

Republican News Item

JOHN B. ENGLISH, Editor.
LAPORTE PA.

WEEK'S NEWS BY TICK AND FLASH

What Interests the World Chronicled by Telegraph and Cable.

GLANCE AT FOREIGN AFFAIRS

Washington Looms Large as a Center of Interest—Legislatures Busy in Many States—The Lights and Shadows of the News.

Washington

The revenues of the postal service from April 1 to June 30, 1911, the second quarter of the year, aggregate \$57,333,453, the expenditures \$59,513,247, an excess of expenditures over receipts of \$2,179,794.

The United States Supreme Court upheld the constitutionality of the Safety Appliance act and practically placed control of all railways doing interstate business under the Interstate Commerce Commission, even as to business exclusively intrastate.

Personal

Sons of President Taft and Justice Hughes won two of the four Sears prizes in the Harvard Law School.

Postmaster-General Hitchcock said he is not resigning, is too busy to marry and hopes to carry out several postal reforms.

Representative William B. McKinley of Illinois, chairman of the Republican Congressional committee, issued a call for a meeting of the committee in Washington the first week of the coming session of Congress.

It would be a mighty good thing, in the opinion of Lawrence C. Murray, the controller of the currency, if each clearing house association in the United States should appoint a clearing house examiner.

Sporting

Harvard will not enter into the Intercollegiate Hockey League this season.

Clark Griffith, manager of the Cincinnati National League team last season, was unanimously selected as manager of the Washington Senators, to succeed James McAleer, now part owner of the Boston Americans.

General

The contract for the bridge across Hen Gate, New York, has been let.

Myrie Benew, actor, died of pneumonia in Salt Lake City.

The Armour Grain Company transferred many millions of bushels of wheat, thereby outgeneraling the government.

President Taft took part in the installation of the president of the University of West Virginia at Morgantown.

It was announced that Stuyvesant Fish would head a committee that is to make an inquiry into the United States Steel Corporation's labor conditions.

Pittsburgh gave President Taft the greatest reception of his trip, the crowds which welcomed him being estimated at 250,000 persons; he reviewed a parade of river craft.

Secretary Meyer reviewed one hundred warships in the Hudson at New York and said the presence of the fleet demonstrated the preparedness of the navy for any emergency.

Two business men of Pleasantville, N. J., were shot and killed, a third man was seriously wounded and a fourth slightly so by a hunter who mistook them for deer in woods near Mays Landing.

The Rev. Frank W. Sandford, head of the Holy Ghost and U. S. Society, was arraigned before a United States commissioner in Portland, Me., charged with causing the death of a member of the company aboard the yacht Coronet.

Judge Harold McClure sentenced Herman Behrens, manager of the Scranton (Pa.) Iron Works, to six months in jail and imposed a fine of \$100 and the costs of prosecution, for running down in an automobile and killing Hayden Leslie Evans, a young collegian.

Lawyers for Richeson's defense in Boston declared that Mr. Edmunds, father of the clergyman's fiancée, had full confidence in the innocence of the prisoner. At the same time it was also hinted that Mr. Edmunds's principal interest in the case lay in the recovery of letters written by his daughter to her fiancée and their destruction.

President Taft, on board the Mayflower, reviewed the warships in the Hudson River, at New York, in the forenoon and again in the afternoon as the fleet passed out to sea, salutes being fired on both occasions.

Serving of liquors in cafes, restaurants and hotel dining rooms in the State of Iowa was stopped for good when the Supreme Court refused to rehear a case to test the law which it had previously declared constitutional. Cafe keepers may not permit their waiters to go to nearby saloons to get drinks for the customers.

Archbishop O'Connell, of Boston, was officially informed that he is to be elevated to the cardinalate.

The grand jury of Suffolk County, Mass., indicted the Rev. C. V. T. Richeson for the murder of Avis Linnell.

Secretary Stimson accepted a gift of two fine breeding horses from August Belmont. The horses are Vestibule and Footprint.

Governor Foss asked District Attorney Pelletier of Boston, to examine Theodore Roosevelt and others before the grand jury on charges of "flagrant violations" of the elections laws.

Wholesale liquor men and members of the Board of Supervisors of San Francisco, at a conference, agreed on terms of an ordinance which will prohibit saloons serving free lunch.

The United States Steel Corporation declared the usual quarterly dividends on common and preferred stock; it was said no definite action was taken at the directors' meeting regarding the dissolution suit.

The contest over the will of Clarence F. Glover, the murdered laundryman, of Waltham, Mass., was settled at Cambridge, Mass., through a private arrangement between the widow and the five brothers of her husband.

Attorney-General Wickersham announced that the Tobacco Trust's plan of reorganization would satisfy the Government with the adoption of a few modifications which he outlined to the Court in New York.

President Taft in Chicago issued the customary proclamation fixing Thursday, Nov. 30, as Thanksgiving Day. Bountiful crops, prosperity, national peace and the brotherhood of nations are given as special reasons for Thanksgiving at this time.

Details of the blackballing of General Daniel E. Sickles by the New York Commandery of the Loyal Legion on the grounds of military unskillfulness and the reckless sacrifice of his men were made public.

Miss Rebecca Kruttschnitt, daughter of the Harriman railroad chief, was married in New Orleans to Henry Clifford Woodhouse, a young Canadian railroad man. Her father's present was a million dollars.

United States Marshall Henkel served a subpoena on John D. Rockefeller at his estate at Pocantico Hills for his appearance in the United States District Court in Trenton in the government's case against the United States Steel Corporation, in which he is a stockholder.

The government filed its answer to the Tobacco plan; Mr. Wickersham insisting on the right to demand further relief, if necessary, within five years; that the United Cigar Stores Company be sold, and that no officer or relief, if necessary, within five years, be granted in any other during five years.

Foreign

Secretary Stimson approved the Taylor shop system as installed at the Watertown Arsenal.

American missionaries at Peking conferred with the legation in regard to defense in case of attack.

The Porte notified the powers that all vessels whose cargoes were made up of one-half contraband of war would be liable to seizure.

Admiral Aubrey notified the Italian government that he was now prepared to carry the war into European or Asiatic Turkey.

General Paul Lang, United States consul at Sherbrooke, Que., died after a short illness. He had been consul at Sherbrooke for 15 years.

Yuan Shih-kai was appointed Premier of China, foreshadowing a cessation of hostilities and a real constitutional government.

The first bombs to be dropped from aeroplanes in actual warfare fell in the Turkish encampment outside Tripoli.

The municipal elections in England were noteworthy for the large gains of the Laborites and Socialists, especially in the big provincial cities, such as Bradford, Liverpool, Leeds and Manchester.

Italy gave unofficial notice of her intention to extend the belligerent zone to Turkish islands in the Aegean unless the Porte submits to the loss of Tripoli.

The Chinese throne made further concessions and declared that "hereafter Manchus and Chinese will be regarded equally," but it is a question whether the rebels will be placated.

The complete surrender of the throne to the demands of the revolutionists is considered at Shanghai, China, to have been an outcome of the negotiations between the latter and Yuan-Shi-Ki.

It was stated that the amalgamation of London's electric tubes and railroads and omnibus service had been practically agreed upon; the capital of the combined interests is \$165,000,000; much American money is involved.

Canadian Tories now in control will wipe out the "navy" established by Laurier.

All the northwestern suburbs and approaches to Tripoli were reported recaptured by the Turks.

Lady Cecil Campbell died in London.

The Chinese Assembly adopted the British constitution as the model on which the new Chinese government is to be patterned; Prince Ching agreed to recommend to the throne that elections for a parliament be held immediately.

The grand lodge of Free and Accepted Masons of Scotland has inhibited the lodge of Fort and Kincardine from conferring any further degrees on Jack Johnson, the negro prize fighter.

TURKEY BEGS US TO INTERVENE

Necessity of Prompt Action to Stop Italian Atrocities.

OFFICIAL REPLY DEFERRED

Yousouf Zia Pasha Formally Lays Complaint of His Government Before State Department and Prays for Aid to Check Butchery.

Washington.—The Turkish Ambassador has been ordered by the Ottoman government to protest to the United States Department against the Italian atrocities at Tripoli. He presented Acting Secretary of State Adee with a formal protest, which says:

"The Italian atrocities in Tripoli being confirmed officially and from every quarter, I beg your excellency to reiterate the representation prescribed in my preceding telegram to insist upon the necessity of prompt and efficacious intervention in order to put an end immediately to these inhuman proceedings."

The so-called "Italian barbarities" in Tripoli have now been brought officially to the attention of the American government in such form that some declaration of the position of the State Department in the matter is expected.

The subject was broached first in the course of a verbal statement by the Turkish Ambassador to Acting Secretary Adee and later in the day in the shape of a letter. In each case the Ambassador, who declared he was acting by express cabled instructions from his government, described in detail the acts attributed to the Italian troops and protested in the name of humanity against the alleged barbarities inflicted upon helpless women and children and non-combatants by the infuriated soldiery.

By order of his government the Ambassador appealed to the United States to exert itself to put a stop to practices that, he declared, are in plain violation of the rules of warfare and in contravention of the Hague convention, to which the United States and Italy are parties.

Acting Secretary Adee promised to submit the protest to Secretary Knox, who at present is absent from Washington.

The Ambassador's note was based upon a cablegram from the Turkish Minister of Foreign Affairs.

RODGERS REACHES COAST.

Across-the-Continent Aviator Finishes His Great Flight.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Twenty thousand persons saw Calbraith P. Rodgers, the aviator, finish his transcontinental flight at Pasadena with a series of spiral glides that brought him lightly to earth in the cleared center of Tournament Park.

With his descent at Pasadena, a suburb of Los Angeles, Cal., Calbraith P. Rodgers has ended the first coast-to-coast aeroplane flight and established the greatest cross-country record in the history of aviation. Rodgers started from Sheepshead Bay race track, New York, for the Pacific Coast on September 17, and has covered 3,229 miles, which more than doubles the previous world's record of 1,265 miles, made by Harry N. Atwood in his St. Louis to New York flight. His journey to the coast was full of accidents in which his life was endangered several times, and weather conditions and delays prevented him from winning the William R. Hearst prize of \$50,000, for which he originally started as a competitor.

CRANBERRY PRICES DOUBLED.

Corner in Market Brings Cost to \$10.50 a Barrel.

Chicago.—On account of a corner in the market cranberries have been advanced \$10.50 a barrel, an increase of about \$5 from last year, and as a result cranberry sauce may be eliminated as a feature of many Thanksgiving dinners.

District Attorney Wilkerson says that in Wisconsin, New Jersey and Massachusetts, where most of the cranberries are grown, there are organizations belonging to a central organization in New York, which can control the price.

The average crop is 525,000 barrels of two and a half bushels each.

MRS. SCHWAB'S AUTO KILLS.

Wife of Steel Magnate in Car that Runs Down a Boy.

Mauch Chunk, Pa.—An automobile containing Mrs. Charles M. Schwab, wife of the steel magnate, struck and fatally injured six-year-old Wilbur Nansteel near Lehighton.

LOST MIND IN CONFSSIONAL.

Father Sherman, Son of Union General, Committed to Sanatorium.

Boston.—The Rev. Thomas Ewing Sherman, S. J., the Jesuit preacher and son of Gen. William Tecumseh Sherman, has been committed to Dr. Henry Stedman's sanatorium, at Jamaica Plains, after a long struggle with insanity.

About a year ago Father Sherman became insane while hearing confessions in a California church, and attempted to commit suicide.

TRIFLES OF THE WARDROBE

LITTLE COATS ARRIVE

PARISIAN FAD HAS "CAUGHT ON" IN AMERICA.

Coatees, Casaquins and Caracos Are Characteristic Features of Present Fashions—Give Air of Distinction to Costume.

Frenchwomen have accepted the little coatees, casaquins and caracos, which were one of the most characteristic features of the empire day dresses.

They made their first appearance a short time ago and, since Dame Fashion has declared her preference for empire and directoire styles, they bounded at once into popularity. In fact, Paris has gone quite mad over them—a way the inhabitants of that fabled city have of doing when any new fad in dress is introduced.

That being the case, it is only a question of time when the style will become quite general here; in fact, a few of them are already seen on women who have recently returned from a trip abroad.

They are quaintly picturesque and simple in line, but possess a peculiar quality that adds just the right note of distinction to the costume.

Imagine, if you can, the attractiveness of a perfectly plain skirt of pale blue and white taffeta, cut over a six-gore model, with a panel back and front and having a raised waist line, with the bodice taking the shape of a little coatee of pale blue voile, finished at the high waist with a small rounded basque mounted on a thick cord covered with plain blue taffeta.

The coatee finishes in the back with two long coat-tails of irregular length, cut square at the bottom and finished with a narrow ball fringe which also bordered the basque.

The front of the coatee crosses in front and is fastened at the waist with a small flat rosette of tiny pink rosebuds, the V-shaped opening being bordered with a collar of finely pleated lawn edged with blue; a little guimpe of transparent tulle fills in the V.

Although seemingly perishable, they really last a remarkably long time. They give a softness to the throat that is unobtainable in any other way. Many of them are made of flesh-colored tulle, which when worn with afternoon frocks gives them the appearance of being decidedly décolleté. With evening gowns for semi-dress occasions they are wonderfully effective.

To return to the coatee, these little garments are made of figured silk or satin combined with plain skirts, or vice versa. Others are of cloth, velvet, marquisette, chiffon or even net lined with a delicate shade of satin. The cut can be varied to suit the wearer, but they all are made with the smart empire waist and elbow sleeves.

New Trimmings.

The extensive use of double-faced cloth this season has done away with the use of trimmings on many of the utility coats, as the majority employ the reverse side of the fabric for collars, revers, cuffs and pocket flaps. When a single texture is used for a garment plain cloth in a contrasting color is used as a trimming, frequently giving the effect of a coat made of double-faced cloth.

Plain and novelty velvets are likewise favored and some satin is also used.

It looks now as if fur and imitation fur would be popular as a trimming on winter garments, as the few now being shown are taking readily.

CASE PROTECTS THE BRUSH

Article of Necessity if Silver Toilet Utensils Are to Be Kept Properly.

Unless a silver-backed brush is protected in some manner, while it is not in actual use, it will soon become scratched and tarnished, and the case



for this purpose, of which we give a sketch, is ornamental, and can be easily made.

To obtain the size in which to make it, the brush should be laid, back downwards, upon a piece of stout card-

SIDE FRILLS EASY TO MAKE

Heavy White or Ecru Net Best Material for Body—Square Meshed Net Also Good.

The side frill that does so much to freshen a simple waist must be of fine material, or it gives a blouse a common look. These are costly to buy, but easy to make with net and lace.

The newest frills are cut about three inches wide at the top and taper to nothing at the bottom, which sometimes reaches to the belt, more often just below the bust line.

A rather heavy white or ecru net is the best material for the body of the frill. It is generally finely plaited, but launders better if cut straight and slightly held in so as not to span. Edge with a row of heavy lace insertion with an edging to match, and if unplaited put a second row of insertion a half inch from the outer one.

A smart frill is made of heavy square meshed net worked on the edge with a shallow, irregular scallop done in white rope silk in buttonhole stitch. A simple cross stitch design in Greek key or other simple lines is worked on the inside of the frill in the rope silk. Two or three rows of this stitching may be used.

The mull frill, delicately embroidered in white mercerized cotton in a simple floral design, is dainty on a wash silk waist, but is less popular than the net and lace ones. An all lace frill is not pretty unless the lace is a good quality and very fine.

BECOMING COIFFURE



Of black velvet ribbons tied at the back in a flat bow, with large paste buckle.

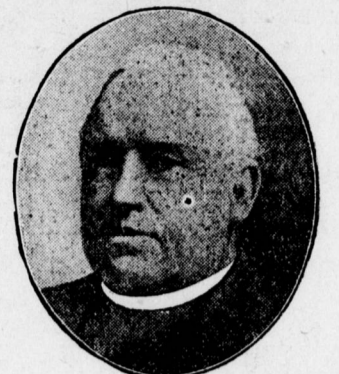
American Woman Rivals Parisian.

Society customs have changed much during the past ten years. No longer does the senator or congressman feel that he must wear a silk hat and frock coat to the white house. Even gloves have been put under the ban, and foreigners insist that American men are becoming careless in their attire, although on the other hand they say that the American woman is every year more chic in her dress. "The time is at hand," declared the speaker, "when Parisians will have to look well to their laurels as residents of the city of well-dressed women."—Affairs at Washington, Joe Mitchell Chapple, in National Magazine.

Longer Skirts.

The afternoon frock shows skirts just a little longer than in the summer. The innovation is to be greeted with joy, for the foot must be attractively shod and of the daintiest proportions to withstand the shortness of the scant skirt that will ride up when the wearer is seated. So longer skirts—and just a little fuller—if you would heed the mandate of the Paris designers.

BE CAREFUL WHAT YOU TAKE FOR COLDS



The danger in using patent medicines is from the stimulants and dangerous drugs which many of them depend on for their temporary effect. Because it is free from alcohol, narcotics and dangerous drugs, Father John's Medicine has had 50 years of success as a tonic and body builder, for healing throat and lungs and in the treatment of coughs and colds. Father John's Medicine is a doctor's prescription—pure and wholesome. Guaranteed.

What Travelers Needed.

A traveler's outfit 300 years ago was somewhat different from the present day. In "Touring in 1600," by E. S. Bates, the following list is given: "First among requisites is a book of prayers and hymns effective for salvation without being so pugnacious, doctrinally, as to cause suspicion. Next, a notebook; a watch, or a pocket sundial; if a watch, not a striker, for that warns the wicked you have cash; a broad-rimmed hat, gaiters, boots, breeches (as if his friends would let him start without any!), gloves, shoes, shirts, handkerchiefs, etc."

TWO CURED OF SKIN TROUBLE

"I have suffered from birth with skin trouble, and doctored with four of the best doctors that could be found, without any lasting effects. Then I used several kinds of patent medicines, only growing worse instead of better. After using them a long time I was so bad that it took the hair off my head, and even my eyebrows too, and made my eyes so bad that I was kept in a dark room for several weeks. I was out of my head for a long time. A friend told me to get some of the Cuticura Remedies and she knew they would cure me, so I got some packages of Cuticura Ointment and Resolvent and used them and was cured. This was about two years ago, and I have never had a touch of it since.

"Also my husband had had salt rheum for twenty-three years, and after I had such a wonderful cure through the use of the Cuticura Remedies, he sent for some Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment and Resolvent, and used them himself and he was cured. His flesh was covered with stuff like fish scales, especially in the winter, and he even had it in his hair so bad he had to keep his hair cut close to his head. It even grew down on his face, but we are now both happy over our cures through the use of Cuticura treatment." (Signed) Mrs. Laurence Butler, Chesterfield, N. H., Jan. 10, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 17 K, Boston.

THE LESSER EVIL.



First Tramp—I always get under a tree when there's a thunder storm.
Second Tramp—Ain't you afraid of lightning?
First Tramp—Well, yes—but I'm more afraid of water.

Natural Ending.
"Our cook's dead."
"Indeed? Did she die a natural death?"
"Yes, the natural death of a person who tries to light a fire with kerosene!"—Stray Stories.

COLDS Cured in One Day

As a rule, a few doses of Munyon's Cold Remedy will break up any cold and prevent pneumonia. It relieves the head, throat and lungs almost instantly. Price 25 cents at any druggist's, or sent postpaid. If you need Medical advice write to Munyon's Doctors. They will carefully diagnose your case and give you advice by mail, absolutely free. Address Professor Munyon, 53d and Jefferson streets, Philadelphia, Pa.