

# Republican News Item.

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LAPORTE, SULLIVAN COUNTY PA. THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1907.

75C PER YEAR

## This Is the Place To Buy Your Jewelry

Nothing in Town to Compare With  
the Quality that We are Giving  
You for the Low Price Asked.

Quality and moderate prices makes a force that irresistibly draws into our store the best patronage of this section. Many years here in business, always with a full line of goods above suspicion; chosen with a care and judgment commensurate with its desirability and adaptability to refine taste, makes our store a safe place to invest.

Repair work done on short notice and guaranteed, by skilled workmen. Your orders appreciated.

**RETTENBURY,**  
DUSHORE, PA. The Jeweler

## COLE'S HARDWARE.

No Place Like this Place  
For Reliable

## STOVES and RANGES, COAL OR WOOD HEATERS;

ONE OF WINTER'S GREAT DELIGHTS.

House Furnishing Goods, Tools of Every  
Description, Guns and Ammunition.

Bargains that bring the buyer back.  
Come and test the truth of our talk.

A lot of second hand stoves and ranges for sale cheap.  
We can sell you in stoves anything from a fine Jewel Base  
Burner to a low priced but satisfactory cook stove.

Hot Air, Steam and Hot Water Heating and  
General Repairing, Roofing and Spouting.

**Samuel Cole, Dushore, Pa.**

**The Shopbell Dry Good Co.,**  
313 Pine Street,  
WILLIAMSPORT, PA.

## Good Mastin Underwear.

None but the best Underwear can find a place in this store—not necessarily the most expensive garments, for we have plenty of Underwear at low prices, but those which are well made of good material, properly shaped, carefully finished and generously cut—our prices are right, another feature sure to please you.

## Corsets for all Figures Knit Underwear

Every figure has its appropriate corsets. How about your knit underwear supplies? We use the greatest care in giving the customer the right model. Have you everything you need? If not let us furnish what you want.

## Women's Coats, Suits, Skirt and Furs

"Closing out all goods in season," that's the rule. To accomplish that sometimes requires sweeping reductions and losses, nevertheless the rule is lived up to. For the next few days we will give some wonderful values in women's fashionable apparel. They will be offered regardless of the former selling price. Every garment is marked at what in our judgment it will bring. It is difficult to get a correct idea of these splendid qualities until you see the garment and get the prices.

## New White Goods.

We are showing some new Novelties in fine cotton and mercerized fabrics for shirtwaists, neat designs in stripes, figures and checks, also a complete line of plain materials for dresses, including India, Liouon, Persian Lawns, French Lawns, Mulls, Swisses, etc.

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### Primary Elections.

The next primary election which must be generally observed over the entire State will be held the first Saturday in June and is known as the spring primary. In this the people of all sections will be particularly interested. At this election all candidates for an office to be filled at the general election in November with the exception of those nominated by National or State conventions, will be nominated as well as the officers of the various political parties. The commissioners are required under the act to provide ballot boxes, official ballots for different political parties and all other supplies. The election will be conducted by the regular election officers and the polls will be open from 2 in the afternoon to 8 in the evening and from 1 in the afternoon to 8 in the evening all licensed places will be closed. The election officers receive one-half pay for their services, which is paid by the county treasurer, who in turn receives the money from the State Treasurer. Persons desiring to become candidates for Congress and State offices must file petitions with least four weeks prior to June 1, 1907, and with all other cases at least three weeks before that date with the county commissioners. The petitions must be signed by voters representing the party proposed politically, and candidates for members of congress, judges of courts and state senators, candidates for representatives and for offices to be voted for by the entire county, fifty qualified electors.

One of the charges which goes into effect at the June primary is that no elector shall be permitted to receive any assistance in marking his ballot unless he shall first make an affidavit that he cannot read the names on the ballot, or that by reason of physical disability he is unable to mark his ballot. Next year on account of its being presidential this primary will be held the second Saturday of April.

With only four stockholders raising their voices in opposition, declaring such a plan an "outrage" the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad passed out of existence and became a part of the Pennsylvania system. At the same time an address was issued to the stockholders of the Northern Central Railway announcing that the proposition to merge that road with the Pennsylvania that had been under consideration several years had been abandoned. Overwhelming control of the capital stock of the smaller company, amounting to more than 96 per cent, made it possible for the Pennsylvania to go into the annual meeting and take over the road without any effort. The absorption was carried out according to the terms of an agreement drawn on February 1st, and assented to by the directors of both companies.

To build great battleships does not imply war, nor does it menace any particular nation. It only represents keen business as well as lofty national instincts. The United States has insular possessions to guard and to make their position sound in every conceivable way it is essential for this country to have a real fighting navy.

The lesson taught by the battle of the Sea of Japan was that the big ship and heavy gun won for the Mikado an empire-saving victory. Russia's fleet couldn't endure the smothering broadsides even at long range poured in by the Japanese battleship. Both Japan and her ally, England, have since the war applied their greatest naval energy in the direction of larger warships than ever before existed. It is safe to assume that those two countries know more of the real inside facts about the effect of heavy gun fire from big ships than any others.

The United States makes no mistake, first, in deciding to enlarge the navy, and, second, in putting the money in battleships of the most powerful type. It should only be necessary for every citizen to remember that every dollar invested in American property is made more secure when an American fleet rides the ocean that is able to protect it.—Philadelphia Press.

Friends of David Wilson, formerly station agent for the Northern Central railroad in Canton, were pained to learn of the serious accident he sustained at Penn Yan, Monday night of last week, which necessitated the amputation of one leg. He had spent a portion of the afternoon at Mio station, four miles south of Penn Yan, and when he did not care to wait for the 6.50 north-bound train, so he attempted to walk the four miles. When nearing the long switch known as the Shaw siding, he was struck by an extra north-bound freight train and was hurled some distance.

The train stopped and picked up the injured man, and taking him to Penn Yan, Dr. William W. Oliver, the railroad physician, was summoned. Upon examination it was found that his right leg was so badly mangled that amputation was necessary.

In the opinion of what is regarded as excellent authority the present session of the Legislature will not come to an end before July 1st.

All the conditions favor a long session. There are hundreds of bills in committees already, and not a fair fraction of them have been considered, many of the most important being left that argument may be heard on them. Only a few of those demanded by the platforms of the dominant political parties have been considered, and at least half a hundred are locked up in the desk of the committee chairman. Some of these bills will halt the attention of the Legislature for many hours, and before they are whipped into shape and passed, they will have to be dissected and examined as under a microscope. This all takes time.

The new capitol investigation committee cannot possibly, in the opinion of the best authorities, report before June 30th, and until its report is made it is folly to say when the Legislature shall adjourn finally. The accountants are busy going over the bills for the new capitol present, occupying a room in the Auditor General's department, and until they are well advanced the committee has nothing on which to commence. After the investigation begins it will hardly sit while the Legislature is in session, for the reason that every member of the committee is interested, more or less, in legislation on its way through the various stages.

The State Department, being now fairly assured through the adoption of the report on the immigration bill that the San Francisco authorities will rescind their action excluding Japanese pupils from the white schools, is prepared to take up again the negotiations that were already in progress with the Japanese Government looking to the regulation of Japanese emigration into the United States. It is expected that these negotiations will result in an agreement between the Government of Japan and that of the United States for the withholding of passports to Japanese of the laboring classes seeking to enter the United States.

For several years past the Japanese Government has declined to issue any such passports, but the intention is to make this a matter of formal agreement if possible. In the short time remaining of the present session of Congress it is not possible, it is said, to frame anything in the nature of a treaty which would require the action of the Senate. In fact it is by no means certain that a formal convention is necessary to issue the continuance of the present Japanese policy of refusing passports to coolies.

The Department of Commerce and Labor, being in charge of immigration, will at once, upon the signature of the immigration bill, proceed to instruct the collectors at the various ports of entry of the restrictions placed upon the admission of immigrants by the new act. No mention is to be made of Japanese laborers, but the collectors will be enjoined to enforce the passport provisions of the new act which will meet the needs of the Pacific Coast.

The committee appointed by the Locomotive Medical Society to promote the hospital for indigent tuberculosis patients, is hastening the project along since the Elletton site has

been decided upon.

The fifteen charter members of the hospital corporation have been selected from the counties for which the hospital is intended to be used. They are: Locomotive county, the committee of the Medical Society composed of Dr. B. H. Detwiler, chairman, and Dr. C. W. Youngman, both of Williamsport, and Dr. W. B. Konkle, of Montoursville; also the Rev. Robert F. Gibson, rector of the Trinity Episcopal church, and the Rev. Father John Costello, rector of the church of Annunciation, Sullivan, Dr. W. F. Randall, of Dushore, Columbia, Dr. J. W. Bruner, of Bloomsburg, Montour, Dr. C. Schultz, of Danville, Northumberland, Dr. H. W. Gass, of Sunbury, Sayder, D. B. F. Wagenseller, of Selingsgrove, Union, Dr. G. G. Groff, of Lewisburg, Center, Dr. J. Y. Dale, of Lamont, Clinton, Dr. F. P. Ball, Lock Haven, Tioga, Dr. S. P. Hicks, of Tioga, Bradford, the Hon. C. L. Stevens.

Connellsville, Feb. 18.—An advance in wages that will directly affect 21,000 men and mean the paying out annually in the Connellsville region of nearly \$1,500,000 more than hitherto, was announced to-day by the H. C. Frick Coke Company. The new scale becomes effective March 1. It provides for an increase of about 12½ per cent. for mining, 10 per cent. for drawing coke and 1½ cents a day to drivers, rope riders, engers and track layers, with a proportionate raise for other classes of labor. The raise came as a surprise and makes the coke workers of Western Pennsylvania the highest paid laborers of their class in the world.

The advance announced by the Frick Company will, it is said, be followed by every other coke company in the Connellsville, lower Connellsville and Greensburg regions, and over 60,000 workmen will be benefited. With the advance no increase has been made in company rents. The average house rental is less than \$8 a month, and the miner and coke worker is now making more than the bookkeeper and high class clerks.

Muncy's electric war was ended Saturday, when Judge Hart handed down an opinion in which the inception of the new company was deemed and declared null and void in the light of the ordinance and contract entered into by the old company which expires in 1903. Months ago the new company was formed by the banding together of 40 of the town's leading citizens under the name of the People's Light, Heat and Power company of Muncy. A charter was obtained and a franchise was given to the company by the councilmanic bodies. This franchise, although held up for many months, granted the right to the company to furnish electricity and to erect poles and string wires in the town.

The opinion of Judge Hart is as follows.

"That the ordinance of the borough of Muncy, dated October 1, 1906, in so far as the same purports to grant to the People's Electric Light, Heat and Power company, of Muncy, Pa; or to any person or persons in its behalf, authority to erect and maintain poles and extend electric wires through the streets, alleys and thoroughfares for the purpose of supplying light, heat and power by means of electricity to the borough of and the citizens of Muncy and vicinity, is declared null and void.

The Danville News says: "The entire village of Light Street, above Bloomsburg, is in a state of excitement over the sensational developments of a case in which an irate mother whipped a teacher of the public schools because the latter caught the former's son playing hockey and catching him forcibly dragged him into the school room and placed him in his seat.

"The affair culminated in a hearing Friday evening. From the testimony it appears that Mrs. Jennie Darrab, mother, appeared at the school and unceremoniously making her entrance grabbed the teacher, Miss Jennie Shew, and thumped and shook her until her hair hung down her back and her hair pins were scattered over the school room. The testimony was somewhat incoherent at times for the frequent outbursts of Mrs. Darrab, during the hearing threatening to break up the proceedings. Mrs. Darrab finally paid a fine and costs amounting to \$29."

### BIRNICE ITEMS.

Hon. John C. Schaad returned home on Friday during a recess of the house of Representatives.

Daniel Schoonover was at Wilkes-Barre for three days visiting his daughter Mrs. William B. Brown.

Mr. Saxer of Colley was visiting his daughter Mr. F. F. Schaad of Mildred on Wednesday.

Theodore Beaver of Lopez was visiting friends at this place Sunday.

James Helpen is quite sick at this writing.

Joseph A. Helsman and H. J. Schaad were Cherry visitors Thursday.

J. G. Weaver is under the Doctor's care.

Miss Mary Hannon of Mildred who has been visiting Hoboken and New York friends returned home Saturday.

Quite a number of our best citizens were at Laporte on Monday attending license court.

### NORDMONT.

A jolly sleigh load from this place drove to the home of Watson Speary Thursday evening and returned at a late hour. Among them were Mr. and Mrs. Ernst Speary and two sons Clyde and Walter, and daughter Nettie, Mrs. William Little and son Lloyd, Mrs. G. M. Fiester and daughters Edith, Laura and Lena, Misses. Wendra Myers, Hazel Little Mabel Hunter, Eureka Boatman, Mr. Horace Wilson, Bert Snyder, Zera, and Frank Cox, Justin Hunter, Harry Peterman, Leslie Botsford, Ray Anders, Minard Peters, and Raymond Woodhead of Forksville.

A sleigh load from this place attended church at Laporte Friday evening among them were; Mrs. W. S. Wieland, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Boatman, Alice Pennington, Alma Horn, Harry Botsford, Ray Parker, and Torrance Boatman.

The fish supper held at W. B. Sniders was a success. About \$25 was taken in.

The Presiding Elder U. T. Swengle preached here Sunday morning and evening.

Mrs. G. M. Fiester and daughter Edith called on Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Boatman Monday evening.

Miss Alma Horn is on the sick list. Justin Hunter and Lloyd Campbell Monday for Farandville.

Miss Anna Russel attended the supper here Saturday evening.

Mrs. Enos Peters is on the sick list.

A bill to stop treating in any places where vinous, malt or spirituous liquors are sold was introduced in the house last week by Mr. Thomas, of Bucks. It provides that the proprietor of any place of this kind who allows treating shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be subject to fine of \$100 and imprisonment of sixty days. The act defines "treating" thus: "To be the practice of inviting one or more persons to drink any malt, vinous or spirituous liquors as a compliment or as a civility, often in return for the like favor shown."

Before the press of the country had completed its editorial commendation of John D. Rockefeller for having given \$2,000,000 of his wealth for the cause of education the announcement is made that the Standard Oil company had increased the price of oil from two to five cents a gallon. This statement throws a damper upon the hilarity of the people and robs Rockefeller of much of the credit which the public was prepared to lavish upon him for his "munificence" gift.

The fact that the Standard Oil company will reap an increased profit of \$40,000,000 from the sale of oil under the new rates adds to the feeling existing among the people that Rockefeller never makes a gift of his money without recouping himself for what he gives. In this latest case the wily head of the Standard monopoly appears to have made a profit of \$80,000,000 and secured a good deal of undeserved praise under false pretense.—Exchange.