

Published Every Thursday Afternoon
By The Sullivan Publishing Co.
At the County Seat of Sullivan County.

LAPORTE, PA.
W. G. MANON, President.
THOS. J. INGHAM, Sec'y & Treas.
Entered at the Post Office at Laporte, as
second-class mail matter.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.
Judge of the Superior Court
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Electors at Large.
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For Congress 17th District,
E. W. SAMUELS
REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.
County Treasurer, W. A. GUMBLE.
Member of Assembly, L. B. ZANER.
County Commissioners,
F. W. PEALE and W. H. ROGERS.
County Auditors,
G. E. WILCOX, HARRY BOTSFORD.

CLUB MEN WILL RALLY FOR TAFT

Great Gathering Anticipated at State League Convention.

[Special Correspondence.]
Wilkes-Barre, Sept. 1.

A mighty host of stalwart young Republicans will assemble here on Wednesday, Sept. 16, to ratify the action of the convention which placed the Taft-Sherman ticket in the field, and to formally inaugurate the campaign in Pennsylvania to be waged by the State League of Republican Clubs.

This will be the twenty-second annual convention of the league, and all indications point to it being the most successful in the history of the organization. Vice Presidential Candidate Sherman, Senator Boies Penrose, Congressman Nicholas Longworth and John Hays Hammond will be among the principal orators at the mass meeting to be held on the opening night of the convention.

This will be the first convention to be addressed by Senator Penrose for some years, and by reason of the prominent part he is to take in the management of the national campaign his remarks will have special significance.

Prizes For Clubmen.

Robert B. Habgood, president of the State League, has been here and has cordially approved of all of the arrangements for the entertainment of the visitors. Prizes are to be awarded to the clubs sending the largest delegations and for those coming the longest distance.

The league clubs are to take a conspicuous part in the campaign and will co-operate with State Chairman Andrews and the various county committees in arranging for mass meetings and providing the speakers and distributing literature.

Pennsylvania clubmen have a warm feeling in their hearts for Judge Taft, whose strong character and sturdy patriotism appeal especially to the young men.

First Voters' Club.

Plans are under way for the organization of First Voters' clubs in every school district in Pennsylvania to enlist those who will cast a presidential vote for the first time in the ranks of the militant Republicans in the great national contest.

Reports from every part of the country show that the trend of sentiment among the young men is toward the Republican party and its standard-bearers and that hundreds of thousands of first voters throughout the Union are being enrolled under the Republican banners.

Particular attention is to be given by the State League to the several congressional districts in Pennsylvania which have been classed as doubtful, and in this connection the officers of the league will work in harmony with the national and state committees and the Republican congressional committee in their efforts to get out every Republican vote.

The Democrats are making bold claims in the matter of congressional seats in this state. They now have seven representatives in the house and they are claiming ten.

If the Republican clubmen accomplish half of what they expect in the way of educating the voters and rousing enthusiasm for the Republican nominees, the Democrats will be lucky if they carry three districts in this state in November.

Success of Wilson Laborer's Bill.
After a trial of eleven weeks the employment of convicts and bondholders at highway building in the Panama canal zone is still by the division of municipal engineering to have passed the experimental stage, according to the Canal Record, which recently reached Washington. Three distinct ends were in view in the programme submitted by the special committee on the employment of prisoners, which was approved last February. The first of these was the improvement of the prisoners' condition; second, the opening up to development of the fertile valleys of the canal zone, and, third, reimbursing the government for the expense of maintaining its penal system, the latter view having been justified.

ARE NOT GOING TO SWAP HORSES

Pennsylvanians to Follow Old Abe Lincoln's Policy.

TARIFF MADE STATE WEALTHY

Taft and Sherman Stand For Protection, and Their Triumphant Election Will Insure a Period of Unprecedented Prosperity and a Continuance of Roosevelt's Patriotic American Administration of the National Government.

[Special Correspondence.]
Harrisburg, Sept. 15.

"Never swap horses while crossing a stream." This trite and homely admonition of "Old Abe" Lincoln will be followed by the voters of Pennsylvania at the coming election, when they will roll up a tremendous majority for the party of protection and prosperity.

Reports from every county in the commonwealth show that the great body of Pennsylvanians, the farmers, the merchants and the wage earners in all the big industrial centers are determined to vote for Taft and Sherman and indorse the platform of the Republican party.

Bryan is making tariff reduction, which to the Democrats means their old slogan of free trade, the paramount issue of his campaign.

In doing that he is striking directly at Pennsylvania, at Pennsylvania labor, at Pennsylvania capital and at Pennsylvania's vast natural resources, her coal, her iron, her cement and her various other interests.

No Free Trade For Pennsylvania.
The Keystone state has acquired her enviable position as the most prosperous and wealthiest state in the Union under the Republican party's administration of state and national affairs, and to no other policy does she owe more than to that of the protective tariff.

The present onslaught of Bryanism upon the tariff has aroused a feeling of indignation and alarm in every quarter of this state.

Just as confidence is being restored, as orders for manufactured products are coming in and mills are starting up, coke ovens and blast furnaces are being lighted and the textile and all manner of industrial establishments are resuming operations, after a temporary cessation, along comes Bryan with his tirades against the protective tariff. He is serving notice upon capital and labor alike that in the event of his election revolutionary tactics may be looked for to the inevitable destruction of the interests of the wage earner and the manufacturer, to the granger, the dairyman, the mine worker and all classes of citizens of this state whose happiness and livelihood depend upon the administration of the national government under safe and sane and well established policies.

Taft's Nomination Brought Confidence.
No reasonable man has attempted to charge to the Republican party responsibility for the recent disturbance in business and momentary halt in the march of progress.

But every one who stops to consider the revival of confidence, the resumption of commercial and industrial activities and the universal predictions of a renewal of good times, cannot but attribute these conditions to the popular belief that the election of Taft and Sherman and the continuance of the Republican party in control of the federal government means an assurance of national prosperity.

To Promote American Patriotism.
The patriotism and sturdy Americanism of the administration of Theodore Roosevelt, all know, will be accentuated with Judge William Howard Taft in the White House, and the prestige that has been added to "Old Glory" by the vigorous Rooseveltian policies will never be detracted from by any act of the distinguished son of Ohio who is now the Republican standard-bearer.

The vital concern which every Pennsylvanian must have in the present campaign was emphasized by United States Senator Boies Penrose in his recent speech before the Republicans of Lehigh county, when he made the tariff the principal feature of his address.

Penrose On the Tariff.
Senator Penrose, among other things, said:
"This is pre-eminently an age the world over of commercial, industrial and agricultural development. The United States leads in all these forms of activity. We are today admittedly the leading nation of the world, and our progress in the past and the prospect of development in the future are beyond precedent in the history of civilization.

"We want an assurance of prosperity, of a continuation of our commercial and industrial development at home and of our trade expansion in the markets of the world. The history of the United States shows clearly that prosperity has always attended upon a protective tariff.

"The American people cannot fail to recall vividly the immediate past. There has always been a relation of protective tariffs to prosperity and of great financial depressions to low tariffs. The long period of depression which followed the return to low tariff immediately succeeding Mr. Blaine's

defeat for the presidency continued during that entire period of low tariff and until relief was obtained by a return to protection. The history of tariff legislation in congress is one of continuous struggle.

"Success has been achieved by a narrow margin. The principle of protection to American labor and industry has frequently been put in peril in the house of its friends.

Democratic Soup House Period.
"Every one recalls the dreadful industrial depression during Cleveland's second administration. Following the re-establishment of protection in 1897 came an immediate restoration of prosperity, which continued steadily until the great disturbances in world finances resulting from the Boer and Russo-Japanese wars and the local disturbances resulting from the great losses consequent upon the Baltimore and San Francisco disasters—disturbances due ultimately to monetary causes and being but temporary in duration.

"These causes, with the lack of sufficient currency to finance great undertakings consequent upon the tremendous prosperity which has come to the country under a decade of protection, are generally conceded to be the chief elements in that cessation which we all believe to be but temporary in the extraordinary prosperity and industrial development and expansion of commerce which the country has enjoyed since the principle of protection and sound money were established in the election of William McKinley in 1896.

"Setting aside minor issues and theories of legislation, does any sane man doubt that the future prosperity of the country cannot be safely entrusted to the Republican party by the election of William H. Taft as president?

"The people from one end of the land to the other demand a cessation of the temporary interruption to our prosperity from which we are recently recovering. They are most interested in such an administration of the government and such legislation by congress as can most reasonably be expected to bring about a resumption of our splendid march of development at home and abroad.

Want American Standard of Wages.
"The great mass of our people want to be assured of permanent employment at remunerative wages, which will enable them to maintain a standard of living such as becomes American citizenship. History demonstrates beyond any question that the maintenance of the principle of protection under Republican administration and legislation has secured these results.

"History has shown that where this condition has been interrupted by Democratic success and tariff tinkering and free trade principles that disaster and panic have ensued.

"Closed mills and idle men were too familiar to all of us a little over twelve years ago, and would hardly need recalling now were we not so apt to forget. Nor is there anything in the attitude of the Democratic party to assure the American people of a consistent adherence to the protective principle.

Tariff Cuts Cause Depression.
"It would seem to be evident enough not to require argument that the protective system can best be maintained by those who have been successful for nearly 100 years in its maintenance and development.

"The general statement stands unchallenged that whenever the tariff has been reduced in whole or in part a business depression has followed, and in many cases most severe commercial and industrial panics.

"The present tariff law has been in operation unchanged longer than any other tariff law in our history.

"Many favor continuing the law unchanged for the present, on the theory that stability of conditions is an essential feature of any tariff system, and that the agitation in changing the same introduces uncertainty in the trade conditions, and is apt to be followed by a curtailment of industrial activity.

"There is, however, a general demand for a readjustment of schedules to meet changing conditions in the industrial world, and it is conceded on all sides that general revision will be made in the near future, but whatever changes are made the Republican party this year stands emphatically pledged to the principle that a tariff shall be imposed on all imported products, whether of the factory, the farm or the mine, sufficiently great to equal the difference between the cost of production abroad and at home, and that this difference should, of course, include the difference between the wages paid in this country and the wages paid abroad, and embrace a reasonable profit to the American producer."

Senator's Pledges to Constituents.
Senator Penrose told of the movement already under way by a Republican congress to revise tariff schedules to meet changed conditions, and in this connection he said:
"As a member of the senate committee, I pledge myself to sustain the protective principle so vital to the industrial prosperity of this great state of Pennsylvania.

"A harmonious and triumphant Republican party continued in power by an overwhelming vote of confidence on the part of the American people on election day in November next is better calculated to insure an immediate resumption of that extraordinary prosperity which began with the election of William McKinley in 1896, than can be hoped for by the most sanguine in the election of Bryan and the election of a Democratic house of representatives, with the record of the Democracy in the past for blundering and disaster in connection with the financial legislation of the country."

REGISTRATION IN CITIES ESSENTIAL

Republicans Must Qualify Now In Order to Vote For Taft.

ALARM SOUNDED FOR ACTION

Committeemen Throughout the State Admonished to Urge Their Neighbors to Comply With the Provisions of the Personal Registration Act, So As to Be Able to Vote For Taft For President and Sherman For Vice President at the Election in November.

[Special Correspondence.]
Philadelphia, Sept. 15.

A note of warning has been sent all along the Republican lines in Pennsylvania of the danger of voters overlooking the requirements of the personal registration law and thereby depriving themselves of the right to vote at the presidential election.

Colonel Wesley R. Andrews, chairman of the Republican state committee, concerned over the neglect of many Republicans to register, has sounded an alarm and all of the Republican committeemen in the state have been urged to thoroughly canvass their respective election districts where personal registration is necessary, and see to it that their voters qualify.

No resident of any city who does not register this fall, personal registration being required in all cities, can vote for president or any other official at the November election.

Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Allegheny and Scranton are the only cities affected by the section of the law covering first and second-class cities, but there are nineteen counties in the state in which there are third class cities in which personal registration is necessary. Today, Tuesday, Sept. 15, is the second personal registration day for all classes of cities, and the last day for registration in third class cities will be Saturday, Oct. 17.

The registration officers sit from 8 a. m. to 1 p. m., and from 2 p. m. to 6 p. m., and from 7 p. m. to 10 p. m. in all second class cities.

All Must Get Registered.

"We cannot too forcibly impress upon Republican voters the absolute necessity of their being registered in order to be able to vote for Taft and Sherman and the balance of their party ticket," said Colonel Andrews with great earnestness.

"All previous registrations having expired, every voter residing in a district where personal registration is called for, must go this fall, personally, to the voting place and have himself enrolled by the registration officers.

"No one who is not registered can vote in November, so that the precinct committeemen who fail to see that his neighbors are registered will be inexorably delinquent. All our efforts to get voters to the polls later on will be of no avail if they have not been personally qualified by having been registered.

The Poll Tax Issue.

"To be qualified to vote every citizen must have paid a state or county tax within two years. The last day for paying poll tax to qualify for the November election, Saturday, Oct. 3, should be impressed upon all who have not thus qualified themselves."

The following are the counties in which third class cities are located and where this matter of personal registration is of vital importance to all voters:

Berks, Blair, Cambria, Chester, Clinton, Delaware, Erie, Lancaster, Lawrence, Lebanon, Lehigh, Luzerne, Lycoming, McKean, Northampton, Washington and York.

Prominent Speakers Coming.

While the matter of qualifying the voters is being given very close attention, the Republican leaders are not overlooking any other feature of the campaign work.

Chairman Andrews is directly in touch with National Chairman Hitchcock, and he has also the advantage of the co-operation of Senator Penrose, who is a member of the executive committee of the Republican national committee, in having prominent speakers assigned to Pennsylvania.

Vice Presidential Candidate James S. Sherman and Congressman Nicholas Longworth, of Ohio, son-in-law of President Roosevelt, at the request of the national chairman, have accepted invitations to address the convention of the State League of Republican Clubs at Wilkes-Barre this week, and Speakers Cannon and Senator Burrows, who was temporary presiding officer of the Republican national convention, are among others of prominence who have already been assigned to speak in this state.

To Win Debatable Districts.

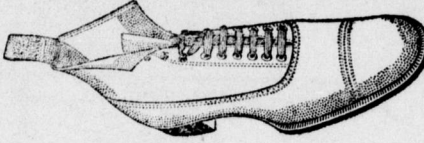
"We are working in Pennsylvania," said Chairman Andrews, "as though this were a doubtful state. We want to get every Republican voter possible to the polls and we want to carry every debatable district, congressional, senatorial and representative, and we can only do that by perfecting our organization in every direction and making an aggressive and determined canvass until the polls close."

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Reciprocal Boasting.

Judge Parker is laboring for the Bryan cause in California, which recalls the fact that Bryan's campaign in Nebraska for Parker kept the Republican majority in the state down to 83,000.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

CLEVELAND'S LAST WORD TO PARTY

Praised Taft and Called For Elimination of Bryanism.

[Special Correspondence.]
Harrisburg, Pa., Sept. 8.

Pennsylvania Bryanites are greatly exercised over the publication of Grover Cleveland's last political document in which he forecasted the election of Judge Taft and recorded his opinion that the national Democracy will never regain its prestige until Bryanism shall be eliminated.

There is no doubt that these declarations have had far reaching influence among the conservative element of the Democracy of the Keystone State.

The Cleveland article was the first of a series which the late ex-president intended to write, but which his death cut short. It was copyrighted by the New York Times after permission to print it had been obtained from Frederick S. Hastings, executor of Mr. Cleveland's estate.

In this article Mr. Cleveland among other things said:

"With the other parties disorganized, redeveloping and procreating, the Republican party is certain, though with a considerably lessened strength, to move on to a safe victory sustained by the popular support of reforms which should not redound to its glory solely, those reforms having been the work of decent men of all parties."

"Personally and officially I have had the opportunity of knowing many things concerning Mr. Taft that were not a matter of general knowledge, and with a keen interest I have watched his large share in the conduct of our national affairs in very recent years. His excellence as a federal judge in Cincinnati is something not to be underestimated or overemphasized, for should he come to the presidential chair the qualities which made him a judge of high ability, which I know him to have been, will be the most needful to him as president of the United States. His high ideals of honesty and of relative justice, his great capacity for severe labor and his humorous wisdom in the face of the serious problem are attributes equally valuable and commendatory to a people, seeking him in whom they may repose the trust of their collective interests while they turn their increased attention to their pressing individual demands.

After discussing problems resulting from national expansion, continuing he said:

Has Important Qualifications.
"These questions are fruitful of trouble and perturbation, and the primary requisite of the man or men who must deal with them is an abundant knowledge of the people of the outlying domain. That Mr. Taft is possessed of this knowledge as is no other man in the country is hardly to be denied; granted that he has had extraordinary opportunities, he has shown himself able to improve those opportunities in a manner which it is not extravagant to say will be his broadest claim so far to enduring fame when the acute visual distortion of the present and opportune shall have given place to the inexorable perspective of history in which the relative values of public deeds to public duties are completely clarified and announced to posterity."

The danger to the Republican forces lies in over confidence and the apathy that frequently follows the absence of an aggressive opposition.

The Capitol Grafting Issue.

Nominee for treasurer, Mr. Sheatz, has reason to be proud of the ovation given him here this week by the clubmen gathered from every section of the state.

While in this city, Mr. Sheatz had several conferences with Governor Stuart. They talked over the state capitol graft cases. It is recognized that the Democrats lost their only issue when Attorney General Todd proceeded against the men who were named in the report of the legislative probers as responsible for the looting of the state treasury through irregularities attending the construction of the capitol.

With the knowledge that the pledges of the Republican party are being fulfilled, and that after the thorough probing of the capitol job, the Republican state administration is proceeding to prosecute all who had a hand in the affair, the Democrats are absolutely deprived of an opportunity to play the capitol scandal to advance their political interests.

Harrisburg, Sept. 24.

A significant feature of the gathering of Republican clubmen in this city this week is the presence of so many young Republicans, many of them to be first voters at the coming election.

The activity of young men in the ranks of the State League of Republican clubs in this campaign has been the subject of general comment, and the party leaders who have been fighting the battles of Republicanism for years are elated over the accession of so many enthusiastic recruits.

The popularity of the nominee for state treasurer, the fact that he is, himself a staunch member of the State League of Clubs, and that his candidacy typifies the desires of the men who seek to advance the cause of Republicanism's highest ideals, may, in a measure, account for the gratifying interest taken in the present state campaign by the young men, both of the cities and the counties of Pennsylvania.

Mr. Sheatz's career in public life is calculated to inspire the youth of this commonwealth.

The story of his labors as a lad in the great Baldwin Locomotive works in Philadelphia and his subsequent success as a business man, his nomination for the state legislature in an independent district in the Quaker city, his splendid record as a lawmaker by the Republican state convention by a unanimous vote for the office of state treasurer, has been studied by the young Republicans of Pennsylvania, who have enlisted in the campaign to bring about his election by an unprecedented majority for an office in November next.

Presidential Battle Coming.

The fact that next year will be presidential year may also account for the interest taken in the Republican party organization this fall by the younger element.

Colonel Wesley R. Andrews, chairman of the Republican state committee, reports that the chairmen of the several county committees find that great interest is being taken in national politics this year, and that every one is looking forward to the coming Republican convention.

Pennsylvania will have 68 votes in that national gathering, the largest delegation, save one, that will sit in the convention, and the voice of Pennsylvania, as in the past, it is predicted, will again be potential in the national councils of the party.

In order that Pennsylvania shall maintain her proud place as the Keystone of the Republican national arch, it is recognized by the young men who have rallied to the party colors in the present campaign that the vote at the coming election must show a pronounced Republican majority.

It is true that the opposition is demoralized, and is without an issue.

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