

PREPARING FOR WAR.

Japan is Making Energetic Preparations for Trouble.

CRISIS BETWEEN EMPEROR AND CZAR

Attention is Directed More to Korea Than China - Russia's Apparent Withdrawal or Modification of Her Demands Quite Fails to Restore Confidence in an Amicable Settlement of the Problem.

London (By Cable).—The Far Eastern situation continues an enigma to all European observers. Russia's apparent withdrawal or modification of her demands quite fails to restore confidence in an amicable settlement of the problem.

Attention is directed more to Korea than to China at the present moment. The belief being general that the crisis between Russia and Japan is really grave.

It may be taken for granted in this connection that Great Britain is fully aware of all that Japan is doing and also of her ultimate plans.

Five Firemen Injured in Kansas Fire. Kansas City, Mo. (Special).—A fire in which \$200,000 worth of property was destroyed and five firemen, including Chief Hat, were injured, occurred at the Jacob Dold Packing Company's plant, on Eighth street, near the Kansas line.

Somerset Trailing Bank Robbers. Somerset, O. (Special).—The Sheriff J. Perry county and a posse, with a pack of bloodhounds, are in pursuit of a gang of seven robbers who wrecked the State Bank of Somerset, stole \$5,000, appropriated two livery rigs, held a posse of citizens at bay and escaped in the face of a heavy fire.

Massacre of Gold-Seekers. Phenix, Ariz. (Special).—It is reported that a party of gold seekers was massacred by Ceris Indians on the Island of Tiburon, in the Gulf of California.

To Admit Hawaiian Chinese. San Francisco (Special).—Collector of the Port Stratton has received an opinion from Attorney General Griggs affirming the right of Chinese who were citizens of the Hawaiian Islands prior to August 12, 1898, by birth or naturalization, to enter the United States.

Died From Eating Teaberries. Hazleton, Pa. (Special).—Rose, a 4-year-old daughter of Augustus and Agnes Billman, of West Hazleton, died as a result of eating teaberries.

This Robber Was Polite. Paterson, N. J. (Special).—A robber who entered the residence of the late Vice-President Hobart Sunday night and who departed without any booty on finding the silverware marked, left the following note in a loving cup which had been given to Mrs. Hobart by the Old Ladies' Home Society for her birthday work: "I humbly beg your pardon. I do not want to rob good people."

The Cancer Parasite. Buffalo, N. Y. (Special).—"Cancer is caused by a minute parasite, which has been identified and located in the New York State Cancer Laboratory," said Prof. H. R. Gaylord, of the University of Buffalo, who has charge of the laboratory.

Complaisant Officer's Discomfiture. Moundsville, W. Va. (Special).—Constable J. I. Barnett went to the home of John Barcus to serve a warrant sworn out by John D. Barcus, charging Barcus with abducting Darius's 17-year-old daughter. Barcus asked permission to go upstairs for a heavier coat.

Bank Failure Affects Whole Town. Oswego, N. Y. (Special).—The banking firm of W. J. Brewster & Co., of Hannibal, Mo. county, failed with liabilities of \$125,000. The entire village is affected by the failure and many small depositors in Oswego, Wayne and Cayuga counties suffer severely.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

Domestic. City Judge Kellogg, of Yonkers, N. Y., discharged Frank Jones, of New York, who had horsewhipped Samuel Walters because the latter had maligned him.

Col. John S. Mosby says the South will become richer and more powerful than the North, and that the negroes' status is bound to improve.

Fire broke out in the fine Commonwealth club, in Richmond, Va., and the handsome furnishings were deluged with water.

Prince Krapotkin, the Russian exile, delivered a lecture in New York on "Anarchism: Its Philosophy and Ideal."

Frederick Young, of Atlantic City, shot at his wife in Philadelphia, and then shot and wounded his sister-in-law, Benjamin F. Fiery, treasurer of the Martinsburg (W. Va.) Gas Company, died at his home in that city.

Mrs. Mary Welch, of Canastota, N. Y., saturated her clothes with kerosene and set herself on fire.

The Victoria Furnace, at Goschen, Va., was closed down, throwing 100 men out of employment.

Charles Hastings, a dangerous counterfeiter, was caught near Welch, W. Va., after a long chase.

President Warfield, of the Fidelity and Deposit Company, of Maryland, arrived in New York on the Lucania, having been successful in establishing a London branch.

Joseph S. Harris, it is reported, will retire from the presidency of the Reading Railroad Company, and George F. Baer, a director, will succeed him.

Watchman Frank Kelly shot and killed Cornelius Doherty, whom he caught with others trying to get into the Newberry Building in Chicago.

John J. Wood, ex-Councilman from Shamokin, Pa., a fugitive from justice, surrendered and began serving his term of four months.

The people of Richmond have determined to rebuild the Hotel Jefferson, which was destroyed by fire.

FUNSTON NOW A BRIGADIER.

President McKinley Announces the Appointment of the Brave Kansan.

WHEATON MADE A MAJOR GENERAL.

Colonel Smith Also Promoted to Be Brigadier General—A Long List of Appointments and Promotions in the Army that Will Finally Relieve the Suspense of Many Who Have Been on the Anxious Bench.

Washington (Special).—The question of rewarding General Funston for the capture of Aguinaldo was decided by the President at a conference with the Secretary of War.

The following appointments made: Wheaton, Major General; Smith and Funston, Brigadier Generals; the Secretary of War joins me in congratulations to all.

The following announcements were made at the White House: "To be Major General United States Army, Brigadier General Loyd Wheaton, vice Miles, promoted Lieutenant General, to be Brigadier General in the regular army, Colonel Jacob H. Smith, Seventeenth Infantry, Brigadier General of Volunteers, vice Daggett, retired; Brigadier General Frederick Funston, United States Volunteers, vice Wheaton, promoted."

This announcement was followed later by another giving the appointments decided upon by the President to the War Corps, Subsistence Department, Quartermaster General's Department, and the appointments of chaplains.

General Loyd Wheaton, just promoted to be major general, was promoted to be a brigadier general only a few weeks ago.

FRUADES STIR UP MANILA. Quartermaster, Contractor and Many Others Are Arrested. Manila (By Cable).—Interest in the capture and fate of Aguinaldo is well-nigh overshadowed in Manila by sensational developments, present and prospective, in the Commissary Department.

Capt. Frederick J. Barrows, of the Thirtieth Volunteer Infantry, quartermaster of the Department of Southern Luzon, together with seven commissary sergeants, several civilian clerks, a prominent government contractor, the proprietors of three of the largest bakeries in Manila, a number of storekeepers and other persons have been arrested.

The investigation has scarcely begun; but thousands of sacks of flour, a quantity of bacon and wagon loads of other goods, all bearing government marks, have been found in the possession of unauthorized persons.

It is asserted that large quantities of stores have been lost or stolen in transit, and also that there is a shortage in the commissary depot.

New scandals are developed daily. Illicit transactions have been traced back to June, 1900, and it is possible that there are others of earlier date.

The exorbitant tariff on provisions makes the surreptitious sale of commissary supplies immensely profitable.

It is understood that other United States officers may be arrested.

Lieutenant Philip K. Sweet, of the Forty-sixth Volunteer Infantry, is prosecuting a case against the contractor in question, who has been doing a business approximating \$100,000 per month, has spent huge sums in entertaining officers.

AGUINALDO TO BE TRIED.

A Military Commission Will Deal With Filipino If He Declares Allegiance.

PRESIDENT DISPOSED TO BE LENIENT.

General MacArthur Will Make No Bargain With Aguinaldo, Giving Him Freedom in Return for Aid in Establishing Precedent of American Sovereignty—Will Be Held for the Present as a Prisoner of War.

Washington (Special).—If Emilio Aguinaldo has violated any of the laws of war and declines to take the oath of allegiance to the United States, he will be tried by a military commission to be appointed by Major General MacArthur.

This is the important feature of instructions sent by Secretary Root to General MacArthur regarding the disposition to be made of the prisoner.

General MacArthur will make no bargain with Aguinaldo, giving him freedom in return for aid in establishing recognition of American sovereignty.

He will inform Aguinaldo that the Government is disposed to deal leniently with him and he will be held for the present as a prisoner of war.

It was explained that notwithstanding the fact that Aguinaldo was captured, the President holds that his case comes within the scope of the amnesty proclamation issued by General MacArthur last summer, and the enabling act recently passed by the Philippines Commission.

NEW PRESIDENT FOR READING. George F. Baer, a Member of the Executive Committee. Philadelphia (Special).—Announcement during the week of important changes in the management of the Reading Company is expected.

Joseph S. Harris will retire from the presidency of the Reading Company and George F. Baer, a director, will succeed him.

The proposed change in the presidency of the Reading Company is the result of several recent conferences with the board of directors, with the Vanderbilts, the dominating factor in the affairs of that company.

The Reading Company owns and controls the stock and bonds of the Philadelphia and Reading Railway Company, the stock of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company, and stocks and bonds of various other corporations which go to make up the Reading system.

A Desperate Burglar Killed. Chicago (Special).—After having been wounded in a previous attempt at burglary a few hours before, Cornelius Doherty, one of four who attempted to break into the Newberry Building, on East Ontario street, met a tragic death while running away from Watchman Frank Kelly, who shot him in the left temple and the left thigh.

Kelly had discovered the burglar earlier in the evening, discovering them as they were climbing the fire-escape. He fired several shots at the fugitives, and one, who fell, regained his feet, is believed to have been Doherty.

Shortly after midnight Kelly again discovered the burglar, and as the men ran, fired, killing Doherty.

New War Minister at the Hague. The Hague (By Cable).—Lieutenant General Kool has been appointed Minister of War in succession to Lieutenant General Elias, whose resignation was announced last March. The appointment is an antagonistic vote in the Chamber.

LIVE NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

Presidential Appointments. The President just announced that he had made the following appointments:

Delegates to the International Conference of American States, Cyrus Northrop, of Minnesota; Henry C. Davis, of West Virginia; William L. Buchanan, of Iowa; Charles M. Pepper, of the District of Columbia; Volney W. Foster, of Illinois. To be members of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Commission, John M. Thurston, of Nebraska; Thomas H. Carter, of Montana; William Lindsay, of Kentucky; George W. McBride, of Oregon; Frederick A. Betts, of Connecticut; ex-Congressman John M. Allen, of Mississippi; Martini Glynn, of New York; John F. Miller, of Indiana; Philip D. Scott, of Arkansas.

Receipts From Revenue Tax. The following statement prepared at the Internal Revenue Bureau shows the receipts from the war revenue tax act only from June 13, 1898, the date on which the act went into effect, to February 28, 1901, cents omitted: Schedule A (documentary stamps), \$98,420,000; schedule B (proprietary stamps), \$12,784,604; beer, \$89,154,822; special taxes, \$14,020,397; tobacco, \$42,405,850; snuff, \$2,293,275; cigars, \$8,291,608; cigarettes, \$3,547,490; legacies, \$6,880,055; excise tax, \$2,308,823; mixed flour, \$20,600; additional taxes on tobacco and beer, \$978,816. Total, \$281,311,515.

New Official for Venezuela. Senor Pulido, the Venezuelan Charge d'Affaires, received a cablegram from his Government stating that the constituent assembly appointed President Castro to be Provisional President of Venezuela. The constituent assembly is framing a constitution for this South American republic.

May Change Designs of Stamps. The question of changing the design of the regular issue of postage stamps is under consideration at the Post Office Department. Third Assistant Postmaster General Madden said it was probable that the name of the person will be printed under the head borne on the stamps.

Commissioner of Patents Qualifies. Frederick I. Allen, of Auburn, N. Y., was sworn in Saturday as Commissioner of Patents, succeeding Charles H. Duell, resigned. All the employees of the office were introduced to their new chief and took leave of the outgoing commissioner.

Capital News in General. The Navy Department received a cablegram from Admiral Remy saying that during a fire in the sailroom of the gunboat Petrel Lieutenant-Commander Jesse M. Roper was suffocated and 22 others and men prostrated.

Secretary Gage gave his reasons for questioning the expediency of using government surplus either to buy government bonds or increasing the deposits in the banks.

The recall of Minister Loomis, our diplomatic representative in Venezuela, is significant, as showing that this government's relations with Venezuela are strained.

President McKinley will make an address and Chancellor Dewey will deliver the oration at the unveiling of the Logan statue in Iowa Circle.

Minister Loomis has been recalled to Washington to explain in detail the circumstances connected with the Venezuelan controversy.

President Orent, of the Newport News Shipbuilding and Drydock Company, signs the contract to build the cruiser Charles H. Doolittle.

The Navy Department was advised of the arrival of the cruiser New York at Tangier.

It is reported from a source, usually correctly informed, that Ambassador Choate will retire from the diplomatic service soon and be succeeded by Postmaster General Smith.

RICHMOND HOTEL FIRE.

The Palatial Jefferson a Prey to the Flames.

SOUTH'S GREATEST CARAVANSARY.

The Greater Portion of the Magnificent Hotel Is in Ruins—No Lives Are Known to Have Been Lost, Although Several People Had Narrow Escapes, and the Guests Were Rescued With Difficulty.

Richmond, Va. (Special).—Richmond Friday night suffered her greatest disaster by fire since the burning of the Spoutwood Hotel, on Chestnut street, 1870. The Jefferson Hotel, the magnificent structure built and furnished by the late Lewis Ginter, at a cost of about \$1,000,000, is in ashes. No lives were lost.

The hotel was constructed of buff brick and granite foundations and was regarded as semi-fireproof. It burned like tinder. The building covered half a block in the ultrafashionable part of the city, fronting on West Main and Franklin streets.

The flames broke out in the upper part of the Main street side, spread with a tremendous rush, and soon that part of the building was a seething mass of fire. Prompt measures were taken to awaken and alarm the guests, and soon these were rushing through the corridors in mid confusion.

There were in the hotel many fine works of art, including in the Franklin street corner Valentine's marble statue of Jefferson.

Although the hour was late when the fire broke out, an immense crowd was attracted.

The guests who were driven out of the Main street portion and those in the lobbies of the latter, and there they gazed at the destruction with a mingled description.

Several persons were hurt by falling down stairs, etc. One man had his hip broken. No one perished in the flames. The fire started in the linen room from a defective flue. Insurance is about \$650,000.

There was in the hotel a party from Montreal, Canada. None of these were hurt, but all lost their baggage. All the surrounding houses are filled with property taken from the hotel.

During the progress of the fire thousands of people gathered in the vicinity, and many women wept as they contemplated the work of destruction. Except for the general confusion there were no startling incidents.

Immediately upon the discovery of the fire, which was eating in to the ceiling of the linen room, the hotel fire apparatus was brought into play, but to no avail. Attendents then dashed through the building, waking the sleeping guests, many of whom were sleeping, and had to be dragged out of bed.

A Life-Saving Plan. Welch, W. Va. (Special).—After six months steady work the Norfolk and Western has about completed the big plan that is to furnish pure air for the Norfolk and Western. The plant consists of three enormous fans, with two 200-horsepower engines to run them.

The plant has cost over \$60,000 and will have to be kept in operation night and day constantly. Since the Norfolk and Western has been in operation through this section, a little less than twelve years, seven men have been asphyxiated in the East End tunnel and twice as many more have been carried out unconscious and within few minutes of death.

Safe Breakers Foiled. Raleigh, N. C. (Special).—The safe of the Southern Express Company was blown open by safe-crackers in a conspiracy so great that it knocked out a plate-glass window and foiled the robbers in their efforts to get money and valuables. The office of the company is on the principal street and the report of the explosion brought a large crowd to the office at once.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

General Trade Conditions. New York (Special).—R. G. Dun & Co. review weekly and says: "The position of general business is satisfactory, being marked by increased activity of retail operations throughout the West, and in some Atlantic seaboard cities, which is considered the forerunner of a generally good Spring trade."

Quotations of pig iron and finished steel tend toward a higher level. There is still the wholesome element of conservatism, which prevents violent fluctuations and keeps the advance at a moderate rate, but the tendency of the market is undeniably toward better things.

"Failures for the week numbered 124 in the United States, against 183 last year, and 33 in Canada, against 27 last year."

"Street's says: "War talk induced some short covering in wheat this week and flour strengthened on better demand, but corn reports were in the main favorable. Corn has been in good export demand, but is held down by increases in supplies, weather at the West keeping good."

"Great strength and activity fully up to the recently established standards of the market were seen during the week. Prices advanced in the early days of the week and the steel industrial stocks nearly shared honors with the railroad stock. In both departments of the market new records as to quotations were made, and although there was a considerable amount of manipulation outside participation increased."

LATEST QUOTATIONS. Baltimore. Flour—Baltimore Best Patent... 4.75 High Grade Extra... 4.25 Cornmeal, per 100 pounds... 1.10 Hominy Grits, per 100... 2.62 Hominy Grits, per 100... 2.62

Wheat—No. 2 red, 78 1/2; No. 2 red, 79 1/2; No. 2 red, 80 1/2; No. 2 red, 81 1/2; No. 2 red, 82 1/2; No. 2 red, 83 1/2; No. 2 red, 84 1/2; No. 2 red, 85 1/2; No. 2 red, 86 1/2; No. 2 red, 87 1/2; No. 2 red, 88 1/2; No. 2 red, 89 1/2; No. 2 red, 90 1/2.

Oats—White No. 2, 32 1/2; white No. 3, 31 1/2; No. 4, 30 1/2; mixed No. 4, 28 1/2; No. 2, 30 1/2; No. 3, 29 1/2; No. 4, 28 1/2; No. 5, 27 1/2; No. 6, 26 1/2; No. 7, 25 1/2; No. 8, 24 1/2; No. 9, 23 1/2; No. 10, 22 1/2; No. 11, 21 1/2; No. 12, 20 1/2; No. 13, 19 1/2; No. 14, 18 1/2; No. 15, 17 1/2; No. 16, 16 1/2; No. 17, 15 1/2; No. 18, 14 1/2; No. 19, 13 1/2; No. 20, 12 1/2; No. 21, 11 1/2; No. 22, 10 1/2; No. 23, 9 1/2; No. 24, 8 1/2; No. 25, 7 1/2; No. 26, 6 1/2; No. 27, 5 1/2; No. 28, 4 1/2; No. 29, 3 1/2; No. 30, 2 1/2; No. 31, 1 1/2; No. 32, 1/2.

Hay—Market quiet and about steady. No. 1 timothy, \$16.25; No. 2 timothy, \$15.50; No. 3 timothy, \$15.00; No. 4 timothy, \$14.50; No. 1 clover mixed, \$14.50; No. 2 clover mixed, \$14.00; No. 3 clover mixed, \$13.50; No. 4 clover mixed, \$13.00; No. 5 clover mixed, \$12.50; No. 6 clover mixed, \$12.00; No. 7 clover mixed, \$11.50; No. 8 clover mixed, \$11.00; No. 9 clover mixed, \$10.50; No. 10 clover mixed, \$10.00; No. 11 clover mixed, \$9.50; No. 12 clover mixed, \$9.00; No. 13 clover mixed, \$8.50; No. 14 clover mixed, \$8.00; No. 15 clover mixed, \$7.50; No. 16 clover mixed, \$7.00; No. 17 clover mixed, \$6.50; No. 18 clover mixed, \$6.00; No. 19 clover mixed, \$5.50; No. 20 clover mixed, \$5.00; No. 21 clover mixed, \$4.50; No. 22 clover mixed, \$4.00; No. 23 clover mixed, \$3.50; No. 24 clover mixed, \$3.00; No. 25 clover mixed, \$2.50; No. 26 clover mixed, \$2.00; No. 27 clover mixed, \$1.50; No. 28 clover mixed, \$1.00; No. 29 clover mixed, \$0.50; No. 30 clover mixed, \$0.00.

Green Fruits and Vegetables. Onions, per bushel, \$2.00-2.25; Cabbage, Danish, per ton, \$18.00-20.00; New Florida, per ton, \$22.50-25.00. Celery, per dozen, 40-60c; Apples, per bushel, \$1.75-2.00; Oranges, Florida, per box, \$2.25-3.00; Cranberries, Cape Cod, per bushel, \$3.00-4.00.

Potatoes. Maryland and Virginia, prime, per bushel, 45c; do New York, prime, per bushel, 45c-50c; do Michigan and Ohio, per bushel, 45c-50c; do new, Bermuda, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Florida, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Eastern Shore, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Virginia, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Maryland, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Pennsylvania, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, New Jersey, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Delaware, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Maryland, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Virginia, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, North Carolina, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, South Carolina, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Georgia, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Florida, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Alabama, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Louisiana, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Mississippi, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Arkansas, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Missouri, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Illinois, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Indiana, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Ohio, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Pennsylvania, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, New York, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Vermont, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, New Hampshire, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Maine, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, New Brunswick, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Nova Scotia, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Prince Edward Island, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Quebec, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Ontario, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, New England, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Middle West, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, South West, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Far West, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Alaska, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Hawaii, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Puerto Rico, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Cuba, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Santo Domingo, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Haiti, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Santo Pierre and Miquelon, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Martinique, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Guadeloupe, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, French Guiana, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Suriname, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Guayana Francesa, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Cayman Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Virgin Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, British Virgin Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, U.S. Virgin Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Mariana Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Mariana Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Caroline Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Caroline Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Marshall Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Marshall Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Micronesia, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Micronesia, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Palau, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Palau, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Tokelau, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Tokelau, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Wallis and Futuna, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Wallis and Futuna, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern French Polynesia, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern French Polynesia, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern New Caledonia, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern New Caledonia, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Vanuatu, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Vanuatu, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Solomon Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Solomon Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Tonga, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Tonga, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Samoa, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Samoa, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Tokelau, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Tokelau, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Niue, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Niue, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Cook Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Cook Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Tokelau, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Tokelau, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Niue, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Niue, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Cook Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Cook Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Tokelau, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Tokelau, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Niue, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Niue, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Cook Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Cook Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Tokelau, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Tokelau, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Niue, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Niue, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Cook Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; 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do new, Southern Tokelau, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Niue, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Niue, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Cook Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Cook Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Tokelau, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Tokelau, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Niue, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Niue, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Cook Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Cook Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Tokelau, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Tokelau, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Niue, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Niue, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Cook Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Cook Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Tokelau, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Tokelau, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Niue, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Niue, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Cook Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Cook Islands, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Northern Tokelau, per bushel, \$4.00-5.00; do new, Southern Tokelau, per bushel, \$4.0