catarrii, with its insidious approach and tenacious grasp, was his only anconquered for. For thirty years he waged unsuccessful warfare against this per and enemy. At last Peruna came to the rescue, and he dictated the following letter to Dr. Hart-

"I have used several bottles of Peruna and 1 feel greatly benefited thereby from my catarrh of the head. I feet encouraged to believe that if I use it a short time longer I will befully able to eradicate the disease of thirty years' standing."-- David Meckison, ex-Member of Congress.

...... The cough and the sneeze and mass, twang are to be heard on every hand. The origin of chronic catarrh, the most common and dreadful of discusses, is a co.d.

This is the way the chronic catarrh generally begins. A person catarch scole which twould do by me, crally begins. A person catarches cold, which

This is the way the chronic catarrh generally begins. A person eateness cold, where hangs on longer than usual. The cold generally starts in the head and throat Then follows sensitiveness of the art passages which incline our to eaten end very easily. At lest the person has a read all the discussed in the while segments more the starts of the discusses so long the while segments more or less described. the while scennings, more or less discharge that I had none of from the nose, hawking spitting frequent clearing of the throat nostrus stopped upful feeling in the head and sore, inflamed throat.

The best time to treat catarra is at the soremose and throat very beginning. A horte of Peruna prop- and stomach. Thad erly used never falls to cure a common a good appeare, cold, thus preventing chronic catatrib. But my food did Mrs. A. Snedeser.

should take Peruna at once the sightest symptom of cold or sore to out at this season of the year and thus prevent what

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Potash

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GERMAN KALL WORKS

There is a way of trifling that costs a heap of money. Neglect

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them to and where you point your gun. Buy the time-

tried Winchester make, having the trade-mark " H "

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not nourish my sys !

only.
If you do not derive prompt and satisfac-But prevention is far better than cure tory results from the use of Peruna, write Every person sucject to catching and at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full state should take Peruna at once a the wight ment of your case and he will be pleased to at at this give you his valuable advice gratis, vent what Address Br. Hartman, President of The



CAPSICUM VASELINE

A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicace skin. The pain-allaying and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve headache and sciatica. We recommond it as the best and safest external counter-irritants newn, also asanextersal remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and airheumatic, neutraligicand goury complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say "it is the best of all of your preparations." Price is its, at all druggists or other dealers, or by sending this amount tonein postage stamps we will send your a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, as otherwise its not genuine. CHESERROUGH MFG. CO.







Winchester . 22 Caliber Cartridges shoot when you want stamped on the head. They cost only a few cents more a box than the unreliable kind, but they are dollars better.

