

Republican News Item.

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LAPORTE, SULLIVAN COUNTY PA. THURSDAY SEPTEMBER 17, 1908.

75C PLR YEAR

\$24,000—\$44,000 Which Do You Prefer ?

The average man earns about \$1,100 a year. He works 40 years and earns a total of \$44,000 in a life time. The average day laborer gets \$2,000 a day or \$600 for a year of 300 days. He earns \$24,000 in a life time. The difference between \$44,000 and \$24,000 is \$20,000. This is the minimum value of a practical education in dollars and cents. The increased self-respect cannot be measured in money. Why not stop plugging away at a small salary when the International Correspondence Schools, of Scranton, Pa., can give you an education that will make high salaried man of you? No matter what line of work you care to follow, this great educational institution can prepare you in your spare time and at a small cost to secure a good-paying position. Our local Representative will show you how you can triple your earning capacity. Look him up today. He is

C. F. BRENNAN,
C. I. S. Representative. TOWANDA, PA.

COLE'S HARDWARE.

No Place Like this Place
For Reliable

STOVES and RANGES, COAL OR WOOD. HEATERS;

ONE OF WINTER'S GREAT DELIGHTS.

House Furnishing Goods, Tools of Every
Description, Guns and Ammunition.

Bargains that bring the buyer back.
Come and test the truth of our talk.

A lot of second hand stoves and ranges for sale cheap.
We can sell you in stoves anything from a fine Jewel Base
Burner to a low priced but satisfactory cook stove.

Hot Air, Steam and Hot Water Heating and
General Repairing, Roofing and Spouting.

Samuel Cole, Dushore, Pa.

The Shopbell Dry Good Co.,
313 Pine Street,
WILLIAMSPORT, PA.

New Fall Suits

The variety is very extensive, including a wide range of styles in all the new materials and colors so that every one can be sure of finding something that is becoming at just the price you wish to pay.

SILK WAISTS

We show a new line of Ladies' Black and plain Colored and Plaid Colored Silk Waists.

LACE WAISTS

Ladies' Black Net Waists, in black, white and ecru. New styles to choose from.

Black and Colored Silk Petticoats

These Petticoats come from one of the best manufacturers in the trade. This purchase enables us to offer the finest values in high grade Silk Petticoats we have ever shown.

Childrens' Jackets

In Fall weights made of plain colors and fancy mixed material some splendid values for \$2.00 to \$3.75

Ladies' Coats

For early fall wear plain black or colors and stylish covert Jackets. You find these moderately priced.

New Wool Sweaters

We have just opened a new line of ladies' and Misses' Wool Knit Sweaters, Coats and Blouse effects in gray, brown, tan and white. Prices vary from \$1.25 up.

New Wool Suitings

We are showing some very stylish new wool fabrics for Coat Suits in worsted mixed effects plain broadcloths etc. Let us show you these new Suitings—We know we can please you.

Subscribe for the News Item

Every time a person ticks a postage stamp he gets a taste of sweet potato. The gum with which the stamps are backed is made from that succulent vegetable because Uncle Sam's lieutenants consider it the most harmless preparation of the sort. All of the gum used on American postage stamps is mixed by the government at the bureau of engraving and printing, where the stamps are made. It is spread on the sheets after the stamps have been printed. The gum in a liquid form, is forced up through pipes from the basement, where it is made. These pipes lead to a series of machines consisting of rollers, between which the sheets of stamps are fed, one at a time. A continuous fine stream of the liquid gum falls upon one of these rollers. The sheet with its wet coating of sweet potato mucilage passes from the rollers into a long horizontal flue filled with hot air. When it emerges from the other end of the flue the gum is dry.

Timber at so much a pound—as a large tract was sold Wednesday—is an indication of how scarce it is now in this part of the State, which was once so heavily wooded. The sale was made by J. P. Fredric, of Bloomsburg, to W. A. McWilliams, Danville, who is to clear a tract of woodland on Fredric's farm and to pay one dollar for every thousand pounds of the timber.

A committee of the trustees of the Bible Conference of the United Evangelical church have closed a deal for the purchase of forty acres of land on the hill west of West Milton, a beautiful site commanding a view of Milton and the Susquehanna river, upon which it is proposed to erect cottages and auditorium for a permanent meeting place of the Bible Conference and to hold campmeetings and other church functions. It is understood that the work of arranging the grounds and erecting the buildings will begin as soon as the scheme has the sanction of the conference.

Every man or woman should have a pair of good shears, which are sharp, keen on edge and cut well. The winner Louisiana Shears with a patent tension screw attachment, keep them adjusted, are easy to cut with. "The Philadelphia Press" is giving these shears practically free to new subscribers. The shears are eight inches in length and of the best quality of steel, and guaranteed for five years. Write a postal today for the offer. Address

Circulation Department, "The Press" Seventh and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia Pa.

Pennsylvania couples who wish to marry quietly in the state of New York will be interested in a question that has arisen respecting one important point. It appears that in many cases couples from other states obtained licenses in one town or city, and then to avoid publicity, have been married elsewhere.

Attorney General Jackson holds that this is illegal, as section eight of the marriage license law provides that: if the woman or both parties to be married are non-residents of the state, such license shall be obtained from the clerk of the town or city in which the marriage is to be performed." On the other hand, Senator Cobb by whom the law was framed, declares that the license authorizes marriage any where in the state.

The attorney general, however, has published a warning to clergymen against performing it under a license issued in another town or city, as in his opinion this would be a misdemeanor on their part

Rural Carriers and Roads.
It is only right that the postal authorities demand good roads over which the rural routes have to travel. The people owe it to themselves to build the roads anyway, says the *Bolivar Herald*. If a farmer would figure the time saved to him by having the mail brought to his door he could well afford to build and maintain a good gravel road over every mile of the route. Did you ever stop to calculate how much you save in time and money each year by the rural routes? Besides these, think of the convenience and satisfaction derived from them.

Went Through Bridge.

A steam roller weighing nearly 20 tons, used in the construction of the new state road in Wells township, Bradford county, broke through the highway bridge eight rods from the State Line hotel at 10:30 o'clock Friday morning and dropped 20 feet to the rock bottom creek bed below. Elmer Lucas who was operating the engine, went down with the machine but escaped serious injury by jumping away from the falling bridge.

The big machine was badly battered up in the crash that followed, and now stands in an almost perpendicular position, the front part of the machine resting against the north abutment.

The accident has practically stopped work on the road, for the roller is needed badly. Contractor Ridge has been summoned from Pittsburg.

Under the Pennsylvania system the damage to the bridge will have to be paid by Bradford county.

Superintendent of Public Instruction Schaffer designated Oct. 23d as Arbor Day for the public schools of the State, and all connected with the schools are urged "to observe the day by the planting of trees and other suitable exercises." The very best exercises of the day of course will be tree planting. It ought to be done by every school in the State where there is opportunity for such thing. It will be a wise course to instruct the growing generation as to the importance not merely of planting trees for ornament but of reforestation and the preservation of the trees that now exist. Arbor day in the school should not be a mere holiday; it should mean business.

The enemies of the human race are one by one becoming known. A battle against them is much more effective than against the imponderable and invisible agencies which were once supposed in some unknown way to spread and multiply disease. The battle against the rat, the communicating host of the bubonic plague is proceeding vigorously in several parts of the world, including California. The destruction of rats is a twofold blessing, but in Los Angeles it is found that the inoffensive ground squirrel can also communicate the plague, having been itself inoculated, it is believed, by some plague infested rat.

The mosquito is such a prolific source of several diseases as to justify the "American Mosquito Exterminating Society" merging itself with the "American Health League," as they have a common purpose. The Merchants' Association of New York started a campaign against flies a year ago. Its good example should find many imitators. The fly is born in and feeds on filth and carries bacteria on its feet wherever it flies.

From the Indiana farmer.

From all that we read concerning this new implement we believe that the inventors have finally succeeded in making use of a particular principle in construction that will eventually, at least give us a milking machine that will relieve this manual labor portion in the dairy. There is always an opportune time for the coming of inventions." The old adage expresses the thought in these words: "Necessity is the mother of invention." The necessity in the labor situation upon the farm of to-day is demanding the milking machine. This aid to the dairy will be in harmony with modern improvements for the relief of the labor in carrying out the work of the modern farm. Without the modern reaper and binder the world would be short of bread; without the aid of the milking machine the outlook is that the world at large will be short of milk and butter. We notice in our agriculture reading and in our acquaintance with the farms at large that there is a strong tendency to drop the dairy work and take up some other forms of agriculture. This movement is in the air. It is not because the dairy is not a profit maker but simply because of the peculiarly burdensome nature of the labor in the dairy growing out of hand milking and the greater difficulty of obtaining help to do the same

New Guests For Eagles Merc.

When the season for big game opens, a black bear that likes fudge and watermelons will be the special prize sought by gunners in the vicinity of Eagles Merc, for during the season just closing although not in the least menacing, Bruin became entirely too familiar for the peace of mind of some of the more timid cottagers of that popular resort.

The boldest coup of the enterprising animal was to sneak in from the forest on a night on which a fudge and watermelon feast was to be enjoyed at an Eagles Merc Park cottage. The young people had made the fudge and placed it on the rear porch for cooling where also reposed a watermelon or two awaiting consumption by the merry makers.

But behold! when they looked to see if the fudge had cooled it was found badly mused while the watermelons were in a sorry half munched state. Then it was remembered by other cottagers that refuse from evening lunches placed at their rear doors had disappeared in ways mysterious. Later Dr. Wingert heard an animal sniffing about his cottage at night and made an investigation, but the brute evaded him.

But Bruin no doubt emboldened by memories of fudge and watermelons emerged from the forest without waiting for darkness to mask his movements, and was spied by the alert physician, who boldly stood his ground and put the animal to flight with a few stones more or less accurately thrown. This bear was only a cub. Others have been seen in the same vicinity during the summer. The crew of the Eagles Merc train saw one cross the track ahead of their engine one day. But there will be none there next summer if the hunters of that vicinity make good their boasts. Some of them have been thinking of inviting President Roosevelt to join in the chase. It will be surprising if any of the animals survive the first tracking snow. Dr. Wingert is to have a choice steak if the particular bear he is interested in, is slain during the open season.—Williamsport News.

The New Jersey authorities have about \$50,000 worth of voting machines on their hands which they would like to get rid of. The machines were purchased for use and experiment in various election districts, but have been generally rejected. Under an act of the Legislature the question of retaining or abandoning them has been voted on, and in almost if not every instance, they have been condemned by overwhelming majorities. It is acknowledged that there are some good points about a voting machine, but there is such liability to get out of order, and sometimes do the unintended thing, that people have not become reconciled to them. It is evident that a departure from the ballot system is far distant, and in the hands of men who know how to use it the ballot does the business all right.

The State Highway Department is seeking to correct the general impression that the roads constructed under State supervision have been detached sections. It calls attention to the fact that in several instances roads ten and twelve miles long have been made. This is well enough of course, as far as it goes, but it does not go far enough. The Highway Department cannot control the matter under present laws. What is needed is a system under which connected roads must be constructed, and that is something to which the Legislature is likely to give its early attention.

Unmistakable signs lead weather prophets to predict a severe winter. An old weather-wise farmer remarks that the weeds have grown unusually high, which he said indicates a long severe winter. He said nature causes the weeds to grow tall so that the birds can feed upon the seeds when the ground is covered with snow. Another indication he continued, was the fact that squirrels are carrying their winter supply of grain into hollow trees. When they deposit them in less secure places a mild winter may be expected.

Sportsmen Draft New Fish Law.

Harrisburg Pa. Sep. 15.—A bill giving fisherman the right of appeal to court when arrested for alleged violation of the fish law of the State, defining the method of fishing deny the Fish Commissioner the right of interpretation of laws and making new limitations on catches of game fish was drafted at a meeting of the Fish Legislation Committee of the States Sportsman's Association, held in this city this afternoon.

A statement was made that the committee wanted to devise a law "by which a man could go fishing without taking a lawyer with him and which would permit of its being enforced on the square." The bill prepared to-day will be submitted to the Legislature next winter.

The chief provisions are the appeal which has hitherto been denied fishermen, who have been forced to summary convictions on oath of a warden and refusing to allow the State fisheries Commissioners to interpret the law, requiring that the court pass upon questions. The definition of the use of the fishing rod was given considerable care and the bill declares that fishing by rod is a method, and does not restrict the number of rods a man may use. Another change is that a man cannot be arrested for merely fishing "for fish," but evidence that he has caught or killed fish must be shown. The new restrictions on catches for a day include: Trout 40; black bass, 15; salmon, 10; pickerel, 20; muscalonge, 5.

The staff of State Zoologist Surface, at Harrisburg, on Wednesday morning received a visit from a Perry county mountaineer, who brought a box of snakes. The snakes included every variety from rattlers to copperheads and wood snakes, and were alive, although the mountaineer kept them well together. He was told that the state did not pay for snakes, but that the division received many snakes for study but they were generally dead when received. The man declined to believe that and after expatiating on the merits of live serpents said that he knew that the state paid \$10 per snake. He became indignant and when told that he was mistaken he threatened to leave his collection. A capitol police steered him out.

Shenadoah, Sept. 12.—With a population of 25,000 this borough is enduring the worst water famine in its existence. The storage reservoirs are almost dry and water is supplied to the town only one hour a day.

All local industries are shut down, and several cases of typhoid fever have broken out in the last few days.

Farmers in the valleys 10 miles distant are bringing water from their wells and selling it at 8 cents a gallon to householders. The reading railroad and the Lehigh Valley railroad are running watertrains to keep their collieries in the Schuylkill region in operation.

Naval uniforms all the world over, pretty well, are navy blue. The British fashion in this matter has been the rule with maritime people in general. That blue was ever selected for the king's Naval services was a fortuitous happening. When 1747 the question of uniform was being considered, the color selected had very like to have been French gray laced with silver. While the King was still not decided he saw the Duchess of Bedford in a riding habit of blue faced with white and enlivened with gold lace. It was a revelation. Here the king declared, was the uniform for his seaservice officers, and no more was heard of French gray. The navy took to blue, and every other navy has taken to it since.

People live in the scripture limit in Columbia county. The combined ages of Colonel Freeze, and sister, Mrs. William Quick, is 249 years. L. B. Stiles of Benton, comes forward with his claim that he has a brother and two sisters whose combined ages are 249 years. They are Richard, aged 86; Mrs. N. Stecker, aged 83; and Mrs. Martha Colley of Catawissa aged 80.