

TRIED BUT COULD NOT RELIEVE ME
Of Headache, Dizziness, Twitching.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Did Relieve and Cure.
"The doctor tried but couldn't relieve me" is a phrase commonly met with in the letters we receive from grateful patients. The reason is plain. The doctor tries to cure the symptom and neglects the disease. In all cases of chronic headache, nervousness, weakness, general debility, dizzy spells, loss of appetite, inability to sleep, lack of energy, loss of flesh, lack of interest, morbid tendencies, hysteria, the disease is a nervous disorder and some means must be taken to strengthen and restore the nervous system. Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is performing wonders every day and will cure you as it has thousands of others. Read how quickly it acted in the following case:
"A few years ago I was greatly troubled with nervousness and indigestion. While at work a dizzy spell would come over me and I would be forced to stop and rest. I suffered terribly from headaches and my nervousness was so marked as to cause almost constant twitching of the muscles. My doctor tried but could not relieve me. I finally began the use of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and continued until I have used four bottles, although I have not had a dizzy spell since taking the first dose. I am very thankful for what your medicine has done for me and shall take pleasure in recommending it whenever I can."—FRANK P. BENTLEY, Middlebury, Vt.
All druggists sell and guarantee first bottle Dr. Miles' Remedies. Send for free book on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

A Progressive Grange.
Stockholm Depot (N. Y.) grange is doing good work. It has a well-organized literary programme for the year. It has a membership of 200, owns a building lot and has \$340 in the treasury. At a recent meeting it was unanimously voted to unite with other organizations of the county to form a county dairymen's association.

The Kansas state grange reports show that the balance in the treasury is greater than at any time during the last twenty-five years. At the last meeting, held at Arkansas City, Hon. E. W. Westgate was re-elected master of the grange.

" ? "
The Best place to buy goods
Is often asked by the prudent housewife.
Money saving advantages are always to be searched for.
Lose no time in making a thorough examination of the New Line of Merchandise Now on
EXHIBITION
? ? ? ??? ? ? ?
STEP IN AND ASK ABOUT THEM.
All answered at
Vernon Hull's Large Store.
Hills Grove, Pa.

Capital and Surplus, \$450,000.00
U.S. MAIL MAIL
It Makes No Difference where you live, you can avail yourself of the security and profit an account in this Company affords by doing your banking by mail—
We pay 3 per cent. compound interest on Savings.
Write for the booklet, "Banking by Mail."
LACKAWANNA TRUST & SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY
404 Lackawanna Avenue SCRANTON, PA.

TRIFF NO BARRIED
IT DOES NOT HINDER FOREIGN TRADE DEVELOPMENT.

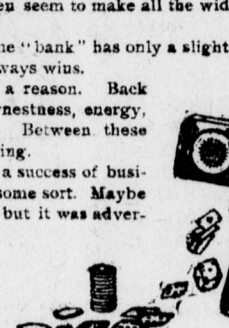
We Are Not Only the Greatest Producers in the World, but We Surpass All Other People in Sales of Goods to Our Neighbors.
It has been steadfastly maintained by those favoring unrestricted international commerce that a protective tariff is a direct hindrance to a country in the development of foreign trade relations. The reason for this lies, we are told, in the supposed inclination of every nation to resent interference with its commercial activity among other nations, a resentment which, it is claimed, finds expression sooner or later in the placing of retaliatory duties upon the goods of the offending country.
Probably no better proof could be offered of the fallacy of this theory than is found in the report issued recently by the department of commerce and labor at Washington, through its bureau of statistics, which shows conclusively the rapid strides made in its foreign trade by the United States during the last eleven years. In reviewing the figures given in these tables it is to be remembered that the period from 1893-1903, inclusive, embraced the four years of Mr. Cleveland's second term (1892-96); so that but seven years (1892-1903) can properly be said to have been influenced by protective tariff measures. Even during that comparatively short time, however, the percentage of gain in the total exports of this country is shown to be 47 per cent, while during Mr. Cleveland's term the increase was only 14 per cent.
There is discovered a rapid increase, even during the entire period from 1893-1903, inclusive, in favor of export over import trade. This gain amounts to 63 per cent of the total increase in our commercial relations with Europe, to 92 per cent of trade with North America, to 79 per cent of trade with Asia and Oceania and 71 per cent of trade with Africa and other countries, while in the total commercial relations of this country with the rest of the world the export trade is a factor in the increase to the extent of 60 per cent. The exports to Europe alone grew in value from \$679,616,353 in 1893 to \$1,087,049,843 in 1903, or 60 per cent, while we were purchasers in the same market to the extent of only \$527,878,256 in 1903 as against \$392,161,248 in 1893, 35 per cent increase.
As already stated, during the first four years of the period scheduled the foreign trade of this country was conducted under lower tariff rates, and yet, as if to remove the matter beyond possibility of doubt, it is found that without a single exception growth and development have come to our foreign commerce only after the establishment of an adequately protective tariff. In the years 1897-1903 inclusive the value of goods exported from this country to Europe increased 28 per cent as against a gain of 15 per cent for the period 1893-97 inclusive. Goods exported to North America from 1893-97 inclusive showed a loss of 3 per cent in value and a gain during the years 1897-1903 inclusive of 87 per cent. Exports to South America from 1897-1903 increased 35 per cent in value, while showing a distinct loss during Mr. Cleveland's term, and in the total exports to all countries there is an increase of 47 per cent for the period from 1897-1903 inclusive against a percentage of 14 for the years 1893-97 inclusive.
To sum up a few of the large trade facts which are set forth with great clearness in this report of the department of commerce and labor it appears that we are today not only the greatest producers and manufacturers in the world, but we sell more goods to our neighbors than any other people. We buy of the outside world \$1,000,000,000 worth annually, and we sell every year to the outside world our products to the amount of \$1,500,000,000. And yet free traders continue to prate about the "barriers of protection!"

For Philippine Independence.
Our foreign shipping agents are remarkably alert. It appears that they will not be able to prevent the carriage of freight and passengers between the Philippine Islands and this country becoming a part of our coasting trade, which would inevitably lead to the construction of more ships in this country and the consequent lowering of ocean freight rates.
Hence the grand name anti-imperialist is laid aside. A new political issue, standing clear, as we are told, of party and old controversies, arises, and "today we have a committee formed for the single purpose of securing independence for the Philippines at the earliest day." For this purpose members of all political parties are urged to join a committee, mostly college professors and ministers, in asking the approaching national conventions to pledge the Philippines "their ultimate national independence upon terms similar to those offered to Cuba."
This is so clearly a move in the interest of foreign shipping that it will require more goatskins to cover up the swindle on the American mercantile marine than the backers of this committee can command. They won't get their mess of pottage.
Business Would Suffer.
On the whole, we are inclined to think that observations bearing on defects in the Dingley bill are wasted. For the most part the bill has worked as expected, and, while it might be improved, it would cost more than it would be worth to change it. **Business would rear, sound an alarm and take to the woods for two or three years.**—Fall River Herald.

Short Talks on Advertising
By Charles Austin Bates

No. 8.

One man succeeds and another man fails and people wonder how it happens. It seems sometimes to people who don't think deeply that the weaker, duller man goes ahead, and that his more brilliant brother sticks in the rut at the bottom of the hill.
Slight differences in men seem to make all the wide differences between success and failure.
In games of chance (?) the "bank" has only a slight percentage, but the bank always wins.
Back of every result is a reason. Back of business success are earnestness, energy, persistence, concentration. Between these and achievement is advertising.
No man ever yet made a success of business without advertising of some sort. Maybe he didn't call it advertising, but it was advertising just the same.
Advertising primarily consists in letting a lot of people know you are in existence and what excuse you may have for it.
The nucleus of advertising is a sign over the door.
If nobody had ever put up a sign, one baking powder company would not now be paying out \$900,000 a year placing signs in all the newspapers of America.
When a man goes into business he has some cards printed, and when he meets an acquaintance thereafter he pokes out a card and says: "When you are down my way, drop in." That's advertising.
The trouble is that you can't repeat the operation often enough—personally.
What you can do is to put the card and the remark, more or less elaborately expressed, into such a paper as the one you are reading now and have it handed to a great number of people all in one day.
The difference in men that makes one do this and another refuse is small. That is, it looks small at the start. It's like most all little things. When you stop to analyze it and figure it out to its ultimate result, you find that it grows into proportions of great magnitude.
An advertisement in the newspaper is a little thing, but it goes into thousands of homes and tells thousands of people just what you most wish them to hear.
If the ad. is an honest ad. it will always pay.
"In games of chance the 'bank' always wins."
"When you're down my way, drop in."



Tri-Weekly N. Y. Tribune and News Item 1.50

Tribune Farmer and News Item, Thirty pages a week 52 times, \$1.
Our Great Reduction Offer to New and Old Subscribers.
Tri-Weekly Williamsport Gazette and Bulletin, Old Price, 1.50, Our Club Price, **\$1.50**
Republican News Item 1.00 in Value
Together, \$2.50
\$1.50 Pays for One Year. Pays for Four Papers Each Week.
The above price will be accepted for new or renewed subscriptions. All arrearages must be paid in full before this liberal offer will be extended to delinquent subscribers.

MAGAZINE CLUBBING OFFERS FOR THE SEASON OF 1902-03

THE management of this paper is pleased to announce that it has arranged a series of combination offers, including a large number of the leading periodicals of the day, that will afford its friends their choice of newspapers and magazines at THE BEST COMBINATION PRICES THAT CAN POSSIBLY BE MADE THIS SEASON.
The prices named are for one year's subscriptions, and in each instance include this paper paid in advance for one year. Subscriptions may be new or renewal except for papers followed by "n" which means new only. Periodicals may be sent to different addresses. Cash must invariably accompany each order.

CLASS A.		CLASS D.	
\$4.00 Art Amateur	This Paper and Any	This Paper and Any	\$2.00 Breeder's Gazette
4.00 American Field	One - \$4.00		1.00 Country Gentleman
(in) 4.00 Atlantic Monthly	Two - 7.30		1.00 Current History and Modern Culture (n)
4.00 Forest & Stream	Three - 10.50		1.00 Expansion
4.00 Harper's Mag.			1.00 Ende (n)
			2.00 Humorist
			1.50 Little Chronicle
CLASS B.		CLASS E.	
\$3.00 The Horseman	This Paper and Any	This Paper and Any	\$1.00 American Boy
2.00 Critic	One - \$3		1.00 Bohemian
3.00 Kunkel's Musical Review	Two - \$5		1.00 Boston Cooking School Magazine
3.00 Town and Country	Three - \$7		1.00 Campbell's Illustrated Journal
			1.00 Household
CLASS C.			1.00 Pathfinder
\$2.00 Book Lover	This Paper and Any	One - \$1.50	1.00 Recreation (n)
2.00 Critic	One - \$2.50	Two - 2.00	1.00 What to Eat
2.00 Great Round World	Two - 4.25	Three - 2.50	
2.00 Popular Mechanics	Three - 6.75		
2.00 Toilettes			

This Paper	This Paper	This Paper
With one A and one B \$0.50 and one C 5.75 and one D 2.25 and one E 4.75	With two A and one B \$0.75 and one C 9.50 and one D 8.50 and one E 8.25	With two C and one D \$5.25 and one E 4.75 and one B 5.25 and one C 4.75 and one D 3.75 and one E 5.50 and one B 4.50 and one C 3.75 and one D 3.25

SUCCESS And This Paper \$1.50
CLASS A.
This Paper With SUCCESS and any
One - \$2.00
Two - 2.50

CLASS B.
This Paper With SUCCESS and any
One - \$3.00
Two - 4.50
Three - 6.00

CLASS A.
\$1.00 Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly Magazine
1.00 Everybody's Magazine
1.00 Good House-keeping
1.50 Birds and Nature
CLASS B.
\$2.50 Review of Reviews
3.00 World's Work
3.00 Country Life
3.00 Current Literature
3.00 New England Magazine
4.00 Art Interchange
2.00 The Independent
2.50 Lippincott's Magazine

This Paper with SUCCESS and any one magazine of Class A with any one of Class B—publishers' cost from \$5.00 to \$7 for \$3.50.

FOR THE LOWEST COMBINATION RATES ON ANY DOMESTIC OR FOREIGN PERIODICAL, PUBLISHED MENTION THIS PAPER AND ADDRESS THE PROGRESS AGENCY, WASHINGTON, D. C.

\$2.00 Cosmopolitan, Woman's Home Companion, Ladies Home Journal, Saturday Evening Post, McClure's Magazine
ADD
One Dollar
To Any Clubbing Price Given

\$1.50 Current History
1.00 Sandow's Magazine
10.00 Sandow's Physical Culture Course
And This Paper **\$3**

Tri-Weekly Gazette and Bulletin and News Item, ONE WHOLE YEAR FOR 1.50.

FAIRBANKS GAS or GASOLINE ENGINES.

There are many Gas and Gasoline Engines and ONE "FAIRBANKS"
Some resemble it in construction, others in name BUT THERE IS ONLY ONE **FAIRBANKS ENGINE.**
Engines that excell in quality and moderate in cost. Vertical from one to ten horse power. Horizontal three horse power.
THE FAIRBANKS COMPANY, Philadelphia.
701 Arch St., CHARLES L. WING, Agent, Laporte.

COLDS THAT HANG ON
So frequently settle on the lungs and result in Pneumonia or Consumption. Do not take chances on a cold wearing away or take something that only half cures it, leaving the seeds of serious throat and lung trouble.
FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
Cures Coughs and Colds quickly and prevents **Pneumonia and Consumption**
CONSUMPTION THREATENED
C. Unger, 211 Maple St., Champaign, Ill., writes: "I was troubled with a hacking cough for a year and I thought I had consumption. I tried a great many remedies and I was under the care of physician for several months. I used one bottle of FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR. It cured me, and I have not been troubled since."
HAD BRONCHITIS FOR TWENTY YEARS AND THOUGHT HE WAS INCURABLE
Henry Livingstone, Babylon, N. Y., writes: "I had been a sufferer with Bronchitis for twenty years and tried a great many with poor results until I used FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR which cured me of my Bronchitis which I supposed was incurable."
THREE SIZES, 25c, 50c and \$1.00. Refuse Substitutes
SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY
JAMES McFARLANE Laporte, Dr. Voorhees Sonestown, Pa.

