

Republican News Item.

VOL. XIV. NO 40

LAPORTE, SULLIVAN COUNTY PA. FRIDAY FEBRUARY 25 1910.

75C PER YEAR

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, HUGHESVILLE, PA.

CAPITAL STOCK
\$50,000

W. C. FRONTZ President.

Surplus and
Net Profits,
75,000.

FRANK A. REEDER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

Transacts a General
Banking Business.
Accounts of Individ-
uals and Firms
solicited.

Wm. Frontz, John C. Laird, C. W. Sones,
W. C. Frontz, Frank A. Reeder, Jacob Per,
Lyman Myers, W. T. Reedy, Peter Frontz,
J. A. S. Bull, John Ball.

Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent, One Dollar per Year.
3 per cent. INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

No Place Like this Place
For Reliable

STOVES and RANGES, COAL OR WOOD. HEATERS;

ONE OF WINTER'S GREAT DELIGHTS.

House Furnishing Goods, Tools of Every
Description, Guns and Ammunition.

Bargains that bring the buyer back.
Come and test the truth of our talk.

A lot of second hand stoves and ranges for sale cheap.
We can sell you in stoves anything from a fine Jewel Base
Burner to a low priced but satisfactory cook stove.

Hot Air, Steam and Hot Water Heating and
General Repairing, Roofing and Spouting.

COLE'S HARDWARE.

Warm Winter Underwear

SOME SPLENDID VALUES

Men's heavy cotton full fleeced
brown mixed Shirts and Drawers;
also ribbed garments for 50c
Men's natural colored Shirts and
Drawers in part wool and the finer
all wool grades; from 75c to \$1.75

Ladies' Vests and Drawers, heavy
ribbed full fleeced. 25c to 50c
Ladies' white and natural colored
Vests and Drawers, in part wool and
fine all wool garments 75c to \$2.00

Blankets and Comforts at Exceptional Prices

WOOL BLANKETS—It is blanket time now and we are offering some
exceptional values in blankets ranging in price from 50c to \$10.
GOOD COMFORTS—Each comfort is filled with clean white cotton;
best silkline and sateen coverings in plain or floral design \$1.00 to \$3.00.
OUTING FLANNEL WEAR—Ladies' outing flannel gowns 50c to \$1.
Ladies' outing flannel short skirts from 25c to 50c.
OUTING FLANNEL—Splendid assortment of the latest fancy stripes
and checks, just the qualities you will be wanting for the cool nights. We
are showing some exceptional values for 7c, 8c and 10c

Ladies' Winter Hosiery.

Ladies' Black Fleece Lined Hose
12c, 25c, 35c and 50c.
Ladies' Black Wool and Fine Cas-
simere Hose; fine lot from 25c to \$1.

Ladies' Fast Black Cotton Hose,
extra qualities for 12c to 50c.
Ladies' Fast Black Silk Lisle Hose
especially good values at 25c to 75c.

SHOPBELL DRY GOODS CO.,

313 PINE STREET,
WILLIAMSPORT - PENN'A.

PRINTING TO PLEASE



At the News Item Office.

CANNON ANSWERS HIS CRITICS

A Majority Should Be Disciplin-
ed, Because It Will Be Held
Responsible for Results

HAS SCORN FOR THE PRESS

Switches to the Subject of Newspaper
Abuse of Him and Defense of the
House Rules—Majority Must Have
the Machinery to Transact Business.

Washington, Feb. 22.—Just like an
ordinary member, Speaker Cannon
stood in the middle of the House of
Representatives and spoke in favor of
the \$42,000,000 Rivers and Harbors
bill, which was under consideration.
He made no effort to discuss individ-
ual items of the measure, but sup-
ported it in general, on the ground
that the Nation was growing and
would need all the waterways it could
develop.

In the latter part of his address, he
got on to the subject nearest to his
heart, that of majority rule, and dis-
cussed it to the evident satisfaction
of the regulars, who applauded freely.
Incidentally, he took the newspapers
and magazines to task again, for pub-
lishing inaccurate information regard-
ing Congress in general and his part
in the proceedings in particular. He
said, that on the recent trip down the
Mississippi River the accounts in the
public print were so imaginative, that
when he read them he didn't know
whether he was "a-foot or a horse-
back."

"It is for us," he went on, "while
we temporarily occupy the places that
we do, to preserve the machinery by
which a majority can transact the
public business and to preserve it,
looking into the faces of the gentle-
men on the other side, so that when
the wisdom of the American people
and the favor of God may give, per-
chance, a majority to them, they will
have the rules and the order of pro-
cedure, a product of the experience of
120 years, unhampered, and thus run
the business of this House for the ad-
vantage, not of the men of their or-
ganization alone, but of all the 90,000,
000. And while we seemingly strut
and fret, declaim and are interviewed
constantly in the public prints, the
people of the United States will hold
responsible from time to time the party
in power for legislative results, and
unless that party has the machinery
and the procedure to achieve those
results, they will not have the full
power, though they may have the ma-
jority."

"I expect we will continue to re-
ceive all kinds of fake information
that is finished for here and there,"
continued the Speaker, "in order that
our great metropolitan journals may
continue, some of them, to make their
papers from day to day, like the Yan-
kee made his razors, to sell. But I de-
sire to say to the gentlemen on this
side of the House, and to the gentle-
men on that side of the House, that
in the last analysis out of one of the
two great organizations—the minority
from time to time putting the majority
on its good behavior, seeking to be-
come the majority—will come correct
legislation and correct appropriations,
for the greatest good to the people of
the Republic; and if we lose sight of
our own importance and of our posi-
tion for the time being, there will
come into our places better and wiser
men, who will not lose sight of these
necessities. Where responsibility rest,
there must be power."

WAR ON LAWLESS TRUSTS.

Wickersham Drives Home Points in
Taft's Speech Here.

Washington, Feb. 21.—It is a bitter,
relentless war to a finish on the law-
less trusts that the Taft Administra-
tion has entered upon.

The Administration issued another
proclamation in this struggle to-day,
a manifesto from the office of Attor-
ney-General Wickersham, driving
home the savage thrusts of President
Taft in his New York speech of Satur-
day night. It is in the nature of a
final warning, which clearly and ex-
plicitly sets forth the purposes of the
Administration.

"It was not the intention of the Ad-
ministration," says the Attorney-Gen-
eral, "to provide a revenue from
trusts, nor, through the enactment of
this law, to repeal the Sherman act. It
was pointed out by the President in
his message of January 7 that its pur-
pose was to provide for the grant of
a Federal charter to an industrial com-
bination, to make and sell in inter-
state and foreign commerce the prod-
ucts of useful manufacture, under
such limitations as will secure a com-
pliance with the anti-trust law."

Washington, Feb. 22.—The Ameri-
can woman is wearing more silk every
year and more American-made silk.
Last year the value of silk used by
the country was \$165,000,000, of which
\$132,000,000 was home-manufactured.

BEEF TRUST INDICTED FOR FIXING PRICES

Armours, Swifts, Morris, and Meeker
Accused of Conspiracy by Hud-
son County (N.J.) Grand Jury.

Jersey City, N. J., Feb. 22.—The
National Packing Company of Chicago
and New York, one of the largest con-
cerns doing a cold storage business in
this country, will be indicted by the
Grand Jury in Hudson County, N. J.,
on charges of conspiracy in restraint
of trade, according to Prosecutor Gar-
ven in Jersey City.

Garven said the Grand Jury ordered
him to draw the indictment on his
recommendation that it do so. He
said he believed he could go into
court with the evidence he has and
show that the corporation has been
acting directly to depress the market
to raise the prices of food stuffs and
maintain them at a high level.

The National Packing Company, he
said, included in its list of directors
men who are the recognized heads of
great packing and food interests. Ap-
parently those concerns were working
independently of one another, but
there was evidence that the directors
of the National Packing Company met
and took formal action to raise the
price of beef and to hold the surplus
beef in cold storage until their price
was met. The directors are J. Ogden
Armour, Edwin Morris, E. F. Swift, E.
M. Morris, Abraham Meeker, Edward
Tilden, T. J. Connors, L. A. Carton, T.
E. Wilson, C. H. Swift, L. H. Heyman,
Samuel L. C. Roberts, F. A. Fowler,
A. W. Armour, L. F. Swift and Ken-
neth K. McLaren.

The indictment, Garven said, will
be a blanket charge broad enough to
cover every detail of the case in
which he thinks the chances of a con-
viction possible. He said one of the
best witnesses relative to the meet-
ing at which it was agreed to raise the
price of beef consists of the minutes
of the corporation.

In speaking of the general investi-
gation, Garven said he had positive
evidence of where fowl had been kept
in cold storage for seven years.

The corporation has been under fire
for several weeks in Chicago, where it
operates, and numerous witnesses
have been summoned before the fed-
eral Grand Jury there.

The prosecution of the Beef Trust
in New Jersey is based on testimony
showing an arbitrary increase of
prices, which is made possible largely
through the warehouses which are
grouped about the Jersey City termi-
nals of the railroads and are being
used by the trust in furthering its
plan to artificially increase the cost
of meats and other commodities.

Thousands of tons of food are also
cached against the day of higher
prices in New York, and for that reason
the District Attorney of New York
County will co-operate with the New
Jersey authorities in further investi-
gation.

In New York County the Grand
Jury decided to find indictments
against a dozen or more members of
the milk combine.

TILLMAN REGAINS SPEECH.

Doctors to Whom He Talks Think Re-
covery of It Will Be Complete.

Washington, Feb. 22.—Until to-day
Senator Tillman had spoken but two
words since he was stricken last
Thursday. When the family physician
entered this afternoon his face bright-
ened and he said:

"Hello, Doctor." A little later an-
other physician, whom he had seen
but once, said to the Senator, "I don't
suppose you remember me?"

"Yes, I do," replied Mr. Tillman,
"you are Dr. White."

The doctors consider this return of
speech most favorable, and they en-
ertain no doubt now as to the pa-
tient's full recovery of his speech.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Products
Quoted for the Week.

MILK—Per quart, 4c.
BUTTER—Western extra, 28@29c.;
State dairy, 23@24c.
CHEESE—State. Full cream, special,
17 1/2 @ 18c.
EGGS—State. Fair to choice, 25@
27c.; do, western firsts, 28@30c.
APPLES—Baldwin, per bbl., \$2.75@
4.00.
DRESSED POULTRY—Chickens, per
lb., 15@21c.; Cocks, per lb., 14c.;
Squabs, per dozen, \$2.00@5.75.
HAY—Prime, per 100 lbs., \$1.15.
STRAW—Long Rye, per 100 lbs., 80@
90c.
POTATOES—State, per bag, \$1.30@
1.40.
ONIONS—White, per crate, 25@50c.
FLOUR—Winter patents, \$5.60@6.10;
Spring patents, \$5.50@6.85.
WHEAT—No. 2, red, \$1.29 1/4 @ 1.30 1/4;
No. 1, Northern Duluth, \$1.28 1/4.
CORN—No. 2, 71 1/4 @ 73c.
OATS—Natural white, 52@55c.; Clip-
ped white, 53@56c.
BEEVES—City Dressed, 8@10 1/4 c.
CALVES—City Dressed, 10@16c.
SHEEP—Per 100 lbs., \$4.50.
LAMBS—Per 100 lbs., \$8.65.
HOGS—Live, per 100 lbs., \$9.40;
Country Dressed, per lb., 11@12c.

LUPO AND HIS GANG HEAVILY SENTENCED

Prison Terms of the Eight Italian
Counterfeiters Aggregate
150 Years

\$7,600 IN FINES ALSO SET

Thirty Year Term for Leader of the
Band—Fifteen Years' Imprisonment
the Lowest Sentence—Made Spuri-
ous Bills on Remote Farm.

Sentences Imposed on
Counterfeiters' Band.

Ignazio Lupo, thirty years at
hard labor.
Giuseppe Morrello, twenty-
five years and \$1,000 fine.
Giuseppe Callachio, seventeen
years and \$1,000 fine.
Nicolo Sylvestra, fifteen years
and \$1,000 fine.
Salvatore Cina, fifteen years
and \$1,000 fine.
Vincenzo Giglio, fifteen years
and \$1,000 fine.
Giuseppe Palermo, eighteen
years and \$1,000 fine.
Antonio Cecala, fifteen years
and \$1,000 fine.
Aggregate of sentences, 150
years.

New York, N. Y., Feb. 22.—Prob-
ably the worst group of criminals that
ever came to this country were dealt
with here by a United States Court
in a fashion that should strike terror
to their kind. The punishment they
got was the heaviest ever given for
counterfeiting, so far as there is any
record in this country.

For twenty-five days their counsel
had battled for their liberty before
Judge Ray and a jury in the Criminal
Branch of the United States Circuit
Court. For the same period the coun-
sel for the government, Abel I. Smith,
Assistant United States Attorney, had
fought for their conviction. The cul-
mination came when the jury, after
a two hours' session, found a verdict
of guilty. The same length of time
was spent in imposing sentence, which
was done amid sobs of the prisoners
and one of their counsel, and the col-
lapse of Giuseppe Morrello, who was
said to be the leader of the whole
band. The sentences follow:

IGNAZIO LUPO, thirty years and
\$1,000 fine.
GIUSEPPI MORELLO, twenty-five
years and \$1,000 fine.
GIUSEPPI PALERMO, eighteen
years and \$1,000 fine.
GIUSEPPI CALICCHIO, seventeen
years and \$600 fine.
IGNAZIO GIGLIO, fifteen years
and \$1,000 fine.
SALVATORE CINA, fifteen years
and \$1,000 fine.
NICOLO SYLVESTRO, fifteen years
and \$1,000 fine.
ANTONIO CECALA, fifteen years
and \$1,000 fine.

The crime for which the eight men
were convicted was the making, at
Highland, N. Y., of counterfeit bills
and their circulation and sale to
countrymen. The chief of the Secret
Service here, William J. Flynn, and
his men worked on the case for nearly
a year. The arrests were made last
fall.

It is believed by those who have
been working on the case for the gov-
ernment, and by Headquarters men,
that in Morrello and Lupo, and the
men who looked to them for leader-
ship, they have those responsible for
the murder of Detective Petrosino in
Paerino.

Ignazio Lupo, "the Wolf," and his
seven associates, the scum of the out-
casts of Sicily, who had baffled Chief
Flynn's Secret Service men and the
Central Office detectives for years,
were taken to Atlanta to begin their
terms in the Federal penitentiary.

TO REPEAL JAG BOARD LAW.

Only Few Places Have Tried New Jus-
tice Temperance Measure.

Trenton, N. J., Feb. 21.—Assem-
blyman Olwell of Hudson introduced a
bill to-night to repeal the Hillery "jag
board" law, under which habitual
drunkards or near drunkards may
have their names posted publicly,
after which no saloon or tavern keep-
er may sell them liquor. Jag boards
have been named in only a few of the
smaller municipalities, but their ef-
forts to reform the roun ders in their
communities have been the cause of
several disputes and complications.

Train Kills Man and Daughter.
Lancaster, Ohio, Feb. 22.—W. B.
Henry, ex-County Clerk, 55 years old,
and his daughter Ellen, aged 18, while
driving, were killed by a Hocking Val-
ley passenger train at Willow Cross-
ing, west of this city, near their coun-
try home. Mr. Henry served two
terms as Fairfield County Clerk.

GOV. HUGHES ORDERS BIG GRAFT INQUIRY

Appoints Men to Investigate Purchase
of New York Lands by For-
est Commission.

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 22.—Gov.
Hughes ordered a thorough investi-
gation of the scandals alleged to have
characterized the purchase and sale
of land in the Adirondack Park re-
gions. He designated Roger Clark
and E. Leroy Austin to conduct the
inquiry. It has been current rumor
that thousands of dollars have been
paid out by the State Treasury for
doubtful titles to grossly overvalued
lands, that tracts denuded of timber,
purchased at tax sales or a few cents
an acre, have been resold to the
State for as high as \$21 an acre and
that politicians high in Republican
councils have shared in the transac-
tions.

In the Conger-Alids investigation
before the Senate, Senator Conger ad-
mitted on the witness stand that one
of the two other envelopes alleged to
have been passed by Moe was ad-
dressed to Jean L. Burnett, a former
Assemblyman from Ontario County,
now dead, and that he was "approach-
ed" in regard to the bridge bill by
Louis Bedell, former member of the
Assembly from Orange County and
now living in New York.

The importance of the forest land
investigation ordered by Gov. Hughes
overshadows even the Conger disclo-
sures. The management of this vast
enterprise of the State is intrusted to
the Department of Forests, Fish and
Game, of which James S. Whipple, a
Hughes appointee, is the Commissioner,
with a large and expensive staff of
officials.

The Governor, in announcing his
determination to investigate the
Adirondack scandal to the bottom,
made it very plain to persons with
whom he talked that the investigation
will be as thorough as he can direct
it, and will follow every trail of dis-
honesty wherever it may finally rest.
It is pretty well known that the Gov-
ernor intends to assume the personal
direction of the inquiry as far as his
other public duties may permit. Clark
and Austin are splendidly equipped
for the task before them. They will
first turn their attention to an investi-
gation of all the records of Adiron-
dack transactions between the State
and private persons and through the
agency of private counsel designated
by the State during the last ten
years.

Some of the most prominent politi-
cians and capitalists who have either
bought or sold State lands will then
be summoned to explain some deals
that according to general belief have
resulted in the spoliation of the
State's forest property and its
finances.

MILITIA QUELL RIOT.

Sheriff and His Deputies Kill One and
Wound Four Would-Be-Lynchers.
Cairo, Ill., Feb. 22.—Three com-
panies of militia, commanded by Gen.
Frank S. Dickson, Adjutant-General of
the State, guard the jail which a mob
of 500 attacked in an attempt to seize
and lynch two negro prisoners.
Sheriff Fred. D. Nellis and twelve of
his twenty deputies, who were armed,
fired on the mob.

The Dead.

HALLIDAY, ALEXANDER, thirty-
five, dairyman, son of the late Mayor
Thomas W. Halliday.

The Wounded.

CREHAN, HORTON; wounded in
ankle; had stopped to see what was
the trouble.

MALONEY, JOHN, brother-in-law
of Mrs. Rose Maloney, whose purse
had been stolen by John Pratt, one of
the negroes wanted by the mob;
slight wound in cheek.

WALKER, GEORGE B., correspond-
ent of the Associated Press; wounded
in the leg while gathering news.

WESSINGER, SAMUEL, former po-
liceman; wounded in head and shoul-
der.

The city is comparatively quiet to-
night, the riotous spirit is quelled,
temporarily at least, by the presence
of the militia, the saloons are closed,
no one is permitted to loiter on the
street; if a group of three or four men
gather the soldiers disperse them.

John Pratt and Lincoln Wilson are
the negroes the mob sought. Pratt,
who committed a crime in Clark
County, Ill., broke his parole, escaped
and snatched a pocketbook from Mrs.
Rose Maloney in the street. She shot
at him with a revolver, but he got
away. When arrested he implicated
Lincoln Wilson, who was found guilt-
less of the theft. So if the mob had
caught Wilson an innocent man would
have been hanged.

Kicked Eight Feet, but Lost Life.
Aida, Neb., Feb. 22.—George Har-
rett, nineteen, champion high kicker
of the village, after winning a contest,
made a wager that he could kick and
touch a mark eight feet above the
floor. He won, but in doing so burst a
blood vessel and died of hemorrhage.

Columbia, S. C., Feb. 22.—The in-
come tax amendment passed final
reading in the State Senate. It al-
ready has passed the House and ratifi-
cation is now complete.