## Held Up. A POSSE PURSUES THE ROBBERS.

\$500 Reward Offered by the Reading-Excitement Along the Pennsylvania, the Reading and the New York Central-Special Trains Waiting to Spred to Any Point Where Crime Is Committed.

Williamsport, Pa. (Special).-It is believed that the same gang who murdered William H. Clendenin, the telegraph operator in the New York Central Railroad signal tower at Oak Grove and entered the Philadelphia and Reading Railway station at Allenwood and chloroformed and robbed the agent, Murrell J. Hafer, are operating at

other points. Early Saturday morning John Dalton, the watchman at the Reading station in Girardville, was attacked by four masked men, who locked him in one of the apartments of the depot. They then searched the express rooms and secured three valuable packages and \$75 in eash. Dalton succeeded in escaping through a back window. He gave an alarm and a posse chased the fleeing desperadoes, who escaped into the mountains. Shots were exchanged, and it is believed one of the burglars was wounded. An armed posse is continuing the search for them, with the hope of securing the \$500 reward offered by the Reading Railway.

Waiting for the signal that murderers are at work, special trains stand along the three trunk line railroads of this section, ready to speed to some scene of crime as yet unsus pected. Excitement is intense along the where train dispatchers and other officials listen at the telegraph instruments for clicks that tell of some man, in a lonely tower, in peril of his

The railroad officials and employes are determined to run down the daring band of desperadoes.

To each locomotive that is held in readiness for a flashlike trip over the rails at a given call is attached one coach, within which are detectives, heavily armed. The engineers stand by their throttles, that not a moment may be lost in getting under way, and they will stand throughout the night if not called to move their trains.

Should a train be ordered to move the train dispatchers will clear the clear way for a fast run.

The roads interested are the New York Central, the Pennsylvania and the Reading, and so thoroughly aroused are the people of all this section of Pennsylvania that hundreds of citizen are voluntarily out on watch along the tracks or hidden near the towers.

### KILLED 300 MOROS

#### Result of General Leonard Wood's Campa'go la Jolo District.

Manila (Special).-Three hundred Moros are known to have been killed and many others were carried off dead or wounded as a result of five days' fighting in Jolo between the American troops under Gen. Leonard Wood and the insurgents. Major H. L. Scott, of the Fourteenth Cavalry, and five American privates were killed.

Gen. Wood landed near Siet Lake, in Jolo, November 12. The Moros were soon located and fighting began immediately, and continued until Nov. 17.

Hassen, the Moro leader, who had been taken a prisoner, to Jolo. While en route Hassen asked to be allowed to see his family. His appeal was grant-ed and he thereupon led Major Scott into an ambuscade, where the American detachment was fired upon. Maj. Scott was shot in both hands. Hassen succeeded in escaping during this unex-

The fighting took place in a country covered with swamps and rocks. The Moros were driven across the country from Siet Lake to the town which Hassen had made his headquarters and where it was reported the Moros were 2000 strong.

The rebel position was attacked in the flank by the American troops who oc-cupied the town and inflicted a loss of fifty killed on the Moros. Hassen with a small party surrendered. Moros went into the swamps, out of which they were driven on November 16, leaving 76 dead behind them. On November 17 the American forces renewed the attack on the remaining Moros, of whom forty were killed.

The rebel forces have been literally destroyed by these operations, and General Wood says the indications are that there will be no extension of the uprising, which was handled without dif-

November 18 General Wood started on an expedition against a body of 2000 Moros, who are in the moun-tains back of Tablibi. No news has yet been received as to the result of this

movement. General Wood has under him two battalions of the Twenty-eighth Regiment, a platoon of Captain George

battery, two troops of Fourteenth Cavalry and a detachment of engineers. Major Scott assisted with a force composed of three companies of the

Seventeenth Infantry, a platoon of Cap-tain D. J. Rumbough's battery and a troop of the Fourteenth Cavalry.

# Settlement Rejected.

Denver, Col. (Special).-The miners of the Northern coal fields, in masseneeting at Louisville, for the second time woted to reject the proposition of the operators for a settlement of the strike in that district. It is understood that s action is in the nature of a sympathy strike, as the operators had prac-tically conceded all the demands of the The vote is said to have been in sition to the advice of the officials of union mineworkers, who have be About 1,500 men are affected by the vote.

# Bridat Pair nandcutted.

Cleveland (Special).-Floyd Rose, a prominent steel man of Pittsburg, and his bride arrived from Cincinnati handcuffed together. Just as they were departing for the train after the wedding Cincinnati four men rushed to the b and put on the handcuffs. They gave ir. Rose a file so that he might amuse meel en route trying to cut the chain bey told him the key had been mailed the hotel at Cleveland where they insided to stop. The pair found the key re and were separated after a decidedly

Domestic.

Charles McCormack, superintenden and Melvin Beck, a miner, were killed by the explosion of an infernal machine in the Vindicator Mine, at Cripple Creek, and militia have been placed or guard.

Six members of the Louisville Fire Do partment were summoned to answer a charge that they looted the building in which a fire was raging and took valu able articles to the enginehouse

Three persons were burned to death in a fire which destroyed the powerhouse of the sanitarium at Markleton, Pa. The residence of Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, the founder of Christian Science, was looted by burglars.

The steamer Baldwin was pierced by the ice in Green Bay, Wis., and sunk The crew was rescued.

Samuel Gompers was re-elected presi dent of the American Federation of La bor by a large plurality.

Warrants were issued for the arrest of ner mayor and board of aldermen of Grand Rapids. The transport Sumner arrived at New

York with officers and troops from Ma The Reading Railroad Company of ered a reward of \$500 for the arrest and conviction of the men who h

Agent Haier, of Allenwood.

Peter Montenson, convicted in Salt
Lake, Utah, of the murder of James R. Hay, was shot to death at the state Hart P. Danks, the composer of

Silver Threads Among the Gold,' Philadelphia at his boardinghouse. The Twentieth United States Infan ry left Fort Sheridan for San Francisco in route to the Philippines.

The steamer Discovery, which left Nome October 14 with 31 passengers, believed to have been lost. Fire destroyed the Park Theatre and idjacent property in Butler, Pa., to he value of \$300,000.

Francis M. Drake, former governor I lowa, died at his home, in Center

Robbers terrorized the Town of untain, Ia., and secured \$1000 rom the bank

Antonio Romana was hanged in Genva. Ill., for the murder of Nicholas Eight cases of typhoid lever are re-

orted to have broken out at Williams Fire destroyed the old Masonic Tem-

and other valuable property in The Indiana National Bank, of Elk-

hart, Ind., and the Farmers' National Bank, of Henrietta, Tex., were closed by order of the Comptroller of the urrency, and the bank examiners were laced in charge. Advices from Bogota state the Co-

mbian people protest and appeal to the American people against the con-duct of the United States government n the Panama matter. The various Eastern railroad companies at a conference in New

decided to grant a reduction of 33 1-3 per cent. on all the steel products intended for export.
Mrs. Lulu W. Brennan, of Denver,

### Col., whose facial beauty was destroyed by blood-poisoning, committed suicide at the Delprado Hotel, in Chicago.

f creign. Joseph Chamberlain, in an address in Wales, said he did not believe a tariff war would follow the adoption of his fiscal policy, but if it did come, Great Britain could get as much as on former occasions when she had the courage to old her own.

Ernest Biondi, the Italian sculptor, ill model the monument to be erected by international subscription tσ the memory of Pope Leo XIII. on top of the npre Visa, the Lepini Chain. the highest mountain of

Italian authorities are exercised er the secret exportat and antiques to England and the United States. A number of historical articles have been stolen from the Catacombs. In the trial of a suit by ex-Minister of Italy, against Deputy Ferri, editor of a socialist newspaper in Rome, the lawyers got into a fight and threw

inkstands at one another Extradition was granted in London for Taparae and Kebear, the two Croatians who were arrested at Southampton for the murder of S. T. Ferguson, at West

Middletown, Pa. Over \$1,000,000 has been expended in he high-speed electrical experiments at Berlin, an electric car having attained a speed of 1301/2 miles an hour.

Joseph Chamberlain was given a great reception at Cardiff, Wales. In speech he declared that Wales must prepared to defend its own trade saying the Welsh tinplate trade had ceived a staggering blow at the hands f the United States through the Mc-Kinley tariff.

At a conference between the Foreign Ministers of Great Britain and Italy London an agreement was reached n matters affecting the foreign poliof those nations. A man named Allen, accused of tryng to secure secrets regarding the mil-

tary defenses of Cherbourg, was or-dered to be expelled from France. The Baku oil combination, engineer-ed by the Nobel and Rothschild interests, has added 15 per cent, to the prices of oil throughout Russia.

The transfer of Russian Ambassador Ouroussoff from Paris to Rome and that of Ambassador Nelidoff from Rome to Paris are gazetted.

An unknown man fired at and woundd slightly Senor Briesta, one of King The Socialists caused disturbances in he final Prussian Diet elections in Ber-

Sharp criticism of Premier Dr. Von Koeber, of Austria, in a speech by Count Tisza, the Hungarian premier, it is feared, will further endanger the completion of the Ansgleich.

Morgan's friends are again buying London is again nibbling at Ameri can securities.

There were sixty-four bidders for New York's new loan of \$7,000,000. The best bid for Chicago's new \$1, 500,000 per cent. loan was an even par. Hard to coax the public into the mar-et. "Burnt child dreads the fire."

About 55 per cent. of the 1,000,000 shares of Lake Superior have paid the \$3 assessment. What looked like an authorifative statement was made that the Steel bond conversion has ended. If it has

it is a good bull card on both Steel bonds and the preferred. street reports are that Standard Oil still refuses to buy stocks, but is

loing nothing to prevent the rally in Delaware & Hudson is now in a po-sition to compete with New York Cen-tral on through traffic from Chicago to

New England.
Reports were revived but denied that George W. Perkins will retire from the firm of J. P. Morgan & Company on January 1 next.

# THE LATEST NEWS IN SHORT ORDER. AS SPONSOR FOR PANAMA

Text of the Hay-Bunau-Varilla Treaty Deals With Questions of Sovereignty. THE INDEPENDENCE OF REPUBLIC.

Absolute Control Vested in the Canal Zone Also Confers the Right of New Republic to Protect the Peace-To Ratify Treaty on Isthmus Next Month-Last Born Nation Starts as One of the Richest.

Washington, D. C. (Special).-The anama commissioners, Dr. Amador and Mr. Frederico Boyd, consulted Minister Bunau-Varilla and Mr. Frank D. Pavey, of New York, the legal adviser to the legation. It is understood that they read over the treaty signed by Mr. Hay and Mr. Bunau-Varilla and discussed its terms and provisions in detail. It met their hearty approval.

The first five articles of the Hay-Bunau-Varilla treaty deal exclusively with the question of sovereignty. In abstance they are to this effect.

Article L. The United States guaranees and agrees to maintain the independence of the Republic of Panama Article II. The Republic of Panama des to the United States five miles n each side of the canal and three marine leagues at each terminal, and also any other lands necessary to the construction or maintenance of the canal and its auxiliaries.

Article III. The Republic of Panama grants to the United States the right to exercise the same power and authority over such lands "as if it were sovereign" and to the exclusion of such Panama.

Article IV. The Republic of Panama grants to the United States the use of all the rivers, streams and waters for navigation or so far as is necessary to construction of the canal and its auxiliaries, including purposes of sani-

Article V. The Republic of Panama grants to the United States in perpetuity a monopoly of any system of com-munication across its territory by ca-

nal or by railroad. The remaining twenty-one articles of the treaty deal for the most part with questions of administration. For example, Article 6 declares free for all times the ports at either entrance of the canal, including Panama and Colon and provides that no dues of any kind shall be imposed by the Republic of Panama on any vessel using the canal or belonging to or employed by the United States. It provides also that United States. It provides also that the ports of Panama and Colon and others leading to the canal shall be free to the commerce of the world, and that no duties shall be imposed, except on merchandise destined to be introduced for consumption into the Republic of Panama and on vessels which touch at Colon and Panama and do not cross

The Panama government, however allowed under this article to establish at these ports such custom houses and guards as may be deemed necessary to collect duties on importations destined for other parts of the republic. To the United States is given the right to make use of the ports at the two extremities of the canal as places of anchorage in order to make repairs, for loading, unloading, depositing or transshipping cargoes which are transit or destined for service canal and other works. Article VI further provides that all damages caused to private landowners by inunda by the deviation of water courses, or in other ways arising out of the construction or operation of the canal, shall be appraised and determined by a joint commission appointed the governments of the United than 15 minites and the Republic of Panama, taken up. and the United States in turn agrees to bear sole cost of the indemnities grant-

ed by said commission. In another article the Republic of Panama authorizes the new Panama Canal Company to sell and transfer rights and concessions to the ed States as well as the Panama Railroad and all or part of the shares of that company. It is stipulated, how-ever, that the property outside the canal zone owned by the company shall revert to the Republic of Panama.

## INFERNAL MACHINE EXPLODED. A Crippie Creek Superintendent and a Mines

Killed.

Cripple Creek, Col. (Special).-Chas McCormack, superintendent, and Melvin H. Beck, a miner, were killed shortly before noon by an explosion in the Vindicator Mine. Officers of the Vindicator Mining Co. assert that the explosion was caused by an infernal machine, and 400 militiamen have been placed on guard around the company's properties.

Superintendent McCormack and Min-Beck were descending into the mine in the cage. They were the only pas-

When the cage reached the sixth level the explosion occurred, wrecking the cage and shaft and instantly killing both men. The explosion, which was terrific, was heard at the surface, and at irst was believed to be an earthquake. The engineer hastily reversed the hoist, but could not pull up the cage, and the bodies were recovered only after several hours' work, being brought to the surface through the second com-

partment of the shaft. After a thorough examination of the shaft it is positively asserted by officers of the mining company that the explosion was caused by an infernal machine.

# Lost In Catacombs.

Paris (By Cable) .- A party of tourists had an experience of the most star tling character in the Catacombs of Pari recently. The party, which consisted of 25 persons, 19 of whom were English and American, were lost for over two ours in the underground passages in midst of grinning skulls and stacks human bones. When finally they human bones. found their way out the ladies were on the verge of collapse and all were suffer-ing from nervous shock. For some years the Catacombs have been recognized as

Caracas, Venezuela (By Cable).-The official press here published the text of official press here published the text of the cable message from President Marroquin, of Columbia, to President Castro, notifying the latter of the recent events on the Isthmus of Panama, saying that the "sacred cause of sovereignty and the integrity of all the republics of Latin America is one and the same," and concluding: "Colombia hopes that all her sisters of Spanish America will co-operate with proofs of sympathy in the patriotic work undertaken by her. Colombia is ready to perish sooner than abandon the principle of her untegrity."

## NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS.

Panama Must Be Ffrst to Ratify. At the last Cabinet meeting it was deided to make no effort to ratify Isthmian Canal treaty here until it is ratified at Panama.

The administration has determined that there shall be no repetition of the failure of Colombia to complete the ratification of the treaty after final had been taken by the United States Senate. The treaty will be placed in the hands of the Panama commissioners now in Washington and by them it will be taken to Panama. The government

taken to Panama. The government there, it is anticipated, will ratify it promptly. It is expected that it will be returned to Washington bearing the seal of the Panama government early in De-cember. President Roosevelt then will transmit the treaty to the Senate with a request for its ratification.

The commission from Panama, ac-companied by the Panama minister, M. Philippe Bunau-Varilla, was received at the State Department by Secretary Hay. The exchanges, while informal, were The exchanges, while informal, most cordial, and were in English. The Secretary first greeted Dr. Amador, and then shook hands with Mr. Boyd, the other member of the commission, and

with the Minister. Dr. Amador informed the Secretary that the commissioners had carefully in-spected the Hay-Bunau-Varilla treaty. and desired to take this opportunity expressing their entire satisfaction with its terms. Dr. Amador assured the Secretary that no time would be lost in its ratification by the Panama government. He then paid a tribute to the services the Panama Minister had performed in so promptly negotiating the

After these felicitations the Secretary and the commissioners discussed the future of the republic. It was pointed out by the Minister that the Junta felt that by the Minister that the Julia it must first accomplish the mission to which it was called by the entire people of Panama, namely, ratify the Canal Treaty, and that then it would turn its attention to the equally important though "less immediate" work of esthough "less immediate" work of es-tablishing a more usual form of government.

#### Invites Cuba to Join Union.

Senator Newlands, author of the resolution annexing Hawaii, introduced a joint resolution inviting Cuba to become a State of the United States upon terms f equality with the States of the Union. It provides that Porto Rico shall become a county or province of Cuba; that all present officers of Cuba shall retain their positions until their terms expire: that the \$35,000,000 bonds of Cuba shall come the bonds of the State of Cuba. with interests reduced to 3 per cent, and 2 per cent, to be applied to a sinking fund; that the present rural guard of Cuba shall be incorporated Cuba shall be incorporated into the Army of the United States; that the money in the Cuban treasury shall be-come the money of the State of Cuba. The resolution closes with the follow

ing declaration: That the foregoing resolutions are in spired not by a desire to annex forcibly, or to assert sovereignty over, the Island of Cuba, or to exercise any form of compulsion; but solely by a regard for the interest of the two countries and a conviction that the interests of the States composing the Federal Union and Cuba are identical, and that they can be best secured by a union under one form of government in which all shall be represented on equal terms and be governed by equal and undiscriminating laws insuring freedom of trade and equality of right and privilege.

### Senate Committee Acts Promptly. The Senate Committee on Foreign

Relations authorized a favorable report on the bill giving effect to the Cuban Reciprocity Treaty.

The motion to lavorably report the bill was not opposed by any member of the committee, and the decision to of the committee, and the decision to track for a distance of nearly 200 feet, favorably report was arrived at in less and it will be twenty-four hours before than 15 minutes after the question was taken up. No effort was made to amend the bill, and it will accordingly be reported to the Senate just as it came from the House of Representatives. The report will be made by Panama ator Cullom, as chairman of the com-

mittee. The only discussion which occurred in the committee apropos of the bill was on the point as to whether an agreement could be secured with the House looking to the adjournment of extra session next week, on the condition that a time be agreed upon early in the regular session for taking vote on the bill. The members generally expressed themselves as willing to enter into such an arrangement and the 14th of December was named as an acceptable time for taking the vote. All the members of the committee except Senators Morgan and Clarke, of Montana, were present at the meeting.

Official Food Standard. Secretary Wilson approved and proclaimed the official food standards which have just been formulated by the United States Food Standard Commission and the executive committee of the National Association of Pure Food Commissions. The com mittee of the latter organization, which met here, has recommended to the dif-State food departments these standards be adopted for use in the several States. The latter in its recommendation says that the general adoption of the standards will unify the food control of the States. This com-mittee, consisting of A. H. Jones, food commissioner of Illinois; N. B. Critch-field, secretary of agriculture of Penn-sylvania; R. M. Allen, secretary of the National Pure-Food Association, and Food Commissioners J. W. Bailey, of Oregon, and J. B. Noble, of Connecticut, authorized its secretary, R. M. Allen, to officially call an international pure food congress at the St. Louis Exposition and to visit at once the governments of Europe and invite them to take part.

# In the Departments.

Major Rathbone and Herbert Browne were before the Senate Commit tee in reference to the objections to the confirmation of Gen. Leonard Wood. The treaty for the cession of the Isle of Pines to Cuba was favorably acted upon by the Senate Committee on For-Postmaster General Payne and Arthur Raikes, the British charge d'affaires, signed the Parcels Post Treaty with Hongkong. eign relations.

orge A. Hibbard has been reappointed postmaster at Boston. Lieut. G. T. P. Stone, of the Navy, was

sentenced to lose 10 numbers and to be repremanded for drunkenness. In his report Lieutenant General Young, chief of staff, urges the re-estab-

Young, chief of staff, urges the re-establishment of the canteen system.

Frank Bacon, a clerk in the City Post-office, was removed by the order of the Postmaster General.

The trial of the postal cases of August W. Machen, Srmuel A. and Diller B. Goff, and Dr. and Mrs. George E. Lorenz, of Toledo, O., has been postponed until January 11.

Senator Newlands introduced a resolution inviting Cubs to become a state of the United States.

# THIRTY-ONE ARE KILLED

Big Four Freight and Work Trains Collide Head On.

KILLED AND MANGLED BESIDE TRACK.

Engineer Judge, of Freight Train, Ignored Orders to Walt at Machinaw, and His Train and now specially licensed by the Rus-Met Work Train at Full Speed-Men en sian medical department to practice Work Train Were Crushed Among Steel medicine in cases of tuberculosis. Zag-Rails and Debris of Cars-Boller Exploded. oranski has given the Associated Press

Peoria, Ill. (Special).-Thirty-one men were killed and at least fifteen injured in a head-on collision between a freight train and a work train on the Big Four Railroad between Mackinaw and Tremont. Bodies of twenty-six of the victims

have been taken from the wreck, which is piled thirty feet high on the tracks. On a bank at the side of the track lie the bodies of the victims, cut, bruised and mangled in a horrible manner. So far only twelve have been identified. the remaining being unrecognizable even by those who knew them and are aware of the fact that they are among

to use it.

All the dead and most of the injured were members of the work train, the crews of both engines jumping in time to save their lives. The collision occurred in a deep cut at the beginning of a sharp curve, neither train being visible to the crew of the other until they were within fifty feet of each The engineers set the brakes, ounded the whistles and then leaped rom their cabs, the two trains striking with such force that the sound was heard for miles.

A second after the collision the boiler of the work train engine exploded, throwing heavy iron bars and splinters of wood 200 feet.

cilli observable. From being unable to walk across the room the patient Conductor John W. Judge, of In-dianapolis, who had charge of the freight train, received orders at Urbana to wait at Mackinaw for the work train. which was due there at 2.40 p. m. In-stead of doing this he failed to stop. sul, cited other equally remarkable cases. Zagoranski's treatment, accord-The engineer of the work train, George Becker, had also received orders to pass the freight at Mackinaw, and was on the way to that station. The work train was perhaps five minutes late and dictary

was running at full speed.

The collision was witnessed by Russell Noonan, a farmer's boys, 14 years of age, who hastened to a nearby house and telephoned to Tremont. A specia train with four physicians was made up in a few minutes, and in less than hal an hour was on the scene. At the same time another train arrived from Pekin bearing Superintendent C. H. Bernard, of the Big Four, and three physicians. The second train bore a lot of rugs and these were utilized to carry out the mangled corpses of the victims One of the last bodies recovered was

that of William Bailey, of Mackinaw, who had been lifted thirty feet into the air and held in place by two steel rails which had been pushed up between the engine and the tender of the work The workmen had been engaged in

laying steel rails at different points along the track, and three of the freight cars were heavily loaded. The injured were taken to the two cabooses of the relief trains, where

temporary hospitals were improvised and their wounds dressed. The dead are residents of neighboring towns, and the scenes about the wreck were beyond description. Wives and children of men who were missing thronged around, asking if bands or fathers had been killed. Out of thirty-five men who constituted the crew of the work train only four are

living, and two of these are seriously injured.
The wreckage is strewn along the

### RUSH BACK INTO BURNING CABIN. Frenzied Italians Perish Trying to Save

Their Money. Johnstown, Pa. (Special).-Twentyerals Huertas, Jeffries, Diaz and Varon and their staffs. right bodies, charred and blackened beyond all possibility of identification, lie in the ruins of what was once an Italian lodging shanty, located on the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, 20 miles east of this city and three-fourths of a mile west of Lilly. In addition to the list of the dead there are 32 men who have been removed to hospitals or to the homes of friends. Twelve of this number are in the hospital in this city, and several can-not recover. The fire started while the men were still in bed. How it originated is a mystery. The men who escaped from the shanty alive are very reticent about the matter, refusing to give any information as to the origin of the blaze.

## escaped from the shanty, the men lost their lives through a fire which started from an overheated stove.

According to the story of one man who

CONGRESS OF MOTHERS. They Are Taking Part in the Fight Against

Reed Smoot. Philadelphia (Special).-The Nation al Congress of Mothers held a special executive session here, Mrs. Frederic Schoff, national president, presiding. call was issued inviting "representatives of the churches and of every national and state women's organization who believe the seating of United States Senator Smoot to be a menace to the home and to the nation to meet in the New Willard Hotel, Washington, on Friday, December 4, at 2 p. m. The representatives will wait on President The National Congress of Mothers asks that "petitions for the unseating of Senator Smoot be extensively circu-

#### lated and sent to senators during the next month. A Startling Discrepancy.

Milwaukee, Wis. (Special).-Experts who have for some time been investigating the books of the Milwaukee county house of correction for 1902 report that the institution operated at a loss during that period of nearly \$50,000. The annual report filed with the county clerionly shows a loss of about \$2,000. Par ticulars concerning the nature of losses have not been made public. of the county institutions are being in-vestigated, and the result, it is said, will furnish much material for the grand

#### A Consul General's Charge. San Francisco (Special) .- The testi

mony taken by the collector of the port under the charges preferred by Courtney Bennett, British consul general,
against John Ferem, superintendent of
the Sailors' Home here, has been submitted to the State Department. The
allegations were that Ferem used his
position to extort money from the owners of British ships. According to
advices from Washington, the evidence
is to be submitted to Congress, with
the view of canceling the lease of the
Home and taking it back under federal
control. under the charges preferred by Court-

# WAS A MINE FOREMAN'S DISCOVERY.

Some Remarkable Cures Said to Have Been Made.

overy of a consumption cure, he con-ulted American Consul Smith, who,

with his brother, W. E. Smith, began a

systematic observation of the cases of

everal patients, especially that of an

ski's treatment, which was given under

the end of a week the proportion of tu-

berculosis bacilli in the saliva had been

reduced to per cent., and at the end of

six weeks the patient had gained 22 pounds, and there was no trace of ba-

regained her normal strength. This oc-

curred last spring, and the cure appears

ing to Mr. Smith, consists merely in the drinking of his specific in large

quantities, together with life in the

open air and observance of a careful

Zagoranski says that so far as he is

able to observe the treatment does not

renew wasted lung tissue, but arrests the disease. At whatever stage of the

disease the treatment is begun it kills the tuberculosis germ, leaving the sys-

tem clean so that it may build up by

The Russian police at one time made a strong effort to prevent Zagoranski's practice, but W. E. Smith secured him

a special license from the Russian gov-

ernment, under which he is now operat-

ing. He has had many patients in

rmany and other parts of Europe.

Prince Oldenburg, a philanthropist of St. Petersburg, who maintains sev-eral hospitals in Russia and a big san-

tarium in the Caucasus at his own expense, has offered to place three beds at Zagoranski's disposal in a St. Pe-

SALUTE TO PANAMA FLAG.

U. S. Flagship Hoists Colors of the New

Republic.

Panama (By Cable).-The United

hoisted the flag of the Republic

States flagship Marblehead at 8.30 a.

of Panama, and saluted it with 21 guns.

The Tres Noviembre, a gunboat of Panama, displaying the American flag

answered the salute. The shore bat

teries also fired a salute of 21 guns which the Marblehead answered.

mander Phelps, accompanied by Lieutenants Philip Andrews and S. P. Trellinwider, officially called on the

junta. A military band played "The

Star-Spangled Banner" on the Americans' arrival at the palace and on the r

were received by the members of the junta, the Cabinet ministers and Gen-

With Pistol and Stiletto.

Chicago (Special) -A duel between

men armed with pistol and stiletto was

fought in Archer avenue. When the battle ended both the participants had

received wounds which were pronounced fatal. Frank Russo, 18 years old, and Ferdinand D. Vininento, 21 years

old, met in front of Russo's rooms. They had long been enemies, it is said.

and without a word of warning they rushed at each other. Vininento fired

as he ran, and Russo stabbed him as he himself fell.

Domestic Tragedy.

place in the presence of the couple's

ce reserves were required to keep

order a large crowd that gathered. The man and his wife were taken to

the hospital in the same ambulance. The woman did not at any time faint or lose consciousness.

On Trial for Kiling His Children.

called in the Superior Court at Ashe-

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

The executive committee of the Na-ional Woman's Christian Temperance Union elected Mrs. Cornelia Jewett, of

The United States Steel Corporation

nnounced that the syndicate contract

The Moros in the Philippines con-tinue to cause trouble, and several weeks of fighting is indicated.

Miss Emma Gebhart and Miss Lizzie

Schumacher were drowned in the Del-aware river at Port Jervis, N. Y.

Miss Nellie McHenry, the actress, was badly burned while enacting a part in an Omaha theatre.

The socialist resolutioss were jected by a vote of 11,282 to 2285 the American Federation of Labor, Reston.

hicago, editor of the Union Signal.

entence of Tom Horn.

ed became panisetricken, and the po-

New York (Special).-Christian Ca-

departure from that building.

Com-

At 10 a. m. Rear Admiral onsul General Gudger and

In conversation with a correspondent

Smith, the brother of the Con-

be permanent.

careful diet.

tersburg hospital.

practice.

Consul

professional medical observation.

Moscow (By Cable).-Remarkable cures of consumption have recently W. L. Mathues, State Treasurer-elect, been effected in Russia by Kisel Zagwas tendered a dinner and reception by the members of the Media Republican oranski, formerly a mining engineer, Club and friends to the human Congressman Thomas S. Butler was Congressman Thomas S. Butler was Congressman S. Butler was Mr. Club and friends to the number of 300. the only out-of-town speaker. Mr. Butler, in his speech of congratulation, took occasion to predict the passage of legislation for the deepening of the Delaware river channel. Mr. Matheus, in his speech, predicted that if the Delaware river channel is widened and deepend that Chester will become the iron center of Pennsylvania. an account of the origin of his consumption cure, from which it appears that 30 years ago he was sent to Siberia to superintend extensive mining works. The medical facilities there iron center of Pennsylvania. were extremely limited, and Zagoranski himself attended to the medical wants

District Attorney Lichtenswalner de-cided that in the case of the murder of Mabel Bechtel, he will bring addi-tional charges of accessories before the of the workmen to the best of his ability. An old foreman of the mine. fact against the girl's mother, her sis-ter, Myrtha, her two brothers, Charles and John, and her affianced lover, Alois Eckstein, all of whom are under however, always took care of the tuberculosis cases, and almost invariably cured them. The foreman died some bail, charged as accessories after the fact. He will also prosecute several years ago, confiding his tuberculosis specific to Zagoranski, who continued of these persons for murder, but de-clines to specify which he will so pros-Hearing a rumor that John D. Rockefeller, of the United States, had offered an immense prize for the disecute.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will soon commence extensive building operations in Coatesville. The company purchased from H. Graham Rambo the tract of land lying between Chestnut and Coates streets and Fifth and Sixth avenues, where it will erect new passenger and freight stations,

English lady, an acquaintance of the Consul, who had been given up by the doctors. She submitted to Zagoran-While Miss Laura B. Reaney, teachof chemistry at the Chester High School, was conducting a demonstra-tion a chemical liquid in a large bowl exploded and the blaze shot high in the Miss Reaney calmly called to several of her pupils to remove the bowl, which was thrown from a win-

Living in a hole in the ground and getting what he could to eat from the boys in the neighborhood has been the mode of existence of J. S. Porter, col-ored, 17 years old, of Erie, for the last month. Detective Detzel discov-ered his home and his hiding place, a hole about six feet deep dug in the ground. Miss Emma Gebhard and Miss Lizzie Schumacher, girls, were drowned in the Delaware river, Port Jarvis. They

were crossing to Mattamoras, their home, in a ferry boat, which capsized. Their escort. Frank Allman, was carried down stream half a mile and then The accident was caused by the breaking of the boat's cable. The Beaver Valley Traction Comstreet car lines in Beaver Valley, has mortgaged its entire holdings to the

phia for \$3,000,000, and will use the money to extend the lines to meet the West End Road at Corapolis and the Newcastle Street Railway at Mahon-Residents at Avoca are buying lamps and candles to burn in case the electric company at that place does not escind its recent order advancing the price of electric lighting 60 per cent.

Northern Trust Company of Philadel-

There is no gas in the town. John Hornberger, a Mahanoy Valley farmer, enraged at a party of seven respassing hunters crossing his fields, discharged a gun at them, several being wounded in the legs by shot. One of the party returned the fire, wounding

Hornberger on the face and arms, af-er which they disappeared. The American Bridge Company will begin the work of erecting five new open-hearth furnaces at the South Sharon works of the Carnegie Steel Company. The cost will be upw of a quarter of a million dollars. upwards

Writs are being prepared to bring back to Pottsville Victor and Filberto Paoli, who went to Italy a year age after the murder of Ciacinto Marasco. They are already under arrest and will be tried in January.

Thieves entered the cigar warehouse of L. R. Brown, at Brownstown, and stole 5000 stamped cigars. They elfected an entrance to the building by cutting out a portion of the side wall Dragged for a half mile, close to the noofs of a runaway team, and beneath

ience of Drs. J. Harry Swaving and W. G. Hoeffer, of Pottsville. Being wrapped in heavy blankets saved the men from serious injuries. Richard Brace, eighty-three years, a

an overturned carriage, was the exper-

Dr. Howard Furness Taylor, a resident physician at the Chester Hospital, tendered his resignation at a meeting of the hospital staff.

Thomas Mitchell, of Coaldale, and James McGonigle, of Lansford, con-iract miners, were taken to the Ash-land Hospital burned as the result of in explosion of gas. John Coons, aged 22 years, of Beaver Meadow, was found unconscious in a

tisini, an Austrian, shot his wife and nine and died soon afterward. then cut his throat. Both were taken to a hospital, where it was said their wounds were fatal. The shooting took skull had been fractured, and it is supposed he was struck in a fight. Charles Watson, a commercial travnr-year-old son. The occupants of e tenement in which the Catisinis eler of Philadelphia, drove to Freeland, and there dismissed the carriage and ed to Hazleton on the trolley In returning, the carriage was

> driver was hurled through the top of the vehicle, landing forty feet away. Rev. J. L. Hoffman, pastor of the English Lutheran Church in Tremont, has tendered his resignation and accepted a call to Grace Lutheran Church

truck by a train on the Drifton cross-

ng. Both horses were killed and the

Raleigh, N. C. (Special) .- The case against Dr. J. V. Jay, charged with James French, a barber, was arrested the murder of his three children at in Scranton on a charge of larceny. It is alleged that French was sent to a Barnardsville several weeks ago, was house to shave a corpse and after hav-ing concluded his labors pocketed \$10 that had been left on a bureau. cille, and a special venire was ordered drawn from which to select the jury. The case was set for trial Tuesday. The plea of the defense will be insanity.

Mary Howells, aged 14 years, was held up and robbed by two highway-men on a lonely path between Maysville and Hickory Ridge. The robbers choked her into unconsciousness and stole her pocketbook. This is the third hold-up at that place within a few

The milkmen of Plymouth have agreed to make no deliveries on Sun-

for converting the preferred stock into bonds would be terminated. A letter was received by Governor Chatterton, of Wyoming, threatening his life unless he commuted the death Dowie has issued a call to the hosts of Zion to come forward with \$2,000,000 to be invested in Zion securities.

agreed to make no deliveries on Sunday.

The County Commissioners offer a reward of \$100 for the arrest of Homer Quarry, who is syanted for the killing of Charles Imler at Woodbury on the night of November 7.

The Enterprise Colliery, Shamokin, owned by W. L. Connell & Company. Scranton, and employing between 600 and 700 men and boys, which was shut down last Thursday on account of a fire in a vein, resumed operations. The fire has not been extinguished and may yet cause the total suspension of operations. The fire started many years ago.

The Young Men's Christian Associaently on the verge of dishanding nable it to continue its work.

# THE KEYSTONE STATE

Latest News of Pennsylvania Told in Short Order.