IN TOUCH WITH FASHION

Blouses for Spring Wear-Low Necks and High Necks-Cuffs of Lace—Little Details That Count

DECADE or more ago, there arose in the land a woman who had judgment far beyond her time. Her plea was for the gown that was hung from the shoulders, thus making the shoul-der relieve the back. In those days skirts were five and six yards around, and the back was the burden-bearer She was not successful on the whole for the craze for the wasplike waist was at its height, and woman had not learned that "truth was beauty." the seed sown then has sprouted and grown, and now women will have nothing but the one-piece gown. Its ever increasing popularity is plainly evi dent. Not only is it demanded in trot dent. Not only is it demanded in trot-teurs, but in evening gowns, reception gowns, and in fact in everything that comes under the name of gown. Whereas, it took the woman of olden times an hour to dress herself, we now dress in twenty minutes. It expedites matters, not having the belt. and having no collar and various other accessories to pin, hook, or button

Tailored Suit and Blouse.

The separate blouse still has its place with the tailored suit, however for the two together form a combination too serviceable to abandon. Some of the blouses that the spring has brought out are of the thinnest, most transparent material—ethereal is the only adjective for them. The one substantial thing about them is the price. The materials most favored are organ die, chiffon cloth, mouselline, and ba tiste. Most of the blouses open down the front, and the opening is often made invisible by a hemstitched ruffle that is the same width all the way down, varying from the graduated side ruffle that was used last summer. Tucks are much in evidence, of varying sizes, and often combined with box plaits. Lace is a prime favorite for trimming, and of all laces Cluny seems to lead in popularity, though Irish is by no means slighted. Cream Valenciennes is pretty for low collars and for frills. Some of the prettlest blouses have high-boned stocks of lace and long sleeves with lace cuffs-and just as many have round or "V" necks and elbow—or three-quarter sleeves. Many of the tailored waists have the applied pocket, and some of the new linen skirts have pockets on the side The pockets on coat suits also are of the applied, or military type.

Collars and Cuffs.

On some of these low-necked waists are large sailor collars edged with lace, the lace coming well down over the shoulder seams. Many of the collars are pointed, and extend to the waistline in the back, an effective style for the broad-shouldered, and one that slim women should eschew, because it tends to emphasize slimness. Frills of lace are also still worn with the Dutch necks—after all, how slowly fashions change! Wasn't it in the

Sleeves for the blouses of thin ma terial are put in with a few gathers at the top, while in the silk and lines tailored waists the sleeve is inserted as in a man's shirts. A waist in proc-ess of making was shown this week, with the revelation that the sleeves were stitched in before the under-arm sleeve was sewed up, seam and sleeve being then finished with one stitching

The fad for cuffs is aesthetic en-thusiasm well spent. Nothing makes a prettier dress accessory when right ly handled. All sorts of cunning touches peep out at the wrists of the long-sleeved blouse, both in close-fit-ting lace cuffs and in fluffy frills of Valenciennes.

Jahots and Bows

Fortunately, since it is one of the most effective toilet details ever devised, the jabot we shall continue to have with us. With the jabot, even the plainest blouse can be made love-

But styles are changing in fabots. Instead of being one-sided as during the winter, they will be two-sided. They are worn with stocks and collars, and there is a wide range of effects to choose from, both in point of material and in shapes. It is to be hoped that the square jabot effect will not be striven for too violently. Spreading out a little rabat until it reaches from ear to ear only spoils what might be a pretty rabat and can't

DISTINCTLY POPULAR JABOT OF "BUTTERFLY" STYLE.



Mull Frills Relieve This Otherwise Severely Plain Blouse.

be a pretty jabot. One of the prettiest jabots seen on the avenue was made of Valenciennes, and the butterfly had been taken as its model. It winged out from the bib very gracefully and dropped into a point. Another beauty was long—extended all the way to the waist line, in fact—and was narrow. Some of the lace frills that are put on black satin stocks are made of ex-quisite lace. They just miss being as pretty as the all white.

Bows, too, are especially fascinating this spring. They are dressed-up bows, plaited edgings of Alencon net fashions change! Wasn't it in the adorning them, or little satin rosebuds year of grace 1908 that one first bedangling from their folds.

gan to see those little round frills on FIRE DESTROYS the Dutch necks? **PUBLIC SCHOOL**

\$30,000 Damage to Building but Loss Covered by Insurance

BLAZE HAD A GOOD START

Alarm, Kept Silent Because of Typhoid Patients, Fails to Call Volunteers, When Another Calamity Happened at Coatesville.

(Special Harrisburg Correspondence.) Harrisburg.—The main building of the Public School at Coatesville was destroyed by a fire of unknown origin, causing a loss of about \$30,000. The building was about 40 years old, hav-ing been the original structure sold to the borough when it was incorporated. The loss is fully covered by insurance. Efficient work on the part of the Coatesville fire department saved the two wings on either side of the building, and the primary and high school buildings adjoining the wings. The silencing of the fire whistle, which was ordered a few days ago by Chief Fire Marshal Max Steinwachs on account of the typhoid fever epidemic. caused a delay in the fire department getting into service. The fire evidently started in the hallway on the third floor, but by the time the firemen arrived the entire second and third floors were burning. The fire is thought to have been caused by a short circuited electric wire. Last week the schools were closed for a period of 20 days on account of the typhoid fever epidemic, and all arrange-ments had been made to fumigate them. A report that was circulated to the effect that the building had been set on fire while it was being fumigated was denied by the health authorities. The fire, in connection with the fact that the present school buildings are inadequate for the needs of the town means that a new building will have to be erected, adding a new financial burden to the town. The construction of the new water supply system and the sewage disposal plant demanded by the State will completely exhaust the borrowing capacity of the

Wiley Talks to Editors.

One hundred editors from all parts of the State attended the 40th annual meeting of the Pennsylvania State Editorial Association. The ninth annual banquet was held and Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, pure food expert of the Government, was the principal speaker. Others who responded to toasts were Lieutenant Governor John M. Rey-nolds, Senator William C. Sproul and Secretary of Internal Affairs Henry Houck. Fred Newell, of the Canton Sentinel, read a paper on "Co-opera-tive Insurance," and E. G. Smith, of the Wilkesbarre Times-Herald, told about "Truthful Circulation," and C. about "Truthful Circulation," and C. Dickinson, New Castle Herald, and W. C. Freeman, of New York city, spoke of other phases of circulation.

To Conserve School Funds.

William Lauder, of Riddlesburg, member of the State Board of Educa-tion, submitted to the board a preliminary report on a simplified system of keeping accounts in school districts of the fourth class, in which thousands of dollars have been spent and a considerable amount wasted in handling school affairs. The new system, which will be submitted to the board for action at the coming meeting, throws a number of safeguards around the business operations of school boards, which it is believed will be advantageous. Mr. Lauder was the ori-ginator of the idea of the school code for the State, having urged the pre-sentation of the resolution for the Code Commission in the Legislature.

Split Over Church Fund.

Warrants were issued at Norris-town for a number of persons alleged to have been implicated in breaking up the service in the Polish Catholic Church in Upper Merion, near Bridgeport. It is alleged that while Adam Ostrowski was taking up the collection some one challenged his right to do so. In the disturbance which followed the money is said to have been extracted from the basket. In the midst of the trouble men, women and children left the church in disorder. Ostrowski has had warrants sworn out for Authony Kunizivisez and Joseph Picak.

Plucks Feathers in a Car.
Seated in a crowded trolley car at Berwick, a well-dressed stranger, aged about 45, leaned across the aisle, plucked all the feathers from an expensive hat worn by Mrs. James Kle-chner, of Briar Creek and then hurl-ed them in her face. Before eye-witnesses recovered from their astonishment the stranger had jumped from the car, and, running at high speed

Thief Falls Into a Trap.

By the means of marked money and a peephole, Chief of Police Laub, of West Berwick, caught Edward Hakes, of York, employed in the Berwick plant of the American Car and Founplant of the American dry Company, in the act of going dry Company, in the act of going through the trousers of George Linthrough the trousers of George Linthrough the whom he roomed. Thefts der, with whom he roomed. Thefts running into the hundreds of dollars from the Hotel Linden, West Berwick, had directed suspicion toward Hakes The trap was set, he fell into it, and then confessed. He is in the county fail here in default of bail.

INTERNATIONAL **SUNDAY SCHOOL** LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Director of Even-ing Department, The Moody Bible In-stitute of Chicago.)

LESSON FOR MARCH 24.

FEASTING AND FASTING.

LESSON TEXT-Mark 2:13-22.
GOLDEN TEXT-"I came not to call the righteous, but sinners."-Mark 2:17.

Levi Matthew, who calls himself by the opprobrious title of "the publican," represents that class of grafting patriots who through all ages have exemplified the seven cardinal points of a politician, viz., "the two loaves and five fishes." Men who will weep over sentimental patriotism and serve the oppressor for profit. Better still, how-ever, Matthew is a type of conversion in that he left all and followed Jesus No weeping, but rather great rejoicing for he made a feast; no record of great conviction, though he had enough to act at once upon Jesus' invitation. It was a brief, sudden call, but what vast results were involved. First a demonstration upon his part, secondly a demonstration upon the part of Jesus, and lastly a record of the life of the Master that has been termed the most important book ever written. Chronologically this lesson follows that of last Sunday. In Luke's account we are told of the feast Matthew prepared that he might entertain Jesus. Some believe that Jesus began his work by trying to win the Jews through teaching in their synagogues and that, receiving him or not, he turns to those outside of the circle of the scribes and the pharisees. Be that as it may, we know they murmured greatly that this rabbi should consort with publicans and with sinners.

Came to Call Sinners.

Jesus hears of their complaint and his reply is a fine bit of irony and sarcasm. "They that are whole have no need of a physician but they that are sick. You self righteous Pharisees, why do you complain if you are aM right and these be all wrong, why then not let me minister to those that need me?" At the same time Jesus utters one of his greatest and most comforting sayings, "I came not to call the righteous but sinners."

Jesus chooses one of their own so-cial outcasts to write the only dis-tinctly Hebrew account of his life; one who had been faithful as a business man to be a leader and historian; one willing to renounce all, say fare-well to ambition and follow him.

Following this, the disciples of John the Baptist and of the Pharisees are fasting and they observe that the disciples of Jesus are not so engaged. They came to Jesus with the question and his reply is a perfectly logical one, "Why should they fast, am I not with them?" "Do you fast at your with them?" "Do you fast at your weddings while the bridegroom is present?" The day is to come, however, when he is to be taken away, then there shall be times for fasting.

Jesus has feasted with "many publicanslicans;" when the bridegroom returns he will sit down with many publicans and sinners in glory whom he has associated with in order that he might save them. Are we following his example? If so, let us be sure we do it from the same motive. The disciples of John did the right thing to bring their perplexities to Jesus. He answers their question as we have seen and we are now in the day he mentions when there is a place for fasting. Jesus teaches us in his ref-erence to the wine bottles (leather sacks which could bear but one stretching process due to fermenta-tion of the wine), that we are to be new creatures in him and must leave the old life and habits. We are not to make patchwork of this new Gospel and the old law.

His Work That of Physician.

There are two difficulties thus presus should hold fellowship with those properly not of his circle or social standing for he was a rabbi or teacher, and, secondly, that he did not not did his disciples observe fasting. sus admits the character of the company he kept, but his reply was, "I came for this purpose to call not the righteous but the unrighteous." His work was to be that of a Physician He assumes that his authority is not of man but of God, and that this ministry is to bring joy. Jesus had emp-tied himself that he might come and when he was to leave there it would time enough for his disciples to fast. Jesus was not merely one who came to teach a system of ethics a little higher than the prophets. Jesus is more than a good man or even a holy man; he is the Great Physician, able to heal both body and soul, a Saviour.

Before these lost ones can be saved however, they must realize they are lost, for we cannot save those who will not acknowledge themselves as being lost. When we acknowledge are sinners he will save us (I Tim. 1:15). Turn a deaf ear to his call and there is no more hope (Luke 13:3)

It has been suggested that the parable of the prodigal son and the e. ler brother was uttered at this feast in Levi's house; probably not, we do not know, but how truly it applies. prodigal representing those lost publicans and sinners.

COLDS AND CHILLS
BRING KIDNEY ILLS.

Colds, chills and grip strain the kidneys and start backache, urinary

disorders and uric acid troubles.

Doan's Kidney Pills are very useful in the raw spring months. They stop backache and urinary disorders here they are the statement of the sta disorders, keep the kidneys well and pre-vent colds from settling on the kidneys. Mrs. E. Bates, 26 Jay St., Poughkeepsie, N Y., says: "A cold started my kidney trouble and for five

long weeks I was afraid to lie down on account of the terrible pain in my back. I took the doctor's medicine regularly but became no better. Then I began with Doan's Kidney Pills and

was entirely cured. I have had no trouble with my kidneys since."
"When Your Back Is Lame, Remember the Name—DOAN'S," 50c., all stores. the Name—DOAN'S," 50c., all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

His Only Complaint.

Senator Beveridge, at a luncheon in New York, was talking about the child labor problem.

"Children are so plucky and so cheerful," he said, "we don't realize how horribly overworked they are till it's too late-till their bodies and

it's too late—till their bodies and minds are stunted irretrievably.
"I was once talking to a tiny errand boy at the height of the Christmas shopping season. He was working, I knew, 17 hours a day. As he walked sturdily along with a mountain of parcels piled on his thin, narrow shoulders I said to him.

ders, I said to him:
"'Do you like your job?'
"'Yes, sir,' he said; 'I like it fine. Only-

"Here he grinned up at me gayly from beneath his load.
"'Only I'm afraid I'm doing an au

tomobile truck out of a tob.

When Your Eyes Need Care

Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Illustrated Book in each Package. Murine is compounded by our Oculists—not a "Patent Medicine"—but used in successful Physicians? Practice for many years. Now dedicated to the Public of December 1998 of the Public State of the P Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

In this present world there is only one thing which will content it, and that is music which sighs for the ideal.—Pascarel.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Tour druggist will refund money if PAZO OINT-MENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 60c. Some women are passing fair—and some others cannot pass.

When baby has the Croup give Hoxsie's Croup Remedy. It is positive, swift and sure to cure. No opium. Guaranteed by A. P. Hoxsie. 50 cents.

Love laughs at locksmiths, but it

sometimes cries over spilled milk.

When the Millennium comes Garfield Tea and Holy Church will not be longer needed.

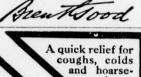
Usually a man is a poor judge of his own importance.



Don't Persecute Your Bowels

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Genuine must bear Signature



Hale's Honey

Of Horehound and Tar Contains no opium nor anythinginjurious

Readers of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

EARN \$5 A DAY

erritory. Appoint sub-agents. All done pare time. TELEFAME CO., New Y THERAPION

LINOTYPE operators earn \$25 weekly, a are always in demand. The high-gradetradecan be mastered as the cost. Bookleton regular of the cost. EMPIRE SCHOOL First Avenue (24th St.) New

> PISO'S REMEDY Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Us in time. Sold by Druggists. FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

Sick

When shown positive and reliable proof that a certain remedy had cured many cases of female ills, wouldn't an sensible woman conclude that the same remedy would als benefit her if suffering with the same trouble?

Here are five letters from southern women which prov the efficiency of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

LETTER FROM VIRGINIA.

Elliston, Va.—"I feel it my duty to express my thanks to you and you great medicine. I was a sufferer from female troubles and had been confined in bed over one third of my time for ten montas. I could not do m housework and had fainting spells so that my husband could not leave n alone for five minutes at a time.

"Now I owe my health to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as Blood Purifier. Whenever I see a suffering woman I want to tell her wh these medicines have done for me and I will always speak a good word f them."—Mrs. Robert Blankenship, Elliston, Montgomery Co., Va.

LETTER FROM LOUISIANA

New Orleans, La.—"I was passing through the Change of Life and I fore I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was troubled wi hot flashes, weak and dizzy feelings, backache and irregularities. I wor get up in the morning feeling tired out and not fit to do anything.
"Since I have been taking your Compound and Blood Purifier I feel right. Your medicines are worth their weight in gold."—Mrs. Gast BLONDEAU, 1541 Polymnia St., New Orleans, La.

LETTER FROM FLORIDA.

Wauchula, Fla.—"Some time ago I wrote to you giving you my syr toms, headache, backache, bearing-down, and discomfort in walking, camby female troubles.
"I got two bottles of Lydia E Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and package of Sanative Wash and that was all I used to make me a well wom "I am satisfied that if I had done like a good many women, and I taken your remedies, I would have been a great sufferer. But I star not taken your remedies, I would have been a great sufferer. But I star in time with the right medicine and got well. It did not cost very mether. I feel that you are a friend to all women and I would rather your remedies than have a doctor."—Mrs. MATTIE HODNOT, Box 406, We chula, Florida.

LETTER FROM WEST VIRGINIA.

Martinsburg, W. Va.—"I am glad to say that Lydia E. Pinkham's V. table Compound has done wonders for my mother, daughter and mysel.
"I have told dozens of people about it and my daughter says that wishe hears a girl complaining with cramps, she tells her to take your (pound."—Mrs. Mary A. Hockenberry, 712 N. 3rd St., Martinsburg, W.

ANOTHER LETTER FROM VIRGINIA.

ANOTHER LETTER FROM VIRGINIA.

Newport News, Va.—"About five years ago I was troubled with such p
and bloating every month that I would have to go to bed.

"A friend told me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound
I soon found relief. The medicine strengthened me in every way and
doctor approved of my taking it.

"I will be glad if my testimony will help some one who is suffe
from female weakness."—Mrs. W. J. BLAYTON, 1029 Hampton Ave., New
News, Va.

Why don't you try this reliable remedy?



Parisian Spring Gozons

Two spring gowns sent over from Paris. The one on the right is on shot blue taffeta with skirt bar-lace. Gown on left is of mouof filet lace. Collar and cuffs are also of e With hem and bolero of heavy lace