

FULTON COUNTY NEWS.

Published Every Thursday.

B. W. PECK, Editor and Proprietor.

McCONNELLSBURG, PA.

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ADVERTISING RATES. Per square of 3 lines 3 times..... \$1.50.

One-fourth column..... \$1.00. One-half column..... \$2.00.

Nothing inserted for less than \$1. Professional Cards one year \$5.

CLEAR RIDGE.

Harry Wible, who has been working at Broad Top, spent Sunday here with his family.

Mrs. Hannah Brown and son, Bert, spent Saturday with her daughter, Mrs. Jacob Winegardner.

Mrs. Elizabeth Cutchall left on Saturday to spend the greater part of the summer with her daughters in the lower part of the county.

Mrs. William Fields has been suffering with neuralgia the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. John S. Alexander, from Findlay, Ohio, are visiting his sister, Mrs. John W. Mowers.

S. P. Metzler, organ agent of Burnt Cabins, has placed an organ in the home of James V. Carmack.

Miss Lillian Henry, youngest daughter of J. A. Henry, is spending some time with her uncle, Lynn Kesselring, of Gracey.

Bert Henry, wife and son, Pierce, of Knobsville, spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Kerlin.

Mr. and Mrs. David Fraker and baby Jessie, of Fort Littleton, spent Sunday at her home at N. B. Henry's.

Quite a number of our boys attended the chicken swallop at Harrisonville Saturday night, and they report a fine time.

Landa Wagner has sold his farm to Elmer Ramsey and has purchased Michael Kerlin's property near Laidig.

Walter Brown has a fine young horse that he is training to be a single-footed recker.

Miss Sue Orth of Fort Littleton is visiting the family of John A. Henry.

Clarence Henry, who has been a fireman on the railroad, has returned home to farm for his father.

Arthur Kerlin and Celve Fields started Tuesday for Six Mile Run to work at the carpenter trade for Mr. Edwards.

James Lamberson was in our town Monday looking up his insurance claims.

WEST DUBLIN.

J. F. Johnson saved a lot of stove wood for Hiram Clevenger on Friday.

Dr. Shoemaker was calling on some of his former patrons on Friday.

Albert Edwards has moved from Robertsdale to the J. H. Edwards' farm north of the State Road.

Frank Price has torn down his kitchen, intending to build a larger one.

Mrs. Abram King is visiting her son, Albert and family in Altoona.

J. E. Lyon has had a new hogpen built, and will have a chicken coop built this week.

J. F. Johnson has moved his sawmill from J. E. Lyon's to near Gracey where he will saw a lot of lumber from the Landers farm and for others.

H. K. Mellott's saw-mill has been saving the lumber for a barn at Z. A. Shaw's.

Dwight Thompson and Charles Steach of McConnellsburg stopped at West Dublin last week on their way to Wells Valley.

PLEASANT RIDGE.

Levi P. Morton closed his school last Tuesday.

S. L. Deshong is suffering with a very sore finger at the present time.

Mrs. Laura Mellott made a trip to Salvia last Wednesday.

The Misses Lake, Ida Deshong, Grace Wink, Ella and Eliza Mellott, and Messrs. H. R. Truax, Frank Skiles, Frank Mellott, D. G. Shives, Virgil Bard and Scott Mellott attended school at Morton's Point the last day.

H. R. Truax and S. L. Shives contemplate going to Riddlesburg in the near future.

There seems to be some attraction at a neighbor's house for Virgil Bard. What is it, Virgil?

Back Run.

Mr. and Mrs. George Paylor and son Orman spent Easter with Mr. and Mrs. John Souders.

Bruce Paylor who had scarlet fever, is able to be out again.

Miss Rachel Thomas is spending some time with relatives near Chambersburg.

John Motter is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Motter.

Miss Esther Sloan of Webster Mills called at George Thomas's last Tuesday.

Our school closed April 7th, and the teacher, Chas. W. Seville, gave very nice presents to several of the scholars for good work and regular attendance during the term.

CONFESSIONS OF A PRIEST.

Rev. Jno. S. Cox, of Wake, Ark. writes, "For 12 years I suffered from Yellow Jaundice. I consulted a number of physicians and tried all sorts of medicines, but got no relief.

Then I began the use of Electric Bitters and feel that I am now cured of a disease that had me in its grasp for twelve years." If you want a reliable medicine for liver and kidney trouble, stomach disorder or general debility, get Electric Bitters. It's guaranteed by W. S. Dickson. Only 50c.

HOW I WENT INTO THE GOAT BUSINESS.

When I was about six years old I invested one dollar in some sheep which my father had leased on shares. They were very profitable, and from them I realized about ten dollars. I worked on the farm during the summer and went to school in the winter.

I made a contract with my father to milk our cow for three years, for a calf which was born during the first year of my contract.

When the calf was two years old, my father sold it for fifty dollars. Then he gave me ten dollars to milk during the remainder of my contract time.

While looking over a farm journal, during the winter of 1900 I read an article in it about Angora goats. I had my father read it, and he gave me permission to write for a pamphlet.

This pamphlet emphasized the fact that Angora would clear up old waste land. My father had a farm of about four hundred acres, half of which was cleared. The other half was land that had all the big timber cut out, but had grown up again.

It was a perfect wilderness. We organized a company to buy some Angoras. It was called the Cohill Angora Goat Company, and I was made secretary.

We purchased forty head of registered Angora does. We have been very successful with them, and now have one hundred and forty. One hundred acres of land will, after one more year of Angora browsing, be ready to set in fruit trees.

The president, E. P. Cohill, who is my father, took me to Kansas City last fall to attend the Royal Cattle and Goat Show. While there I learned to judge an Angora, which helped me in buying four Angora kids a few days later.

They are perfect beauties. I also bought "King of Sierra" for the Cohill Angora Goat Company for one hundred and seventy-five dollars. Before the Angora was in his pen I was offered a big sum for him, but he was not for sale.

The day before, he captured first prize in a class of eighteen of the best Angora goat bucks, one year old, to be seen in America.

I am fourteen years old, go to public school, in the eighth grade and have nine Angora goats of my own.—William J. Cohill in Success.

NEW GRENADA.

April 9.—Auntie Duvall is spending a couple of weeks with her old neighbors in Taylor township.

J. M. Keith and wife of Eagle Foundry, visited friends here a couple of days.

Dr. Rowe McClain and son Fred of Cassville, drove over to our village, and when near his mother's place the two ponies he was driving, "skipped the gutter" threw Freddie out, but luckily no one was seriously hurt.

Dr. R. B. Campbell spent a few days in Philadelphia and Harrisburg the past week. In his stay at the latter place he took in the sights at the Capital. He no doubt was learning the ways of the legislature, so that when he goes from Fulton county he will be on to the gang.

The wires of the new telephone line from here to Sixmile Run were all put up the past week, and in another week, phones will be in, and in working order.

About eighteen phones in all—mutual line.

Libbie Grissinger is still confined to her bed with no signs of improvement.

Mrs. Rachel Bolinger is not improving any.

Charles Deshong of Dublin Mills moved to Wells Valley to the old Sep Foster place.

George Black of Robertsdale moved to Comrade Noels property near here—better known as the Henry Stuller place.

Tilden Newman moved into the Butts place, which he purchased recently.

William Butts has moved to Burnt Cabins.

George Thomas moved to our valley. Flick thinks that another "Dimmyerut."

Gus Heaton of near Hustontown moved into the Lodge building at Waterfall.

Alfred Stunkard and David Cline of Wells Tannery were in New Grenada on Sunday.

THE MODERN CENSUS.

Since 1790 the area of the United States has increased from 827,844 to 3,622,933 square miles; the number of counties has increased from 307 to 2867, and the total population has increased from 3,929,214 to 76,303,387, or nineteen fold.

There are four States each possessing in 1900 a population greater than that of the entire nation in 1790, at which time two of the four were an untrodden wilderness. The number of cities with a population of 8000 or over has increased from six to 546, and the number with a population of 25,000 or over from two to 161.

There are now thirty-eight cities having a population exceeding 100,000 and three of these have over 1,000,000 each.

In 1900 the record of capital, wages and value of products of manufactures rises to figures almost beyond comprehension. The capital invested was \$9,846,628,564; the salaries and wages paid amounted to \$2,735,430,848, and the value of products was \$13,039,279,566.

In agriculture the figures are almost equally impressive. The total value of farms in 1900 was \$16,674,690,247, and that of agricultural products in 1899, \$4,739,118,752.

To gather and collate such stupendous figures, not only with accuracy, but so swiftly that the record of population in 1900 appeared as quickly as did the little report of the first census, was a task of the first magnitude. It was, indeed, an evolution.

Such is the modern census. It is a decennial snapshot of the nation for the benefit of all time.—Patrick Henry declared that there was but one lamp by which his feet were guided.—Experience. But so important has the study of facts become that statistics presenting the facts analyzed and classified is the lamp which guides the statesman and the student of to-day.—Director W. R. Merriam's "The Evolution of Census Taking," in April Century.

THOUGHTLESS CHATTER.

A man who is a good amateur actor was speaking recently of the perfunctory remarks and answers made by people meeting casually in society.

Your Column.

To show our appreciation of the way in which the Fulton County News is being adopted into the homes of the people of this county, we have set apart this column for the FREE use of our subscribers for advertising purposes, subject to the following conditions:

1. It is free only to those who are paid-up subscribers. 2. Only personal property can be advertised. 3. Notices must not exceed 30 words. 4. All "legal" notices excluded. 5. Not free to merchants, or any one to advertise goods sold under a mercantile license.

The primary object of this column is to afford farmers, and folks who are not in public business, an opportunity to bring to public attention products or staples they may have to sell, or may want to buy.

Now, this space is yours; if you want to buy a horse, if you want hired help, if you want to borrow money, if you want to sell a pig, a turkey, some hay, a goose, or if you want to advertise for a wife—this column is yours.

The News is read weekly by eight thousand people, and is the best advertising medium in the county.

Hay, Corn and Potatoes for sale by J. H. KENDALL, two miles south of McConnellsburg.

Thompson's Scalp Cleaner and Hair Grower, and Dr. Shade's Superlative and Family Pills always on hand at Thompson's, McConnellsburg.

afternoon function the other day and I began by saying to a girl I knew, 'I have felt very queer in my head lately; I begin to think my doom is approaching. I suppose you have heard,' I added, with apparently assumed lightness, 'that one of my family died in an insane asylum?'

'Really!' she said, smiling brilliantly, and I saw at once she did not hear a word. The next person I tried with my rather startling sentence was of the acquiescing kind.

'Yes, I know,' she replied sympathetically, but she, too, evidently did not take in the import of my words. Finally, however, I came across a woman with a head. She gave me a startled glance and really answered intelligently.

'You are probably overworked, dear Mr. Smith; you should go South for a trip and be out in the open air,' and she really looked concerned. Of course, I could not let her remain under the impression that I was becoming crazy, so I told her my little test and how she was the only one out of quite a number who really took in what I was talking about.

New York Tribune.

A DAY WITHOUT REST.

It may be asked if American domestic habits have not something to do with the frequent breakdown of American nerves, says a Harper's Weekly writer.

In our civilization there are three systems of living out the ordinary working day. There is the French system, which is that of the Continent of Europe in general; there is the English system, and there is the American system.

The Englishman goes to work late and comes away early; but during working hours he works all the time. His luncheon is light and eaten hastily—perhaps at his desk. For this he makes up by a leisurely breakfast and a leisurely dinner.

The Frenchman goes to work early and works hard till noon. The American is apt to under-rate the energy with which the Frenchman works while he is working. But at noon work ceases, and he sits down to an abundant meal, well cooked, well served and eaten with appetite and in peace.

After his dejeuner he has his petit verre, his smoke and perhaps a game of dominoes or cards; while he discusses politics, the arts, or the topics of the day.

Even the laborer, who in America eats his cold midday meal in a ditch or behind a pile of boards, generally sits down in Europe to a decent table.

The American system, as we have said, combines the chief features of the other two. The American goes to work early, like the Frenchman; like the Frenchman, he works hard; like the Frenchman, he works late; but, like the Englishman, he takes no time to himself at midday.

As for any intellectual repose or mental distraction from the grim facts of work—not only is it not thought of, but the very idea would be laughed to scorn. It is scarcely strange, therefore, that Europe should be rich in elegant American widows and orphans, and the churchyard at home too full of young men's graves.

ADVERTISE IN The Fulton County News

Our new Spring Millinery

is now in full display! We are now to the front with the largest and finest line of Millinery ever brought to Fulton county. We are here to try and please one and all, and give the best goods for the least money.

We can save you 20 cts on the dollar as we believe in "quick sales small profits."

We have scores of Trimmed Hats.

besides hundreds of untrimmed ones. Trimmed hats from 50 cents to \$15.00.

Shirt waist hats from 25 cts to \$2.50. Flowers of all description and prices. Sun bonnets from 15 cts to 25 cts.

Infants caps from 20 cts to \$2.00. All over faces from 30 cts to \$1.50. Chiffons and Mulls in all colors.

Ribbons from 2 cts a yd and up. In fact every thing that can be found in a first class millinery store.

Our goods speaks for themselves. Hats trimmed free. Our trimmer Miss Myers is from one of the largest millinery houses in the United States and we are sure her trimming will please you. Call and see us.

MRS. A. F. LITTLE, McConnellsburg, Pa.

ATTENTION!

I am now better than ever prepared to furnish farmers any thing in the way of Implements and Machinery.

Buggies and Spring Wagons Falling-top Buggies from \$40 up Binders and Mowers

Harrows \$8.50 up Corn Shellers Corn Planters Hay Rakes from \$15. up Hay Forks and Rope

Boss Washing Machine Lewis' White Lead at 7 1/2c up Linseed Oil at 60c a gallon

Machine Oil from 20c a gal., up Horse Shoe Nails 10c a lb Wire Nails at 3 1/2c lb

Table Syrup 32c a gallon Double-bit Axes 65c

SEWING MACHINES \$15 UP Smooth Wire—way down Pumps and Pipe at any old price

All kinds of salable Live Stock taken in exchange. If you want anything in my line call and see me; if you haven't time, drop me a postal card and I will call to see you.

W. H. NESBIT, McConnellsburg, Pa.

S. P. METZLER.

DEALER IN Pianos Organs Buggies Carriages

Good marketable stock taken in exchange. When in need of anything in our line write for particulars to S. P. METZLER, burnt Cabins, Pa

McCONNELLSBURG BAKERY

D. E. LITTLE, PROPRIETOR. Fresh Bread, Rolls, Cakes, Doughnuts, and Pretzels on hand all the time.

Free Delivery in town on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.

For Parties, Weddings, &c we are prepared on a couple of days notice to furnish all kinds of cakes &c. Your Patronage Solicited. D. E. LITTLE.

Men Wanted.

Choice country laborers, farm hands, and woodsmen, under 30 years of age to work several years in Wisconsin for \$25.00 a month and board or \$1.85 a day without board. Address Ed REICHENBACH, York, Pa.

THE FULTON COUNTY NEWS. Covers the Field. Then there is the State and National News, War News, a Department for the Farmer and Mechanic, Latest Fashions for the Ladies.

THE JOB DEPARTMENT IS COMPLETE. SALE BILLS, POSTERS, LETTER HEADS, ENVELOPES, CARDS, &c.

In fact anything and everything in the best style along that line. Sample copies of the NEWS sent to any of your friends on request.

CUMBERLAND VALLEY TIME TABLE—May 26, 1902.

Table with columns: Leave, No. 2, No. 4, No. 6, No. 8, No. 10, No. 12. Rows: Winchester, Martinsburg, Hagerstown, Greenbush, Mercersburg, Chambersburg, Waynesboro, Shippensburg, Newville, Carlisle, Mechanicsburg, Dillsburg, Arr. Harrisburg, Arr. New York, Arr. Baltimore.

Train No. 12 east runs daily except Sunday between Hagerstown and Harrisburg, leaving Hagerstown at 7:00 a.m. and arriving at Harrisburg at 8:00 a.m.

Train No. 17 west runs daily except Sunday between Harrisburg and Greenbush, leaving Harrisburg at 8:15 a.m. and arriving at Greenbush at 9:15 a.m.

Additional east-bound local trains will run daily, except Sunday, as follows: Leave Carlisle 8:45 a.m., 7:00 p.m., 8:40 p.m., 8:15 p.m., leave Mechanicsburg 9:08 a.m., 7:29 a.m., 8:18 a.m., 1:04 p.m., 2:30 p.m., 3:36 p.m., 5:30 p.m.

Trains Nos. 8 and 110 run daily between Hagerstown and Harrisburg and No. 2 runs minutes late on Sundays.

Daily except Sunday. Leave (No. 1, No. 3, No. 5, No. 7, No. 9, No. 11, No. 13, No. 15, No. 17, No. 19, No. 21, No. 23, No. 25, No. 27, No. 29, No. 31, No. 33, No. 35, No. 37, No. 39, No. 41, No. 43, No. 45, No. 47, No. 49, No. 51, No. 53, No. 55, No. 57, No. 59, No. 61, No. 63, No. 65, No. 67, No. 69, No. 71, No. 73, No. 75, No. 77, No. 79, No. 81, No. 83, No. 85, No. 87, No. 89, No. 91, No. 93, No. 95, No. 97, No. 99, No. 101, No. 103, No. 105, No. 107, No. 109, No. 111, No. 113, No. 115, No. 117, No. 119, No. 121, No. 123, No. 125, No. 127, No. 129, No. 131, No. 133, No. 135, No. 137, No. 139, No. 141, No. 143, No. 145, No. 147, No. 149, No. 151, No. 153, No. 155, No. 157, No. 159, No. 161, No. 163, No. 165, No. 167, No. 169, No. 171, No. 173, No. 175, No. 177, No. 179, No. 181, No. 183, No. 185, No. 187, No. 189, No. 191, No. 193, No. 195, No. 197, No. 199, No. 201, No. 203, No. 205, No. 207, No. 209, No. 211, No. 213, No. 215, No. 217, No. 219, No. 221, No. 223, No. 225, No. 227, No. 229, No. 231, No. 233, No. 235, No. 237, No. 239, No. 241, No. 243, No. 245, No. 247, No. 249, No. 251, No. 253, No. 255, No. 257, No. 259, No. 261, No. 263, No. 265, No. 267, No. 269, No. 271, No. 273, No. 275, No. 277, No. 279, No. 281, No. 283, No. 285, No. 287, No. 289, No. 291, No. 293, No. 295, No. 297, No. 299, No. 301, No. 303, No. 305, No. 307, No. 309, No. 311, No. 313, No. 315, No. 317, No. 319, No. 321, No. 323, No. 325, No. 327, No. 329, No. 331, No. 333, No. 335, No. 337, No. 339, No. 341, No. 343, No. 345, No. 347, No. 349, No. 351, No. 353, No. 355, No. 357, No. 359, No. 361, No. 363, No. 365, No. 367, No. 369, No. 371, No. 373, No. 375, No. 377, No. 379, No. 381, No. 383, No. 385, No. 387, No. 389, No. 391, No. 393, No. 395, No. 397, No. 399, No. 401, No. 403, No. 405, No. 407, No. 409, No. 411, No. 413, No. 415, No. 417, No. 419, No. 421, No. 423, No. 425, No. 427, No. 429, No. 431, No. 433, No. 435, No. 437, No. 439, No. 441, No. 443, No. 445, No. 447, No. 449, No. 451, No. 453, No. 455, No. 457, No. 459, No. 461, No. 463, No. 465, No. 467, No. 469, No. 471, No. 473, No. 475, No. 477, No. 479, No. 481, No. 483, No. 485, No. 487, No. 489, No. 491, No. 493, No. 495, No. 497, No. 499, No. 501, No. 503, No. 505, No. 507, No. 509, No. 511, No. 513, No. 515, No. 517, No. 519, No. 521, No. 523, No. 525, No. 527, No. 529, No. 531, No. 533, No. 535, No. 537, No. 539, No. 541, No. 543, No. 545, No. 547, No. 549, No. 551, No. 553, No. 555, No. 557, No. 559, No. 561, No. 563, No. 565, No. 567, No. 569, No. 571, No. 573, No. 575, No. 577, No. 579, No. 581, No. 583, No. 585, No. 587, No. 589, No. 591, No. 593, No. 595, No. 597, No. 599, No. 601, No. 603, No. 605, No. 607, No. 609, No. 611, No. 613, No. 615, No. 617, No. 619, No. 621, No. 623, No. 625, No. 627, No. 629, No. 631, No. 633, No. 635, No. 637, No. 639, No. 641, No. 643, No. 645, No. 647, No. 649, No. 651, No. 653, No. 655, No. 657, No. 659, No. 661, No. 663, No. 665, No. 667, No. 669, No. 671, No. 673, No. 675, No. 677, No. 679, No. 681, No. 683, No. 685, No. 687, No. 689, No. 691, No. 693, No. 695, No. 697, No. 699, No. 701, No. 703, No. 705, No. 707, No. 709, No. 711, No. 713, No. 715, No. 717, No. 719, No. 721, No. 723, No. 725, No. 727, No. 729, No. 731, No. 733, No. 735, No. 737, No. 739, No. 741, No. 743, No. 745, No. 747, No. 749, No. 751, No. 753, No. 755, No. 757, No. 759, No. 761, No. 763, No. 765, No. 767, No. 769, No. 771, No. 773, No. 775, No. 777, No. 779, No. 781, No. 783, No. 785, No. 787, No. 789, No. 791, No. 793, No. 795, No. 797, No. 799, No. 801, No. 803, No. 805, No. 8