There were several gentlemen at the adjoining table who had been notic-ing Snoberly's antics. At last one of them said,-

"See that Snoberly over there pre tending to read that French paper? am certain that he does not understand French. He is just doing that to impress the people with his knowledge s a linguist.

"I suppose he must understand
"I'll bet a bottle of wine that he
doesn't, and I'll prove it." I'll take the bet.

The gentleman who had made the Monsieur, qu'elle heure est il?

(What o'clock is it, sir?")
Young Snoberly smiled a Parisian smile, and gracefully handed over the

FIT Spermanently cured. No fits or nervous-ness after first day's use of Dr. Kine's Great NerveRestorer.#2trial bottle and treatisefred Dr. R.H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Acch St., Phila., Pc.

There are nearly 650,000 women dress makers in the United Kingdom.

Mrs.Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflamma-tion, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle Virtue may be its own reward, but som people make a trademark of it.

Money refunded for each package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYES if unsatisfac-

The average man who talks about not being appreciated is really a chump. Ido not believe Piso's Cure for Consums-tionhas an equal for coughs and colds—John F. Boten, Trinity (prings, Ind., Feb. 15, 1903.

A woman who is given to hysterics gen-

Colombia has in circulation \$653,000. 000 of paper money from which nearly all value has departed. The paper money per capita is \$163, and it takes over \$100 of the stuff to pay a hotel bill for one day.

There is nothing like a wet blanket to distinguish the fire of enthusiasm.

There is more Cataurh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed produced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly falling to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrii Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co. Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cur on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. Itaets directly on the blood and muchous surfaces of the system. They offer one nundred deliars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & . Tolodo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The investment in pleasure yachts in America is about \$50.000,000 and the annual cost of their maintenance is about \$6,000,000 a season. When a steam yacht is chartered the price usually is \$10 a month per yacht ton.

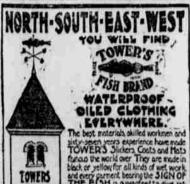
In Saxony there is an industrial echool for every 14,641 inhabitants.

Poorly?

"For two years I suffered terribly from dyspepsia, with great depression, and was always feeling orly. I then tried Ayer's Sarsaman."-John McDonald, Philadelphia, Pa.

Don't forget that it's "Ayer's" Sarsaparilla that will make you strong and hopeful. Don't waste your time and money by trying some other kind. Use the old, tested, tried, and true Ayer's Sarsapa-\$1.00 a bottle. All druggists

Ask your doctor what he thinks of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. He knows all about this grand old family nedleine. Follow his advice and Saraparmiy nodleine. Folios oid family nodleine. Folios we will be sattefied we will be sattefied. Levell, Mass.



TOWERS THE PISH is payanteed to give so ABOYE TOWER CANADIAN CO. Limited TOZONTO, CAN. ALL OTHERS

DOUGLAS '3.≌ & '3 SHOES MIR

You can save from \$3 to \$5 yearly by wearing W. L. Douglas \$3.50 or \$3 shoes. They equal those that have been costing you from \$4.00 to \$5.00. The immense sale of W. L. Douglas shoes proves their superiority over all other makes.

lons of deliars have been made out of Patents rade-Marks. Elilions of deliars are appropri-onal pendans. In oace practice. Information and interainty, FREE, write; I Big W. H. Willes Citaliya NY, Saliding 217 med Ave. Weshington, D. C.

west ered with Thompson's Eye Water

Judged by Her Book.

The girls in a large department store, says Frank Leslie's, are, as a rule, carefully watched not only in the store, but out of it. The buyer of each de-partment knows pretty well the habits his sales ladies; knows how much it costs them to live and how they spend their evenings. It is easy for him to their evenings. It is easy for get the information not merely through he store detective, but in many other

The buyer is, as a rule, a tolerant person, who cares only for two things—namely, that the girls "deliver the goods"—i. e., that they make big "books"—and that they appear respectable. If they stay out so late at night that they do not reach the store promptly in the morning they may be discharged, transferred from one department to another or merely not partment to another or merely not rise in the way of salary, depending on the degree of their misdemeanor. If the girl's book is unsatisfactory, she is simply discharged or transferred, and no reason is given, but if she is wise she knows the reason why.

If, on the other hand, the girl is a

good seller the buyer will excuse a great deal in the way of irregularity of habits. As long as a girl sticks closely to business she is allowed a great deal of freedom, but when "book" begins to suffer it is time for her to "look out."

His Forte.

The seven-year-old pride of the fam-Boy Stood on the Burning Deck, and the fond mother, turning with dignified omplacency to the unnerved visitor, remarked.

"And I have been assured by really eminent judges, Mr. Marterdum, that he closely approaches Sir Henry Irving in dramatic style, without however, that great actor's offensive manner-

"I am not surprised to hear it!" assented the victimized one, with a strain-

'Mabel, also," continued the matron. landly indicating a six-year-old mite of flaxen-haired precocity, "plays ex-quisitely. Her rendering of In My Cottage Near a Wood, with variations, is not dissimilar in touch and feeling to Paderwiski at his best-as you shall presently determine; while Egbert, youder (get your slate and pencil ready, darling), though barely turned four, draws engines and railway lines in a manner suggestive of academy honors at no very distant future. They all have their fortes, you see! In fact, most people have, when you come to think of it. What is your forte, Mr Marterdum?"

"Mine, madam?" gasped the wretched tener. "Mine? Oh. I—I run!" istener. "Mine? Oh, I-I run!".
And he suited the action to the word

Shelley Liked Bread.

The poet Shelley was very simple in his tastes and found his chief pleasure in long, solitary rambles. Bread be-came his chief sustenance when his regimen attained to that austerity which afterward distinguished it. He could have lived on bread alone with-

out repining.
"Do you know," he said one day to a friend, with much surprise, "that Mr. G, does not like bread? Did you ever know a person who disliked bread? His friend explained to him that Mr. G. probably had no objection to bread in moderate quantity at a proper time and with the usual adjuncts and was only unwilling to devour several pounds i dry bread at a meal.

Shelley had no such objection; his pockets were generally well stored with bread. Sometimes he ate with his bread the common raisins which he bought at small grocers' shops.

Toilet of the Caf.

Cats, large and small, make the most careful toilet of any class of animals excepting some of the opossums. The lions and tigers wash themselves in exactly the same maner as the cat, wet-ting the dark, rubberlike ball of the forefoot and inner toe and passing it over the face and behind the ears. The out is thus at the same time : sponge and brush, and the rough tongue combs the rest of the body.

Prayer of the Convert.

A South Sea islander, at the close of a religious meeting, offered the following prayer: "O God, we are about to go to our respective homes. Let not the words we have heard be like the fine clothes we wear, soon to be taken off and folded up in a box till another Sabbath comes round. Rather, let Thy truth be like the tattoo on our bodies, ineffaceable till death." -Carleton's Magazine.

Powerful Music.

When the big organ commenced to play in the Sydney Town Hall the vibration caused by its 42-foot open diapason pipes broke several windows and brought down a few hundredweight of plaster from the roof. The other day some member of a New York choir had a rehearsal. They sang their fortissimo passages with such vigor that the ceiling collapsed upon their heads.

School Music and Mad Cats. A ladies' school of music in a suburb of Vienna has owned three cats during the course of the past year, and each has gone raving mad, ac cording to the testimony of a veterinary surgeon. The diurnal discord within the establishment is reported to he ear-torturing in the extreme. The school now owns a deaf cat, which sits out the strumming of a dozen pianos with sphinx-like imperturbabil-

Eugene E. Lario, of 751 Twentieth avenue, ticket seller in the Union Station, Denver, Col., says: "You are at

liberty to repeat what I Deuverpapers about Doan's Kidney Fills in the sum-mer of 1899, for I have had no reason in the no reason in the interim to change my opinion of the remedy. I said when first interviewed that if I had a friend and acquaintance suffering from back ache or kidney trouble I would unbesitatingly advise them to take Doan's Kidney Pills. I was subject to severe attacks of back

ache, always aggravated if I sat long at a desk. It struck me that if Doan's Kidney Pils performed half what they promised they might at least help. This induced me to try the remedy. It abso-intely stopped the back ache. I have never had a pain or a twinge since." A FREE THIAL of this great kidney

medicine which cured Mr. Larlo will be mailed to any part of the United States on application. Address Fos-ter-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per

THE WORLD'S WASTE

4 - D. Ø 4 - D.

TONS ON TONS OF FOOD THROWN TO THE FISHES

STRING of barges plied | bunches of fully ripe bananas, beauti high with all kinds of food ful, yellow fruit, just ready to eat. high with all kinds of food ful, yellow fruit, just ready to eat. were threading their way The trade will not handle fruit in this down New York Harbor to condition; it wants green fruit. All deposit their cargoes in the these ripe bunches are thrown away. MOK open sea. Tons of the food were perfectly good, but all of it was going to be thrown to the fishes.

As the burges passed by an incoming iner a passenger, leaning over the taf- an Italian steamer coming in with a 'rail, exclaimed:

"Well. I've traveled all over the world glutted at the time, and there was no ind seen terrible waste of food in the price for them. It was cheaper to buy ropics, but I should have thought a sig city like New York would have ound something better to do with all his stuff than throw it away."

Economists agree that all over the world people waste as much food as all uncommon. On a smaller scale it is they consume. Practical men who always happening at our markets. A have studied the subject say that the fruit dealer has a few boxes of oranges nhabitants of American towns and or tomatoes. The market is just clos titles are more wasteful than similar ing, he can't get his price, and rather communities in Europe, and that in than sell them for five cents less be New York the greatest waste occurs.

"New York is far and away the most wasteful of all our cities," said an offi- man's heart bleed to see such immense sial who has had had great experience n the disposal of refuse in several while many people, even in prosperous American communities. "Flat life New York, haven't enough to cat." eads almost inevitably to waste. In | The Wasteful Tropics. Philadelphia there are comparatively 'ew flats, and probably not one-hunfredth part as much food is wasted student of economics must go to the there as in New York. In Philadelphia tropics to see the greatest waste of people are economical, and the women food. Most tropical countries produce to their housekeeping very carefully. The same remark holds good of Boston, in rather lesser degree. Chicago and St. Louis are wasteful cities, but not of bananas, oranges and pineapples to nearly so wasteful as New York. Pittsourg and Cleveland are also very fruits are left to rot on the ground, wasteful. I think I would rank them lext to New York. Brooklyn and Jer. shows thousands of trees weighed sey City are decidedly less wasteful down by luscious fruits which have than Manhattan.

"As compared with her American sister, the English housekeeper is a model cost of export. Those fruits are all left of economy. As a rule the London to rot, housewife only provides for her family The just as much food as they can eat. Her country cousin is even more care ful. The idea of throwing away half a pound of steak or a couple of lamb bewildering profusion in most parts of chops, as the Gotham housewife does without a qualm, would frighten her. But if you want to see real economy in housekeeping you must go to Scotland. In Edinburgh and Glasgow the women have reduced the elimination of waste 'o a fine art."

Dr. J. M. Woodbury, New York's Commissioner of Street Cleaning, agrees with this official as far as his their appetite, cannot cat one per cent.

of the crop, which may be conserva-"It is only natural," said the Com-tively estimated at 10,000,000,000 mannissioner, the other day, "that the goes a year. tichest cities in America should be the nost wasteful. New York, I should say, wastes more food than any other lity. It must waste pretty nearly as than it is profitable to give. Thus it is nuch as it consumes. I am simply ascounded at the large quantities of food ered at certain seasons of the year by given to my department by fellow New Yorkers to throw away."

"Can you give an idea of the total Indies once rode along a mountain path quantity? Are there any statistics which was literally carpeted for miles ivailable?" the Commissioner was isked.

"No, it is a matter that defies statisties," was the reply. "But the experence of our department is that almost every store, market, house and flat in New York daily throws away a large it is generally supposed that food is requantity of food. The total is enor- garded at its proper value. On the big mous. If you go down to the depart- passenger liners the stewards throw where the refuse collected ill over the city is deposited in scows food as the cabin passengers eatfor ultimate disposal, you will be surorised to see how large a proportion of is not very full. This food is seldom. the refuse consists of foodstuffs. You if ever, given to the crew or the steerwill then be able to realize what a age passengers, wasteful city New York is." Fons of Wasted Food.

Two of these dumps were visited. In ooth places there were several big seows laden with nothing but food, hundreds of tons of food. Potatoes. oread, apples, tomatoes, bananas, meat, turnips, onlons, were piled up in great heaps on the scows with a thousand

other eatables. "Is it always like this?" one of the officials of the department was asked. "Yes, always so, more or less," he inswered. "Often there is a great deal more food than this to throw away. Look at this cart."

As he spoke a cart came along the wharf and tipped into the nearest scow a load composed entirely of vegetables and fruits.

"Is nothing ever done with this food?" the visitor asked.

"Nothing; it is all thrown away," was the answer. "And, as you see, it is not nearly all bad when it comes into our hands. Half of it, if not nore, is good to eat. Unless you have ictually collected the refuse you have no idea of the wastefulness of the average family in a New York flat.

"The wife buys a steak and gets dinaer ready, and then husband comes home from business and says: 'Put rour hat on, little girl, I've got tickets clared that he once saw the carcasses for the theatre, and we'll have some linner first at a restaurant.' So the whole of the dinner she has prepared zoes down the dumbwaiter in the garpage pail. Even when they do dine at nome the dinner is almost always in this progressive day and generation. much larger than they can est, and a Bassett Staines, in the Los Angeles third or a half of it ultimately comes

'o us. "And they hardly ever give it away to the poor. In the first place it is lifficult for a beggar to tackle a family iving in a flat. In the second place New Yorkers seldom encourage beg gars in any shape or form. I knew a nan, however, who was shocked at the family waste, and said that all the unmten food must be put aside and given to the poor. He told two or three 'hobos' to call for it. In a week the word and gone around that he was an 'easy mark, and there was a procession of eggars up the stairs to his flat all day

"The janitor complained, and his own servant told him that she would leave miess he got another girl to do nothing out answer the door. So he had to give up his charitable scheme, and now he sends all his waste food down the lumbwaiter like other people.

argoes of Fruit Thrown Away. "The waste of fruit in New York is "The waste of fruit in New York is into a special ribbon embroidery for incredible. Every banana cteamer the East Asiatic trade and returned brings hundreds of thousands of to Manchiria and Eastern China.

"Only a short time ago over a millio

bananas brought in by the British

steamship Chickahominy were wasted

for this reason. Last year I remember

cargo of lemons. The market was

lemons here than to import them. The

whole of the cargo was given to our de-

"This sort of thing seems an awful

waste, but I can assure you it is not at

hands them over to us to throw away.

That happens every day. It makes a

quantities of good food thrown away

But in spite of this indictment the

population. Take Jamaica, for in-

the United States, but billions of those

A walk through males of plantations

The world's mango crop is the great

Unfortunately the fruit cannot be

hoofs squashed them at every step.

There is a great waste at sea, where

overboard every day almost as much

sometimes more, if the passenger list

A New Yorker once traveled on a

West Indian steamship belonging to a

service which is called by sailors the

"Hungry Goose Line," because of the

scanty supply of food in the forecastle.

Every day half-enten joints of meat.

puddings, stale bread and piles of

cooked vegetables were thrown over-

board. While the New Yorker stood

watching this feeding of the fishes one

"Look at that 'ere waste, sir; an' yet

On another voyage the same man

saw nearly two million bananas and

oranges thrown overboard because

they were ripening too fast. All day

long the sailors hove the golder

bunches of fruit to the waves. A yel

low streak of wasted food stretched as

far as the eye could reach in the wake

There is enormous waste of food in

the great cattle and sheep rearing coun-

tries, especially in New Zealand, Aus-

tralia, Argentina, Colombia and Vene-

sheep and cattle are slain merely for

their hides, horns and hoofs, the ex-

portation of the meat being unprofit-

able. A man who had worked on a

sheep run in New South Wales de-

of over 6000 sheep on one farm. They

had been slain for their wool alone, and

The problem of proper food distribu-

tion seems insuperably difficult even

How the Jackies Came to Grief.

Referring to a paragraph in your is

sue of to-day, headed "A Crimean

Trophy," allow me to add that in the

summer of 1872, being a visitor to St.

Petersburg. I saw the flag of this

same ship Tiger suspended from a pil-

lar in one of the churches. It was

protected by an iron cage, and the story

went that some British tars, having

the honor of their country at heart,

had nearly succeeded in carrying off

this trophy by climbing upon each

other's shoulders, when they were ob-served by a custodian of the church,

who brought the pyramid down with

a run by a judiciously aimed blow-

Silk Culture in Manchuria.

and skin slik are exported from Man-

churia to France, where they are made

Considerable quantities of cocoons

none of their meat was used.

zuela. Hundreds of thousands

World's Waste of Live Stock.

of the vessel.

Times.

morning a sailor came up and said:

they starves us poor chaps forrard.'

Food Thrown to the Fishes.

rotting mangoes.

partment to throw away.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

General Trade Conditions

R. G. Dun & Company's "Weekl;

Review of Trade" says: An encouraging symptom is the de creased complaint regarding collections, accompanied by more discount

ing of bills. Weather conditions have been favorable for retail trade. There are frequent reports of larger jobbing Fall business than last year.

Railway earnings in August were of per cent, larger than last year and 15.4 per cent, greater than in 1901. New England manfacturers continu

busy on Fall and Winter footwear Leather is quiet in this vicinity. At the

West there is more activity.

Notwithstanding heavy receipts of cattle, packers are asking fractionally higher figures for hides. Prices of cot ton goods are slow to reflect the reac tion in the raw material, and the de mand is not improved. Buyers are en-couraged to delay placing contracts and mills are not seeking business. In the jobbing trade a large distri-bution of merchandise is in progress.

this branch of the industry reporting a profitable season. Failures this week were 172 in the nited States against 205 last year United States against 205 and 19 in Canada, compared with 22 7

LATEST MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Flour-Spring clear, \$3.75@3.90; pes Patent \$3.00; choice Family \$4.25. Wheat-New York No. 2, 87c; Philadelphia No. 2, 8214; Baltimore No. 3 Corn-New York, No. 2, 38c; Phila

delphia No. 2, 56@5614; Baltimore No 2, 6oc. Oats-New York No. 2, 42c; Phila delphia No. 2, 411/2c; Baltimore No. 2

Hay—We quote: No. 1 timothy large bales, \$17.00@17.50; No. 2 timothy \$16.00@16.50; No. 3 timothy \$12.50 enough to feed a hundred times their stance. She exports large quantities

Green Fruits and Vegetables.—Apples—Maryland and Virginia, per brl. ancy 75cm \$1.00; do, fair to good. 6c @75c. Cabbage—Native, per 100 \$3.00 4.00: do, New York State, per ton hi6.00@20.00. Cantalopes—Anne Arun-lel Gems, per basket 30@75c. Celerv—New York State, per dozen, 25@ 50c. Corn—Native, per dozen, field not been picked, because the martet price at the moment did not pay for the 2010c; do. per dozen, sugar, 12@15c Zucumbers—Anne Arundel, per basket 156760c. Damsons-Maryland and Vir mia. per full barrel \$5.00/25.50 rapes—Concords, per 5-lb basket 10 11c; do, Niagara, per 5-lb basket 11 est waste of all. The mango is one of the finest fruits in the world, and prob ably the most nourishing. It grows in 16c; do, Delaware, per 5-lb basket 8/a 20c. Lettuce-Native, per bushe the tropics. The negroes eat nothing nox 300 40c. Lima beans—Native, per pushel box 600 65c. Onions—Maryelse in the mango season. They sit under a mango tree and gorge themselves and and Pennsylvania, yellow, per bi all day long, until the wonder is that they do not burst. An average tree rinia, per basket, reds, 50@75c. Pears--Eastern Shore. Bartlett, per basket bears over 5000 mangoes, each as big so@65c; do, per box 75@\$1.00. Plums-New York, per 10-lb basket 10@20c. Squash—Anne Arundel, per basket, 25 @30c. String beans—Anne Arundel, as a large orange, and there are hundreds of thousands of mango trees in Jamaica alone. The natives, with all per bu green 60/6/5c. Tomatoes— Anne Arundel per 5/6-basket 20/0/25c lo per measured bushel 40/0/50c. Wa-ermelons—Anne Arundel, per 100, seof the crop, which may be conservaects. \$16.00@18.00; do, per 100 prime

exported. It will not stand a sea vov-8.00@ 10.00. Potatoes, — White — Eastern Shore, Maryland, per bri, No. 1, \$1.50@2.00: lo, seconds, 75c@1.00; do, native, per pushel box 60@70e; do, Maryland and age unless it is treated with more care that many tropical countries are cov-Pennsylvania, prime, per bu 65@70c sweets-Yellows, Maryland and Vir sweets—Yellows, Maryiand and Virginia, per brl \$1.80@1.85; do, per flour jarrel \$2.00@2.10; do, red, per brl \$1.22@1.50. Yams—Virginia, per brl \$1.50@1.75; do, Potomac, Maryland, per brl An American traveling in the West by fallen mangoes. In some places they were a foot deep, and the horse's

Provisions and Hog Products.-Bull-:lear rib sides, 91/2c; bulk clear sides, 19/4c; bulk shoulders, 9c; bulk backs, 18 and under, 8c; sugar-cured Califor nia hams, 81/4c; canvased and uncan rased hams, 12 lbs and over, 15c; refined lard, half-barrels and new tubs, 91/4c.

Live Poultry. - Chickens - Hens teavy to medium, -@13c; do, old posters, each 25@ toc: do, young, large 1 lbs and over, —@15c; do, do, small 1/4 to 11/2lbs, —@15c; do, do, unde 1/4 lbs, —@15c. Ducks—Young, 3 lb ind over, 11@12c; do, fancy, large, ol vhite, 11@12c; do. do. small, —@10c lo. Muscovy and mongrels, 10@11c Geese—Western, each —@—. Guiner

owl, each 15/2 20c. Eggs.-Western Maryland and Penn iylvania, loss off, per dozen —@22c Eastern Shore (Maryland and Vir ginia), loss off, per dozen 21@22c; Vir ginia, loss off, per dozen —@21c; Wes Virginia, loss off, per dozen, —@21c. Butter-Separator 216222c; Gathere ream 19@20c; Imitations -@19c -Large, 60-lbs, 11@1114c; do 16-lbs, 111/4@111/4; 20-lbs, 111/2@111/4.

Live Stock

Chicago.-Cattle steady; good to prime iteers \$5.45@6.00; poor to medium. \$4.1. @4.30; stockers and feeders, \$2.50@4.25 rows and heifers, \$1.50@5.00; canners \$1.50@2.75; bulls, \$2.00@4.65; calves \$3.50@7.00; Texas steers, \$3.25@4.50 Western steers, \$3.20@4.65. Hogs—Re cipts to-day 15,000 head; to-morrow, 15,000; market opened steady, closed 5 to toc higher: mixed and butchers, \$5.256 5.90: good to choice heavy, \$5.406.575 rough heavy, \$5.106.5.40: light, \$5.506 6.15: bulk of sales, \$5.306.565. Sheep-Receipts, 18.000 head: market steady to strong; good to choice wethers, \$3.256 3.75; fair to choice mixed, \$2.2563.25

ative lambs, \$3.50@6.00.

Herrs Island.—Cattle steady. Choice Herrs Island.—Cattle steady. Choice \$5.30@5.60; prime, \$5.10@5.25; fair, \$4.20; @4.50. Hogs active. Prime heavy, \$0.00; @6.10; mediums, \$0.40@6.45; heavy Yorkers, \$6.35@6.40; light Yorkers \$6.10@6.25; pigs, \$5.70@5.80; roughs \$5.00@5.25. Sheep active. Best wethers \$3.90@4.15; culls and common, \$1.50@5.25; pigs. 2.00; spring lambs, \$3.50@3.75; vea calves, \$7.50@8.co.

INDUSTRIAL AND SCIENTIFIC NOTES. Fifty kinds of degrees are given by

American colleges. Americans imported \$25,412,770 worth of precious stones last year. The United States will sell about to.000,000 worth of fruits to Europe this year.

The deficit on account of the British

postal telegraph is \$4,500,000 for the Brazil's crop of coffee this year equals fitteen-sixteenths of the world

consumption. One person in every 575 in the Unit ed States is a physician. The average railway journey in the United States is twenty-eight and a hal

miles.

In the great coal mines of Bohemia the average wages inside for nine hours is 86 cents.

Already this year America has shipped 80,000 tons of agricultural implements in Russia.

More than eight million of the thirteen and a half million people of Mexico do not work.

ico do not work.

Man's recuperative power after an injury is an inverse ratio to his social-

COMMODDRE NICHOLSON

OF OUR NAVY

Recommends Pe-ru-na--Other Prominent Men Testify.

Commodore Somerville Nicholson, of the United States Navy, in a letter from 1857 R Street, N. W., Washington, D. C., says:

"Your Perana has been and is now used by so many of my triends and acquaintances as a sure cure for catarrh that I am convinced or its curative qualities and I unhestitatingly recommend it to all persons suffering from that complaint."-S. Nicholson.

United States Minister to Guatemala Endorses Po-ru-na.

Dr. W. Godfrey Hunter, U. S. Minister to Guatemala, ex-member of Congress from Kentucky, in a letter from Washington D. C., writes: "I am fully satisfied that your Peruna

is an efficacious remedy for catarri, as and many of my friends have been bene tited by its use. -W. G. Hunter, M. D. Member of Congress From Virginia

Writes.

Hon. G. R. Brown, Martinville, Va., ex-member of Congress Fifth District, 50th Congress, writes:

"I cheerfully give my endorsement to your Peruna as a cure for catarrh. Its beneficial results have been so fully demonstrated that its use is essential to all persons suffering from that disease."

Ilon, G. R. Brown.

The day was when money or provinces.

The day was when men of prominence hesitated to give their testimonials to proprietary medicines for publication. This remains true to-day of most proprietary medicines. But Pernna has become so justly famous, its merits are known to so many people of high and low stations, that no one hesitates to see his name in princ recommending Peruna.

The highest man in our ratios have

The highest men in our nation have given Peruna a strong endorsement. Men gratis, representing all classes and stations are equally represented.



If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice Address Dr. Hartman, President of The

Yours for a Clear Head BROMO-SELTZERS 10 SOLD EVERYWHERE



A WILY OLD MERCHANT.

One Man Has Things Fixed Up for Glib Talkers.

It is a common and commercial trick to place a visitor in your office in a chair facing a window, while you sit in a chair with its back to the window Your eyes are in the dark; his eyes are in the glare. You can read him through and through, while he cannot even catch the color of your optics This is supposed to be a square deal The stranger must not be allowed to take any undue advantage. There is one wily old gentleman, the very salt of the earth, who has been "dene many times by smart promoters. At last he is grown suspicious. He not only throws the limelight into the visitor's face, but places him in a creaky chair with an unsteady foundation This is a dream of a nerve upactter When the visitor gets overheated in argument the chair creaks and he is distracted. As he collectes himself and proceeds further the chair creaks again and he is "rattled." There is a clock in the office that has not moved from the hour of 2:10 in seven years and when the poor fellow glues his eyes to its face he is completely done up, or undone. It is simply, the mer chant says, fighting the devil with fire

THEWASE OF THITATERS &! PRICE, 25 CENTS.



Mrs. Tupman, a prominent lady of Richmond, Va., a great sufferer with woman's troubles, tells how she was cured.

"For some years I suffered with backache, severe bearing-down pains, leucorrhoes, and falling of the womb. I tried many remedies, but nothing gave any positive relief.

"I commenced taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in June, 1901. When I had taken the first half bottle, I felt a vast improvement, and have now taken ten bottles with the result that I feel like a new woman. When I commenced taking the Vegetable Compound I felt all worn out and was fast approaching complete nervous collapse. I weighed worn out and was fast approaching complete nervous collapse. I weighed only 98 pounds. Now I weigh 109½ pounds and am improving every day. I gladly testify to the benefits received."—Mrs. R. C. Turman, 423 West 30th St., Richmond, Va. — \$5000 forfeit if ceighal of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

When a medicine has been suc-

When a medicine has been successful in more than a million cases, is it justice to yourself to say, without trying it, "I do not believe it would help me?"

Surely you cannot wish to remain weak and sick.

Mrs. Pinkham, whose address is Lynn, Mass., will answer cheerfully and without cost all letters addressed to her by sick women. Perhaps she has just the knowledge that will help your case—try her to-day—it costs nothing.

COMES WHEN YOU USE Carpenter's OX MARROW POMADE Rebit jate the activities of the control of the a week and it will work come a come the helf from alling out and cores landrait, too. Better than ing hill of tening. At your drungist's, or by malk Address, CARPENTER & CO., Louisville, Ky. Ripans Tabules are

Your Liver

regular? Digestion good? If

not, remember Ayer's Pills.

The kind you have known all

your life. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Masse.

Want your moustache or beard

a beautiful brown or rich black? Use

BUCKINGHAM'S DYE

SOFT, SILKY HAIR

Is it acting well? Bowels

the best dyspepsis medicine ever made. A hundred millions of them have been sold in the United States in a single year. Every illness arising from a disordered stomach to

relieved or cured by their use. So common is it that diseases originate from the stomach it may be safely asserted there is no condition of in health that will not be benefited or cured by the occasional use of Ripans Tabules. Physicians know them and speak highly of them. All druggists sell them. The five-cent package is enough for an ordinary occasion, and the Family Bottle, sixty cents, contains a household supply for a year. One generally gives relief within twenty

TAYLOR'S ASTUMA REMEDY WILL cure any case of Asthma by persistent use. Regu lar size box, by mail, 35c.; three for \$1.00. T. Taylor & Co., Green Cove Springs, Fla.



ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER IT PAYS



insures agains Billousness Has been regulating rebellious livers for more than 58 years