

Republican News Item.

VOL. XIII. NO 36

LAPORTE, SULLIVAN COUNTY PA. THURSDAY JANUARY 28, 1909.

75C PER YEAR

\$24,000—\$44,000 Which Do You Prefer ?

The average man earns about \$1,100 a year. He works 40 years and earns a total of \$44,000 in a life time. The average day laborer gets \$2,000 a day or \$600 for a year of 300 days. He earns \$24,000 in a life time. The difference between \$44,000 and \$24,000 is \$20,000. This is the minimum value of a practical education in dollars and cents. The increased self-respect cannot be measured in money. Why not stop plugging away at a small salary when the International Correspondence Schools, of Scranton, Pa., can give you an education that will make high salaried man of you? No matter what line of work you care to follow, this great educational institution can prepare you in your spare time and at a small cost to secure a good-paying position. Our local Representative will show you how you can triple your earning capacity. Look him up today. He is

C. F. BRENNAN,
C. I. S. Representative. TOWANDA, PA.

COLE'S HARDWARE.

No Place Like this Place
For Reliable

STOVES and RANGES, COAL OR WOOD. HEATERS;

ONE OF WINTER'S GREAT DELIGHTS.

House Furnishing Goods, Tools of Every
Description, Guns and Ammunition.

Bargains that bring the buyer back.
Come and test the truth of our talk.

A lot of second hand stoves and ranges for sale cheap.
We can sell you in stoves anything from a fine Jewel Base
Burner to a low priced but satisfactory cook stove.

Hot Air, Steam and Hot Water Heating and
General Repairing, Roofing and Spouting.

Samuel Cole, Dushore, Pa.

The Shopbell Dry Good Co.,
313 Pine Street,
WILLIAMSPORT, PA.

January Clearance Sale of Ladies' Suits and Coats.

Profits have been entirely clipped off in this January Sale—cost in no way
figures in the selling prices.

Ladies' stylish Coat Suits, in plain and black colors, good assortment to choose
from. Suits that were formerly
\$15 to \$25 are now reduced to \$9.95
\$28 to \$32 are now reduced to \$14.95
\$32.50 to \$38. are now reduced to \$19.75
\$38.50 to \$42.50 are now reduced to \$22.50

Made of plain and fancy cloth are being closed out at just one-half the regular
price. \$10 to \$35 values, now marked at

\$5 to \$17.50

Two other lots of Ladies' Long Cloth Coats have been marked

\$3.00 and \$5.00

Which are less than half the former price.

Children and Misses Winter Coats

One lot children's cloth and Bear Skin Misses' plain and fancy cloth Coats, 8
Coats, 2 to 6 years sizes, navy, cardinal to 14 year sizes, \$5.00 to \$10.00 values
green, gray, brown and white, were \$3.00 for
to \$4.00, now

\$1.50

One lot of Misses' chinchilla cloth
Coats in navy, red, gray and brown, were
\$12.50 to 14.00, now

\$3.50

\$2.95

7.00

Change of Prices on Furs.

Furs will take a drop in prices to be in keeping with the Coat Sale. Here
will be the chance of the season to select Furs that you will be proud to own.

Subscribe for the News Item

Liquor License Notices.

Notice is hereby given that the follow-
ing applications for liquor license have
been filed in my office and the same will
be presented to the Court of Quarter Ses-
sions of the Peace of Sullivan County on
MONDAY, the 8th day of FEBRUARY
1909, at 2 o'clock p. m.

CHERRY TWP.

Cherry Mills:
John E. Gross, tavern license,
Dushore.
Leonard Hilbert, wholesale license,
Mildred.
Ella Murphy, restaurant license.
Frank F. Schaad, distillers license,
John C. Schaad, tavern license,
James J. Connor, tavern license,
Joseph A. Hilsman, tavern license,
John Daley, tavern license, Mildred,
John Nestor, tavern license,
Michael F. Donovan, wholesale license,
Murray.
William Haley, tavern license,
Satterfield.
Patrick McGee, restaurant license,

COLLEY TWP.

C. F. Hunsinger, tavern license, Colley
DUSHORE BOROUGH.
Thomas J. Brogan, wholesale license,
John D. Lane, tavern license,
Elizabeth Carmody, restaurant license,

Margaret Connor, restaurant license,
Robert McGee, restaurant license,
Philip E. Grace, tavern license,
P. J. Finan, tavern license,
B. F. Saxer, restaurant license.

DAVIDSON TWP.

Sonestown.
Daniel H. Loran, tavern license,
Harry Basley, tavern license,
Maney Valley.
William L. Parneter and
Brady Houscknecht } tavern license
Dennis Palmattier, tavern license,
J. William Moran, restaurant license,
Emmons.
Michael J. Devanney, tavern license,

Lopez:
James P. McGee, restaurant license,
Steve Halabuk, tavern license,
George Olszewski, tavern license,
Joseph Hrubenak, restaurant license,
Abe Goodman, wholesale license,
Anthony Rouse, tavern license,
Theodore Shimansky, restaurant license,
Maxim Musiala, bottlers' license.

EAGLES MERE BOROUGH.

Wm. H. Vanbuskirk, tavern license,

HILLSGROVE TWP.

Jacob Caseman, tavern license, Hillsgrove.

LAPORTE BOROUGH.

Theresa Gallagher, tavern license,
John Hansen, Jr., tavern license.

LAPORTE TWP.

Geo. M. Piester, tavern license, Nordmont

SHREWSBURY TOWNSHIP.

Smith Boudman, restaurant license,
Norman E. Staekhouse, tavern license.

ALBERT F. HEISS, Clerk,
Clerk's office, Laporte, Pa., Jan. 18, 1909.

Notice to Owners of Dogs.

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA. STATE LIVE STOCK SANITARY BOARD.

Regulation relating to dogs in Cherry Township, Sullivan County.

The attention of all owners of dogs in the above described district is called to the following order of quarantine of dogs adopted by the State Livestock Sanitary Board, January 26, 1909. Dog owners are warned that disregard of this notice may lead to the destruction of their dogs and that they themselves may be proceeded against legally.

LEONARD PEARSON,
State Veterinarian.

Harrisburg, Pa., January 26, 1909.

WHEREAS, There is reason to believe that the disease known as rabies or hydrophobia exists in Cherry Township, Sullivan County, and the nature of this disease is such that for the present all dogs, within certain limits, must be suspected of being capable of spreading it.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, by authority of the State Livestock Sanitary Board under the provisions of the Act of March 27, 1903, that all dogs in the above described district are hereby declared to be in a state of quarantine, and must be strictly confined or firmly secured on the premises of their owners, and not allowed to run at large or enter public highways excepting when led or when muzzled with a well fitting muzzle that will effectually prevent biting.

Such quarantine shall remain in force for one hundred days from the date hereof or until removed by the State Livestock Sanitary Board.

Attention is called to the following sections of the above mentioned Act:

Section 3. Should dogs be permitted to run at large, or to escape from restraint or confinement, or to go without muzzle, in violation of the quarantine, or regulation, established by the State Livestock Sanitary Board to restrict the spread of rabies or hydrophobia, as provided by this Act, such dogs may be secured and confined, or they may be shot or otherwise destroyed, and the owner or owners thereof shall have no claim against the person so doing.

Section 4. Any person violating the provisions of this act or of a quarantine, or of a regulation or order to restrain, confine or muzzle dogs, duly established by the State Livestock Sanitary Board for the purpose of restricting the spread of rabies, or hydrophobia, in the manner provided in the other sections of this act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall forfeit and pay a fine of not less than ten dollars nor than one hundred dollars, at the discretion of the court.

Opportunities For Men of Small Capital.

One of the most interesting phases of the remarkable transformation which is being wrought by irrigation in many of the desert valleys of the West, is the prominent position which newcomers from the East are taking in the development work. The instances were men from the East with no previous experience and training in farming have achieved signal success on irrigated farms are numerous. They call attention to the opportunities in the desert for men of small capital, but with plenty industry and brains. To get away from the crowded centers of population into the broad free country.

In much of the present development of new agricultural areas in the West the sturdy sons of Pennsylvania are taking no small part. Nothing less was expected of the experienced farmer of the Keystone State who ventured out into the West, but the same achievements apparently are being shown by other citizens from the cities.

From iron moulder to dairyman is rather a startling change of occupation. Ten years experience in the Baldwin Locomotive works would hardly seem to be the sort of training to insure success in dairy farming. Nevertheless H. C. Watson, who for a decade labored faithfully as iron moulder in the Baldwin shops, has demonstrated that his previous occupation did not unfit him for another profession. In 1907 Mr. Watson took stock as it were and decided that while iron molding brought him good wages, the annual difference between income and outgo promised him little for his old age. He sent Mrs. Watson to the West on a tour of investigation, with the result that in 1907 he gave up his job in Philadelphia and moved his belongings to a farm in West Idaho near the town of Caldwell. He bought eighty acres of land, all in sage brush, but with rights to water from one of the large canals. Although he had never worked at the carpenter trade Mr. Watson in one week built a house of two rooms and attic, assisted only by his son 17 years old.

In 1908, after clearing, cultivating and planting he cropped 60 acres, ten acres in red clover, eight seeded to alfalfa, five to potatoes, and the balance to oats. He had a good garden and some chickens. Mr. Watson brought one cow with him, and in February that year, purchased two more at \$75 each. In April he bought another for \$115 and later added another to his herd. He was finally established in the dairy business and soon began to supply the home market with butter at 35 cents per pound. From April to December he produced and sold 1,340 pounds, which returned him the sum of \$412.45, deducting the cost of feed \$105., the net return was \$307.45, or \$61 per head for nine months. All the feed for the herd and for five horses and three colts was raised on the farm, besides nearly all the food consumed by the family. The land has more than doubled in value so that his net returns for the year are considerably in excess of what he usually made working at his trade. He is free from worry, no landlords trouble him, and shut-downs, strikes or panics do not disturb his rest at night. He has one great ambition, and the fulfillment is within sight—to own a dairy herd of 100 registered cows.

The great work of bringing water to the thirsty land upon which the government is now spending \$50,000,000, has its justification in the success of the industrious home builders who are taking up the new farms, and who are paying back to the Treasury every dollar thus invested by the Nation. What wonder that the daily mail bag of the Statistician Reclamation Service at Washington contains hundreds of inquiries daily from homeseekers all over the land.

Strayed or stolen.—White dog with one black ear, other white with few tan spots, has long hair with black spot near tail, has collar and lock. \$5.00 for return.

S. K. Brown, Ricketts, Pa.

The annual report of captain J. F. Robison, commander of troop B. State Constabulary. Stationed at Wyoming, for the year ending Dec. 31, 1908, has been sent to headquarters at Harrisburg. It is a very exhaustive document dealing with the minutest details of the work of the troop during the past year. Some interesting facts contained in the report are as follows:

The condition as to law and order in this district have improved over previous years. Riot calls have been few. In most cases two or three men were able to quell the disturbances.

Sub-stations were maintained at West Hazelton and Peckville. During the first ten months of the year and on November 4th, nine additional sub-stations are established at Benton, Mayfield and Montrose, Old Forge, Picture Rocks, Tobyhanna, Towanda, Trout Run and Tunkhannock.

The health of the troop was excellent, there having been but few serious cases of illness.

Troop and individual schools were held during the year, giving instructions to the men in the "Duties of Policemen" Game and fish laws, Criminal laws, Drill, Regulations, care of horses and General Duties.

All older men have reached a point of proficiency and the newer men especially the recruits are progressing rapidly in the work.

There were 54 horses on duty Dec. 31.

The troopers made a total of 1,302 arrests, of which 833 were convicted, 263 discharges, and 206 await trial. Of those arrested 297 were American, 14 Austrian, 32 Germans, 21 Hungarian, 77 Irish, 168 Italians, 75 Slavish, 48 Polish.

Costs were collected amounting to \$600.60 including 16.68 from Bradford county.

The mileage traveled by the trooper, during 1908 was 113,535 as compared with 130,383 in the previous year.

The closing paragraph of Captain Robison's report reads as follows: "The efficiency of the troopers has long since been above question and this fact, in conjunction with the moral tone assumed by the troops, as a whole, has materially advanced the high opinion held by the public of the state police."

"The salaries of the troopers should be raised as railway companies and other concerns are reaching out for the experienced men, offering them advanced pay, thereby making it difficult to retain troopers of recognized worth and efficiency entitle them to more money than they are receiving."

A proposition has been presented to the legislature providing for the elimination of the associate judge as a part of the machinery of justice in such counties as still retain this relic of the dark ages. Associate judges are now serving in districts composed of two or more counties, and if the bill before the legislature shall pass every county in the state would presumably become a separate judicial district, or some judges would be required to travel from one county to another when duty called them to transact such business as is now left to the tender mercies of associate judge. The cost to the state of maintaining associate judges is a great deal more than these ornaments of the bench earn.

It has not been infrequently found that associate judges have wrought more evil than good by combining to overthrow the decisions of the president judges in such matters as the granting of liquor licenses and the like. And then in these times when litigation is of such an intricate nature as to require not only legal knowledge as well as wisdom in the disposition of cases the associate judge is a mere nonentity, the position not requiring that the occupant shall be learned in the law or much of anything else. It would be a step forward if the state were to get rid of its associate judges.—Williamsport News.

To the voters of Laporte township. I request all voters not to vote for me for I will not serve as supervisor if elected.

E. C. Burk.

Miss Edith Maben Buried Sunday.

Miss Marion Edith Maben was buried by the beautiful and impressive service of the Church of England from St. John's church on January 31, the Rector, the Rev. Thuriow W. Null officiating. The subject of the address was ISAIAH LI, 11.

"Therefore the redeemed of the Lord shall return, and come with singing unto Zion."

On account of her great interest in and devotion to the choir of which she was a faithful member from the time it became organized and vested, and as an unique mark of honor, she was laid to rest in her vestments, for in these she served the church and God.

The many floral tributes, one very beautiful cross of white lilies, roses, and hyacinths by Mrs. Gallegher and Mrs. Fry; a beautiful pink one of lilies and sweet peas by the choir; a handsome broken circle of pink and white by the high-school and Miss Jessie Wrede; a pillow of white carnations and lilies bearing the name Edith in purple, the gift of many friends through the efforts of Miss Dolly Crossley; White carnations and ferns by the primary school; pink carnations and ferns by her teacher Prof. Carl O. Bird; white carnations and ferns by Miss Nora Heess of York, show the love and respect of her many friends.

It is always a loss when the good are called to Paradise. But why do we call that a loss which leads one from all uncertainty and sorrow, to be a full sharer in the glorified bliss of the redeemed; or from the limitations of earth to the grand capacities and possibilities of the better world; why weep for those vested in white whose voices ring in the symphonies of Heaven.

"In that great cloister's stillness and seclusion,

By guardian angels lead,
Safe from temptation, safe from sin's pollution,
She lives whom we call dead.

A fair maiden, in her father's mansion,
Clothed with celestial grace,
And beautiful with all the soul's expansion
Shall we behold her face."

Muncy Valley, Pa. Feb. 1st, 1909.
Death of Mrs. James O. Jordan near Sonestown, Pa.—One week ago last Thursday at Sonestown in the M. E. church was held the funeral of Nora Jordan the wife of our fellow citizen James C. Jordan. To the community her death brought profound sorrow. Mrs. Jordan was a young woman of thirty two years of age. She left a family of six children, mostly quite small, and six step children partly grown up. Her husband a hard working man; kind and industrious, is left in sorrow and with a home that will greatly miss a mother's noble life and devoted service. For a long time Mrs. Jordan was afflicted with heart trouble, tho able to do much of the home work, but two months ago she was taken with severe pain and drowsy, and after much suffering was relieved of the troubles of this life Monday Morning Jan. 18th. Her funeral was largely attended by her many relatives and friends. She was the second daughter of John and Jane Myers formerly of Lairdsville, but now of Hughesville, Pa. The husband and the family have the sympathy of the whole community in their sorrow.

S. B. Bidlack

Claiming that he is crippled for life by having his leg broken a year ago, while being initiated as a member of fraternal order of Eagles at Butler, Thomas Lewis has instituted a suit against the lodge for \$5,000 damages. Lewis alleges that his limb was broken by the rough handling he received at the hands of the degree team.

At the Huntingdon Reformatory each new inmate is required to spend at least one month in the "awkward squad" and become thoroughly acquainted with and able to execute the movements in the Manual of Arms and the Butts Rifle drill, for military drill occupies an important place in the work of the reformatory.

BANNER SALVE
the most healing salve in the world.