Comment by Rev. S. H. Doyle. Toric. A forward look.—Phil. iii, 12-14.

The month of January derives its name from Janus, an old Italian god that had two faces pointing in opposite directions. The month is well named, for it also points two ways, for at the beginning of the year, while we look forward, we also look backward. It is well at times in our lives to look both ways. Paul realized that, as we can see from the reference which we have before us, and at no time in life is it more fitting and appropriate to follow Paul's example in this respect than at the beginning of the year. Let us, then, carefully and prayerfully take a backward and a forward look, with the hope and prayer that the future may be a constant improvement upon the

1. A backward look. "Forgetting those things which are behind." Paul recalls the past and concludes that the best thing to do is to forget it. He was probably influenced to this decision by reason of the fact that too much contemplation of the past would be injurious to future advancement. The man who lives in the past makes no progress. The man who keeps his face toward the radiance of the setting sun does not receive the inspiration that comes to the one who beholds the beauty and glory of the rising sun. Past attainments are well forgotten, lest they fill us with pride and self satisfaction and deprive us of the ambition to go forward to still greater deeds of sacrifice and of love. Past sins and fallures are to be forgotten. Many dwarf their present usefulness by idly dwelling upon the failures and mistakes of the past. They are gone, and gone forever. No voice can call them back again, no cement of human device put them together again. Let them therefore be buried with the past, lest they impair future usefulness, and let our only anxiety be for that we do not repeat them.

2. A forward look, "Reaching forth unto those things which are before, I press toward the mark for the prize of the high calling of God in Christ Jesus," This figure of the runner is an inspiring one. He looks forward. He has the goal and the prize before him. But he not only looks forward, but he presses forward with all his powers and energies that he may reach the goal and obtain the prize. So should every Christian and every Christian Endeavorer. We should look forward. "The eye must precede the foot. If them best, our bearts are not already in heaven, our souls cannot be traveling thither," But we must also press forward. A forward look is suggestive of a forward movement. We cannot stand still, for that is stagnation; we dare not turn aside, for that is danger and delay, and we cannot go back, for that is trenson and destruction. We must then go forward-forward to Christ, who is both our goal and our prize. Let us make a fresh start at the beginning of this, another new year, and let us keep steadily on in face of all temptations until, like Paul, we shall have finished our course and have in view the crown of righteousness which is to be our reward

THE PRAYER MEETING. Arrange a special New Year's service that will be fitting. A personal consecration meeting would be most

BIRLE READINGS. Ps. lxvil, 1-7; exxi, 1-8; Prov. tv. 25-27; Math. v, 48; vii, 21-29; Luke ix, 62; Cor. 1x, 24-27; II Cor. 1c, 18; Titus II. 11-15; I Tim. iv, 7, 8; Rev, H, 10.

Confession Before Conversion. I never knew any man to be converted until he confessed. Cain felt bad enough over his sins, but he did not confess. Saul was greatly tormented in his mind, but he went to the witch of Endor rather than to the Lord. Judas felt so bad over the betrayal of his Master that he went out and hanged himself, but he did not confess-that is, he did not confess to God. He came back and confessed to the priests, saying, "I have sinned in that I have betrayed the innocent blood." It was of no use to confess to them. They could not forgive him. What he should have done was to confess to God, but instead of that he went right away and

Coming to Love People

hanged himself .- Moody.

We come to love people through what we do for them rather than through what they do for us. God has gone far beyond our thanking in what He has done for us, but we take His gifts as a matter of course until He can induce us to do something for Him.

This is why He throws on us the burden of working where He might have wrought and giving where He might have given. It is for our sakes that we thereby may learn to love the Docr and Giver of all good.

And so a wise mother instead of doing everything for her child herself tenches it love by setting it to do for her.-Sunday School Times.

Faithful Unto Death.

John Ellot on the day of his death, in his eightleth year, was found teaching the alphabet to an Indian child at his bedside.

"Why not rest from your labors?" "Because," said the venerable man, "I have prayed to God to make me useful in my sphere, and He has heard my prayer, for now that I can no longer preach He leaves me strength enough to teach this poor child his alphabet."

After such an example of obedience to the command, "Be ye faithful until death," who can plead inability to serve the Master?-Lutheran Observer.

Obeying God.

Man loses nothing by obeying God. Providence and grace work in conjunction for the good of those who keep God's commandments.-Presbyterian.

When threatened by pneumonia or any other lung trouble, prampt relief is necessary, as it delay. We would



### THE LEADERS IN THE COMING STRUGGLE

Graphic Pen Pictures of the Men of Three Parties Who Will Conduct Affairs At Harrisburg.

#### STRIKING ROMANCES IN REAL LIFE.

How These Leaders Rose From the Ranks to Positions of Command. Their Characteristics and Traits as Seen Apart From Partisanship--Life Storles and Struggles of Men Whose Names Are Political Household Words.

sylvania legislature promises to be one portion. He is a fluent, graceful talkof the most interesting held in recent er, with a turn for the practical and years. In addition to the work of exact rather than for the elequent in electing a United States senator a great deal of important legislation will come duties cannot win him from a fireside before it.

The real work of a session, its arrangement and direction, is always in the hands of a few men who are leaders by virtue of selection, experience or natural ability. The coming session will be no exception to this established rule, the only difference being that with three parties in the field there will be a greater display of ability, sagacity and generalship than has ever been seen in the history of house or

The three parties referred to are the | with honor from its "Stalwart" Republicans, the "Independent" Republicans, and the Democrats. A study of the field on the eve of the assembling indicates that the sylvania, active leadership in each of these parties will devolve upon a very few men. They will be generals, and a study of the men at the head of each division indicates that this leadership will be in most competent hands.

A conspicuous feature in the lives of this handful of men is that with one or two exceptions they have carved their way to political, professional or financial eminence by nard work. They are men from the ranks, and, therefore, best fitted to direct and lead.

The following sketch of their lives is purely biographical, and has been prepared without partisan bias. These leaders are described as they appear in social life, and to those who know

Commissioner Burbam.

On the part of the "Stalwart" Republicans State Insurance Commissioner Israel W. Durnam, ex-state senator, ex-magistrate of Philadelphia, stands as the undisputed head of that element in

Philadelphia. Com-

missioner Durham

is 44 years of age,

having been born

Oct. 24, 1856. He

comes of an old



sioner Durham.

Quaker City family, and in personal appearance is of medium beight and build, light mustache and complexion and a slight tendency to stoutness.

In a personal and social way Commissioner Durham is one of the most affable and companionable of men, whose most striking characteristic is his perfect frankness. In his political affiliations this trait is marked together with a disposition to grasp all the details of a situation at once and act accordingly. The secret of Commissioner Durham's success is his affability, his frankness and his thorough knowledge of Philadelphia, where he has spent all his life. The companionable traits of Mr. Durham's nature at-

tract and hold men. Whatever Israel W. Durham has achieved in politics is due entirely to his own efforts, backed by an indomitable will. Immediately on graduating from the Philadelphia high school he learned the brickmaking trade, which he deserted to enter the flour and feed business. His popularity led to his entrance into politics, and in 1885, when not yet 30 years of age, he was elected by the Republicans one of the police magistrates of Philadelphia. He was re-elected in 1890, and was urged for re-election, in '95, but declined a

third nomination. He became a state senator in 1897, when he was elected from the Sixth district, with practically no opposition, to fill the unexpired term of his personal friend, Hon. Boies Penrose, who had been elected United States senator. In 1888 Mr. Durham was a delegate to the Republican national convention at Chicago, and from this time dates his rise from ward politics into the broader domain of city and state politics. It was largely due to Mr. Durham that State Senator Penrose was chosen a United States senator in '97, and in each legislative session since 1895 Commissioner Durham has been a potent factor in protecting and directing the interests of Hon. M. S. Quay and the stalwart element of the Republican

He was one of the first of the state tinguished body. leaders to espouse the cause of Hon. William A. Stone as a gubernatorial candidate, and so earnestly and offectually did he work for success that he was rewarded by Governor Stone with appointment as State Insurance

Commissioner. In the legislative session of 1899 the fact was universally recognized that the mainspring of the Quay contest at that session had its power in the personality of Israel W. Durham and John P. Elkin. In the approaching session these two men will occupy the place of leadership at the head of the "Stalwart" column. Commissioner Durham ts a bachelor.

Attorney General Elkin.

Attorney General John P. Elkin, another of the "Stalwart" Republican leaders, comes of distinguished parentage. He is the son of the man, Francis Elkin, who erected and operated the first tin plate mill in the United States. This was at Wellsville, O., in 1874, and Attorney General Elkin, then a lad of 14, was one of the first helpers employed around this establishment, which was the forerunner of one of the greatest of America's industries.

Attorney General Elkin is a stalwart in appearance as well as in principle.

The approaching session of the Penn- | He is six feet high and built in propublic address. His home is in Indiana, where his political and official whose adornment to a wife, two young daughters and a son.

John P. Elkin is of Scotch-Irish ancestry. He was educated in the public schools, and graduated from the Indiana Normal school. He was a school

teacher at 15 years of age. In 1882 he entered the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor, and two years later, in 1884, he was graduated law department. In the same year, on his return to Penncalled to the bar of

Attorney General

office of the Lenis-

ville and Nashvilla

railroad, at Louis-

ville, Ky. He sub-

sequently resigned to accept a more re-

aponsible position at Nashville, Tenn., with the Adams Ex-

fields of his native sinte.

press company. It was while here that his attention was di-Col. James M. Guffey.

in the phenomenal story of the oil re-

covered five counties. He drilled the celebrated Matthews well, one of the

greatest of its time. When the discovery of natural gas was made he enter-

ed this field with the same success that had attended him in the oil region.

Then he branched out in the develop-

lowed by his venture into gold and sti-ver mining in Idaho and Colorado. He

is president of the Trade Dollar Min-

ways taken an interest in politics.

the Democratic state committee meet-

national committee from Pennsylvania, which position he has held ever since. It is the only office in the gift of his party that he has held, and he has re-

peatedly declared that he is not a can-didate for any other office.

political career has been his control of

nature and roads men intuitively. To this fact and the wide experience of his life in the business world is due the remarkable hold he has upon his

party and its leaders. Col. Guffey's is a striking figure. He is tall and slen-

der, with waving gray hair and Iron gray mustache. His features are clear

cut and expressive. In manner he is quick, instantly grasping a point,

with his wife and four children in a beautiful home in the East End of Pittsburg. His hespitality and bene-factions are the dominating features of

his social life. He is a prominent member of the Manhattan club of New

York, the Duquesne club of Pitts-burg, a trustee of Washington and

Jefferson college and of many other social and educational institutions.

Col. Guffey has just completed his 60th

State Senator Pline.

The element of the Republican par-

"Insurgent" and

recognized head State Senator Will-

burg, the representative at Harrisburg

of the Forty-fourth

Senator Fline is a

Hving exemplifica-

tion of what brains,

energy and self re-

ty which goes under the various names

"Anti-Quay" Republicans has as its

State Senator Film. Hance can do for the man who starts in life with ambi-

tion and a common school education. Senator Flinn today stands high on she

list of men in Pittsburg who have made

great fortunes in great enterprises. In

personal appearance he is of fine phy-sique, six feet tall, with hair and mus-

tache just turning gray, who looks at the world with keen eyes through gold

conspicuous feature is a square, firmly

set lower jaw, indicative of character

Every man has some marked pecu-

liarity, and that of Sanator Flinn is directness coupled with decision. He goes straight to the heart of a ques-

tion, sattles it and dismisses it to take up the next problem. He is a high type of the business man in politics. Be-

of the business man in politics. Be-ginning life as an apprentice to the trade of brass finishing and gas and

steam fittings, by his own efforts he has become one of the largest con-

tractors in the country, being at the

Incorporated, of Pittsburg.

lican city committee.

head of the Booth & Flinn company,

Senator Flinn was born at Manches

ter, England, on May 6, 1851, of Irish parentage. His parents removed to

Pittsburg in the year of his birth, and since that time he has made his home in the "Smoky City." While a young

man he began taking an active interest

in politics, soon rose to be a precinct leader, then the controller of his ward,

and later the head of the Republican

erganization in Pittsburg, having occu-

pied for the past 18 years the responsi-ble position of chairman of the Repub-

whirl was the session of 1879, and he was re-elected to the session of 1881.

In 1890 he was first chosen to repre

1894 he was re-elected with practically no opposition, and two years ago for

the third time he received an over-whelming majority. For twenty years

past Senator Flinn has attended as a

delegate every state convention, and

since 1884 has been a delegate to every

national convention of the Republican

His years of service in houseand sen-

ventions and in committees, has made

enator Flinn one of the best parlia-

ate, and as a presiding officer at con-

mentarians in public life. On the floor

of the senate he expresses himself with

case, fluency and precision of grammatical atterance. In delate he is forcible

small vices of men, and resides with his

family in a beautiful home in the cast

end of Pittsburg. His elder son, a grad-uate of Vale, is the associate of his

State Senator Martin.

ent Republican forces in Philadelphia is State Senator David Martin, a Phila-

delphian of Scotch-Irish ancestry, the

has been Sergeants at-arms of the House State Seaster Martin of Representatives at Washington, a delegate to all the state conventions

阿蒙

At the bend of the allied independ-

futher in his business enterprises.

son of a farmer and

his birth, Senator

Martin was elected

Republican execu-

committee be

fore he was a voter, and continued in that

position for 32 con-secutive years. He

Republican from

sent his district in the state senate

His first venture into the legislative

rimmed spectacles,

and firmness.

"Independent,"

year of life.

ready conversationalist, and the most agreeable of men. He

nature and reads men intuitively.

The striking feature of Col. Cuffey's

en. He is a keen student of human

and West Virginia, and this was

of coal areas in Pennsylvania

Within a few years his operations

A SERVICE

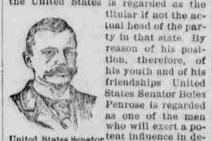
Indiana county, and in the fall election was chosen one of Indiana's representatives to the legislature of 1885. At this time he was but 24 years of age, one of the youngest men who had ever sat in the house.

The vigor of youth inspired him to conspicuous efforts at this session, and chairman of the important Commit-tee on Constitutional Reform. Among the many positions of trust and honor and out of it which he in politics held was that of chairman of the Republican state convention which nominated Greeg and Morrison in for years was president of the Indiana school board; is a member of the board of trustees of the Indiana Normal school; president of the Farmers' bank of Indiana and Deputy Attorney General of Pennsylvania for nearly three years

under Attorney General McCormick. He was chairman of the Republican State Committee through three campaigns, leading his party to victory, and immediately upon his induction into office Governor Stone appointed him Attorney General, which position he has held ever since. In his personal contact with men of all classes Attorney General Eikin is an agreeable, pleas ant voiced gentleman of kindly impulses and unaffected manner. He is a staunch partisan and personal friend of Hon. M. S. Quay, his only son being med Stanley Quay Elkin.

United States Senutor Peurose.

An unwritten law in American politics is that the representative of any party from any state in the senate of the United States is regarded as the titular if not the ac-



his youth and of his friendships United States Senator Boles Penrose is regarded as one of the men who will exert a po-United States Senator tent influence in deciding questions Penrose. that must come be-

fore the next legislature, so far as his party is concerned. From his first en-trance into the political arena Senator Penrose has been identified with the stalwarts, or what has later been denominated the Quay element in the Republican party. Of illustrious an-cestry, the founders of his family have been identified with the government Pennsylvania since the days of Penn. Through the Biddles, Thomases and Penroses he has inherited an Americanism stretching through six gener-

Boies Pearoge entered Harvard at the early age of 16, and graduated with high honors in 1881. He was born Nov. 1, 1860, at 1331 Spruce street, the house in which he still resides when in Philadelphia. His father was R. A. F. Pen-rose, M. D., L.L. D. Since 1885 the tall, strongly built form of Boles Penrose has been a familiar one in Harrisburg. where he served successively as mem-ber of the house in 1885 and member of the state senate from 1886 to 1896

By profession Senator Penrose is a lawyer, having studied under Wayne MacVeagh and George Tucker Bispham, being admitted to the Philadel-phia bar in 1883. In connection with his law partner, Mr. Allinson, he is the author of "A History of the City Government of Philadelphia," a volume entitled "Philadelphia 1681-1887" and a "History of Ground Rents in Philadel-phia." He was elected to the United States senate to succeed J. Donald Cameron in 1856, and today is Penceyl-

vania's only representative in that dis-

The marked characteristic of Sena tor Penrose's public life is the fluency and command of language in his public utterances. He is one of the most pol-ished speakers that ever sat in the nate of Pennsylvania. He also is a bachelor.

Col. James M. Guffey.

The controlling power in Democratic councils at Harrisburg the coming session will be, just as he was last session, Col. James McClurg Guffey. Democratic National Committeeman from Pennsylvania, and the recognized head of the party in this state. The story of Col. Guffey's life has been one long romance. He is not only largest oil producer in the United States, but employs more men in his gold and silver mining operations in

Idaho than any single individual. Col. Guffey comes from one of the oldest families in Pennsylvania. On his mother's side he is descended from the historic Clan Campbell of Scotland, while on his paternal side the Guffey family has for generations past been prominent in the Shire of Lanark in the Scottish lowlands. The first Guffey arrived in this country in 1738, settled in Philadelphia and subsequently penetrated the then wilderness to what is now Westmoreland county. fices that Senator Martin has filled Trout's drug store.

where he established the first months with credit to himself and his party are settlement in that county and the per- those or termatile Appraiser for five and we t of the Allesheades. James M. Confey pinised his early days the Night district for two years and on his father's farm and attenting the Secretary of the Commonwealth of

district school. At the age of 18 he Pennsylvania for nearly two year At the actional convention of 1896 be was one of the six Pennsylvania became a sleek in the superintendent's delegates who voted for Major McKinloy, declining to join the rest of the delogation in voting for Senator Quity for president. He was a delegate to the national convention at Minneapolis and also a delegate to the national convention in '88 which non-inated Harrison for president.

The senatorial district which Mr. Martin represents gave him the disthation two years ago of the largest majority ever given a senatorial can-didate in the state, he having defeated the Democratic nominee by over 21,000 to the new and wonderful oil to Pennsylvania and immediately en-tered upon a career as a producer and operator which has had few parallels votes in a poll of about 37,000. Senator Martin holds a high place in

councils of the independent Republican organization, as his position in Philadelphia entitles him to such distinction. His manner is not effusive, and though agreeable and enteriaining in private conversation he carefully chooses his words in discussing affairs of state or politics.

As a farmer's son, his love for country life has always remained aupreme, and he resides with his wife, sister and brother-in-law, the latter William J. Roney, Receiver of Taxes of Philadelphia, on the old farm in a ing and Milling company, of Silver Cily, Idaho. The town of Guffey in that state is named after him.

Col. Guffey, in connection with his brother, the late Sherlff John M. Guffey, of Westmoreland county, has always to the connection of the county of the come to the front as a public cpeaker when occasion demanded H. and at such times has expressed himself with freedom and force. Senator Martin 13 56 years of age. ing in August, 1897, Col. Guffey was elected a member of the Democratic

Secretary Van Valke three.

For nearly four years the executive management of the affairs of the Business Men's Republican League of Pennsylvania and its Philadelphia branch



F. A Van Valkesburg. Crs is the John Wanamaker senato rial contest at Harrisburg four League's work in connection with the Independent Republican movement the coming session. Associated with him will be Hon. A. D. Fetterolf, former chief clerk of the house and one of the independent leaders of eastern Penn-

Mr. Van Valkenburg is one of the youngest men in active politics in the state, having been born April 3, 1887, in Tioga county. He comes of an old family and revolutionery ancestry. The only office he has ever held was that of assistant postmaster at Wellshoro in 1890 and 1892. He is a man of medium height, stoutly built, of joylal disposition and with a keen sedae of humor. Prior to his entrance into state politics he had been active in Tioga county Republican affairs.

Polities, however, do not engross all of his time, for he is general manager of the Bangar Star Slate company, and is identified with the development the now famous Tioga county on fields. Prior to his election as secretary of the Bustness Men's Lengue be was tractor for iron and steel highway bridges. The peculiarity about Mr. Van Valkenburg is that he has no desire to hold office and would not necept political preferment, as he has frequently declared.

He is a part owner of the Wellaboro Republican-Advocate. He lives at the Manufacturers' club, in Philadelphia, and is noted for his collection of curios and editions De Lux of rare works. This is the only hobby he in-He is one of the best known of the younger club men in Philadel-phia. Like all men who exercise ex-ecutive or directing power in polities or business, he is straightforward in his utterances and does not leave anybody in doubt as to his ideas on any subject. His friends are carefully selected and are of the kind who are steadfast under all circumstances.

A SLEEPY GUEST.

Why the Lady of the House Was Indignant Over His Conduct,

There is a well known legal light of Chicago who is in deep disgrace without the shadow of an excuse for himself to bolster up his sinking spirits. He went out to Hyde Park the other night to dine informally with some friends, and his hostess, who had been married but a short time, put herself out to entertain him. The dinner was excellent, and the judge did full justice to it. They had coffee in the library, and the biggest, most padded leather chair was put at the guest's disposal. With a sigh he sank into its cavernous depths and prepared for a luxurious evening with a good cigar ahead of him. Brilliantly his hostess rambled on. She told stories that were witty, and she gently deferred to his views, but presently he left her to do all the talking. In the midst of a striking account of a theater party she stopped with a jerk. There was no response and a dead silence punctuated only by a gentle and regular breathing. The judge was fast asleep in his big chair. There was no doubt of it. Nothing could conceal the fact. With one indignant and comprehensive glance at plainly delighted husband she arose and majestically swoot up stairs. And she did not go down again.

It was some time later when her husband apologetically came up after He had not expected her wrath to last, "Did-did you think you were badly treated?" he asked.

"How long did he sleep?" asked the still insulted wife. Again the grin overspread her husband's face, but he spoke in a sad tone, ast befitted the occasion. "Nearly an

pacifically. Then it was the worm turned. "Mind!" she stormed. "Of course I wouldn't, only you have grounds now for the rest of your life for saying I talk so much it puts people to sleep!" And she wept.-Chlengo Newa.

bour," he breathed. "I wouldn't mind."

Pepsin | reparations often fail to relieve indigestion because! they can digest only albuminous foods. There is one preparation that digests all classes of food, and that is Kodol Dyspe in Cure. It cures the worst case.. of inwifor 28 years, except two, and served four years as a member of the Republican National Committee. The other of-

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erybody.

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10. 1 no. 2 no. 6 no. 7 no. 5

Additional local trains will inner Marrisbury ally except Sunday for Carbaic and Intermedial Actions at 9 No. 11, 200 g. 11, bill p. 11. Sp. 11, and 11,00 g. 11, and 10 or Machineles at 11,00 g. 11, and 10 or Machineles at 11,00 g. 11, and 1,00 g. 11,00 g

Daily except Sunday On Sundays will insve Philadelphia at 1 5 York and Rucaville, Tenu, on trains 1 may and 10 cast. Through conclus to and from Phitadelphia on trates I and a sust and 7 and 9 sust SOUTHERN PENN'A IL IL TRAINS.

A. Bunnas. Gan't Pass. Agent.

COUNTY OFFICERS. in Julies tion E. Mol. Swaper Mine mere Build Rote, Enguest it, John S. Harris, D. H. Mynts, A. S. on H. R. Malos, A. N. Re-

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