

THE NEWS.

The business section of Prescott, Arizona, was destroyed by fire, the losses being estimated at one million dollars, and the insurance at less than one-half that amount.

Luther H. Bailey, of a New York brokerage firm which was connected with the discretionary pool business, was expelled from the Consolidated Stock Exchange.

Charles A. Towne, late People's party nominee for Vice-President, spoke at a Democratic ratification meeting in Colorado Springs, Col.

A committee in New York asked Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Reed to join a third party, to be composed of Gold Democrats and Anti-Expansion Republicans.

A number of the guests at the launching of the steamer American at Chester, Pa., were thrown into the river by the breaking of a plank. All were saved.

The coroner's jury in Tacoma, Wash., held the electric railway company to blame for the Fourth of July disaster, in which many lives were lost.

Rev. T. H. James, a preacher, of Salina, Kan., who went to England to look after a big estate in Liverpool, disappeared after reaching Southampton.

Mr. James J. Van Alen was stopped at the pier in New York on his return from Europe, and made to pay \$1400 duty on his daughter's dresses.

Captain Healy, of the United States revenue cutter McCulloch, was declared insane by the county board at Port Townsend, Wash.

A ship was sunk by a tug in the Delaware river at Camden, and Miss Mary Schaeffer, one of the merrymakers, was drowned.

Captain Ide and his officers reported to the Navy Department that the cruiser New Orleans had many defects.

The body of the late Senator Gear was shipped from Washington to Burlington, Iowa, where it will be buried.

Allison Marvin, the son of a millionaire of Meriden, Conn., shot himself for love of some unknown girl.

No news was brought by the bark Calcium, which arrived in Philadelphia, of Lieutenant Peary, who is in the Arctic Regions in quest of the North Pole.

Reports from the drouth-stricken sections of Arizona are to the effect that every water hole and most of the wells have gone dry.

The Chinese residents of the recently quarantined districts of San Francisco are making a demand for compensation for losses alleged to have been sustained owing to the action of the health officials.

Thomas White, 34 years old, is suffering at the Episcopal Hospital, in Philadelphia, from a triple fracture of the shoulder blade, caused by an accident during an initiation at Pride of America Lodge, Foresters of America, at the latter's hall.

The body of John Webber, 70 years old, was found in a pond near Paterson, N. J. It is thought that he was murdered.

Mr. Bryan has stated the date set for his notification is satisfactory to him.

Richard Croker and David B. Hill have been chosen members of the New York Democratic Executive Committee.

The rail-reducing mill of the Illinois Steel Company at Milwaukee has resumed operations.

J. G. Schmidt has offered \$100,000 to build a wing to the Cincinnati Art Museum as a memorial to his wife and daughter.

Ex-Congressman W. E. Owens, of the defense in the Goebel murder cases, was severely injured by a fall at Georgetown, Ky.

A collection of rare coins, valued between \$5000 and \$10,000, has been stolen from the Milwaukee Public Museum.

Senator Hanna was made chairman of the Republican Executive Committee and Perry S. Heath secretary at the Cleveland meeting.

The Carpenter Steel Company, at Reading, Pa., has received a rush order from the Government for 600 twelve-inch navy shells.

The United States authorities at Cape Nome have declared martial law.

Chicago promoters have arranged a \$30,000,000 deal to insure a permanent pure water supply for St. Louis.

Serious trouble was reported threatened between the Mojave Indians at Fort Mojave, Col., and the agency authorities.

The storage plant and grain elevator of the W. S. Limond Grain Drier Company, Brooklyn, was damaged \$50,000 worth by fire.

The plant of the Birmingham Cement Company at Ensley, Ala., was burned with a loss of \$100,000.

Striking street car employees in St. Louis continue to assault persons riding on cars of the Transit Company.

News was received in San Francisco of the death in Alaska of Capt. Daniel Webster, which took place June 18.

Governor Roosevelt announced that he had dismissed the charges against Controller Coler. No action has been taken in the cases of Mayor Van Wyck and District Attorney Gardner.

The Baltimore and Ohio express, from Washington for New York, was wrecked near Philadelphia. It had \$3,000,000 in gold on board. The switch had been tampered with, and it was suggested that the accident was the work of would-be robbers.

Edward W. Trexler, a retired lumber dealer of Allentown, Pa., was struck by a fast Philadelphia and Reading Railroad freight train and instantly killed.

It is probable that Chicago will be the headquarters of the Democrats during the Presidential campaign.

The Democratic Presidential campaign was informally opened at Lincoln. Two ratification meetings were held by the Populists and Silver Republicans and the other by the Democrats of Nebraska.

Mr. Louis Klopsch has cabled \$100,000 to India from the relief fund in response to an urgent appeal from Rev. Mr. Freese, at Baroda.

The resumption of the St. Louis street-car strike caused no interruption to traffic.

A report has been received at the Treasury Department from Captain Roberts, commanding the revenue cutter Manning, dated Dutch Harbor, Unalaska, June 23, 1900, showing a situation at Cape Nome which, the officials fear, may result in great suffering during the coming winter among the crowds that are now flocking to the new gold fields.

Trouble was reported among the employees of the Central Railway of New Jersey which, it was said, might develop into a strike.

The officials at the War Office are busy planning to push the campaign in China.

FIRST BIG GUN.

McKINLEY AND ROOSEVELT NOTIFIED OF THEIR NOMINATIONS.

LARGE CROWD AT CANTON.

Headline the Formal Remarks of Senator Lodge and the President's Response, the Crowd Was Addressed by Chairman Hanna—Simple Ceremonies at Roosevelt's Oyster Bay Home.

Canton, O. (Special).—Under an azure sky, with the sunlight glinting through the leafy trees, with the banner of the Republic draped above him, William McKinley was officially notified of his second nomination by the Republican party for the highest office in the civilized world. Grouped about him were leading men of his party, while surrounding his Canton home were the friends among whom he has lived for more than 30 years, together with vast crowds from the surrounding towns of his native State.

The scene was inspiring as, to the eloquent words of Senator Lodge, the President responded in a ringing speech. There was enthusiasm enough and to spare, and to many of the pointed utterances of both Senator Lodge and the President there was hearty and cordial approval shown.

Impetuous features of the speech of notification by Senator Lodge and the response by President McKinley were the references to the Chinese situation. This caused a great deal of discussion during the conferences following the formal speech-making, and the impression created was that these utterances were a notification to the world that the United States intended to preserve all its rights in China.

The impressive portions of the President's speech were his references to the maintenance of the gold standard and the financial public faith, the preservation of a protective tariff, the enlargement of our market, and especially the catchy phrase "prosperity at home and prestige abroad."

When he asked "Shall we go back to the tariff of four years ago?" there were shouts of "No! No!" from every part of the audience. A prolonged cheer greeted his words relative to the maintenance of our authority in the Philippines. There was a most impressive shout when he declared that there should be continued legislative control over the territory possessed by the United States and another outburst when he said such authority would be coupled with "liberty and humanity." His declaration that the United States had reclaimed "10,000,000 human beings from imperialism" was a decided hit, and there were many requests for him to repeat the sentence. This turn of the word was considered one of the adroit features of the speech.

The President seemed at his best. His appearance indicated splendid health and his voice rang out in clarion tones, reaching the outskirts of the vast throng which surrounded the house, and extended over the lawn and across the street. Speaking from the same place where he received the formal notification four years ago, and in the presence of men in hearty accord with his policy and principles, he could not but create a favorable impression and receive, as he did, the most hearty applause of his listeners.

While the speech of the President closed the formal notification there had not been oratory enough for the gathering and other speakers were called for. Senator Fairbank of Indiana, Senator Hanna, chairman of the National Committee; Charles Emory Smith, Postmaster-General; Col. Samuel Parker, of Hawaii, and Senator Lodge were heard, the last named speaking twice.

The notification committee and party came from Cleveland on a special train, making the run in one hour and 21 minutes. They were met at the station and in carriages escorted to the home of President McKinley. The Tippecanoe Club of Cleveland was given the place of honor next to the band. The American flag floated from many business houses and residences along the route of the procession. Other delegations from nearby cities and towns helped to swell the large throng which gathered to honor one of Canton's famous citizens and to contribute their share toward making the second notification of Mr. McKinley a day long to be remembered as a historical and interesting event in the city of Canton.

Roosevelt Notified. Oyster Bay, N. Y. (Special).—Gov. Theodore Roosevelt was officially notified of his nomination for the Vice-Presidency.

The exercises took place at his country home, Sagamore, near Oyster Bay. Senator Wolcott, of Colorado, was chairman of the committee.

Governor Roosevelt received the party on the wide vine-covered porch of Sagamore. Standing on the lower step, he grasped the hand of each visitor and then, turning, presented each to Mrs. Roosevelt, who stood on the veranda behind him. Shortly after 12 o'clock the committee called the committee to the porch. There, in the cool shade of the awnings and vines, he read the formal notification in a clear and resonant voice. His address was almost exclusively a laudation of Governor Roosevelt. The Governor replied in part as follows:

"I accept the honor conferred upon me with the keenest and deepest appreciation of what it means and, above all, of the responsibility that goes with it. This is very much more than a mere party contest. We stand at the parting of the ways, and the people have now to decide whether they will go forward along the path of prosperity and high honor abroad or whether they will turn their backs upon what has been done during the last three years; whether they will plunge this country into an abyss of misery and disaster or, what is worse than even misery and disaster, shame. I feel that we have a right to appeal not merely to Republican, but to all good citizens, no matter what may have been their party affiliations in the past, and to ask them, on the strength of the record that President McKinley has made during the last three years, to stand shoulder to shoulder with us, perpetuating the conditions under which we have reached a degree of prosperity never before attained in the nation's history and under which abroad we have put the American flag on a level where it never before in the history of the country has been placed."

A round of applause broke out as the Governor paused, but he checked it by saying: "Gentlemen, one moment, please. Here, Ned," he cried to Senator Wolcott, "this is not to the National Committee, but I want to say this to my friends: Friends of my own State who are here, I appreciate seeing so many of you to-day. I want to say I am more than honored and pleased at having been made a candidate for Vice-President on the national ticket, but you cannot imagine how badly I feel at leaving the men with whom I have endeavored and worked for civic decency and righteousness and honesty in New York."

Refreshments were then served on the porches and in the dining room.

NINE PRESIDENTIAL TICKETS. Bryan's Name Heads Three of Them This Year.

There are nine Presidential tickets in the field this year, as follows: Republican, WILLIAM McKINLEY, Ohio. Vice-President, THEODORE ROOSEVELT, New York. Democratic, WILLIAM J. BRYAN, Nebraska. Vice-President, ADLAI E. STEVENSON, Illinois.

People's Party (Easton). President, WILLIAM J. BRYAN, Nebraska. Vice-President, CHARLES A. TOWNE, Minn.

Silver-Republican. President, WILLIAM J. BRYAN, Nebraska. Vice-President, ADLAI E. STEVENSON, Illinois.

People's Party (Middle-Of-The-Road). President, WHARTON BARKER, Pennsylvania. Vice-President, IGNATIUS DONNELLY, Minn.

Social Democratic. President, EUGENE V. DEBS, Indiana. Vice-President, JOB HARRIMAN, California.

Prohibitionist. President, JOHN G. WOOLLEY, Illinois. Vice-President, HENRY B. METCALFE, Rhode Island.

United Christian. President, REV. S. C. SWALLOW, Pennsylvania. Vice-President, \_\_\_\_\_.

DeLeon Socialist. President, JOSEPH F. MALONEY, Mass. Vice-President, VALENTINE REMILL, Pa.

BELIEVED TO BE DEAD. State Department Takes a Gloomy View of Fate of Legationists.

Washington (Special).—From a source worthy of the highest credence it was learned that the State Department believes all foreign Ministers in Pekin have been massacred. Secretary Hay has no information at hand upon which to base this assumption, but it is said that he draws the conclusion from all the circumstances and alleged circumstances surrounding the Chinese situation.

WERE PUT TO DEATH

CHINESE OFFICIALS CONFIRM REPORTS OF TERRIBLE MASSACRE.

NIGHT ATTACK SUCCEEDED

Tried a Last Desperate Sortie, After Which the Walls of Their Refuge Were Levelled by Chinese Artillery Fire and All Foreigners Butchered—Buildings Burned About Their Heads.

Washington (Special).—From many sources testimony accumulates to the effect that the foreign legations in Pekin have been destroyed and their inmates massacred.

A dispatch to the London Daily Mail from Shanghai purports to give, on the authority of the Shantung Governor, details of the capture of the legations on the night of July 6 and the subsequent massacre of foreigners. According to this story, the legations succumbed only after an all-night attack. The forces of Prince Tuan defeated the regular troops of Prince Ching and of Wang Weng Shao before the foreigners were slaughtered.

Minister Wu has received at Washington a dispatch from Sheng, at Shanghai, saying that a Chinese general was preparing to bombard the foreign legations in Pekin July 7. A Shanghai dispatch, said to be official from Chinese sources, says that the legations had fallen and foreigners had been massacred before the departure from Pekin of a courier July 2.

According to a London dispatch, Lady Hart, wife of Sir Robert Hart, Director of Imperial Maritime Customs, has received the following message from her husband, dated July 5: "Our people, including the women, are in the legations. Prepare to hear the worst."

The only substantial doubt thrown on the story is by Li Hung Chang, who stated at Canton that several of the legations were still safe, and that none of the ministers, except Von Ketteler, had been killed. The fact that no two stories agree perfectly as to the date of the massacre tends also to discredit them. Nearly all accounts have come originally from Chinese sources, and it is thought that the dates may have been given with some looseness.

Dispatches from Tientsin tell of stubborn fighting between the allies and the Chinese. Admiral Seymour has sent reports to London indicating that the allies are at least holding their own. He says that the foreign garrison has been reinforced by 1500 Americans, presumably including the Ninth Infantry.

The powers are said to have reached an agreement as to Chinese policy. They have practically given up hope of saving the legations in Pekin, and will not make an advance, it is said, until it can be done in overwhelming force.

Li Hung Chang, it is stated positively, will go to Pekin immediately and try to restore order.

TO KILL THE PRESIDENT. Alleged Plan to Assassinate McKinley—One Plotter Weakens.

New York (Special).—A plot to assassinate President McKinley has been frustrated. It was concocted by a group of Spanish and Cuban conspirators with headquarters in New York.

One of the plotters weakened and sent a warning letter to a member of the Republican National Committee. That letter was placed in the hands of Secretary Charles Dick, who referred it to Chairman B. B. Odell, of the New York State Committee, for investigation. Chairman Odell engaged a detective who speedily verified certain important allegations made in the warning letter. Thereupon Mr. Odell reported to Secretary Dick, who laid all the facts before Chairman Mark Hanna.

Mr. Odell's report caused great alarm among the President's close friends and advisers. Mr. Odell made it plain that he regarded the plot as a matter of the utmost seriousness, and urged that extreme precautions be taken to keep the President out of harm's reach.

Messrs. Dick and Hanna laid the whole matter before the President shortly before he departed for Canton. They instructed Mr. Odell to continue his investigation and cautioned him to work with the utmost secrecy.

Mr. Odell admitted that he and certain members of the National Committee had discovered a plot to assassinate the President.

"Yes, it is true," he said, "but I regret exceedingly that the matter has become public." He was extremely anxious that no reference whatever should be made to the matter.

Special detectives are guarding the President in Canton.

Railway Company Blamed. Tacoma, Wash. (Special).—The coroner's jury which has been holding an inquest over forty-three victims of the street-car accident July 4, rendered a verdict charging that the Tacoma Railway and Power Company was grossly and criminally careless and negligent in permitting its motorman, F. L. Boehm, to go out on the car without any previous effort to ascertain his efficiency on the grade.

Arizona Aided by Rain. Tucson, Ariz. (Special).—Mining and cattle interests, which have suffered untold loss from lack of water, were relieved by a heavy rain. The drought had almost destroyed vegetation in the southern part of the Territory.

OUR NEW POSSESSIONS. Colonel James S. Pettit, tried by court-martial in Manila of unsoldierly conduct, was acquitted.

The new charter of the City of Havana gives the city officials more power than ever given before to a municipality on the island.

Governor-General Wood will come to Washington to consult with the Secretary of War regarding the coming constitutional convention.

General Wood reported five deaths in ten days in Cuba from yellow fever.

Eleven Americans were killed and sixteen wounded in one week's scouting in the Philippines.

Captain Robert E. Huston, of the Forty-seventh United States Volunteers, died in Manila from yellow fever.

A squadron of Philippine cavalry was organized by Lieutenant-Colonel Wilder of the Forty-third Infantry.

Schley Day was celebrated in Santiago. A mass was held at night, under Spanish auspices, for the sailors of Cervera's fleet who died there.

Orders for the removal of a large number of American troops from Cuba have been joyously welcomed by the Cubans.

THREE MEN HELD.

ROBBERS WHO LOOTED CAR OF ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

ONE MADE A CONFESSION.

Victor President J. T. Harahan of the Company Has Made a Statement—One Handcuffed at Charleston, Mo., Another at Wash. D. C., and Third in St. Louis—Detective Shot.

Chicago, Ill. (Special).—Three of the robbers who held up Illinois Central train No. 4 at Mayfield Creek, Ky., about 10 miles south of Cairo, have been arrested and imprisoned by special agents in the employ of the company. We expect to get the other two robbers in a short time."

Vice-President J. T. Harahan, of the Illinois Central Railroad, made the foregoing statement. He said: "The first one arrested was Michael Connelly, alias Doyle, who claims to be a resident of Portland, Or. He was caught at Charleston, Mo., a small town on the Iron Mountain Railway, about 15 miles from Cairo, and is now in jail at Cairo, Ky."

"The second man—Mike Conlan—was arrested at or near Weyckville, Ky., and is now in jail there. "Geo. P. Murray, chief special agent of the Illinois Central Railroad Company went to the house of Jack Nelson, who is thought to be implicated in the robbery at St. Louis, and in endeavoring to arrest him, Murray was shot through the shoulder and arm by Nelson, who got away. It is expected that he will be captured soon. Murray was not severely injured and is in the hospital at St. Louis. It is expected that he will be out in a few days."

"Another suspect has been arrested and held in custody at Cairo, and information has just been received from St. Louis that one of the persons implicated in the train robbery has made a full confession."

HOME RULE IN HAVANA. Wide Powers are Conferred by the New Charter.

Havana (By Cable).—The powers of the recently elected officials are greatly increased by the new charter. The charter gives them authority as to the closing, opening, alignment, widening, grading and cleaning of streets, squares, parks and every class of public ways, their use by persons, animals and vehicles, their occupation by pillars, rails, pipes and other objects and their paving, lighting and sewerage. It also gives the officials charge of the supply and distribution of water to parkways, streets, houses, markets and prisons. The officials are given supervision of the sanitary and hygienic service, of amusements and public meetings and of the maintenance of good order upon public ways. Vagrancy, the suppression of vice and immorality, the regulation of rates for vehicles, the regulation of gas, water and electricity, telephonic and telegraphic connections, the fire department, watchmen, private police and the imposition of fines for the breaking of ordinances are all questions with which they are empowered to deal; but it is provided that the officials shall impose no fines in excess of \$50.

The municipal administration includes the use, care and preservation of lands, goods and rights which are appurtenant to the city, the administration, distribution, collection and expenditure of and accounting for all income and taxes necessary to carry on the municipal functions.

Neither the central nor the provincial government will be empowered to intervene in questions placed under the control of the city officials. This gives more complete power than was ever before granted to a municipality in the island.

The orders for the removal of a large number of troops from Cuba have been gladly welcomed by the Cubans. General Wood is in receipt of many letters from the municipal officials offering thanks for what they call his disposition to trust the Cubans and declaring that the entire island is in a state of absolute tranquility.

4,000 REPORTED KILLED. Tuan Deals Severely With Natives Who Favor Foreigners.

Shanghai, China (By Cable).—Reports of the atrocities committed by Prince Tuan upon the Chinese are appalling. He had 4000 leading Chinese butchered, it is said, for merely daring to petition him to control the orgie of blood and restrain his followers. The dispatch concludes with the announcement that ex-Viceroy Chi Li Wen Chao has been killed by the Boxers. A report from Chifu, July 7, says that a Catholic bishop, two priests and two nuns have been murdered.

From Moukden comes a report, dated July 5, that a Danish mission at Hynung had been surrounded by Boxers. According to the report it would be possible to hold out only two days. A party of Cosacks, residents of Moukden, and the British Consul, had started for the relief of those besieged at the Danish mission.

Clark Howell Married. Savannah, Ga. (Special).—Hon. Clark Howell, of Atlanta, was married here to Miss Annie Comer, daughter of the late Hugh M. Comer, president of the Central of Georgia Railway. Immediately after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Howell left for New York, where they will take passage for Europe for a tour of several months.

Bay to Return. Cape Town (By Cable).—United States Consul Adelbert S. Hay, of Pretoria, is about to return to the United States.

Batches of prisoners are arriving here daily from the front. One lot contained 38 English and Irish names.

New California Place. Chicago (Special).—A dispatch to the Record from Hermosillo, Mex., says: "Martin Hulen, of Aspen, Col.; T. B. G. Geddie, of San Francisco, and James Crawford, of Benson, Ariz., prospectors, have arrived from the new gold fields in Lower California, about 200 miles south of Camp City, bringing with them over \$200,000 in gold dust. This sum represents their earnings for a period of eight months."

Old Mint Employee Arrested. Washington (Special).—Chief Wilek of the Secret Service, has been advised of the arrest of Fred A. Taylor, an old employee of the San Francisco mint. It is said that he had on his person at the time of his arrest about eight ounces of gold clippings and a quantity of gold buttons.

Nominations for Congress. Little Rock, Ark. (Special).—Republicans of the First District have nominated P. O. Fitzpatrick, of Forest City, for Congress. Sixth District Republicans nominated Charles F. Cole, of Batesville.

KEYSTONE STATE

LATEST NEWS GLEANED FROM OUR PART.

RISKED LIFE FOR LIBERTY

Prisoner Escaped from a Fast Train—Subsequently Surrendered—Spoken of as a Hero—Came from Columbia—Man Who Risked Liberty to Recover, But Will Be Issued.

Joseph Behny, who left for more than a year ago, was in Missouri, Carmel, and Constantine, armed with a warrant, charging with deserting his wife, went to arrested him.

While the train was running at a point between Mahanoy and Buck Mountain, Behny made a dash for liberty and jumped off the train. The conductor refused to stop the train, but could find no trace of the fugitive.

Friday Behny voluntarily returned to the magistrate's office in Pa. and effected his wife's release, and with his wife, his face and hands lacerated, caused by leaping from the train.

Eleven Houses Burned. Eleven dwelling houses, and four frame, were completely destroyed by fire at Watts Station, miles west of Columbia. Several were rendered homeless and a portion of their household goods were lost.

The burned buildings were of the Watts estate. The loss of property is \$2000, and the temperature there is \$1000.

The fire was caused by a spark from a locomotive.

Life Lost at a Fire. Fire at Sewickley, a suburb of Pittsburgh, destroyed six coal and iron houses, three stables, a frame, a number of outbuildings, Pennsylvania freight cars, and a portion of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

The burned buildings were of the Watts estate. The loss of property is \$2000, and the temperature there is \$1000.

The fire was caused by a spark from a locomotive.

Bullet Through His Brain. Amandus J. Newhard, who had instantly killed his wife at the in Catawago, and then shot himself in the Allentown. The bullet, which entered the mouth, was taken out of the head. The surgeons say it is a chance for his recovery, but he does recover he will be in the bullet penetrated the brain.

Ice Cream Caused Death. Partaking freely of ice cream had been packed in a freezer days, the 3-year-old child of Hawley, of Baker Creek, is dead.

Another child, a year and a half old, is in a critical condition from cause.

Skull Fractured by Stone. As the result of a quarrel boys George Schaller, aged 13 at his home in Lancaster with a skull and with but little of recovery.

The lad had interfered in a quarrel between Harry Schindel, aged 12, and a companion, and Schindel, alleged, becoming incensed, threw a stone and hit it with all his might, fracturing his skull.

Somnambulistic Swimmer. James Mullen, of You dreamed that he was swimming concluded to take a dive. He out of bed, and, going to the story window, made a plunge, to the pavement below, sustaining no wounds.

Lightning Entered on Clothes. A wife clothesline, stretched her house and a tree, nearly death of Mrs. Mary Shiek, striking the wire it entered the rendering Mrs. Shiek dumb and less and tossing her son off a the floor.

Fatal Lockjaw from 4th of July. F. G. Dagenhart died at the Ft. Altoona from lockjaw, which was the fourth of July wounded by the explosion of a cracker.

State News in Brief. The loss by the freight was Lackawanna Railroad at Parley is nearly \$100,000.

A charter was issued by Department to the Lehigh and Wannan Ice Co., Goldsboro, county; total, \$75,000.

Fire totally destroyed the and outbuildings of a L. C. Stonington, causing a loss of \$100,000, partly covered by insurance.

A Philadelphia company to establish a plant for the manufacture of lampblack at Ladona, which is an inexhaustible supply of gas has been struck.

An attempt was made to opera house at Altoona. Willing discovered a bundle of burning in a vacant room in the building, and he extinguished the fire.

John J. Jones, one of the men who was burned in the explosion of the Maxwell colliery, at Altoona, died. The other four are recovering.

During the recent storm the longing to Samuel Worst, Hermitage, the farm on which he was burned by Jacob, was struck by lightning and completely destroyed.

The Chambersburg school selected Prof. Clayton L. Speck, Leistersburg, Md., to the principal position of the school, vacant by the resignation of Wayne M. Bowers.

Wharton M. Hershey, of aged 32 years, a freeman, at the engine of an eastbound train and was struck by the westbound news express in the hospital an hour later.

John Walsh, an emigrant land, went into a saloon on the night of the 10th, and was shot by two colored men, who slashed his neck and making a deep the left arm.

The New York Commission on the Bureau of Labor Statistics report that the number of persons killed and injured in the State last year was less than those killed and injured in Spanish-American war.