

EIGHTY LIVES LOST IN SHIPWRECK.

The Steamer Islander Struck an Iceberg Off Douglas Island.

BOILERS BURST AS STEAMER SANK.

Wife of the Governor of Yukon Territory and Her Child Among the Victims of the Disaster—Many Other Passengers and Some of the Crew Go Down With the Ill-fated Steamer.

Victoria, B. C. (Special).—The steamer Islander, the crack passenger steamer of the Alaskan route, operated by the Canadian Pacific Navigation Company of this city, struck an iceberg off Douglas Island at 2 o'clock Thursday last and went to the bottom, carrying down to 80 souls, including passengers and members of the crew. Some of the survivors arrived here by the steamer Queen. They report that as the vessel went down the boilers exploded, causing the death of many who might have escaped. Captain Foote was on the bridge when the vessel struck and stayed there and went down with his steamer.

Among the passengers lost on the Islander were: Mrs. Ross, wife of the governor of the Yukon Territory, her child and niece; Dr. John Duncan, of this city; W. G. Preston and family; Seaside; E. Mills, Victoria; Mrs. J. C. Henderson, Victoria; W. H. Kenting and two sons, Los Angeles; C. J. V. Douglas, Vancouver; Mrs. Phillips and child, Seattle; Mr. Tall, Victoria; Mrs. Nicholson, wife of Captain Nicholson.

The members of the crew lost are: Captain Foote, George Allan, third engineer; Horace Smith, second steward; S. J. Pitts, cook; two Chinamen; Buck-hooder and Burke, others; two firemen; Night Saloon Watchman Kendall; Joe Bard, second pantryman; two waiters; Clay Miller, bar; N. Law, M. P. Jock, Porter and Moran, coal passers.

ROBBED BY EMPLOYE.

Secretary of the New York Branch of Swift & Co. Short in Accounts.

New York (Special).—It has just become known that the New York branch of Swift & Co., the Chicago packers, had been robbed of a considerable sum of money by its secretary and treasurer. The local office is incorporated as a New York corporation. Its secretary and treasurer was John Hayden, 35 years of age.

Following his usual custom, John Chapman, an auditor in the Chicago office of the company, came to this city to make an inspection of the accounts. Hayden met Mr. Chapman and turned over the books to him. Hayden left his office for a short time, but the next day could not be found. Mr. Chapman continued in his work and at present the loss is variously estimated at from \$10,000 to \$50,000.

BRITISH SYMPATHY WITH STRIKERS.

Congressman Grosvenor Says Englishmen Want Our Industries to be Crippled.

London (By Cable).—Prior to his departure for New York on the American Line steamer St. Paul, Congressman Grosvenor, of Ohio, referred to the wide-spread interest taken in Great Britain in the American steel strike.

"The sympathy of the British public," said the congressman, "is strongly with the strikers, not for any good feeling for the men, but they hope our industrial systems may be as damaged and crippled as theirs have been. They hope the closing of our mills will force us to buy from their and permanently defeat our prosperity."

EXPECTS BOTH'S SURRENDER.

Nather Incredible Story Published in a London Paper Concerning the War.

London (By Cable).—The Sun says it hears that the concentration of General Botha's forces at Hondwen, on the borders of Zululand, announced in a dispatch from Durban, does not foreshadow a fight with the British, but a surrender with an understanding reached between General Botha and Lord Kitchener. The Sun adds that the government is satisfied that the war is virtually over, and that Lord Milner, now on his way back to South Africa, has in his pocket the draft of a complete constitution and plans for the future government of the annexed territories.

Fought in Two Wars.

Harrisburg (Special).—Gen. Joseph F. Knipe, who saw service in two wars, died at his home in this city, after a lingering illness. He fought through the Mexican War with General Scott and in the Civil War he took part in all the battles in which the Twelfth Corps figured, from Chattanooga to Atlanta. He afterward served as chief of cavalry in the Army of the Tennessee. He was retired in 1865, at his own request, as a brigadier-general, after having declined a colonel's rank in the regular service. He was postmaster of Harrisburg during President Johnson's administration, and at the time of his death was connected with the Pennsylvania State Department.

5,000 Men on His Trail.

Sherman, Tex. (Special).—The search for Moses Winder, the half-breed negro who is charged with having murdered Mrs. Caldwell near South Mayd, continues. Poses are covering all the territory from South Mayd, in Grayson county, to Woodville, 100 miles, a distance of 100 miles. Several arrests have been made, but the suspects were soon released. Should the negro be run down his fate is not a matter of conjecture. The officers, however, are taking steps against mob violence. Sheriff Shrewsbury says there are 5,000 men on the trail.

One Farmer Killed Another.

Sparta, Ga. (Special).—Chauncey Boyer, a farmer living about 10 miles from town, was shot and instantly killed by C. A. Brookin, a neighbor, near the home of the latter. Some matters in litigation led up to the trouble. Brookin is in jail. Boyer leaves a widow and child.

Veterinarians Have a Chance.

Washington (Special).—The War Department will soon hold a competitive examination to fill at vacancies in the veterinarian service of the army.

Killed by a Train.

Stroudsburg, Pa. (Special).—While walking across a bridge on the New York, Susquehanna and Western Railroad Edgar Rosenthal and his sister Pauline of Rosenthal, were struck by a freight train and hurled to the ground. The former was so badly injured that he died a few hours after the accident. Miss Rosenthal is said to be fatally injured.

Hotel at Kenova Burned.

Kenova, W. Va. (Special).—The Cottage Hotel was burned to the ground at 1 o'clock a. m. The inmates were all rescued. Loss, \$80,000.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

Domestic.

Wm. E. Douglass, formerly assistant teller of the Guarantee Trust and Savings Company of Philadelphia, who was arrested in Boston, decided to return to Philadelphia without a requisition. The roots at the American steel and Wire Mills, at Joliet, Ill., will force them to shut down increasing the number of workmen out at that place to 6,000, many of them involuntarily.

President Search, of the National Association of Manufacturers, will call a meeting shortly for the discussion of reciprocity with foreign nations.

Rev. Charles W. Perkins, of Boston, will become president of Denison University, Granville, Ohio.

Twenty-nine ships chartered to carry grain are tied up in San Francisco harbor because of the strike.

John Winters, who robbed the Selby Smelting Company, of California, of \$200,000, pleaded guilty.

Dr. T. D. Wood, of Stanford University, Cal., has accepted a call to Columbia University.

A plan is on foot to have built a fine bridge across the Missouri river at Kansas City.

The removal of tobacco tariff has revived business in Porto Rico.

J. Spear Gilchrist was found dead in bed at Elkins, W. Va.

Reports received in San Francisco state that the ship Manchester, which sailed nearly a year ago from New York for Yokohama, and which has been reported missing, was wrecked on the coast island of Pinar, in the Pacific Ocean.

Mr. Charles H. P. Sharrett, member of the board of appraisers at New York, will be the American representative in China in connection with the adjustment of the tariff of that country.

The arrest of railroad ticket brokers in St. Louis has led, it is claimed, to the exposure of a great scheme to counterfeit tickets and passes. The B. & O.'s tickets were among those on the list.

A romance of the Spanish war resulted in the marriage in Philadelphia of Lieut. Henry Watterston, Jr., and Senorita Blanca Esther Casanova, a beautiful Cuban girl.

The United Fruit Company's steamer Ethelwood, bound from Port Plata, Jamaica, for Boston, with bananas, was ashore on Baker's Island. She freed herself.

A number of the cotton manufacturers of New England are opposed to reducing wages September 1, lest it should precipitate general strikes.

The Chicago Board of Health is making tests to ascertain definitely if bovine tuberculosis can be communicated to human beings.

Col. John D. Elliott, an ex-Confederate officer, died at his home near Dix, N. C.

Mr. Michael Davitt, M. P., addressed an Irish-American gathering in Chicago.

At Miami, Fla., Mr. Henry M. Flagler, the Standard Oil millionaire, was granted a divorce under a new State statute giving insanity of four years' standing a sufficient cause for divorce. Mrs. Flagler has been confined in an asylum for many years.

Foreign.

It is said that the Crown Prince of Germany will marry one of the daughters of the Duke of Connaught, and that another daughter, Princess Margaret, is betrothed to the Czarwitich of Russia.

The first Parliament of King Edward VII. wound up its business and adjourned. Some of the London newspapers were severe in their comments on the work of the Parliament.

The body of Kurdis has been raising a section of Armenia. Twelve villages have been destroyed, the men and boys murdered and the young women carried off to harems.

Owing to poor crops in certain sections another famine is expected in one-third of the provinces of European Russia.

Hugh C. Kelly and Ethel, daughter of Sir Arthur Forwood, were married in London and started for America.

Mr. Chamberlain, in reply to a criticism of Sir William Vernon Harcourt, said that the House of Commons, said in regard to the devastation policy, that it was nothing compared with General Sherman's campaign.

The editor and publisher of the London Globe has been ordered to appear before the bar of the House of Commons for accusing Nationalist members of corruption in connection with private bill legislation.

Over 500 persons, mostly women, implicated in the fire at the harem of the Yildiz palace, have been banished from Constantinople to Arabia.

Latest advices indicate the steady advance of the rebels in Panama. Both sides are committing cruel atrocities.

Professor Schenk led an interesting discussion in the biological congress at Berlin on the predetermining of sex.

The House of Lords rushed through its second reading a bill granting special powers for a transatlantic line which is to send ships across in four and a half days.

Commander Frederick M. Wise, who was in command of the old Monocacy when she was fired on by the Chinese at Taku, died in a hospital at Yokohama.

Saraffoff, president of the Macedonian Committee and other members, who had been on trial in Sofia, Bulgaria, charged with murder, were released.

In manifestation of the discontent prevailing on the island of Malta, the Union Jack was torn to pieces and the British flag hoisted in its place.

The Czar has conferred on Count von Walderssee the Andreas Order, with diamonds and swords, which is the highest Russian decoration.

THE FIRST FIGHT AT ENCONTRADOS.

Battle in Which the Colombians Were Compelled to Retire.

STEAMERS SEIZED AND RECAPTURED.

Four Thousand Men From the Frontier of Cucuta, Led by Dr. Rangel Garbais, in the Invasion—Ten Thousand Men Manned on the Frontier for the Defense of Venezuela.

Washington (Special).—The Department of State has received a dispatch from the consul at Maracaibo, reporting that Dr. Rangel Garbais has invaded Venezuela with 4,000 men from the frontier of Cucuta. Everything in the hands of the Venezuelan government to meet the invaders.

The first fight took place at Encontrados and the invaders were obliged to retire.

The invaders took two steamers to come to Maracaibo, but these boats were recaptured by the Venezuelan troops.

The Venezuelan government has issued the following decrees:

"General Diego Bautista Ferrer, Provisional President of the State of Zulia; considering that the peace in general has been greatly disturbed by an invasion to the Venezuelan territory with an armed force of Colombians, commanded by the traitor Carlos Rangel Garbais, as per declaration issued by the provisional president of the republic and in compliance with the dispositions on public order therein specified, suspending the rights and guarantee referred to in the national constitution."

DESTROYERS IN WATER.

Three New Fighters Launched at Sparrows Point, Near Baltimore.

Baltimore, Md. (Special).—In the presence of more than 200 people, among whom were a number of distinguished visitors from New York, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Washington, the three torpedo boat destroyers now being constructed at Sparrows Point by the Maryland Steel Company were launched with great enthusiasm.

The Whipple left the ways at 1:48, the Truxton at 2:03 and the Worden at 2:13. The Whipple was christened by Miss Elsie Pope, of St. Paul, Minn. The Truxton was christened by Miss Isabelle Truxton, of Norfolk, Va., the granddaughter of Commodore Truxton, of Norfolk, Va., and Mrs. Emilie D. N. Worden, of New York, christening the Worden. After the launching the guests were entertained at luncheon by the Maryland Steel Company.

AMERICANS MAKE BIG CAPTURE.

Colonel Cabrera, an Insurgent Chief, Made Prisoner in the Philippines.

Manila (By Cable).—Second Lieut. Walter S. Grant, of the Sixth Cavalry, while scouting with a detachment near Taal, Batangas Province, has made what the military authorities consider the most important capture since Aguinaldo was made prisoner. Grant captured Col. Martin Cabrera, his adjutant and six other insurgents. Cabrera had been growing in power for some time in the mountains of the insurgent in southern Batangas and also those westward of the city of Batangas.

Colonel Panganiban, a captain and twenty men with twenty-six rifles and considerable ammunition have surrendered to Lieut. Grant. Smith, of the Twentieth Infantry, and Mr. Eschelle, a portion of General Malvar's command. After taking the oath of allegiance they were released.

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200 MILES AN HOUR.

Remarkable Speed is Claimed for Cigar-Shaped Elevated Cars.

New York (Special).—Within a few days the American Elevated Railroad Company will emerge from rather mysterious obscurity by the announcement of an important transportation project.

At least this was the statement of October 15, according to the report of the company. At the last meeting the capital stock of the company was raised from \$100,000 to \$500,000.

The base of the project is a new form of electrical transportation. It is a cigar-shaped car running on a central rail and elevated structure. The car is carried in two outer rails. It is said to be capable of a speed of 200 miles an hour at a cost of but one-fourth of the present method.

MOB RETREATS BEFORE SHERIFF.

Henry Pratt Saved From Lynchers by Plucky Alabama Official.

Tuscaloosa, Ala. (Special).—A mob of about fifty men entered the jail before daylight determined to lynch the negro Henry Pratt, charged with attempted assault on Sallie Rice, a little white girl. The mob forced their way up the steps into the first part of the building, and finding the deputy sheriff and where the sheriff was sleeping. The mob demanded the keys to the part of the jail containing the prisoner, but the sheriff informed them that the keys were locked up in the safe in the sheriff's office. The mob, however, did not give up. They broke through the door and entered the jail. The sheriff secured a loaded shotgun. This apparently cowed the mob, and they left the jail and dispersed.

BIG STEEL WORKS SOLD.

Bethlehem Steel Company Likely Passes Into Control of the Trust.

Bethlehem, Pa. (Special).—The stockholders of the Bethlehem Iron Company voted almost unanimously to accept the price of \$7,500,000 offered by the Bethlehem Steel Company for the big steel and ordnance works here, and to let later directors consummate the deal.

The deal, it is said, has a purchaser for the plant, and it is generally believed that this purchaser is Charles M. Schwab, president of the United States Steel Corporation, and it is also believed that he will buy the property of the Vickers-Maxim Company and the Cramp Shipbuilding Company. The works employ 4,000 skilled mechanics.

Phillips Will Pay to Full.

Chicago (Special).—George H. Phillips, the depositor, will pay in full. The expert accountants who have been working overtime in an effort to get the angle of account in the broker's books made a detailed statement which shows that the company is solvent and the total liabilities of the concern are less than \$200,000, well within the assets of the young operator and his associates. "I said the first day that every penny would be paid as soon as our books were straightened out," Mr. Phillips declared with a smile.

Serious Fire in Pennsylvania.

Chambersburg, Pa. (Special).—The village of Dry Run, Pa., was almost destroyed by fire. The fire originated in the Hammond Hotel stable and spread to the hotel, destroying it, together with four stores and six residences. There is no fire apparatus in the town. The loss is estimated at \$400,000 partially insured.

Woman Chose Unlucky Suicide Method.

Clarksburg, W. Va. (Special).—Miss Mary Corner, of Bridgeport, aged 39 years, sat down on the railroad track in front of an approaching train and was instantly killed. She was dependent.

Offers Life to Aid Science.

Denver, Col. (Special).—T. L. Monson, State Dairy Commissioner of Colorado, an ardent believer in the theory advanced by Prof. Koeh that animal tuberculosis is not communicable to humans, either directly or by product, has just made a remarkable offer to the world. He offered \$10,000 ready and willing to be inoculated with the germs of animal tuberculosis and submit to any test that may be imposed by a committee of surgeons and specialists, provided a suitable provision is made for his family in case the experiment should have a fatal termination.

BY FIRE AND WATER.

Twelve Lives Lost at the Waterworks Crib on Erie, at Cleveland, Ohio.

Cleveland, Ohio (Special).—Five men were burned to death, four were drowned, three and possibly four were suffocated and several were injured as a result of a fire which destroyed a temporary waterworks crib two miles off the Cleveland harbor.

Twenty-six men obeyed the order of Manager G. C. Van Deusen, when the flames broke out, and took refuge in the water on floating pieces of wreckage. Four of them lost their holds upon their frail floats and sank just as help reached their comrades. The crew of the tug J. R. Sprinkle heard the fire whistle blown from the crib and raced to the scene from the harbor. They picked up 18 of the survivors who had drifted toward the west of the crib on their floats of boards and wreckage.

Van Deusen and three of his men were hanging in the water from a two-inch line suspended from the crib. Just as the line was being raised above the water, the men were taken by the tug Wilhelm, manned by two men, barged into the veil of heat and smoke that enveloped the crib, and rescued the four men on the rope at the risk of the boatmen's lives. The men picked up in the water were brought to the city on the tug Sprinkle. They were naked, exhausted and badly burned. Many of them were cut by falling timbers.

The crib is a total loss. It was a frame building 200 feet by 50 feet, the sides sheathed with iron. It contained valuable machinery, including a large iron shapers mill with an annual output of 2,000,000 tons. It has signed the union scale, is working full and has given employment to many of the strikers.

Frank Shuman was asked whether it would help the Steel Corporation to purchase the Republic Company.

"All I care to say," he replied, "is that if it does it will simply be buying a lot of idle mills."

This is a direct threat that if the Republic passes under the control of the trust the union men will be called on to quit work. No one doubts that the Amalgamated Association has the power, and it is no exaggeration to say that the union men in the Republic mills would cease to work just as soon as the suggestion had been transferred to the trust became well founded.

The strike leaders have accepted in good faith the challenge of Mr. Schwab that it is to be a war of extermination. They have succeeded so well in their first week following the general strike order that even the steel manufacturers have respect for their leadership.

GOMEZ WILL NOT BE PRESIDENT.

He Refuses to Take the Nomination, Saying Palma is Best Man.

Havana (Special).—General Maximo Gomez has addressed a letter to the local committee of the National party in Havana, who have chosen him as a candidate for the Presidency of Cuba, and Senor Estrada Palma as a candidate for the Vice-Presidency. The communication runs in part as follows:

"On hearing what the committee have done I hasten to say that I must refuse to undertake such high office under the republic. So far as candidates are concerned, I look upon Senor Estrada Palma and Senor Maso as the best selections that could be made for the Presidency and Vice-Presidency. Let all Cubans agree upon this entirely stable and stable government, and I will deal with the external relations in which Cuba will have to exist as a republic."

CALIFORNIA STAGE HELD UP.

Robber Gets Money and Valuables From Twenty Passengers.

San Francisco (Special).—One man armed with a repeating rifle held up a stage loaded with twenty passengers on the Calistoga and Clear Lake road, some eighty miles north of here. After taking the express box, the mail bag and watches and purses of passengers he handed ordered the stage driver to go on. He got a few hundred dollars, but the exact amount is not known. The passengers were all terrified. The highwayman wore a handkerchief over his face and had cut holes in it for his eyes. This is the third robbery in this section in the last three weeks.

Two Killed by Lightning.

Greenville, S. C. (Special).—A terrific electrical storm visited this section doing considerable damage in the mill village of the American Spinning Company. A six-room house was struck and Miss Victoria Levi and Miss Busbee were almost instantly killed. Klingham was also struck but is still living, although his condition is serious. Four children of the Russell family, who were occupants of the house, were also shocked, remaining unconscious for several hours.

Fought With an Eagle.

Binghamton (Special).—William Ballenstedt, an 11-year-old boy, whose home is in Memoc, Ill., had a life and death struggle with an eagle which attacked him near Waverly, N. Y., where he was visiting. The lad fought with stick until nearly overcome from wounds from the bird's talons. Then a farmer appeared with a gun and shot the eagle, which was found to measure seven feet.

Hat Manufacturers' Trust.

New York (Special).—Efforts are being made here to form a Hat Manufacturers' Trust, and it is said articles of incorporation will be filed by those interested in the project within a few days. About twenty of the leading manufacturers of the United States are expected to enter the combine.

Private Hayward Killed.

Washington (Special).—The War Department has been advised of the death of Private Fred Hayward, Troop H, Ninth Cavalry, which occurred at Matanzas, Cuba, August 2. His death was due to gunshot wounds.

Father and Son Drowned.

Frederick, Md. (Special).—James Birch and his little 5-year-old son were drowned at Grove's linekins, near here. The boy went to water a horse in the quarry. When his father arrived he saw his son's hat floating on the water, directly over a portion of the pool fully twenty feet deep. He at once jumped into the water to rescue the boy, but was drowned himself. It is supposed that the boy rode the horse into the pool at the edge of the deep water and was thrown off.

HERE AND THERE.

Commandant Pretorius, who was recently shot through the eyes, died in his minister.

Minister Francis B. Loomis presented his credentials to King Charles of Portugal.

A fire broke out in C. L. Renninger's house in Delmar, Del., and but for the providential rainstorm the town would probably have been burned.

Bishop Anton Kostovitch, head of the Polish Catholic Church in Chicago, had four prominent members of his church arrested who accused him of murdering and robbing sick parishioners.

THE BIG STRIKE GAINING FAST.

Workers Much Cheered by the Developments in the West.

RECRUITS NUMBER ABOUT 3,000 A DAY

Expect to Win Over the Chicago Men—Such Gains, They Declare, Would Make Them Masters of the Situation—The Operators, on the Other Hand, Say the Strikers Have Reached Their Highest Point.

Pittsburg (Special).—The decision of the Joliet men to strike has been a severe blow to the Steel Trust in its fight with the Amalgamated Association.

Milwaukee is expected to follow. Even the steel managers look for a reconsideration of the Chicago workmen in a few days. They would not be surprised to hear at any time that these had yielded to the arguments of the Amalgamated Association, voted to reconsider their decision not to strike and thrown up their employment.

The rumors of the trust fortifying itself by buying other properties are not in any degree affecting the situation. The only report of this kind that could have any effect is that about the purchase of the trust of the Republic Iron and Steel Company. This is an independent company owning blast furnaces and rolling mills which have an annual output of 2,000,000 tons. It has signed the union scale, is working full and has given employment to many of the strikers.

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LIVE NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

Pension Roll Longer.

Commissioner H. Clay Evans has prepared a statement showing the operations in principal features of the Pension Bureau during the last fiscal year as compared with former years. Most of the data will be embodied in his annual report, and the statement is prepared for the use of the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, which will be held before the report is ready.

The statement shows that on January 30, 1901, there were granted pensioners on the rolls, a gain of 4,200 during the year. The roll for the last fiscal year is the largest in the history of the bureau. During the year 44,225 claims were allowed, and 35,679 restored; while 43,580 names were dropped on account of death, renunciation or other causes. The War of the Revolution pensioners died during the year. In the last four years the net gain to the pension rolls was 40,211.

The number of pensions granted to widows in the past year under the act of June 27, 1890, was 10,616, or nearly 4500 in excess of those granted the previous year, the result of the act of May 9, 1900, extending the provisions of the act of June 27, 1890.

The pensioners on account of the war with Spain numbered 355,555 invalids and 204,175 widows. The appropriation for the payment of pensions during the fiscal year 1901 was \$144,000,000, of which amount the bureau expended for pensions \$138,531,483.84; leaving a balance on June 30, 1901, of \$5,468,516.16.

The total amount paid to pensioners at first payments upon the allowance of their claims, during 1900, was \$20,244,763.54, or \$105,238.47 more than the first payments during the year 1900.

Agriculture in Alaska.

A report on the agricultural statistics for Alaska, just issued by the Census Bureau, shows that Alaska's farm wealth June 1, 1900, was \$15,686,010, of which \$2,196 was invested in live stock, \$600 in implements and machinery and \$12,890 represented the value of buildings and other improvements.

Buildings have been erected on 9 of the 12 farms in the territory. Preparing the soil for cultivation has been the chief item of expense in opening farms, being in some instances \$120 per acre. The 12 farms have a total acreage of 1,400, and vegetable and fruit principal product. Five of the farms are only small market gardens of less than three acres.

The value of domestic animals and poultry was \$2,196. Potatoes and turkeys furnished the principal income from vegetables. Next to vegetables, grass cut for hay and ensilage is the most important agricultural product. From the standpoint of income upon capital invested poultry raising in 1899 was relatively the most profitable branch of Alaskan agriculture.

When Chinese Are Merchants.

Attorney-General Knox, in an opinion rendered at the request of the Secretary of the Treasury, holds that a Chinaman may engage in the manufacture of goods for the export trade, and that he is not a merchant