

Published Every Thursday.

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Climb On!

If ye cannot drive the team, Don't stand back a-braggin'—Throw away conceit's wild dream—Climb onto the wagon.

The error of a moment may be come the sorrow of a lifetime.

Some wives, like watches, have pretty faces, delicate hands, and are good to look upon—but somewhat difficult to regulate.

Triplets have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Howard Carroll, near Carlisle. They now have a family of four, the oldest being but 16 months.

Insurance amounting to \$80,000 has been paid to the heirs of J. Allison Eyster, who died in Chambersburg several weeks ago.

"What are you doing now?" "I'm writing for a living." "For the papers or magazines?" "No; writing to the old man for money."

Like bad dollars, all counterfeiters of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve are worthless. The original quickly cures piles, sores and all skin diseases. Trout's drug store.

"Smartness" is a talent which no wise man or woman need covet. For it frequently ruins its unfortunate possessor rather than the folks against whom it is employed.

"One of de gret hindrances in de way of de culled race," said Uncle Eben, "is dat dar ain't no way of habbin chicken stealin' politely spoke of in de papers as a defalcation."

There is always danger in using counterfeiters of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. The original is a safe and certain cure for piles. It is a soothing and healing salve for sores and all skin diseases. Trout's drug store.

Andrew Carnegie in a recent speech to young men in New York said he would advise any young man not to fall in love except with a woman from twenty to thirty years older than himself.

Do not train boys to learning by force or harshness; but direct them to it by what amuses their minds, so that you may be better able to discover with accuracy the peculiar bent of the genius of each.

Water transportation would appear to be the least dangerous among all means employed for that purpose. During the last year 800,000,000 passengers were carried on steam vessels within the jurisdiction of the United States, out of which number 206 lost their lives, and in this connection it is gratifying to know that only 44 were passengers; the other 162 being members of the crews. This would indicate that crews realize that the safety of the passenger is their first charge.

Recent experiments show that all classes of foods may be completely digested by a preparation called Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, which absolutely digests what you eat. As it is the only combination of all the natural digestants ever devised the demand for it has become enormous. It has never failed to cure the very worst cases of indigestion and it always gives instant relief. Trout's drug store.

Arithmetic.

TO MULTIPLY NUMBERS OF TWO DIGITS BY 11.

Separate the digits and place the sum of the two digits between them. Thus, 11 x 22 = 242, the 4 being the sum of 2 and 2.

Process: Write the 4 for the first figure of the product; add the 4 and 2 = 6 for the second; add the 2 and 2 = 4 for the third; the 3 and 5, for the 4th; the 5 and 3, for the 5th; the 3 and 2, for the 6th; and write the last figure or 2 for the 7th, and you have 258564.

If in adding, the sum is more than 9, write the unit's digit and carry the ten's to the next sum. Example: 384 x 11. Write the 4, then 4 plus 8 = 12. Write the 2 and carry the 1, 8 plus 3 = 11 and the 1 to carry is 12. Write the 2 and carry the 1 to the 3 which makes 4; hence you have 4224.

The class can thus readily write the products of 11 by any number to 100 and when a little older can use this knowledge to good advantage in more advanced work.

Rules for Shooting in Kentucky.

The following on a card is largely circulated in Kentucky: Plain citizens may be shot from January 1 to December 31.

Senators, Governors and members of Congress may be shot during any political campaign or within 60 days thereafter.

Niggers may be shot at any time. Hunters in search of this game are also allowed to use a stuffed club or a butcher's knife.

If any man is caught drinking water it is a sign he is no gentleman, sah! and may be executed with whatever weapon is nearest at hand. Colonels may be shot with impunity at any time, while a squirrel gun is recommended for majors and captains.

No man shall be allowed to kill in excess of six persons a day. In case of honor this number may be increased to 102.

Every citizen who does not tote the remains of his victims from public sight within 48 hours from the time the first volley was fired will be fined one (D) gallon of moonshine.

Any citizen who steps on another's toes may be shot, with the privilege of apologizing thereafter.

If a citizen leaves home half shot and is found on the street a short time thereafter full of buckshot, that is his fault, and his relatives are not allowed to shoot more than 17 suspects in their efforts to find the guilty person.

Maddensville.

Feb. 14.—One of the most notable events is the resurrecting of Bert Reihart's planing mill.

J. S. Reihart has his new store room nearly completed. It is quite an improvement to our town.

Roswell Stanes was a pleasant caller to our town Thursday. Come again, Roswell.

Erven Brown, who has been employed at Robertsdale in the mines, is at home.

Geo. Charlton took a sled load of young folks out driving Saturday evening.

Miss Lucy Utley, of Saltillo, visited in our town Thursday.

Mrs. Nettie Henry, of Clear Ridge, visited in our vicinity several days last week.

James Linn wears an unusually broad smile of late all on the account of a son which came to brighten his home.

David McDonald, who is employed at Wells Tannery, was home Saturday visiting his mother.

Ambrose Brown, who is employed by Fraker Bros., spent Saturday and Sunday with his father, Reuben Brown.

The last census makes the population of the county 9,924 by townships as follows: Ayr township, 1,310; Belfast township, 946; Bethel township, 884; Brush Creek township, 611; Dublin township, 889; Licking Creek township, 996; McConnellsburg township, 576; Taylor township, 995; Thompson township, 812; Tod township, 635; Union township, 706; Wells township, 594.

The anchor may have a good grip, but it gets it by a fluke.

Experiment With an Orange.

Peel an orange by cutting the rind through the center and removing it in the shape of hollow half spheres. In the bottom of one of these, pierce two holes side by side, and then place one-half in a goblet, the concave side down.

The diameter of the glass should be a little smaller than that of the orange peel, so as to hold the latter in position half way down the sides of the glass. Pour some red wine into the orange peel; it will run through the holes. Let it just reach the level where it touches the bottom of the orange peel.

Now pour water into the glass until it is almost full, and watch the result. You will see a thin red film rising through one of the holes to the level of the water, while the water which is heavier than the wine descends through the other hole to the bottom of the glass.

In a short time instead of having the wine below and the water above the orange skin, the conditions are reversed, both liquids having completely changed places.

Two goose quills may be placed in the holes, one going downward and one upward, but they are not indispensable to the success of the experiment.

Stood Death Off.

E. B. Munday, a lawyer of Henrietta, Tex., once fooled a gravedigger. He says: "My brother was very low with malarial fever and jaundice. I persuaded him to try Electric Bitters, and he was soon much better, but continued their use until he was wholly cured. I am sure Electric Bitters saved his life." This remedy expels malaria, kills disease germs and purifies the blood; aids digestion, regulates liver, kidneys and bowels, cures constipation, dyspepsia, nervous diseases, kidney troubles, female complaints; gives perfect health. Only 50c at W. S. Dickson's drug store.

Did it to Scare Them.

Bessie Baker, daughter of Oliver Baker, Hagerstown, told her girl friends she was going to commit suicide and then painted her lips with carbolic acid to make her mother believe she drank the stuff. As a result of her "joke," her lips and tongue were badly blistered and burned by the acid and she has now changed her mind about ending her life. It was first reported that she drank some of the carbolic acid, but this is denied.

A powerful engine cannot be run with a weak boiler, and we can't keep up the strain of an active life with a weak stomach; neither can we stop the human machine to make repairs. If the stomach cannot digest enough food to keep the body strong, such a preparation as Kodol Dyspepsia Cure should be used. It digests what you eat and it simply can't help but do you good. Trout's drug store.

The bill introduced in the legislature providing for the payment of bounties on scalps seems to meet with popular favor. The skin of any of the animals alone would not compensate for hunting them but when the bounty is added to it it does. Thus destructive animals are not permitted to multiply and the farmer is saved much annoyance as well as expense.

The red-headed girl continues to come to the front. It was a red-headed American stenographer who received 177 proposals of marriage at the Paris exposition, and now a New York business man who advertised for a stenographer and some girl clerks, all with red hair, says he prefers that kind because they are brighter than other girls. And there doesn't seem to be any intention of a joke in his remark, either.

If ever there were a time when we needed to think of what we can have without money, it is now. We think so much about money. We say we can do nothing without money. That is not so. We can be saints without money; we can have peace of conscience, peace with God, joy in God, we can have Heaven without money.—Margaret Bottom in the February Ladies' Home Journal.

For Meritorious Service.

Joseph L. Richards, of Ayr township, prizes very highly a certificate which he received at the direction of President Lincoln for meritorious service in the Civil War. The following is a copy: THE UNITED STATES VOLUNTEER SERVICE.

The President's Thanks and Certificate of Honorable Service. To Private Joseph L. Richards, 153 Ohio Nat. Guard.

WHEREAS the President of the United States has made the following Executive Order, returning Thanks to the OHIO VOLUNTEERS FOR ONE HUNDRED DAYS, to wit:

GREENSIDE MANSION, Washington City, Sep. 10, 1864. The term of One Hundred Days, for which the National Guard of Ohio volunteered, having expired, the President directs an Official Acknowledgment to be made of their patriotic and valuable service during the recent campaigns. The term of service of their enlistment was short, but distinguished by memorable events. In the Valley of the Shenandoah, on the Peninsula, in the Operations on the James River, around Petersburg and Richmond, in the Battle of Monocacy, and in the Intrenchments of Washington, and in other important service, the National Guard of Ohio performed with alacrity the duty of Patriotic Volunteers, for which they are entitled to, and are hereby tendered, through the Governor of their State, the NATIONAL THANKS.

The Secretary of War is directed to transmit a copy of this Order to the Governor of Ohio, and to cause a certificate of this honorable service to be delivered to the Officers and Soldiers of the Ohio National Guard who recently served in the Military Force of the United States as Volunteers for One Hundred Days.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN. Now, therefore, this Certificate of Thanks and of Honorable Service is conferred on Private Joseph L. Richards in token of his having honorably served as a volunteer for one hundred days in Co. G, 152d Regiment of Ohio National Guard.

Given under my hand at the City of Washington, this 15 day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

By the President: ABRAHAM LINCOLN, President of the United States, EDWIN M. STANTON, Secretary of War.

A Night of Terror.

"Awful anxiety was felt for the widow of the brave General Burnham of Machias, Me., when the doctors said she would die from Pneumonia before morning," writes Mrs. S. H. Lincoln, who attended her that fearful night, but she begged for Dr. King's New Discovery, which had more than once saved her life, and cured her of Consumption. After taking, she slept all night. Further use entirely cured her." This marvellous medicine is guaranteed to cure all Throat, Chest and Lung Diseases. Only 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at W. S. Dickson's drug store.

The legislature has before it a bill which will become a law, providing for the punishment of kidnappers. It fixes the penalty at imprisonment for life, for the person directly guilty of the crime, and also imposes a fine of \$5,000 and twenty-five years imprisonment for any one assisting to kidnap. The practice of kidnapping in Pennsylvania and adjoining states has become so common recently that the public will be glad to learn the legislature is taking drastic measures to break it up. The penalty is not any too severe for the offense.

The census 1820 showed a population of 260, of whom 219 were white, 3 free colored and 41 slaves. Among the older and more prominent families are those of Hughes, Brent, Bowles, Delaplane, Ressler, Phillips, Stigers, Craeger, Myers, Miller, Houck, Rinehart, Bridges, Henderson, etc.

Even the worst poets do something to a muse.

Reminiscences of Hancock.

Hancock is situated on the National Turnpike, one hundred miles from Baltimore and thirty nine miles from Cumberland. The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad traverses the opposite or West Virginia bank of the Potomac, and a bridge afford means of communication between railway station and the town. Hancock is one of the oldest towns in the State and was named after the first settler whom history does not show was especially distinguished in any other direction.

Hancock was incorporated at an early date, but after a number of years the charter was permitted to expire. John Donovan was among the earliest settlers and kept a public house in addition to conducting a farm. He owned an island in the Potomac immediately south of the town and lived in a frame house now owned and occupied by John Hixon at the intersection of Wason and Main streets. His tavern was immediately adjoining his house. The Barton Central Hotel is probably the oldest house in Hancock. Among the earlier residents of the town Jacob Houck, Druggist; John Johnston an old farmer and merchant who was an old settler; Rev. Joseph Powell, who died there Aug. 28, 1804, aged 70; Leonard Shafer, merchant; James Saunders, tavern keeper, "Sign of the Cross Keys," in 1805; John Watts, formerly of Hagerstown, was there in 1800; John Protzman, tavern keeper, was there in 1800 Benjamin Bean, tavern keeper, house "Sign of the Green Tree"—prior to 1808 he kept tavern at Parkhead Forge and other places; Charles Worland, saddler; John Matthews, inn keeper, house, "Sign of the Seven Stars," stand formerly occupied by J. Protzman; William Yates, a prominent citizen lived near there; Dr. Samuel J. Gregory; D. and C. Cartwright, merchants; Jno. Davis, merchant, also the contractor in 1817 for making a turnpike from the Big Conococheague to Cumberland; John Brady merchant, Robert Donovan, tanner; Capt. Jacob Stephens, inn keeper; Andrew Goulding kept the "Union Inn" in 1820 the house occupied formerly by Jacob Brosius; J. Richard, postmaster in 1820, Col. David Stephens, inn keeper Henry McKinley, postmaster in 1822.

In 1790 Samuel McFarren kept store at Hancock. Col. Haynes, of Kentucky, formerly lived (before 1792) nearly adjoining Hancock, where he had a splendid mansion and several hundred acres of land. He removed thence to Kentucky with a large number of the other settlers from this section of the State.

Mr. Donovan, in September 1793, advertised his property and business for sale in the following terms:

To Be Sold. That well-known house and two lots of ground, with all the improvements thereon, in Hancock town where John Donovan formerly lived and where Capt. Casper Shaffner now lives, the stand is so well known by the public that little need be said in its favor, and more especially as it is presumed the purchaser will view the premises before he deals.

JOHN DONOVAN. Hancocktown, Sept. 30, 1793.

April 14, 1797 Casper Shaffner opened a public house at the stand formerly occupied by John Donovan at Hancocktown. Previous to this he kept at the "Sign of the Ship."

Prior to the nineteenth century the citizens of Hancocktown were to a certain measure devoted to turf sports. A public advertisement of September 7, 1797, gave notice that "At Hancocktown, on the 18th day of October, next, there will be a race for a purse of 25 pounds, free to any horse; on the 19th on the same course, another race for 15 pounds; and on Friday the 20th a handsome sweepstake. The horses will be entered with John Johnston and Casper Shaffner the day preceding each race. Horses to start each day at one o'clock.

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Even the worst poets do something to a muse.

J. K. Johnston's Mid Winter Sale. Special Bargains in OVERSHOES. Men's Buckle Arctics \$1.00. Women's Buckle Arctics 80c. Felt Boots \$1.75. Ladies' Capes and a few Men's and Boy's Overcoats will be Closed Out Quick to make room for new stock. Men's and Boy's Heavy Caps. We still have a few of those cheap Blankets and Bed Comforters—will not carry them over. Underwear, Gloves and Mittens. P. S. Ask to see the cheapest double-bit axe in town.

Father Time's Own Clock. CHURCH DIRECTORY. PRESBYTERIAN—Rev. W. A. West, D. D., Pastor. Sabbath school, 9:15. Preaching service—each alternate Sunday morning counting from Aug. 12th, at 10:30, and every Sunday evening at 7:30. Junior Christian Endeavor at 2:00. Christian Endeavor at 6:00. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:00. METHODIST EPISCOPAL—Rev. H. M. Ash, Pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching every other Sunday morning, counting from August 12th, at 10:30 and every Sunday evening at 7:00. Epworth League at 6:00 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:00. UNITED PRESBYTERIAN—Rev. J. L. Grove, Pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching every Sunday morning at 10:30, and every other Sunday evening counting from August 19, at 7:00. The alternate Sabbath evenings are used by the Young People's Christian Union at 7:00 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:00. EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN—Rev. A. G. Wolf, Pastor. Sunday school 9:15 a. m. Christian Endeavor at 6:15 p. m. Wednesday evening prayer meeting at 7:00. Preaching morning and evening every other Sunday, dating from December 9, 1900. REFORMED—Rev. C. M. Smith, Pastor. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Christian Endeavor at 6:00 p. m. Wednesday evening prayer meeting at 7:00.

SALT RHEUM CURED BY Johnston's Sarsaparilla QUART BOTTLES. JUST SEEN IN TIME. Slight Skin Eruptions are a Warning of Something More Serious to Come. The Only Safe Way is to Heed the Warning. Johnston's Sarsaparilla is the Most Powerful Blood Purifier Known. Nature, in her efforts to correct mistakes, which mistakes have come from careless living, or it may be from ancestors, shoots out pimples, blotches and other imperfections on the skin, as a warning that more serious troubles (perhaps tumors, cancers, erysipelas or pulmonary diseases) are certain to follow if you neglect to heed the warning and correct the mistakes. Many a lingering, painful disease and many an early death has been avoided simply because these notes of warning have been heeded and the blood kept pure by a right use of JOHNSTON'S SARSAPARILLA. Miss Abbie J. Rande, of Marshall, Mich., writes: "I was cured of a bad humor after suffering with it for five years. The doctors and my friends said it was salt rheum. It came out on my head, neck and ears, and then on my whole body. I was perfectly raw with it. What I suffered during those five years, is no use telling. Nobody would believe me if I did. I tried every medicine that was advertised to cure it. I spent money enough to buy a house. I heard JOHNSTON'S SARSAPARILLA highly praised. I tried a bottle of it. I began to improve right away, and when I had finished the third bottle I was completely cured. I have never had a touch of it since. I never got any kind of do to me the least good till I tried JOHNSTON'S SARSAPARILLA. I would heartily advise all who are suffering from humors or skin disease of any kind to try it at once. I had also a good deal of stomach trouble, and was run down and miserable, but JOHNSTON'S SARSAPARILLA made me all right." The blood is your life and if you keep it pure and strong you can positively resist disease or face contagion fearlessly. JOHNSTON'S SARSAPARILLA never fails. It is for sale by all druggists, in full quart bottles at only one dollar each. MICHIGAN DRUG COMPANY, DETROIT, MICH. For Sale at Trout's Drug Store.