Republican News Item CHAS. LOREN WING, Editor.

THURSDAY, MAY 31, 1900. "FIRST OF ALL -- THE NEWS."

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REPUBLICAN NEWS ITEM, Laporte Pa.,

Harrisburg, May 19.-- A Cecision which will have far reaching influence upon the politics of this state was given last week by Judge Hemphill, of the Chester county court, in a case in which there was an issue as to the interpretation of the rules of the Repub-lican party in that county. Action was brought against a judge of a Republi-can primary election who refused to accept the vote of a man who had not supported the full Republican ticket at the election last November for members of the legislature. While for years this man had been looked upon as a Republican and he had probably al-ways voted the Republican ticket before that time, he turned in with the insurgents and voted for the fusion

candidates for the legislature, who in-cluded Democrats and former Republicans. When the next Republican pri-mary election was held this individual went to the polls and sought to particl-pate in the election of Republican delegates. His vote was challenged and the judgeof the election refused to accent his ballot. There were, of course expressions of great indignation from expressions of great indignation from the men who had worked with him to defeat the regular Republican candi-date at the preceding election. They made all sorts of threats as to what they would do with this Republican election judge, who had exercised his best judgment as to what he sheuld do under the circumstances

First there was a criminal prosecution instituted, but when the matter came before the grand jury and all the circumstances in the case were recited, the bill of indictment was promptly ignored, and again the insurgents were much chagrined. They did not give up the fight, however. They had power-ful political influence back of them, with the Martin-Flinn organization of the state deeply interested in the outcome of this important issue as to the status of the men who follow the lead-ership of Flinn and Martin and vote for Democrats, Prohibitionists es any other candidates against the regular nominees of the Republican organization

A civil suit for damages was next brought and the strongest legal falent available was retained to make the best possible presentation of the case in favor of the representative of the in-surgent cause. After the matter was fully argued and all the opinions and other precedents were presented to the court, Judge Hemphill took ample time court, Judge Hempani took ample time to carefully consider and weigh all the facts in the case. His conclusions in the matter spread demoralization among the advocates of fusion in every quarter of the commonwealth.

JUDGE HEMPHILL'S OPINION. Judge Hemphill, in his opinion eiting the facts of the case, wrote:

"Edwin W. Thomas vs. Thomas C. Smith. In the court of common pleas of Chester county, No. 17, to October term, 1899. Trial by court without a jury

This is an action of trespass to reco er damages for the rejection of plaintiff's vote at a Republicar primary election held in the eastern pracinct of Tredyffrin township in June, 1899, and the following are our

"FINDINGS OF FACTS:

The defendant was the dular elected and qualified judge of a primary

affidavit his vote was rejected as it was also when offered a second time, and for the san

also when offered a second time, and for the same reason. "The plaintiff had generally co-op-erated with and supported the Republi-can party and had been considered and treated as a Republican, having been elected by that party inspector of elec-tions, assistant assessor, and from 1887 to the present time township auditor, but in 1898 had opposed the election of Governor Stone and actively supported the fusion legislative ticket, composed of equal numbers of Democrats and Re-publicans, in opposition to the regular Republican nominees. "As judge of the election, the de-fendant, when plaintiff's vote was chal-lenged, had a sworn and judicial duty to perform, viz.: to determine whether under the rules of the Republican party he had or had not a right to vote, and this he did, and as far as the evidence discloses conscientiously and without malice or any animus whatever. POINTS OF FACT.

POINTS OF FACT. "The following points were present-ed by the defendant: "The court is respectfully requested

to find

ed by the defendant: "The court is respectfully requested to find "1. That under the rules of the Republican party of Chester county, plaintiff was not entitled to vote at the Republican primary election held June 8, 1899, after being challenged until he had made (1) a declaration to sup-port the party; (2) an affidivit that he voted the Republican ticket at the last general election. "2. That in refusing plaintiff's vote defendant performed a judicial act, in which he would not be answer-able for a mistake of judgment or a mistake of conclusion. "3. The plaintiff had failed to show that the action of the defendant in re-fusing plaintiff's vote was willful or mailcious or that such a refusal was unlawful or illegal. "4. That plaintif had failed to prove a clear and intentional derelic-tion of duty by defendant. "6. That defendant in refusing plaintiff's vote was acting within the limits of his jurisdiction as judge of the sustained and judgment must be entered for defendant. "7. That judgment of non-suit must be entered against plaintiff." "We do not deem its necessary to pass upon these points seriatim, as all found answered in either our find-ings of fact or conclusions of law. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW. "The important legal question pre-

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW.

Inge of fact of conclusions of law. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW. "The important legal question pre-sented is, Can this action, under the evidence, be sustained? "Under the provisions of the act of Junc 29, 1881, to regulate the holding, etc., of primary elections, the defend-ant was required to take and subscribe to an eath or affirmation that he would "impartially and faithfully perform his duties * * in accordance with the rules and regulations adopted by the Republican party of Chester county, for the government of primary elec-tions, meetings or caucuses,' and the same act subjects him to a heavy fine 'if he shall willfully disregard or vio-late the provisions of any rule duly made by the Republican party of Ches-ter county for the government of the primary elections of the party,' or if he 'shall knowingly reject the vote of any person entitled to vote under the rules of said party,' or if he 'shall knowingly receive the vote of any per-son or persons not qualified as afore-said.' "When, therefore, the plaintiff's vote

"When, therefore, the plaintiff's vote "When, therefore, the plaintiff's vote was challonged it became the duty of the defendant, under his oath or affirma-tion, as judge, to determine whether it should be received or rejected, and this in accordance with the rules of the Republican party of Chester county. "He was consequently compelled to construe those rules, which he did (and it is not questioned) by holding that plaintiff was not entitled to vote unless he would make affidavit that he 'voted the Republican ticket at the last gen-eral election."

"That affidavit the plaintiff declined to make and his vote was rejected." After citing a number of precedents in both this country and in England, to sustain his position, Judge Hemp-hill directed that judgment be entered by the nechtonoleury in favor of the the prothonotary in favor of the

INSURGENTS DEMORALIZED.

This decision has spread consterna-tion in the ranks of the insurgents. Men who take an interest in politics usually like to be identified with one of Baking molasses, 25 to 50c. 8 pounds Rolled Oats for 25c. 7 pounds of Corn Starch for 25c. ed and qualmed judge of a primary election held by the Republicans of the castern district of Tredyffirin township, at Stratford, on June 3, 1899. The bindiff of the party representing such prin-7 pounds of Laundry Starch for 25c.

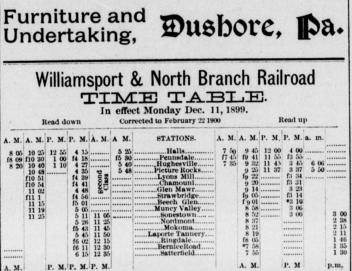


I AM AGENT FOR THE

If you are short of anything when you rearrange your house this spring send to Holcomb & Lauer's store and get it, they keep everything in the house furnishing line that you can think of. If you have not been in their store to inspect their immense stock, do so at once, and be convinced that you do not have to go out of the County to get what you want.

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HOLCOMBE & LAUER,



tions—leave Towanda 6 45 a.m. and 10 30 a.m.; arrive Sat'field, 7.52 a. m. 1.04 p. m. Connection with Phila.& Readingiat Halls tions

Connection with Phila.& Reading at Halls For Philadelphia, New York and inter-mediate stations—Leave Williamsport 7:42 a.m., 10:00 a.m., Arrive Halls 5:59 a.m. 10:10 a.m. For Shamokin and intermedi-iate stations—leaves Williamsport 4:30 p. m., arrive Halls 4:51 p. m. From Phila., New York and intermedi-iate stations—leave Phila. 10:21 a.m. and 11:36 p.m.; leave New York via Ta-am. 9:00 p.m.; leave New York via Ta-maqua, 9 10 a.m. Arrive Halls, 6:34a.m. and 5:21 p. m. From Shamokin and intermediate sta-tions—leave Shamokin 8:10 a.m. Ar-rive Halls 9:49 a.m. Connecting with L. V. R.R. at Satterfield. From Shamokin and intermediate sta-tions-leaves (Shamokin 8 10° a.m. Ar-rive Halls 9 49 a.m. Philadelphia & Reading, Lehigh Valley Gonnecting with L. V. R B. at Satterfield. For Towanda and intermediate stations, Satterfield 6.25 p.m. eling from Halls to Satterfield or Satter-field to Halls. The general offices of the company are leave Bernice 6.40 a.m.; arrive Satterfield rout and the state field or Satter-leave Bernice 6.40 a.m.; arrive Satterfield and the state state of the state field or Satter-field to Halls. The general offices of the company are located at Hugheeville, Pa. B. HARVEY WELCH.



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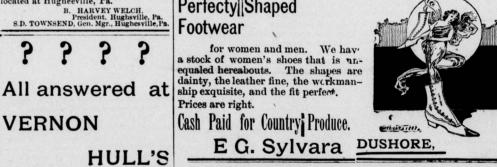
In a Pretty Pickle

is the woman who must enfertain unexpected company—unless she is well supplied, with canned and bottled groceries. If her pantry shelves are nicely lined with our famous brands of pickles, soups, vegtables, canned meats and fish and crackers she is completely

What s tall we send you to-day? ON DRY GOODS WE ARE IN THE LEAD

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plaintiff offered to vote at mid election, and was challenged by William P. Heite, on the ground that he had not supported the Republican ticket at the last general election, whereaupon the defendant declined to receive his vote unles he would be sworn or affitmed to and sign a printed affidavit, of which the following is a copy: "State of Pennsylvania, county of

Chester, ss

Chester, ss. "'Personally appeared before me, a judge of the Republican primary elec-tion of the township or ward of _____, who, being duly affirmed, or sworn, ac-cording to law, doth depose and say that he voted the Republican ticket at the last general election as required by the rules of the Republican party. "'Affirmed, or sworn, before me this

"'Afirmed, or sworn, before me this 3d day of June, A. D. 1899.

the other election papers and blank, and which he understood to be in com-pliance with the requirements of that portion of rule 3 of the rules of the Republican party of Chester county, that reads as follows: On Saturday next before the time of holding the nominating convention, the Republi-cans of the different boroughs, wards, precincts, townships or election dis-tricts, who, if challenged, will make a declaration to support the party and an affidavit that they voted the Repub-lican idea at the usual places of holding delegate election * * and elect by ballot the delegates or delegates to represent them in sold nominating convention.""The plaintif refusing to make the

ciples. Even some of the most ardent advocipies. Even some of the most ardent advo-cates of fusion at this time, when put to a test, admit that they would not be identified with the Democratic party under any circumstances. They are, however, in opposing regular Republi-can candidates for the legislature giv-ing the most valuable assistance pos-sible to the Democratic machine in this state. It is hardly possible that Penn-sylvania can become one of the doubt-ful states in the approaching presi-dential campaign, but if there shall be a question of the Republicans contin-uing in control of congress, Pennsyl-vania and her delegation in the na-tional senate and house may be an important factor in deciding whether the next Republican administration shall be backed by a Republican con-gress.

And may of June, A. D. 189. ""_____, Judge of Election.'." "which had been furnished him with and which he understood to be in com-pliance with the requirements of that portion of rule 3 of the rules of the Republican party of Chester county, that reads as follows: 'On Saturday next before the time of holding the commoning convention, the Republican ticket at the last general section, shall assemble at the usual places of holding delegate election * * and elect by ballot the delegates or delegates to represent them in seld nominating convention.' "The plaintiff refusing to make the

2 pounds of Rio Coffee for 25c. 8 bars of Lenox Soap for 25c. No. 1 mackerel per pound 8c. Best Sugar Coated Hams @11c per lb. Buckwheat Flour 25 pound sack 45c. Buckwheat Flour 100 pounds, \$1.80. Yellow Corn per 100 pounds 90c. Corn Meal or Cracked Corn 90c. Corn, Oats and Barley Chop 90c. Wheat Bran 200 pounds \$1.50. Flour middlings, 140 pound sack \$1.40. Fine middlings 200 pounds \$1.60.

7:04 a. m. For Wilkesbarre and intermediate sta

SONESTOWN, PA.

Flour Feed and Groceries

131 pounds of pure Lard for \$1.00

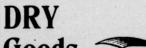
T. ARMSTRONG,

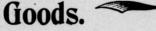
Flour per sack \$1.00. Winter Roller per sack \$1.00. Good Flour 90c. Rye Flour 25 pounds, 50c.

Graham Flour 121 pounds 30c. Common Fine Salt per barrel \$1.20.

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LADIES' MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S SPECIAL BARGAINS

Ladies' fine lace shoes \$1.00 to 3.50. Ladies' fine button shoes 85c to 3.00. tan and black 50c to 2.00. Child soft soles 15c to 50c Child shoes 8 to 8, 85c to 75c. Childs tan and black 81 to 11, 75c to 1.15. Misses tan and black 12 to 2, 85c to 1.50.

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