

# RADICALS STILL DEFIANT.

## Cubans Will Not Accept the Platt Amendment.

### HAVANA PLACARDED WITH POSTERS

Addressed to the United States, and reading: "Do not make promises that you are not sure to keep, and never go back on the word you have given."

Havana (Special).—Although the political demonstrations have ended, the radical element in the Cuban Constitutional Convention has not given up hope that the United States will recede from the position taken regarding the Platt Amendment. The radical press is doing everything in its power to keep this view before the public. It attributes the action of the United States Congress to the influence of the trusts, declaring that the American people are in favor of giving Cuba absolute independence and of rebuking the action of the administration.

Articles from American papers which seem to sustain the attitude of the convention are given wide publicity.

Senor Guaberto Gomez says in La Patria:

"Let us, the champions of our country's independence and sovereignty, preserve the calm, dignified attitude we have assumed. Do not let us lose our calm judgment. Let us maintain our energetic resolution to see that we avoid furnishing the slightest pretext for the unhealthy imperialism which is corrupting the blood of a generous people and inclining them to trample upon our rights."

It is recommended to the consideration of "all worthy patriots of the great America."

### NORMAL SCHOOL BURNED DOWN.

#### A Big Blaze in Shepherdstown—Inadequate Facilities to Fight the Fire.

Harpers Ferry, W. Va. (Special).—Fire in the new building of the Shepherdstown Normal School, Shepherdstown, this county, destroyed the building, burning all the woodwork within, while two of its walls caved in. It broke out in the upper story. The Hagerstown Fire Company was summoned, but did not respond. The building was of brick and stone, two-story and basements. It was built at a cost of \$25,000, and was up to date in the minutest detail. The legislature had just appropriated an additional \$25,000 for the college. The building possessed a tank of water within, but 200 feet from the fire engine and the tower ran through its yard, yet it availed nothing against the fire. The building was insured.

### BANK CASHIER DISAPPEARS.

#### First National Bank of Niles, Michigan, May Have to Close Its Doors.

Niles, Mich. (Special).—Great excitement prevailed here over the disappearance of C. A. Johnson, cashier of the First National Bank, which closed its doors after a short run on its funds by scared depositors. None of the officials of the bank seem to know where Johnson is but President W. K. Lacey, who insists that Johnson is in Chicago suffering from a complete mental collapse. All sorts of rumors are going around regarding the missing cashier, but none can be verified. It is alleged that Johnson gambled. The directors of the bank assert that the concern's affairs are in a prosperous condition, so far as they know. National Bank Examiner Selden is in charge of the bank's affairs.

### Reported Sale of the Seaboard.

New York (Special).—August Belmont has acquired control of the Seaboard Air Line, and devised a close traffic arrangement with the Louisville and Nashville Railroad. This new railway enterprise, August Belmont & Co. represents a syndicate of Wall street bankers and the Rothschilds, of England. The plan is said to have been completed last week in a series of conferences at the offices of August Belmont and John Shelton Williams, of Richmond, Va., president of the Seaboard Air Line.

### Baptist 20th Century Movement.

Meriden, Miss. (Special).—The Baptist Twentieth Century movement for the Southern States was inaugurated here. A large number of distinguished ministers, educators and well-known laymen from all sections of the South took part in the exercises of launching a movement to be taken up by every State in the South. Rev. J. R. Williamson, secretary of the Foreign Mission Board, of Richmond, Va., was among the speakers.

### Production of Precious Stones.

Washington (Special).—The report of the United States Geological Survey on the production of precious stones, as prepared by Mr. George F. Kunz, special agent in charge of that investigation for the division of mining and mineral resources, shows that the total value of the out-put of precious stones in the United States for 1900 is \$232,210, as compared with \$185,270 in 1899, a gain of \$46,940, or 25 per cent.

### Tried to Blow Up a Bank.

Toledo, Ohio (Special).—Five men broke into the store of R. Danz, at Perrysburg, and made two attempts to blow a hole through the wall with nitroglycerine into the Citizens Bank adjoining. They attempted to throw dynamite through the window, but they were leaving the place, George Reither saw them. They fired a shot at him. Fred Hillbrand saw the crowd from a second-story window, and recognized all Henry Ketter and John Taylor were arrested, and warrants are out for the others. All are tough local characters.

### Chris. Magee Dead.

Harrisburg, Pa. (Special).—Senator Christopher Lyman Magee, of Pittsburg, editor, statesman, philanthropist, and financier, died here after an illness of more than two years. His death was unexpected, as it was generally believed by friends that he was improving in health.

### Million Dollar Exhibit.

Jefferson City, Mo. (Special).—The House passed its own bill appropriating \$1,000,000 for Missouri's exhibit at the Louisiana Purchase Centennial Exposition to be held in St. Louis in 1903.

# SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

## Domestic.

### Charles Broadway Rouss' offer of \$100,000 toward a mortuary chapel in Mount Hebron Cemetery, in Winchester, Va., provided a like amount was raised there, was accepted by the cemetery authorities.

### The New Orleans and Western Railroad was sold at auction at New Orleans for \$100,000. It is believed that the Morgan syndicate bought it.

### Dr. H. M. Lincoln, of Saratoga, N. Y., had Zera Harter and two men arrested for giving him knockout drops in a Norfolk theatre.

### The Lehigh Valley Coal Company posted notices that 10 per cent. increase in wages would be continued for another year.

### The First National Bank at Niles, Mich., failed, and Bank Examiner Joseph W. Selden was appointed temporary receiver.

### Philip Marlow was tried and acquitted in Newport News, Va., of the charge of offering a bribe to Councilman E. Burcher.

### Five men were badly scalded by the bursting of two test tubes at the American Iron Works in Pittsburg.

### Mrs. Ann R. Perkins was attacked in Manchester, Va., by a negro who wanted to rob her.

### Hugo C. Schultz, supposed to be a German baron, was buried in potter's field in Chicago.

### Rev. C. H. Tinsley while chopping wood at Huntington, W. Va., cut off his hand.

### Mrs. Anna Goldwaite Scott died at her home in Staunton, Va.

### The vaudeville White Rats returned to their circuits in the New York theaters and elsewhere, the managers having abolished the obnoxious five per cent. commissions.

### Cecil Sherbrooke Beaumont Howland, who lived in McKees Rocks, Pa., as C. B. Howland, died at the Allegheny Hospital from typhoid fever.

### Governor Stone, of Pennsylvania, signed the Ripper Bill, and under it appointed the present mayor of Scranton to be recorder.

### Officer McCoy, of Carlisle, arrested Frank Springer, who is wanted in Middletown, Pa., for attempted murder.

### Mrs. Mary Webster was arrested in Topsham, Maine, on the charge of cutting her husband's throat.

### Rev. Francis Budyoski, a despondent Roman Catholic priest, committed suicide in Minneapolis.

### Steps were taken looking to the deportation of Chinese women held in slavery in San Francisco.

### Beulah Crowther, five years old, was burned to death in Morgantown, W. Va.

### Joseph A. Conlin, a New York postal clerk, was arrested in San Francisco, charged with robbing mail packages in New York. He admitted the theft.

### Francis L. Pettus, speaker of the Alabama House of Representatives, and son of United States Senator Pettus, died at Montgomery, Ala.

### Albert Zimmerman tried to kill his wife and her father and then committed suicide near Abascoom, N. J.

### Frank Winter, Thomas Wilson and T. L. Pierce were killed in West Virginia by trains.

### Thomas J. Burns, married six weeks, killed his wife in Boston.

### Oliver Laubach was killed by an engine at Bethlehem, Pa.

### John E. Searles, reputed to be a millionaire, has made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors.

### John Snyder and Isaac McCullom, farmers, were fatally wounded in a duel at Parkville, Ill.

### Rudolph Dimaria was murdered in the street at Scranton, Pa., it is alleged, by Nicholas Lapiz.

### All the large tin-can factories have been sold to the recently organized tin-can combination.

### Carter H. Harrison was re-nominated for mayor of Chicago by acclamation.

### John D. Rockefeller has given Vassar College \$100,000 for a dormitory.

### A large group of hemp arrived at Philadelphia from Manila.

### Isaac M. Gregory, editor of Judge, died in New York.

### The correspondent of a German newspaper, who has been traveling in Northern Manchuria, gives facts to substantiate his statements that Manchuria will become an integral part of Russia.

### Herr Bebel, Socialist leader, made a vigorous attack in the Reichstag against the imperial government concerning the meat inspection law.

### The Dutch troops captured the Acaine fort at Palancore. Seventy-seven rebels were killed and many were drowned.

### The official excommunication of Count Tolstoy was formally published in the organ of the Holy Synod of the Greek church.

### Many casualties are reported to have occurred in the English Channel, where a fierce storm prevailed.

### Emperor William's physicians say that the wound in his cheek inflicted by Dietrich Wiedland, who struck him with a piece of iron, is about an inch and a half long and penetrates to the bone, but that his general condition is good.

### The British government has been assured by the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs that Russia has made no arrangement with the Chinese government for a permanent character concerning Manchuria.

### The Copenhagen correspondent of an English newspaper states that the United States has notified the Danish government that it will not permit any transfer of the islands to any foreign power.

### The Right Rev. A. F. W. Ingram has been appointed Bishop of London.

### The committee of the foreign ministers in Peking has reached a decision upon a general principle in the settlement of private indemnities.

### British officers have been dispatched as advisers to the Abyssinian commander in his expedition against the Mad Mullah.

### The British War Office issued orders for the formation of eight volunteer cyclist companies for service in the Philippines.

### The British expedition against the Emir of Bida and Konegara in Nigeria was successful, and 200 slave women were released.

### Financial.

### A street despatch from Chattanooga says a combine of Eastern capitalists is being formed to buy up all the leading coal mines in that part of the South. Several million dollars will be involved.

### The preliminary estimate of anthracite coal production for February fixes it at 4,098,000 tons as against 5,134,400 tons in January, and 3,188,100 tons in February, 1900.

### Colorado Fuel and Iron Company's net earnings for January, it is said, was partially due to the strike which has spread from one property to another since it began about the middle of that month.

# TOWN CYCLONE SWEEP.

## Four People Killed and Twenty Others Were Injured.

### DESTRUCTION AT WILLS POINT.

#### Buildings Shattered and Their Contents Hurled Through the Air—Little Children Were the Chief Victims of the Storm—The Property Loss Is Estimated at Over \$53,000.

Wills Point, Tex. (Special).—A cyclone passed through the west side of this town, demolishing everything in its track. Four people are dead, and about twenty injured. Fourteen dwelling houses are entirely ruined, and a number of others are badly wrecked. The public school building is a total loss. The cotton gin mill is damaged, and the largest gin plant is in splinters. The wires were blown off the poles and fences leveled, and a freight car was blown off the track. The property loss is placed at \$53,000, which is considered a conservative estimate.

### Black clouds had been hanging in the southwest all morning. The atmosphere was heavy, and at intervals there had been blustering showers of rain. It was just at noon when there was a long roar of rumbling thunder, a gust of wind, and then the air was thick with flying timbers. The cyclone came from the southwest and held to a straight northeast course. Its path was about three hundred yards wide. It struck the northwest quarter of the town, in the residence section. No house is left, while those that are not irreparably wrecked are in the minority. Most of them are demolished—mere heaps of debris. Household furniture and utensils are strewn farther than the eye can reach.

### The town of Wills Point was demolished by a tornado in May, 1893. Reports from Terrell, Texas, say that the heaviest rainfall on record occurred throughout that section. Several persons are reported to have been missing.

### Memphis, Tenn. (Special).—A heavy wind and rain storm prevailed here, and much damage was wrought. Culverts were washed out, and fences and small trees in this vicinity suffered severely.

### Texarkana, Ark. (Special).—A storm having the fury of a hurricane swept over the west part of this county. It is reported that many buildings were destroyed and several lives lost.

### BRYAN RAPS SAMPSON.

#### Rakes Admiral for Morgan Letter and Says It's Imperialism.

Lincoln, Neb. (Special).—Hon. William J. Bryan in a speech at the number of The Commoner, comments on the Sampson-Morgan affair.

The application of Morgan for promotion and the Admiral's subsequent note to the Secretary of the Navy discrediting the latter's claims for promotion for alleged lack of official qualifications are reproduced, after which Editor Bryan passes the following criticism:

"And when you have read them suppose your indignation long enough to ask yourself whether Admiral Sampson is a snob and an aristocrat, or whether he is merely a representative of the 'new order of things' which is to follow militarism and imperialism. If this is only an individual opinion, no condemnation can be too severe, but if he speaks for those who are dominating the administration and shaping our national policy, then the rebuke should be administered to the system."

### Maude Gonne Cries for War.

Chicago (Special).—War between Ireland and England—a revolution of the Irish people against the misrule of Britain—was declared in Central Music Hall at the celebration of the 123rd anniversary of the birth of Robert Emmet. Mayor John Daly, of Limerick, made 4000 miles to express his sentiment in favor of Maude Gonne, who journeyed from Dublin for the same purpose. John McBride, of Blake's South African Brigade, added his testimony to the indictment against Britain.

### A Letter Written by Washington.

Kalamazoo, Mich. (Special).—An autograph letter of George Washington, dated 1766, was found among some date-papers at the Bryant Park Mill. It was written to Capt. James Jamison, a New York merchant, asking for boat freight rates on a quantity of flour. Two copies of the Federal Gazette and Baltimore Advertiser over 100 years old and an autograph letter of Robert Morris, of Philadelphia, dated 1793, were also found. The waste paper came from Philadelphia.

### Sick Man Doras to Death.

New York (Special).—Clarence Coles, a manufacturer, was burned to death in bed in his home in Brooklyn. He was ill with pneumonia, and in the care of a nurse. The latter left the room for a moment, and when he returned the bed and patient were in flames. The lamp on a table at the bedside had been overturned, and probably by means of his delirium. Mr. Coles was burned to death before the flames could be extinguished.

### Pat Crowe May Surrender.

Omaha, Neb. (Special).—Preparations are being completed for the return of Pat Crowe as a voluntary prisoner to the United States. Chief of Police Donahue admitted as much and gave to the press copies of a letter which he sent to Steve Crowe at Chicago. It was later delivered to Pat Crowe and Chief Donahue says the suspected man is about to accept the offer. In his letter the chief said: "If Pat Crowe will surrender himself to me I will waive all rights to the reward offered for his arrest."

### Hay-Panaucoete Treaty Lapses.

Washington (Special).—For failure of ratification, the Hay-Panaucoete treaty lapsed. It has been known for some time that Great Britain would not assent to the Senate amendments, and that in due time certain propositions would be made. The attitude of the British government is that there must be regard for the position taken by the Salisbury Government on the original Hay-Panaucoete treaty, and that this country cannot go ahead roughshod and override all the international reciprocities of the case.

### Explosion Kills Five Men in Missouri Mine.

Joplin, Mo. (Special).—Five men were instantly killed and two others injured by an explosion of dynamite at the Englefield zinc mines in Centre Vaux, eight miles east of this place. Two shots had been fired in the morning and one had failed to explode. A box of dynamite had been sent down into the mine, and in working with the exploded shot one of the men set off that and the new box of dynamite.

### Distinguished Composer Dead.

Brussels (By Cable).—Peter Benoit, the distinguished composer, is dead.

# LIVE NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

## Senate 57th Congress.

### After proceedings lasting only six days the extraordinary session of the Senate was declared adjourned sine die, at 1:55 p. m. Saturday. During the session practically no business, except that of executive character, was transacted.

### Nominations by the President.

The President sent the following nominations to the Senate: Charles S. Wilson, of Maine, secretary of the legation to Greece, Roumania and Servia; Samuel W. Stratton, of Illinois, director of the United States Mint; Standards; Edwin Vernon Morgan, of New York, now secretary of the delegation at Seoul, to be second secretary of the embassy at St. Petersburg. To be members of the commission to carry into effect the stipulations of article 7 of the treaty between the United States and Spain; William E. Chandler, of New Hampshire; Gerrit J. Dickema, of Michigan; James Perry Wood, of Ohio; William A. Maury, of the District of Columbia, and William L. Chamberlain, of Massachusetts. Mr. E. Fuller, of Iowa, to be assistant attorney general of the United States.

### Consuls.—Frank C. Dennis, of Maine, at St. Johns, N. F.; Ernest A. Man, of Florida, at Breslau, Germany; Martin J. Carter, of Pennsylvania, at Yarmouth, N. S.

### To be Secretary of the Legation to Guatemala and Honduras.—Robert H. Greene, of Kentucky.

### To be Second Secretary of the Legation at Constantinople, Turkey.—Philip M. Brown, of Massachusetts.

### Volunteer Army.—Sergeant Major Walter E. Barrett, Thirty-ninth Infantry, to be second lieutenant; Chief Musician Walter H. Loving, Forty-eighth Infantry, to be second lieutenant.

### Regimental Army.—Acting assistant surgeons, U. S. A., to be assistant surgeons, with rank of first lieutenant: James Franklin Edwards, of Pennsylvania; Jay Ralph Shook, of Pennsylvania; William Eugene Vose, of Maryland; Frank Thomas Woodbury, of Pennsylvania.

### New Desks for House Members.

During the summer the House chamber will be renovated to an unusual extent. A new carpet will be laid, as customary every two years, and the freestone benches, in addition to the desks, which have seen service for some years, will be removed, together with the chairs, and new and smaller desks will be put in, with smaller chairs. Members desiring to retain their desks will be occupied during the last Congress in acquiring them at half price. The remainder will be sold at auction.

### Points for Letter Writers.

Third Assistant Postmaster-General Madden will prepare for popular distribution a pamphlet containing in a compact form all necessary information regarding postal rates and the modus operandi of the mails. In the Postal Appropriation bill for this year Mr. Madden had inserted an item of \$100,000 for the purpose of furnishing these pamphlets.

### Extradition Treaty With England.

The Senate confirmed the supplemental extradition treaty with Great Britain, which had been pending for some time. The treaty adds to the list of crimes for which a man can be extradited from one country to the other the following: Obtaining money under false pretenses, the destruction or obstruction of railroads, the endangering of human life, and the procuring of abortion.

### Capital News in General.

The resignation of Mr. Kassom as special plenipotentiary for the negotiation of reciprocity treaties has been accepted by the President's hands.

The battleship Oregon was ordered home from the Asiatic station.

The Secretary of the Navy, responding to the Senate resolution, wrote that commissioned officers promoted from the ranks do not wear the same uniforms as graduates of the Naval Academy.

Superintendent Davis, of the Naval Observatory, brought charges against Prof. Stinson J. Van Hook, head of the mathematical department.

Ex-Senator Carter, of Montana, was appointed by the President to be United States commissioner of the St. Louis Exposition.

Consul George W. Roosevelt, at Brussels, reported some interesting experiments made there in wireless telegraphy.

Secretary Long made a distributing among the various shipbuilders of the warships to be built by contract.

Negotiations for removing diplomatic obstacles in the way of the construction of an isthmian canal, it is said, will immediately begin with Great Britain and the United States of Colombia.

The Treasury Department issued a warrant in favor of Admiral George Dewey for \$9,570 on account of money found to be due him by the Court of Claims for the destruction of the Spanish fleet in Manila harbor May 1, 1898.

### Our New Possessions.

The western part of Batangas province, Luzon, formerly in insurgent stronghold, is becoming pacified.

The transport Garonne sailed from Manila with the officers and men of the Twenty-sixth Volunteer Infantry.

The American authorities have seized several vessels in Laguna de Bay on the charge of trading with the insurgent Filipinos.

Frank A. Brannigan, disbursing officer to the American Philippine Commission, has been appointed treasurer of the Philippine Archipelago at a salary of \$6000.

Secretary Root issued an order abolishing all export duties on tobacco from Cuba after April 1.

Additional inducements have been made to the revolutionists to surrender their guns. General MacArthur has directed all department commanders to release one prisoner for every rifle employed. A Filipino who surrenders his gun will be permitted to name the prisoner to be released.

The flagship Brooklyn will go to Great Britain to receive, at the Oregon, the New Orleans, the Albany, the Monterey and the Monadnock will take part in these maneuvers. The American fleet on the Asiatic Station now numbers 54 vessels.

The Luzon commission has passed a bill providing an additional \$1,000,000 for the improvement of Manila harbor, and an empowering General MacArthur to organize municipal governments in those towns where none now exist.

Private Jacob B. Henderson, Company E, Twenty-ninth Infantry, was convicted in the Philippines of manslaughter in killing Corporal Herbert Chase, of the same regiment, and sentenced to imprisonment for 15 years at hard labor in Bilbidid prison, Manila.

John Sheridan, in the money-order department in Havana, was sentenced to two years' imprisonment and a fine of \$500 for defalcation.

# ARMISTICE TO BOTH.

## The Boer Commander Will Confer With the Other Generals.

### JEN. FRENCH CAPTURED SEVEN GUNS

#### Reports that the Boers Failed in Their Attack Upon Lichtenburg, and That the Boer General Colliers Was Killed—Does Not Seem to Know the Position of De Wet.

Lorenzo Marques (By Cable).—General Kitchener has granted General Botha a seven days' armistice, to enable him to confer with the other generals.

London (By Cable).—A dispatch from Pretoria, dated Tuesday, March 5, reports that the Boer general, Kitchener met General Botha and other Boer leaders at Middleburg on February 27, when the question of the possibility of the termination of hostilities was discussed.

Another dispatch from Pretoria, dated Wednesday, March 6, says the meeting between General Kitchener and General Botha has awakened deep interest, and that there are favorable expectations as to the probable outcome.

According to the Sun, the surrender of General Botha would have been an accomplished fact before now had General Kitchener been in a position to accept the best terms offered. When the surrender occurred the Sun adds, it will include the surrender or entire suppression of General De Wet and will involve the termination of the war.

Official circles here regard the announcement of the armistice in South Africa with the greatest satisfaction. They point out that it must have been granted on the solicitation of the Boers, and take the view that General Kitchener would never have consented to it unless he felt practically sure it would result in an important advance toward the termination of all hostilities.

Lord Kitchener, reporting under date of March 7, says:

"The Boers failed in their determined attack upon Lichtenburg. Our losses, besides the two officers previously reported, were 14 men killed and 20 wounded. The Boer General Colliers was killed."

"De Wet's position is variously reported as his men are scattering through the Orange Colony."

### CONDENMS STOCKADES.

#### Anderson, S. C., Grand Jury Presents Names for Indictment.

Anderson, S. C. (Special).—Judge Benet, at a special term of the Court of Sessions here, received the report of the grand jury which has been investigating the charge that negro laborers are held in accordance with the contract signed by themselves, in stockades in this county under armed guards, and that they are often whipped and otherwise cruelly treated.

The grand jury was made up of 18 members of whom 14 are farmers. The charges were found to have been exaggerated so far as they represented that the contract system was general in the county. After a three weeks' investigation the grand jury reports that about 20 farmers in Anderson county have been using the contract system. Many cases of whipping and shackling of laborers and at least one case in which a man was shot at repeatedly, are reported. A number of names are presented for indictment for false imprisonment and assault and battery.

### Must Not Sell to Foreign Power.

London (By Cable).—The United States government has addressed a note to the Danish government, almost threatening in tone, says the Copenhagen correspondent of the Daily Mail, "to the effect that it will not permit any transfer of the Danish West Indies to any foreign power, and that in the event of Denmark refusing to sell the United States will require that inland and maritime neutrality shall be properly guaranteed and the United States' sphere of influence be respected."

### Accused of Killing Her Daughter.

Knobnoster, Mo. (Special).—Mrs. Ellen Allen, mother of Nellie Allen, the 17-year-old girl whose dead body was found in the street here, was taken into custody, charged with being an accessory in the murder of her daughter.

Henry Wisely, a negro, was arrested for the murder on the strength of testimony given by Mrs. Allen before the coroner's jury. It is believed that the girl was suffocated in the Allen home and the body placed in the street by the murderers. Mrs. Allen is a widow.

### Sagasta at the Helm.

Madrid (By Cable).—The new Spanish cabinet is constituted as follows: Premier—Senor Sagasta.

Minister of Foreign Affairs—Senor Almonacid.

Minister of Finance—Senor Uruiz.

Minister of War—General Weyler.

Minister of the Interior—Senor Morot.

Minister of Marine—Duke of Veragua.

Minister of Public Works—Senor Villanueva.

Minister of Public Instruction—Senor Romanones.

Minister of Justice—Marquis Terverg.

### Fifty Chinese Killed.

Berlin (Special).—The War Office has received the following from Count von Waldersee: "A company of the Third East Asiatics, under Captain Knoerze came into contact, southwest of Man-Sheng, with 400 Chinese regulars, who had apparently been separated from their main body. The Chinese were scattered and 50 of them were killed. Two of their banners were taken."

### Blows to Pieces By Dynamite.

Philadelphia, Pa. (Special).—Giuseppe Confino and Angelo Abatto, Italian laborers, were blown to atoms by an explosion of dynamite in a quarry at West Manayunk, a suburb. The two men and a companion, Antonio Torano, were preparing to blast rock, and proceeded to thaw out the frozen sticks of dynamite. Instantly there was a terrific explosion, and Confino and Abatto were lifted many feet above the top of the pit. Portions of their bodies were scattered in all directions. Torano was stunned, but escaped injury.

### Seven Killed in Explosion.

Paris (By Cable).—A dispatch received here from Iran, a Spanish town near the French frontier, says that a quantity of dynamite stored in the Custom-house there exploded, killing seven persons and injuring many.