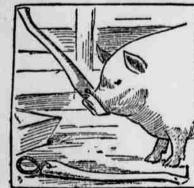
To Know What the Farm is Doing. There is a large field for the farmer to work over in order to find out what the receipts and expenses are. The the receipts and expenses are. The Talk about the monotony of farm life! his butter, but he may not know the cost. It is not difficult to arrive at an out and gone there to live is absolutely estimate of the cost of any article if beyond description. accounts are kept. Progressive farmweighing their food and charging therefor. Even the fields are entered in a book and accounts kept with them. It is extra work, but it is the only way o know what the farm is doing.

How Birds Are Killed.

Two years' study of enemies of birds, aken together with twenty-five years' previous experience, places their prinipal enemies about in the following order, according to their importance: Cats, English sparrows, gunners, boys, rows, jays, hawks, squirrels, black makes. Foxes, skunks, weasels and other small mammals are also to be reckoned with; also owls, shrikes and not of great importance as enemies of the smaller, useful birds. Most farmers keep too many cats, and in many localities vagrant cats are numerous. in good hunting ground it is a poor cat that will not destroy fifty birds each year, mostly young in the nests or inexperienced fledglings. A great many older birds also fall victims to the cat.-The Cultivator.

A Practical Hog Holder.

We take an ax helve that is useless for that purpose any more. Saw off the part that was in the ax and bore a three-quarter-inch hole in the flat part remaining, about two inches from the end. Put a rope or cord, of sufticient length to make a loop eight or ten inches long, through the hole in the helve and tie the ends together in a square knot. There is very little



A STRONG HOG HOLDER

trouble placing this noose. It is tightened when in place by twisting the belve. There is little danger of the hog's biting one's hand when using it.

When we use the contrivance on a horse that balks we call it a "persunder." In his case it is used on the under jaw. By twisting it mercifully a minute, more or less, the horse will start as well as ever. We used it on one of our horses quite a number of times. Have no use for it now .- A. C. Hibbard, in Ohio Farmer,

Raising Young Ducks For Market.

I keep only a few Pekin ducks, thirteen, and four drakes, at present. I feed a mash composed of equal parts meal and bran and fifteen per cent. ground beef scrap, all they will eat twice a day, and sometimes cracked corn at noon. In the winter I feed rowen and some turnips or potatoes. In summer they run in the pasture, so I do not give vegetable food, but feed more bran and less beef scrap.

I sold last year nearly 300 ducklings when from seven to twelve weeks old. cubator. I don't sell any eggs except for hatching. Take the young ducks away from the hens or out of the incubator soon after all are hatched, then remove to brooder, but do not feed for twenty-four or thirty-six hours. For a few days I feed equal parts rolled oats and cracker crumbs or bran, wet up with milk, and add five per cent. coarse sand. From four days to three weeks old, I give them equal parts rolled oats and bran, ten per cent, corn meal and five per cent, fine beef scrap, and use some green feed. From six to eight weeks old I give equal parts meal, bran and out meal feed and five or ten per cent, beef scrap. Grit s kept before them after a day or two. From eight to ten or twelve weeks old feed one-half meal and one-half bran and out feed, and feed them three or four times a day.

I keep them in flocks of twenty-five or fifty, and yard closely, after leaving brooder at from two to three weeks old. They had no protection last year from storms and sun except plank or boards laid over a corner of the pens. shall build a shed this year forty feet long, six feet wide, five feet high in front and two and a half feet at back. Such a shed, I think, will accommodate them until ready for mar-

In dressing them for market I pick them dry, then put them in a tub of water through the day; at night turn off the water, which has become warm and bloody, and put in fresh water and ice. Let them remain in this until morning, then take them out and after they drain awhile, pack in boxes with between each layer of ducks and on top. The first lot of twelve that I killed last year weighed 55 7-16 pounds at eight and a half weeks old.-J. B. Bicknell, in Orange Judd Farmer.

Stand by the Farm. Every little while we hear of some rmer who has sold the old place and oved away to town to spend the rest of his days. It always gives us a sad feeling to learn of these departures. Sad not only because we miss the old familiar faces, but more so for the rea-son that we do not believe that these friends are going to find the happiness

years, it is not like, that they will etter than ever enjoy themselve they did on the farm. I the pitiable sights we know of the most so is the old farmer vibrating back and forth between the house and the store. the loating place about town, restless, uneasy, and hardly knowing what to do with himself from morning till night. One day is just like another. sents itself to the farmer who has sold

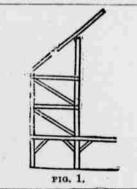
And then, what a difference between ers keep an account with each animal, the fresh, pure air and food of the country and that of the city! There used to be milk fresh and sweet from the cow, vegetables right from the ground, fruit, berries and eggs just brought in. Now everything is state and hardly endurable to the man who knows what fresh farm produce is What wonder if in a little while he begins to long for the old home life! Bu it is too late now. The little nest egg he and his wife have saved up by the work on the farm some way

har disappeared by piecemeal until now he could not buy back the farm if he wanted to ever so bad. Taxes. water rents, fuel and repairs keep up a constant gnawing at the little store. a few others. These, however, are Perhaps there may be sickness, which eats a big hole into the surplus. The old man and his wife see now that they will do well if they save enough out of the farm to give them a decent burial when their time comes. Cling to the old home farm. If

strength fails and you see that you can no longer keep things up as in the days of manhood's prime, hire some one to do the heavy work, let out some of the plow land, but keep your hand on the helm. Be master of your own farm. It will be a home to you as long as you will want a home in this world. Perhaps you may have some good son or daughter who would come on the farm and do the hard work. If so, you are happy, indeed; but keep the deed in your own name. Perhaps it will be better to build a separate house for them. Both of you may be the happier for that. Anyway, keep your old on things all the way through And the old place will shelter and bless you til the end .- E. L. Vincent in New York Tribune Farmer.

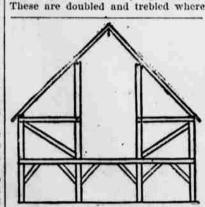
The Brace Frame Barn.

With the scarcity of heavy timber and consequent cost, is it not time farmers who are to erect barns should give some study to the newer methods



of framing, where no timber is thicker than two inches and from six to eight inches wide. The use of modern hay and grain elevating machinery calls for barns with open centers. Upper cross-ties, collar-beams, etc., are in the way, and are quite unnecessary. The brace frame which is here illustrated is the newest thing in barn farming, and at the same time is very much stronger than the old-fashioned frame made of square timber of eight to twelve inches on a side. It is about half as costly, and a first-class carpenter is not required to erect it.

In the brace-frame there are no timbers larger than two by eight inches.



PIG. 2.—BRACE PRAME, THIRTY-SIX FEET WIDE.

great strength is required. Where tensile strength is required, a two by eight is nearly as good as an eight inch square stick tenoned and fastened in the post mortise with a pin. In this frame there is no mortise or tenons The frame is put together with spikes. Hay is taken through the open centre driveway with bridge, or more conveniently at end of barn, where the centre is open to the peak. The advantages of this alone are manifold

The illustrations show clearly the manner of framing any size barn, and its wonderful simplicity. All these

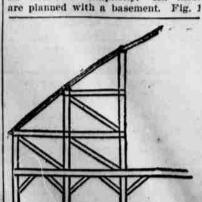


FIG. 3. -- BRACE PRAMP, SLITY PEET WIDE

shows one-half of a bent for a thirty six-foot barn, with twenty-four fool friends are going to find the happiness they anticipate. It means a great deal for a man past the meridian of life to tear up the ties which have bound him to the farm all his life long and move away to the city. We have known many instances where men have done this and soon gone to their long homes. The change from the free, active life out of doors to the sedentary life of the city quickly undermined their health and they soon passed away.

But even if they do live a good many posts, Fig. 2 one bent for a thirty-six foot barn with sixteen-foot posts. Ir

Household Matters

A Spenge For Rubbers.

Mothers who have children going to school will find that a small sponge, kept on purpose for cleaning shoes, is a great convenience. It should be tied to a string and kept in the bathroom It is easily cleaned and leaves no lint on the rubbers.

When Washing Cruets.

If you want cruets or water-bottles to dry quickly after washing, stand them wrong side up under a tap when clean and let the water run on them for a little while. In a few minutes you will find that they are quite dry

Worth Knowing.

if a Kidderminster carpet begins to wear, get a piece of material as near the same color as possible. Cut a piece quite a quarter of a yard all round larger than the hole. Make some moderately thick flour paste, brush it over the new material, lay this at the back of the torn part, and iron till the paste has thoroughly dried.

To Clean Wall Paper. First brush the walls thoroughly; then take a two-pound loaf of bread, at least a week stale, and divide it into good-sized pieces, each with a piece of crust on one side. Holding a piece by the crust, wipe the paper downward from the top, but never work upward or across. The dirt from the paper and the crumbs will fall together, but you must rub very lightly or you will only rub the dirt in.

Unpolished Furniture.

Unfinished mahogany is the popular way of having all the furniture of this beautiful wood. The cabinetmakers now omit the high polish upon dining-room chairs and tables, or the spindlelegged or claw-footed furniture of bedroom and pa.i.w.

Until very recently, the good housewife thought that it was necessary to have chairs and tables oiled and polished until they were a veritable mirror. Now all this is changed, and the dull, dark, unpolished finish is the correct thing.

The frames of pictures that are made of mahogany are now also in an unfinished state. This rich wood is ever popular for water colors, prints and etchings. But those that are highly polished are not now in fashion,

Useful Salt. Such humble things are useful for the tollet, or in aiding health, that the greater part of the world does not

know of the helpful little things that are ever close at hand. Salt, plain table salt, is an article that is useful in many ways beside that of helping to make food savory. It is especially beneficial to bathe tired or weak eyes, and a pinch in warm water will cure the distiguring inflammation that comes from overwork or

from being in the wind. Salt in the

water will also overcome the redness

of the lids. A little salt should occasionally be placed in the water with which the teeth are brushed, as it helps to harden the gums. When it is used for a gargle it will overcome sore throat, if used soon enough, and it is excellent to allay any slight irritation of the throat.

To Keep Eggs bress.

According to the London Lancet, the change in an egg from a fresh to a stale condition is partly due to a loss of moisture and partly to a "disturbance of equilibrium caused by external agencies." This can be avoided, and the eggs kept fresh, that scientific journal alleges, by simply coating the shell with grease as soon as it is laid and before it has time to cool. Eggs treated in this way, the Lancet declares, are so well preserved months after they are laid that they cannot be distinguished from ones newly presented by the hen. It is also declared that eggs can be kept fresh for six months by dipping them as soon as they are taken from the nest in a strong solution of silicate of soda, which stops up the pores of the shell and hermetically seals the egg. If an egg once gets cold it is of no use to treat it after these recipes, for it will then be past preserving, and age will surely render it unfit for anything but bad actors and unpopular spellbinders.

. . RECIPES . .

Watercress Sandwiches - Cut thin slices of bread and butter, cover each slice thickly with leaves of the cress. sprinkle over this finely grated yolk of hard-boiled egg, season with salt and pepper, cut across diagonally and serve in lettuce leaves pinced on a flat dish. In between the sandwiches place a few sprigs of watercress. This makes a very pretty and appetizing dish for luncheon.

Corn Batter Cakes-Put balf a cup of corn meal into a pan with half a teaspoonful of salt; pour one cup of bolling water over it and stir until smooth; beat two eggs and add one pint of milk to them and add this to the cornmeal with another cup and a half of meal; beat well; have the griddle very hot; stir the batter each time before putting on the griddle; do not turn the cakes until they are cooked through.

Potato Pancakes - Pare, wash and grate eight raw potatoes; add to them one level teaspoon of salt, the yolks of two eggs and two tablespoonfuls of bread crumbs; beat the whites of two eggs stiff; add the potatoes, a few at a time, to them; put a little dripping in the frying pan; when it is hot put in a little of the potato mixture, having the cakes the size of a saucer; bake a ight brown on both sides; serve on a

not platter with stewed apples. Fruit Rolls-Sift into two cupfuls of flour two level teaspoonfuls of baking powder and one-half teaspoonful of salt; rub in lightly two tablespoonfuls of butter; when well rubbed in add three-quarters of n cup of milk; mix with a spoon; toss out on a foured board; roll out half an inch thick; spread with softened butter and spread fresh fruit berries and sprinkle with sugar; roll up as for jelly roll; cut in alloes half an inch thick, lay on a pressed pan and bake in a cuck over greased pan, and bake in a quick oven

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

General Trade Conditions.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s "Weekly Review of Trade," says:

"Fuel shortage is still the one seriously disturbing element in the industrial situation. Transporting facilities have been diverted from other merchandister. dise to the disadvantage of shippers, yet iron furnaces are unable to secure sufficient supplies of coke, and many other manufacturing plants are closed because of inadequate coal deliveries.
"Retail trade was accelerated by the

customary clearance sales, especially in dry goods and kindred branches. Traveling men are sending in large orders for spring goods.

for spring goods,
"Quiet conditions in the iron and
steel markets do not mean dullness or diminishing consumption, but merely the oversold condition of furnaces and mills, together with great uncertainty about keeping plants active on a day-to-day supply of fuel.

New plans constantly come forward

for large office buildings, notably at the West, which means vigorous consumption of structural steel and the demand from car builders are phenomenal. Practically the entire capacity of the leading plants is already booked for six months, and at many concerns the last half of the year will bring no idleness unless orders are capseled. unless orders are canceled.

"Eastern manufacturers of footwear Lastern manufacturers of footwear are fully employed on spring shoes. Quiet conditions in leather have been succeeded by an increased demand for hemlock sole and standard upper. Last week's slight recovery in the hide martet was not sustained. Dry goods trading has increased in volume. There is ittle disposition to suite disposition to sustained. ittle disposition to anticipate wants in the cotton goods division, but immediate needs have evidently grown more pressing. In the woolen goods division the opening of piece dyes was nade at an advance. Only moderate

luctuations have occurred in the great taples with the tendency upward.

"Failures for the week numbered 267 n the United States, against 334 last year, and 38 in Canada, compared with 10 a year ago." to a year ago.

LATEST QUOTATIONS.

Flour-Spring clear, \$3 25a3.45; best Patent, \$4.65; choice Family, \$3.90. Wheat-New York No. 2, 81%c; Philadelphia No 2, 79a7916; Baltimore

Corn-New York No. 2, 59c; Philalelphia No. 2, 54a55c; Baltimore No. 2,

Oats-New York No. 2, 41c; Phila lelphia No. 2, 42a4256e; Baltimore No 2,

Hay-No. 1 timothy, \$19.50a20.00; No. 2 timothy, \$18.50a19.00; No. 3 tim-sthy \$16.50a17.50

Fruits and Vegetables .- White Pota oes-With receipts less liberal and quite an improvement in the demand, the market rules stendy and firm. Apples—ill good to choice fruit trees of fungus are in good demand. Cabbage—with juite a falling off in the receipts, there a much firmer feeling on all good to thoice stock. Sweet potatoes are in imple supply for present needs; the narket rules quiet but steady. We juste: Cabbage—Danish large, per ton \$5.50a9.50; domestic, per ton \$7.50a8.00 Potatoes—Maryland and Pennsylvania, ner bu 55a18c; Fastern per bu 55a 68c; Potatoes—Maryland and Pennsylvania, per bu 65a68c; Eastern per bu 65a 68c; Eggplant, Florida, per orange box \$1.00 a1.25. Onions—yellow, per bu 70a75c; red, per bu 60a65c. Celery, per doz 25a40c. Apples—Eastern, good to 2hoice, per bri \$2.00a3.00; W estern, do do do do de \$1.75a2.50; No. 2 all kinds \$1.00a1.25. Sweet Potatoes—Potomac yellow, per bri \$2.75a3 00; North Carolina, yellow, \$2.25a2.50; Eastern shore yellow, \$2.00a2.25. Yams, yellow, \$1.50 a1.65.

Butter, Separator, 30a31c; Gathered cream, 28a 29c; prints,1-lb 31a32c; Rolls, 2-lb, 30a31c; Dairy pts. Md., Pa., Va., 28a29c. Eggs, Fresh-laid eggs, per dozen,

Cheese, Large, 60-lb, 14%a14%c; me-

dium, 36-lb, 14 4 a14%; picnics, 23-lb, 14 5 n 14% c. Live Poultry, Hens, 12a1236e; old

roosters, each 25a30c; Turkeys, 15a16c; Ducks, 12a13c Hides, Heavy steers, association and ilters, late kill, 60-lbs and up, close se-

lection, 11a12c; cows and light steers 8 a9c. Provisions and Hog Products .- Bulk clear rib sides, 9%; bulk shoulders, 9%; bulk bellies, 10%; bulk ham butts, 10c; bacon clear rib sides, 10%; bacon

shoulders, 1036c; sugar-cured breasts, 1236c; sugar-cured shoulders, 1036c; sugar-cured California hams, 10c; hams canvased or uncanvased, 12 lbs. and under, 14%c; refined lard tierces, bris and 50 lb cans, gross, 10%c; refined lard, half-barrels and new tubs, 11c.

Live Stock.

Chicago, Cattle, Mostly 15a20olower, good to prime steers \$5 00a6 85; medium \$3.00a4 75; stockers and feeders \$2 25 a4 50; cows, \$1 40a4 40; heifers \$2 25a 4 75; Texas-fed steers \$3 50a4 .75 Hogs, Mixed and butchers \$6 30a6 65; good to choice, heavy \$6 70a6 90; Sheep, sheep and lambs slow to lower; good to choice whethers \$4 25a4 60; Western sheep \$4 25a6 10.

East Liberty, Cattle steady; choice \$5 75a5 90; prime \$5 40a5 60. Hogs, prime heavy \$6 70a6 80, mediums \$6 55; heavy Yorkers \$6 60a6 65. Sheep steady, Best wethers \$4 10a4 35 culls and common \$2 60a3 90; choice lambs \$5 75a6 10.

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

Steamfitters are Duluth, Minn., have

About 5000 workmen are employed in the meerschaum mines of Turkey. Street passenger traffic of London, England, gives employment to 50,000

Syracuse (N. Y.) bakers will de nand day work after May 3, 1903.
The standard rate of wages for hand compositors in England is \$9.48 a week Miners in the Russian iron mines work to hours a day. Night work is

Des Moines (Iowa) horseshoers have made a successful demand for a nine

Carpenters, painters and masons o' Canandaigua, N. Y., will ask for in creased wages after April 1. Under the rule of the Carpenters and Joiners' Union no strike can be ordered between November and April.

The organization of the New England District Lodge of Boilermakers and Iron Shipbuilders was completed recently. Trimmers employed by the Oakland (Cal.) Gas Light and Heat Company have received an increase of \$10 a month.

A Central Labor Union, comprising

A Central Labor Union, comprising nearly all the labor unions of Augusta Hallowell and Gardiner. Maine, has been formed.

The National Association of Blas Furnace Workers purposes to take a referendum vote on the question of a general strike for an eight-hour work

USE TAYLOR'S Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein Beture's Great Remedy for Coughs, Colds, LaGrippe all Throat and Lung Troubles. Thoroughly tested to go years. All Druggists. 25c, 60c and 51.00. Sin, says old Uncle Si, am a whale dat allers got he mouf open ready fur a Jonaii, and Intemperance am an aigg frum what Satan guyin ter hatch out all de vices dey is.

Silence overcometh all things, even

THE CHILDREN ENJOY

Life out of doors and out of the games which they play and the enjoy-ment which they receive and the efforts which they make, comes the

greater part of that healthful development which is so essential to their

happiness when grown. When a laxative is needed the remedy which is given to them to cleanse and sweeten and strengthen the internal organs on which it acts, should be such as physicians would sanction, because its

component parts are known to be wholesome and the remedy itself free from

every objectionable quality. The one remedy which physicians and parents,

well-informed, approve and recommend and which the little ones enjoy, because of its pleasant flavor, its gentle action and its beneficial effects, is-

Syrup of Figs-and for the same reason it is the only laxative which should

naturally without griping, irritating, or nauseating and which cleanses the

system effectually, without producing that constipated habit which results

from the use of the old-time cathartics and modern imitations, and against

which the children should be so carefully guarded. If you would have them

grow to manhood and womanhood, strong, healthy and happy, do not give

them medicines, when medicines are not needed, and when nature needs

assistance in the way of a laxative, give them only the simple, pleasant and

laxative principles of plants with pleasant aromatic syrups and juices, but

also to our original method of manufacture and as you value the health of

the little ones, do not accept any of the substitutes which unscrupulous deal-

ers sometimes offer to increase their profits. The genuine article may be

bought anywhere of all reliable druggists at fifty cents per bottle. Please

the front of every pack-

age. In order to get its

beneficial effects it is al-

ways necessary to buy the genuine only.

to remember, the full name of the Company-

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO .- is printed on

Its quality is due not only to the excellence of the combination of the

Syrup of Figs is the only remedy which acts gently, pleasantly and

be used by fathers and mothers.

gentle-Syrup of Figs.

A Central Park Vignette.

Along one of the walks running orthward toward the Mall the other

day an aged colored woman shambled. She seemed weary and weak, and her ill-matched and much-patched clothes were kept in place by pins and strings. As she came abreast of the big stat-

nes of Burns and Scott a young girl with a Boston terrier passed her. The girl was walking rapidly—she was giving her dog its morning exercise—but

something made her pause and look back at the shambling figure. Perhaps

the old colored woman reminded her of a once-endeared old "mammy," for she

was a Southern girl; at any rate, her

hand went into her chatelaine bag and drew out a dollar bill.

Then, in spite of the protests of the terrier, the girl followed the dusky fig-

tapped the old figure on the shoulder.

long and steadily at the dollar bill.

blessed chile to pick it up for me."

In Days of Old.

In the early part of the eighteenth century the London theatres opened at six o'clock, and as it was, therefore, difficult for playgoers to arrive punctually, and obtain seats, many of them sent footmen, or hired men from the

streets, to secure places for them. These sat in the seats until those who

had sent them came, and the custom prevailed until 1766, when the system

now in force was adopted: A footman used to be sent early to take places and keep them by the simple but ef-fectual plan of sitting on them till his

masters and mistresses arrived. Such a practice would now be considered an

intolerable nuisance; but people in those days were much less particular,

and appear to have thought nothing of sitting for an act or two cheek by jowl with a flunky or, worse, with a vagabond picked up in the street.

It you want creamery prices do as the creameries do, use JUNE TINT BUTTER

Some men take things so easily that it is wonder they don't get all the contagious iscuses.

lam sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved

my life three years ago. — Mrs. Thomas Con-Fixs, Maple St., Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1993.

A pearl fisher of western Australia named Broome has found a pearl whose value is estimated at \$75,000.

A Chain

is no stronger than its

weakest link. A fertilizer

is just as dangerous as a

chain with a cracked link.

POTASH

STATE OF ORIO, CITY OFT CLEDO, STATE OF ORIC, CITY OFT OLEDO,
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CRENEY, make oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of one hundred document that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's CATABER CUBY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, SEAL. A. D., 1886. A. W. GLERSON.

Molary Public.

Hall's Catarric Cure is taken internally, and sets directly on the blood and mucous sur-

life itself at last.

acts directly on the blood and mucous sur-faces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. Carager & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

ure. But as she approached her heart seemed to fail her, and the woman, who sat on a bench and sketched this little vignette, heard her murmur:— "She might feel insulted." Then she Several counterfeiters of paintings by famous masters have lately been arrested and imprisoned at Dusseldorf.

"Excuse me, aunty," she said, "I think you dropped this." She held out the bill, but the colored woman gave a wistful look at it and shook her head.
"No. honey; no, honey," she affirmed, with much politness. "I didn't drap that; 'deed an I didn't honey." Many School Children Are Sickly. Nother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children, Bome, New York, break up Colds in 24 hours, cure Feverishness, Constitution, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders and Destroy "Oh," persisted the girl, laughing, "you didn't know it, maybe, but I reckon you dropped it." And pushing the bill into one of auntie's hands, she rapidly turned and ran away, the terrier at her bare. cure Feverishness, Constipation, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders and Destroy Worms, At all druggists, 25c. Sample malled FREE, Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N.Y.

In a Sussex (England) village is part of a garden paling made wholly out of the swords of swordish For a moment the surprised recipient of the gift seemed dazed, and looked

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflamma tion, allays pain, cures wind colle, 25c, a bottle Then she turned to the woman on the

"I did need dis dollah, I tell you, miss, an' de Lawd He done sent dat Cats and other beasts of prey reflect lifty times as much light from their eyes

as human beings. FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervous-ress after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great cerveRestorer. \$2trial bottleand treatise fre-br. P.H. KLINE, Ltd., 981 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Half a dozen Peruvian mummies were ecently auctioned off in London at less

An Egg of the Great Auk.

Recently at an auction sale in Lon-Recently at an auction sale in London, which was judiciously advertised, an egg of the great auk was put up, which, after some lively bidding, was knocked down for one thousand two hundred and sixty dollars. That is said to be a very good price. But auk eggs have been sold in London for as much as fitteen hundred dollars. The reason for these enormous prices; is natson for these enormous prices is nat-urally to be found in the scarcity of the egg. The bird is extinct, and not over seventy of its eggs are in exist-

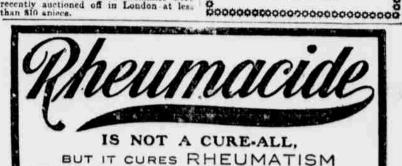
To be superior to luxury is often petter than being accustomed to it, and

ST. JACOBS

POSITIVELY CURES

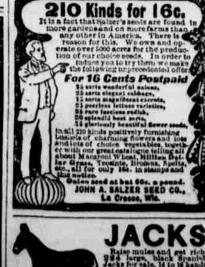
Rheumatism Neuralgia Backache Headache reetache All Bodily Aches

CONQUERS



And all diseases arising from impurities in the blood. It positively will not injure the digestive organs, tatarrh, Kidney, Liver and Stomach troubles disappear under the powerful blood purifying qualities of this medicine. TWO BOTTLES CURED. Gentlemen:—I take pleasure in bearing testimony to the curative properties of your "BREWMACIDE. Two bottles cured my son of a bad case. If this will be of any bought to you in advertising your meritorious remedy, you can use it.

Yours truly. W. H. RAND. Steward, N. C. Institution for Bind. All Druggists, \$1.00, or expressage prepaid. Bobbitt Chemical Co., . - Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.



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