



A Kerchief to Tuck Into One's Glove.
In these days, when Mme. La Mode has decreed that we shall do without pockets, or else have one in an inaccessible position, the designers of handkerchiefs have come to our aid with the daintiest of articles, which they have named "glove handkerchiefs." These are about six inches square and are of the finest Irish lawn or cambric, trimmed with exquisite Valenciennes lace, which are, indeed, capable of being carried in one's glove or hanging purse.

Gloves with Monograms.
The glove with the monogram of the wearer on the back of it will find its way into the scented box on the dressing table. In place of the neatly-stitched three ribs on the back of the glove that have so long been in favor with fastidious folk, this year the monogram of the wearer will take their place. The monogram will be embroidered in either a darker shade of the same coloring as the glove or in a contrasting color. The darker shading of the same color, however, is considered much better form, and probably very few monograms embroidered in contrasting colors will be seen.

Court Ladies Pensioned.
The ladies of Queen Victoria's court have learned, after a period of somewhat anxious waiting, that they are to receive pensions. That in itself is something of a relief; for many of these ladies, though of high lineage, were of meagre fortune, and in most cases had years of faithful and arduous service to plead. A maid of honor, for example, always found her post richer in honor than in profit. But the pensions accorded are minute, and the excuse alleged is the inadequacy of the provisions for loyal expenses. For the last two or three years Queen Victoria failed to meet her official expenditure out of the civil list, and had to bring up the reserves of her private fortune.—Woman's Life.

Postmen's Widows and Orphans.
Widows and orphans of the postmen of Paris are provided for by the "Union Fraternelle," a society whose object is threefold—first, to care for destitute families; second, to pay the funeral expenses of its members, and, third, by a monthly assessment to provide a pension for those who wish to retire from it. The organization agrees to pay to the widow, or, if there be no widow, to the children, of a member who had died a fixed sum, irrespective of the time during which the member has belonged. It also provides a fixed sum for the payment of funeral expenses, and certain honors are also granted in connection with the burial service, a delegation of the society appearing in uniform, etc.

The Peleline Ruffle.
Boas and ruffles are so deep and wide at the back and on the shoulders that they become nothing less than shoulder capes, and, indeed, there is a new kind which is really a shaped sailor collar, of soft embroidery falling over the shoulders, and edged with long wide boa ends. These are pretty, and more becoming to short-necked people than the round ruffle, while for matrons who abhor the elderly mantle, and yet desire some outdoor covering, they are the very thing. Net, tulle and chiffon boas seem to have quite displaced the once favored ostrich feather boa, though a really good ostrich boa, which is by no means synonymous with cheapness, is never out of date.

Skirts and Waists.
How to finish the skirt to be worn with a shirtwaist is a never-ending problem which, in these days when skirts must fit as well as waists, is a question that requires careful consideration. Stout, short-waisted women should have their skirts cut quite large in the band, in a point in front, and should wear their skirts over the waists, with a belt on the skirt as narrow as can possibly be worn. With the skirt worn outside the waist, sometimes a belt that is pointed in the back, with a point going above the waist-line and then slanted down in a point in front, is the most becoming; but it should never be worn if it is unbecoming. Slight women can wear broad belts made of folded peau de soie or liberty satin ribbon, white or black as the case may be; but these too must have the pointed effect in front, whether they are finished with a buckle or with a bow. The exaggerated point in front is rapidly going out of style, but there must be some point and a decided curve from the side of the waist towards the front.—Harper's Bazar.

The Cane Feminine.
Walking sticks for ladies offer nearly as many varieties as are shown for gentlemen, and it is a matter of some difficulty to select your stick, says the Ladies' Pictorial. I think that a cherry stick is the best, the faint smell of the cherry wood making itself overt every now and again when the stick is much in use. Hazels, holly stumps and ground ash poles and light canes are also in vogue. I suppose that many cavillers against the custom of ladies carrying walking-sticks will raise their voices against this new-fangled idea. As a matter of fact a gold-mounted staff or stick was commonly used by both the male and female heads of families in early Eng-

lish History. Even Queen Elizabeth carried one of them toward the end of her life, and the late Queen is depicted in many of her photos leaning on a stick. The handles, of course, give a scope for much variety of treatment and of substance. Beautiful enamel, crystal globes, quaintly carved heads in jade, jasper, ivory and other materials, and some even in the natural wood, all contribute to the value and beauty of a lady's walking-stick.

The Social Saleswoman.
If all stories are true, writes a London correspondent of the New York Herald, some society ladies are adopting curious means of raising the wind because, as I have said before, there are those who find the shoe pinching pretty badly. In fact, it is becoming quite a grievance in certain circles that so much bartering is going on within them, ladies being waylaid, called upon, visited, and even invited as guests, all with the same object, to buy goods made ready for sale.

Here is one society lady's terrible tale of woe:
"Wherever you go," she says, "you are pestered to death to buy barbaric bead chains, the latest goods on hand. Originally they were made for savages, but now it is fashionable women who wear the worthless rubbish. For there is nothing real or good about them at all.

"A little business is the term every one uses nowadays. You go out to luncheon. Opposite you is seated a woman with rows of these common beads round her neck. You know what is coming as soon as she catches your eye.

"Why, you haven't one of these pretty chains, you poor thing," she will gush. 'Look at mine. Isn't it sweet?' You really must have one. I know some one who makes them. He will send one on to you. They are wonderfully cheap, only 16 shillings.

"What can you do?"

"Men suffer just the same. Over the top of some beautiful flowers or ferns you see a woman at the other end of the table holding up her string of colored beads. You pity the man next to her, who is trying to wriggle out of the seller's clutches. But he very rarely does.

"Only the other day at luncheon I heard a woman saying:

"Now, do give a guess. How much do you think they are?"

"I think I know," some one else broke in; "22 shillings."

"Oh, I'm afraid they're a little more than that," was the answer, with a glare at the woman for interfering.

"No, they are three guineas. They are such beautiful things."

"So the man paid three guineas."

"Really, the men are giving these beads away as wedding presents because they don't know what to do with the chains they are forced to buy. A girl who was married the other day received no less than seven of these chains. Before the chains came up, lamp shades of apple blossom hue were always being forced on one's notice. The loveliest lamp shades in the world are to be bought at So-and-so's. You say I told you, or say you want one like mine," your hostess or guest would suggest. Afterward you would discover that she made them herself and supplied the shop where they were sold on a small commission."



Bodices for the most part fall off the shoulders, but the square neck is also modish.

The newest coats have the fronts a little longer than the sides without being narrow enough to be called spade-fronted.

Squares, diamonds and disks appear upon all sorts of lingerie. They are of lace or embroidery and occasionally silk is used on the most elegant undergarments.

All tones of violet from deep pansy to the palest amethyst are among the season's favorites. They are used alone or combined with tea rose pink, water green or delicate shades of blue.

Petticoats of foulard, in delicate tints, are preferred by many women to taffeta, with its rustle and swish. These foulard skirts are very full around the bottom and elaborately flounced.

Crepe de chine is made into a neat plaited skirt. It is a black crepe accordion-plaited up to the hips, where the upper part fits closely, with the edge of the plaiting outlined with black lace.

Half length linen and holland coats are taking to themselves pockets, and the woman who is fortunate enough to have a coat long enough will have at least three of them. The pockets are coming in again.

Basque coats, cut like a habit behind, are favorites for linen frocks, while for softer materials the coats end at the waist line in front with a gathered or plaited basque behind and a broad, black spin waistband.

Red hats with green rims, green hats with red rims, red hats with green bands, and vice versa. How is that for golf colors in hats? These are all felts and no wearer of such a hat should be endangered by the wandering golf ball.

New and striking veillings are being made for use as hat draperies. A red chiffon, embroidered with green go-sticks, recently seen, would be pretty around a white duck hat, with the accompaniment of a red golf jacket with green lapels, but scarcely under any other conditions.

PURE FOOD LAW VIOLATED.

Interesting Facts Concerning the Roasting of Coffee Brought Out by Scientific Experts—Presence of Bacteria.

TOLEDO, August 10th.—The jury in Judge Meek's court in this city has found James White, a local grocer, guilty of selling adulterated coffee. The prosecution was based on a package of Ariosa coffee.

The State of Ohio, through the Pure Food Commission, prosecuted White. The case was on trial for nearly a month, and attracted national attention.

The manufacturers of Ariosa coffee conducted the defense for Grocer White. Attorneys of eminence were retained to defend him, but after a short consultation a verdict of guilty was returned by the jury. The State of Ohio considers this a big victory. Pure Food Commissioner Blackburn has been waging a warfare on spurious food articles and the department has been successful.

The complaint of the State of Ohio was that Ariosa coffee was coated with a substance which concealed defects in the coffee and made it appear better than it is. The State charged this coating or glazing was a favorable medium for the propagation of bacteria.

Prof. G. A. Kirchmaler, of this city, a well-known chemist, was the principal witness for the State. He testified that he had made scientific examinations of samples of Ariosa purchased from Grocer White in the open market, and found that each berry contained an average of 300 bacteria. Mr. Kirchmaler further testified that other coffees he examined contained few bacteria or none at all. He declared that the glazed coffee was not a wholesome food product.

Chemist Schmidt, of Cincinnati, corroborated the testimony of Prof. Kirchmaler. The State did not present further testimony.

The defense secured some of the most eminent chemists and scientists in the United States to give testimony in their behalf. Prof. H. W. Wiley, of the United States Agricultural Department; Prof. Vaughn, of Ann Arbor University; Prof. Bielle and Webber, of the Ohio State University, were called to defend Ariosa. Dr. Wiley made a careful examination of the method of manufacturing. He told of the 19,300,000 eggs used yearly in the preparation of this glazing. On this point, in cross-examination, the State's attorney deftly drew from him the information that these eggs might be kept in cold storage for a year or two at a time.

The experts who heard Dr. Wiley's testimony were pleased to listen to so famous a chemist. The doctor at one point in his testimony explained very clearly how it is that the egg put into the coffee pot by the housewife settles the coffee. He said that the heat coagulates the egg, and as it sinks to the bottom of the pot it carries the fine particles of coffee with it, and thus clarifies the drink. It is the act of coagulation in the coffee pot that does the work. Later on in his cross examination, he admitted that when the egg was put on Ariosa coffee at the factory it became coagulated, and as egg cannot be coagulated but once, that the coating on coffee was practically no value, as a "settler" when it reached the coffee pot.

Professor Wiley acknowledged that the glazing might be a favorable medium for the propagation of bacteria, although he would not testify positively either way because he was not a bacteriologist.

Professor Vaughn, of Ann Arbor, also a witness for the defense, said he found bacteria on Ariosa coffee.

Professor Bielle, another witness for the defense, testified he found any number of lively bacteria on Ariosa coffee he examined, and agreed that glazed coffee surely was a more favorable medium for the propagation of bacteria than unglazed coffee.

Pure Food Commissioner Blackburn says: "The State is very much elated over its victory. We are now considering the advisability of informing every grocer in the State of Ohio that it is an infraction of the laws to sell Ariosa, and at the same time give warning to consumers that the coffee is an adulterated food article."

The verdict of the jury in this case is of national importance because a great many other States have pure food laws like that of Ohio, and it is natural to suppose that similar action will be taken by other Pure Food Commissioners to prevent the sale of glazed coffees.

Hard Tests of Love.

Among the Arabs of Upper Egypt the youth who proposes to a girl must submit to a whipping at the hands of her male relatives; and, says a narrator, "if he wishes to be considered worth having, he must receive the chastisement, which is sometimes exceedingly severe, with an expression of enjoyment." Notwithstanding, it is the maiden herself who imposes the test. The Sakalava girls of Madagascar make their lovers stand at a short distance from a clever spear-thrower and catch between the arm and side every spear thrown at them. If the youth "displays fear or fails to catch the spear, he is ignominiously rejected, but if there be no finching and the spears are caught he is at once proclaimed an accepted lover."

Chappie—"I'd just like to know what you mean by being engaged to both Cholly and me at once." Miss Pinkie—"Why, bless me! there is no harm done; you can't either of you afford to marry me, you know."—New York Weekly.

LAND OF THE DRAGON.

Belief in This Unslightly Creature is General in China.

In China the belief in dragons is general. There are good and bad dragons in that land, and while it is easy to gain a dragon's favor, it is just as easy to irritate him. Some dragons live underground. Others fly in the air. Thus earthquakes are caused by underground dragons moving themselves tempestuously. Eclipses are caused by aerial dragons, wherefore fireworks are set off and gongs are beaten to frighten them. The overflowing of rivers is imputed to a specially bad dragon named Kiao. One of the oldest Chinese books, the Calendar of the Hia, recommends in cases of inundation that the authorities organize a hunt through the country to discover and capture the dragon. They always find him. They tell a great dragon story of the present young Emperor. Some time ago there were drouth and famine in an important section of the north. As, in spite of many processions in his honor, the dragon continued to withhold the rain, the indignant Emperor at last hurled a thundering edict condemning him to perpetual exile along the shores of the river Hi, in the province of Torgot. Officials had started to find the dragon and execute the sentence upon him, when the latter, with touching resignation, sent word—they do not say how—that he had started already for the desert of Tartary. Such an example of obedience "melted the heart" of the Pekin Supreme Court. The solemn mandarins got together and threw themselves at the feet of the Emperor. "Spare the dragon!" they begged. The young Emperor was touched in his turn. The sentence of banishment was revoked, and one of the imperial messengers was sent galloping across the land to overtake the dragon and acquaint him with his good luck. He found the dragon, and the grateful animal immediately sent abundant rain.

Health Commandments.

The requirements of health can be counted on the fingers of one hand. They are good air, good food, suitable clothing, cleanliness and exercise and rest. The first two requirements affect the blood, and as the blood circulates all over the body, including the brain, every part is affected. Fresh air effects the purity of the blood. The freshest air is out of doors, and it is the duty of every one who wishes to be in good health to spend a certain amount of time in the open air. Good food is not necessarily expensive food. Exercise and rest should alternate and balance each other. Women, as a rule, do not rest sufficiently. Every woman should try during the day to get a few minutes rest, even if it interferes with her regular work. It is impossible for her to attend to the health and welfare of her family if her own health suffers from overwork and lack of rest. She should follow her husband's example. Although he is busy all day long, he generally makes it a hard and fast rule to rest during the evening in the best way, namely, by change of employment.

The Emperor Was Polite.

A woman who is of high social distinction in America was presented to the kaiser at some dinner that was not attended with royal state. She was talking to him when she was offered a famous German salad. It was handed on her right and the kaiser was on her left, which put her in a predicament. She did not dare turn her face from the emperor to help herself to the salad. The situation was too much for her. The emperor, seeing the condition at a glance, looked at her for an instant and laughed, as he said: "A kaiser can walk, but a salad can not."

Collecting Butterflies in Japan.

In Japan they have a very simple way of collecting butterflies alive. They streak trees with phosphorus and saccharine matter, and then the butterflies in the night time are attracted, stick fast, and are taken off.

Two thousand of the 30,000 books on the French Revolution, which have been presented to the Bibliotheque Nationale by the British Museum, will be kept there. The remaining 28,000 will be sent to the Bibliotheque Sevigne.

Forest Lands of America.

For nearly three centuries an increasing army has been chopping away at our forests. Yet more than one-third of the area of the United States is classed as woodland—over 1,000,000 square miles.

Sweet and fruit acids will not discolor goods dyed with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Sold by all druggists.

The coffee plant is a variety of the cinchona family.

Of the 196,500,000 Mohammedans in the world, only 18,000,000 live in Turkey.

My neighbor's child was wakened by worms, the family concluded it would be useless to make further efforts to save it, but on being persuaded, they administered FRY'S VERMIFUGE, and over 100 worms were expelled. The child recovered.—CALLED HITCHCOCK, Near Zanesville, Ohio. 25 cents at Druggists, country stores by mail. A perfect tonic for children. E. & S. FRY, Baltimore, Md.

STARK TREES best by Test—77 YEARS FRUIT BOOK free. W. E. W. CASH, WANT MORE SALLERS PAY Weekly STARK BROS., Louisiana, Mo.; Henneville, Ala. E. S. FRY, Baltimore, Md.

"The Sancerre that made West Point famous." **McILHENNY'S TABASCO.**

PISO'S CURE FOR GIBBS WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

The Size of Woman's Head.

"According to a female phenologist, women's heads are growing larger. She does not mean that women have got the 'big head,' but just what she says.—Boston Transcript.

\$100 Reward. \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address: F. J. CRESSEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Japan has two imperial universities, one at Tokio, the other at Kioto. The latter is only three years old.

Heat for the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements. Cost you but 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Skating was a sport of the Northmen in prehistoric times.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. \$2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 531 Arch St., Phila. Pa.

Egypt was the first country to have a military organization.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, always pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Umbrellas were in use in America before they were in England.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOTE, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1904.

In ancient times black inks were made of soot and ivory black.

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Millions of Mothers

USE CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin of infants and children, for rashes, itching and chafings, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use Cuticura Soap in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excoriations, for too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, especially mothers. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. Cuticura Soap combines delicate emollient properties derived from Cuticura, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odours. No other medicated soap is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap, the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour, Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal; and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, and humbling skin, scalp, and blood humours, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. British Depot: F. NEWBURY & Sons, 37 and 38, Charterhouse Sq., London. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U.S.A.

Cuticura THE SET

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"I had a very severe sickness that took off all my hair. I purchased a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor and it brought all my hair back again."
W. D. Quinn, Marseilles, Ill.

One thing is certain,—Ayer's Hair Vigor makes the hair grow. This is because it is a hair food. It feeds the hair and the hair grows, that's all there is to it. It stops falling of the hair, too, and always restores color to gray hair.
\$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

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Does your head ache? Pain back of your eyes? Bad taste in your mouth? It's your liver! Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They cure constipation, headache, dyspepsia. 25c. All druggists.

Want your mustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use the **BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for Whiskers**. 50 CENTS OF DRUGGISTS, OR R. P. HALL & CO., NABRU, N. H.

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