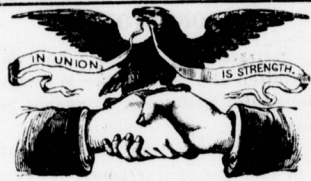


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STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
S. W. PENNYPACKER, of Philadelphia.
Lieutenant Governor,
WM. K. BROWN, of Lawrence.
Secretary of Internal Affairs,
ISAAC B. BROWN, of Erie.

COUNTY TICKET.

Congress, (In term.)
FRED A. GODCHARLES, of Milton.
(unexpired term.)
W. K. LORD, of Mt. Carmel.
Member of Assembly,
A. L. DYER, of Lopez.
County Treasurer,
CLYDESSE BIRD, of Estella.
County Commissioner,
W. L. HOFFMAN, of Hillsgrove.
G. W. BIGGERS, of Muncy Valley.
County Auditors,
A. P. STARR, of Muncy Valley.
W. C. FANNING, of Shunk.

AN INTERESTING DISTRICT.

One of the most interesting contests for Congress in Pennsylvania this year, and probably one of the most uncertain in its results, will be that of the Sixteenth district, composed of Columbia, Montour, Northumberland and Sullivan counties, says the Philadelphia Press. The district would naturally be conceded to the democrats, but the nomination of Fred A. Godcharles as the republican candidate has inspired a feeling of confidence on the part of republicans.

Mr. Godcharles is one of the youngest men nominated in the State, having just reached the age of 30. He is a native of Northumberland county and has high standing among the people as a successful business man. He was a member of the last legislature with a record without stain. The democrats have nominated Chas. H. Dickerman, a prominent attorney, who also lives in Northumberland. It is in that county practically where the battle will be fought out. Columbia, Sullivan and Montour together will give from 1800 to 2300 democratic majority, which must be overcome in Northumberland if a republican is to win.

This adverse majority has been twice overcome in the past ten years. The district first went republican in the year that Hastings was the party candidate for Governor. It was republican again in the first McKinley campaign, but four years ago the democrats won it back, when they succeeded in electing ten members of the state delegation instead of the three they had in the previous congress. The following table, shows the result at the last five elections for Congressmen in the district, is worth attention:

Year	Republican	Democrat	Majority
1892—Eyes	10,629	Wolverton 15,333	5,305 D.
1894—Kulp	12,677	Buckalew 11,783	894 R.
1896—Kulp	15,195	Walsh 14,073	11,222 R.
1898—Woodin	12,487	Polk 14,792	2,305 D.
1900—Huth	12,891	Polk 16,625	3,734 D.

It would require very hard work, says the Press, to elect any republican in that district, but if any republican can be elected Mr. Godcharles can be. At all events his nomination makes the district fairly doubtful and good fighting ground up to the day of election.

It is not generally known that the treasurer's sales that were held in the treasurer's office in this Borough last June will be the last, the legislation under which the sales have been conducted in the past having been suspended by the act of assembly of 1901. Under the new law, as it now stands, where the owner of the land fails to pay his taxes, the county commissioners simply file a claim in the prothonotary's office which thereupon becomes a lien upon the land. The execution may then be issued and the land levied upon and sold by the sheriff.

Owners of real estate will save considerable money in costs by paying their taxes promptly in the future.

There will be the usual services on Sunday next, August 24th, at St. John's Church, Laporte, at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at 10 a. m.

TO ATTACK THE TARIFF

Democrats Plan to Assail the National Prosperity.

PENNSYLVANIA MUST BE FIRM

Bryan in High Glee Over the Prospect—What Protection Has Done For Pennsylvania's Industries, As Shown By Official Figures.

(From a Special Correspondent.)
Washington, D. C., Aug. 19.—If ever there was a time when Pennsylvania needed to renew her loyalty to Republicanism and the doctrine of protection, which has made her great among the states, this fall is that time. A Democratic victory in Pennsylvania in November would be the greatest boon that the Democratic party has known since Grover Cleveland crossed the threshold of the White House outward for the last time.

There is no concealment of the fact that the Democrats in the next Congress hope to renew the free-trade agitation with the aid of a small element in the ranks of the Republican party from the west. William Jennings Bryan, the apostle of Financial Ruin, is publicly congratulating his party, tossing his hat in air, over the Iowa Republican platform, which declared in favor of "such changes in the tariff from time to time as may become advisable through the progress of our industries and their changing relations to the commerce of the world."

This much is seized upon with a hurrah by Bryan, who, in an interview, declares:

"I am glad to see that the Republicans of Iowa admit the necessity for tariff reform, for, while it will strengthen the Republican party in this state for the coming campaign, it will ultimately weaken it, for the Republicans cannot permit any reform in the tariff without endangering their whole system."

The situation so far as the tariff is concerned is creating more comment here in Washington than any other subject. Experience has taught that the slightest attempt of Democrats to tinker with the tariff has brought disaster to American industries and lower wages or idleness to American workmen. No state has had such a bitter lesson in this as Pennsylvania, and the question is, will she encourage this attack on her unexampled prosperity by electing Mr. Pattison governor, and at the same time increasing her Democratic representation in congress?

If the hope of the Democracy can be achieved the soup-house era will again come to Pennsylvania; her mills and factories will be closed and the output of her furnaces restricted. This is no idle assertion. Official figures prove it. Pennsylvania is the banner state for iron, steel and textiles. It is these industries, employing the great bulk of her people, that will be most affected by the proposed Democratic onslaught on the tariff.

Now, what do the official figures show? In 1896, when Grover Cleveland left the White House, there were just 159 iron furnaces in blast. In 1901, under Republican administration, there were 266 in blast. In that same period the manufacture of tin plate had grown from 40,000,000 pounds to 678,000,000 pounds, while the number of wage earners employed had increased from 4,251,613 to 5,231,687.

The same ratio of increase can be shown in the increase of farm values under Republican administration. The value of the live stock on the farms of the United States, according to the reports of the Agricultural Department here, has increased \$253,128,031. And with this increased value has come increased consumption, with greatly increased prices to the farmer for his product. The farmers of the country realized in the year 1900 alone, \$350,000,000 more for their cereals than they did in 1896, the last disastrous year of Democratic control.

It is the popular thing when discussing tariff revision and its relation to Pennsylvania politics for Democrats to exclaim:

"But what has that got to do with state issues?"

It is the only way that a Democrat can get out of a corner, and the answer is: "Everything."

There is one point that Republicans must not lose sight of, and it is that in addition to a governor, there are congressmen and a United States senator to be chosen as a result of this fall's election. These congressmen and this senator will have all to do in holding the balance of power in favor of non-interference with the tariff. Indeed, they may prove to be the salvation of the entire protective system of this country. Is it any wonder that widespread interest is felt in the result in Pennsylvania?

In recent years the old saying that, "as Maine goes so goes the Union," has been transposed to read, "as Pennsylvania goes so goes the Union." This saying is prophetic. In 1882 Robert E. Pattison was elected governor, and two years later Grover Cleveland was elected president. In 1890 Robert E. Pattison, Democrat, was again elected governor, and two years later Grover Cleveland was for a second time installed in the White House.

The train of evils that followed this later event are too fresh and painful to require repetition. What Pennsylvania suffered in those years is beyond computation. Here and there official figures convey some idea of the damage that Democratic rule wrought to Pennsylvania and what a blessing Republican administration in the White House has been.

In 1896, when the state was just

Still Marked Down.

All summer goods of every description are marked way down. Lawns, Dimities, Organdies, Batiste are very cheap. Gingham, Percalls, Chambray, GOOD BARGAINS, now is the time to buy them at 5c a yard, worth 9c. Fine new batiste in excellent patterns, wash dress goods, ARE ALL REDUCED. At 10c a yard, a special lot of dress goods. Percalls in excellent patterns. Skirts at 50c, good wearing skirts. Ladies' Dress Suits at \$2.50 having been marked down.

Shoes! Shoes! Shoes!

Great Bargains in them all have been reduced and will give comfort to the wearer. Straw Hats are marked below to close them out. Underwear at cost. All sizes. Great bargains in them; and the very best made. Great Bargains you will find at

John D. Reeser's Big Store, Bank block.
THREE STORES IN ONE. DUSHORE.

gathering itself together from the industrial depression occasioned by Democratic mis-rule, there were 134,790 persons employed in 830 establishments, representing 89 industries. In the year 1900, after two years of Republican rule, in these same 830 establishments there were employed 190,024 persons, who were receiving 61 per cent. more wages than they did in 1896. In other words, while \$51,293,561 were paid for wages in these establishments in Pennsylvania in 1896, in 1900 the amount of wages paid was \$82,913,073.

This prosperity has been going on steadily today in every county in the state. Under the circumstances, do the people of Pennsylvania want to return to the old Democratic system? Will they join hands with William J. Bryan, Robert E. Pattison and other free silver monomaniacs, who, now that their crazy financial policies have been discredited, are turning their attention to a scheme to wreck our protective system? I think not. They will stand by Roosevelt and the tariff and elect Pennypacker and a Republican congressional delegation.

HE DESERTS PATTISON

Democratic Committeeman Declares For Pennypacker.

DEMOCRATS CAN'T BE TRUSTED

Former Assistant Collector of Philadelphia Charles Henry Jones Refuses to Serve On Pattison's Committee.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Philadelphia, Aug. 18.—Charles Henry Jones, who was assistant collector of the port under Cleveland, a prominent Democrat and a member of the Philadelphia bar, has publicly declined to become a member of Robert E. Pattison's Democratic campaign committee. In his letter, which says that the Democratic party cannot be trusted, and in which he declares for Judge Pennypacker for governor, Mr. Jones says:

REFUSES TO AID PATTISON.

"I am in receipt of your letter informing me that I have been named a member of the citizens' committee to aid the campaign for the election of Hon. Robert E. Pattison for governor. I highly appreciate this honor and regret very much that I am unable to accept the position; but as I am not in accord with the present policy of the Democratic party upon the important question of money and expansion, I cannot advocate the election of its candidates for office.

"Sound money and expansion have always been, until the present time, fundamental doctrine of the Democratic party. Florida and the whole country lying between the Mississippi river and the Pacific ocean, including the Louisiana purchase, the annexation of Texas, the Gadsden purchase and that vast extent of territory ceded to the United States as the result of the Mexican war, were all acquired under Democratic administration of the government, when the party was a united and powerful organization. This policy added to the country more than two-thirds of its present area.

"The territory acquired under it now comprises twenty states, and is the seat of more than one-fourth of the population of the country. To this expansion is largely due our present greatness and prosperity, and the Democratic party is entitled to credit for the great benefits that have resulted to the country from this wise policy in the past.

EXPANSION IS NECESSARY.

"I can see no distinction in principle because the results of the Spanish war, which have been of so incalculable benefit to the country, both at home and abroad, have carried this doctrine, in the natural course of events, beyond the seas. It has certainly added greatly to the power and importance of the country as a member of the family of nations, and as we are a commercial people the value of this cannot be over estimated.

"As one of the great powers of the world we must avail ourselves of every advantage that will enable us to perform our duties as such, and to sustain ourselves in our relations with foreign powers. This certainly cannot be accomplished if we retire within our own borders and confine ourselves to our own domestic affairs while the other great powers are pursuing a different policy.

"That the Democratic party favored expansion beyond the main land is shown by its record upon the question of the acquisition of Cuba, which was always favored by the party, and strongly advocated during the administrations of Pierce and Buchanan. I do not consider the fact that the Republican party happened to be in power at the time the country entered upon this great epoch in its history justifies the Democratic party in changing its historical attitude upon this great question.

"Its hostility to this policy has been carried so far that upon one occasion in the house the party voted as a unit, with one marked exception, against appropriating the small sum of \$500,000 to build shelter for our troops in the Philippines.

CAN'T TRUST DEMOCRATS.

"I have followed the course of the Democratic party in congress with much interest, and am constrained to say that, in my judgment, it would not be for the best interests of the country to put it in control of that body at the present time, and, so believing, I find myself unable to support its candidates.

"The selection of a senator of the United States from Pennsylvania and of members of the lower house of congress will be largely influenced at the coming election by the attitude of the voters toward the head of the ticket. The contest, therefore, cannot be confined to state issues, or to the correction of existing evils in the administration of state government. National issues will be paramount.

"Questions of state administration will be subordinated. If state issues are incidentally considered no more abundant guarantees that the duties of the high office of governor will be wisely and faithfully performed are needed than those which are furnished by the ability, high character and integrity of the Hon. Samuel W. Pennypacker."

Figures Compiled By a Philadelphian Warn of Democracy's Evils.

In a little monograph which Mr. John W. Frazer, of Philadelphia, has issued, there is food for thought for every Pennsylvanian, irrespective of party. Mr. Frazer has been at considerable trouble to collect statistics showing the disastrous effects of Democratic administration on the country. Here are some of his figures:

During the four years of Cleveland, under the Wilson free trade tariff, from 1892 to 1896, our total exports of domestic merchandise amounted to \$3,346,828,808. (See page 92, Statistical Abstract of the United States for 1901.)

During the four years of McKinley, from 1896 to 1900, under the Dingley protective tariff—which took the place of the Wilson free trade act—the total value of exports of domestic merchandise was \$4,816,994,309, an excess of \$1,470,165,501 over that of the four preceding years of Clevelandism. (See same page, same publication.)

During Cleveland's four years—1892 to 1896—the total value of exports of American domestic products, in excess of the total value of foreign products imported into the United States, was \$396,858,686.

During the four years of McKinley—1896 to 1900—the total value of exports of American domestic products, in excess of the total value of foreign products imported into the United States, was \$1,976,112,531, an excess of \$1,579,253,845 over the four preceding years of Clevelandism. (See Statistical Abstract of the U. S., page 92 for 1901.)

The total amount of tin plate imported into the United States during the four years of free trade under Cleveland, from 1892 to 1896, was 50,629,894 pounds. During the four years under McKinley, from 1896 to 1900, our total import of tin plates was 16,567,146 pounds, a decrease of 34,062,748 pounds.

During the four years of Cleveland and the Wilson tariff—1892 to 1896—we manufactured 531,072,363 pounds of tin plate. During the four years of McKinley and the Dingley tariff we manufactured 2,665,601,263 pounds of tin plate, an excess over the four preceding years of Clevelandism of 2,134,528,900 pounds. (See page 368, Statistical Abstract of the U. S. for 1901.)

During the four years of Cleveland and depression, from 1892 to 1896, we produced 32,385,198 tons of 2,240 pounds to the ton of pig iron. During the next four years of McKinley and prosperity we produced 43,670,444 tons of 2,240 pounds of pig iron, an increase of 11,285,246 tons. (See page 367, Statistical Abstract for 1901.)

ARE YOU GOING TO BUILD A NEW HOUSE

OR LAY NEW FLOORS IN THE OLD ONE?

If so, it will pay you to get some of our

Hard Wood Flooring

Kiln dried, matched sides and ends, hollow backed and bored, MAPLE and BEECH.

It will out-wear two ordinary floors and is very much smoother, nicer and easier to put down than soft wood flooring. All kinds kept in stock by

Jennings Brothers, Lopez, Penn'a.

ALSO ALL SIZES IN HEMLOCK WE HAVE IN STOCK NO. 1 AND 2 LUMBER, SIDING, PINE SHINGLES, CEILING, LATH, ETC. AT LOWEST PRICES.

BEAUTIFULLY DECORATED

Hand Painted Chinaware. Absolutely Free.

We will give with each purchase, coupons which entitles the holder to a set of High Grade China Dishes, irrespective of the extremely low prices prevailing here.

Oh! No Trouble at all to Show Goods.

The Quality, price and style of our spring and summer SHOES which are marked down for closing out are the main attractions. Call and see them.

Our Complete Line of Groceries.

Our new Grocery Department is growing popular. You save yourself if you let us save your money. When you think of true economy this is the place to come.

J. S. HARRINGTON, OPERA HOUSE BLOCK DUSHORE, PA.

Williamsport & North Branch Railroad TIME TABLE.

In effect Monday, June 16, 1902.

Read down												Read up																							
Sunday												Sunday																							
Flag stations where time is marked "F"												Flag stations where time is marked "F"																							
P.	M.	A.	M.	A.	M.	P.	M.	P.	M.	A.	M.	P.	M.	A.	M.	P.	M.	P.	M.	A.	M.														
10:32	8:32	10:22	5:20	4:20	2:12	12:50	7:40	Halls	7:30	9:45	11:55	4:00	4:45	10:00	8:20	10:20	10:32	8:32	10:22	5:20	4:20	2:12	12:50	7:40	Halls	7:30	9:45	11:55	4:00	4:45	10:00	8:20	10:20
10:47	8:47	10:37	5:35	4:35	2:27	1:05	7:55	Pennsdale	7:25	9:40	11:50	3:56	4:41	9:58	8:15	10:15	10:47	8:47	10:37	5:35	4:35	2:27	1:05	7:55	Pennsdale	7:25	9:40	11:50	3:56	4:41	9:58	8:15	10:15
10:53	8:53	10:43	5:41	4:41	2:33	.....	8:03	.....	Picture Rocks	9:25	11:00	3:39	4:24	9:50	7:56	9:56	10:53	8:53	10:43	5:41	4:41	2:33	.....	8:03	.....	Picture Rocks	9:25	11:00	3:39	4:24	9:50	7:56	9:56
10:56	8:56	10:46	5:44	4:44	.....	.....	8:06	.....	Lyon's Mills	9:20	11:04	.....	4:26	9:57	7:51	9:48	10:56	8:56	10:46	5:44	4:44	.....	.....	8:06	.....	Lyon's Mills	9:20	11:04	.....	4:26	9:57	7:51	9:48
11:07	9:08	10:54	5:56	4:56	2:48	.....	8:14	.....	Glen Mawr	9:15	11:01	3:33	4:17	9:27	7:41	9:42	11:07	9:08	10:54	5:56	4:56	2:48	.....	8:14	.....	Glen Mawr	9:15	11:01	3:33	4:17	9:27	7:41	9:42
11:12	9:16	11:02	6:01	5:01	.....	.....	8:22	.....	Strawbridge	9:05	10:47	.....	4:42	9:37	7:41	9:33	11:12	9:16	11:02	6:01	5:01	.....	.....	8:22	.....	Strawbridge	9:05	10:47	.....	4:42	9:37	7:41	9:33
11:18	9:21	11:07	.....	.....	.....	.....	8:30	.....	Muncy Valley	8:56	10:43	.....	3:58	9:27	7:29	9:26	11:18	9:21	11:07	.....	.....	.....	.....	8:30	.....	Muncy Valley	8:56	10:43	.....	3:58	9:27	7:29	9:26
11:21	9:25	11:10	6:10	5:10	2:57	.....	8:35	.....	Sonestown	8:50	10:32	3:10	3:49	9:07	7:27	9:20	11:21	9:25	11:10	6:10	5:10	2:57	.....	8:35	.....	Sonestown	8:50	10:32	3:10	3:49	9:07	7:27	9:20
11:27	9:31	11:16	6:16	5:16	11:42	10:12	3:32	7:32	11:27	9:31	11:16	6:16	5:16	11:42	10:12	3:32	7:32	
11:56	11:48	6:48	11:58	9:54	3:12	6:37	11:56	11:48	6:48	11:58	9:54	3:12	6:37	
12:11	12:07	6:55	12:11	9:41	2:54	6:40	12:11	12:07	6:55	12:11	9:41	2:54	6:40	
12:15	12:16	6:51	12:21	9:25	2:40	6:30	12:15	12:16	6:51	12:21	9:25	2:40	6:30	
.....	6:14	A. M.	A. M.	6:14	A. M.				

STAGE LINES
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B. HARVEY WELCH, President, Hughesville, Pa.
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