"Proof of the Pudding Is in the Eating.

It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story. Thousands o, people give the proof by telling of remarkable cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla of Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Rheumatism, and all blood diseases and debility.



The Work of the Car Inspector It is interesting to watch the trained car inspector examining a long freight train which has rolled into the yards. He moves along the side of the cars and notes all the wheels, brake beams, bolsters, rods, etc. He uses no ham-mer, but has his eyes open for defects. He will stop suddenly, look carefully at a wheel and follow the faint lines a crack running, perhaps, from the nge to the centre. Such a wheel is flange to the centre. condemned at once and the car is shunted off until a new pair of wheels can be placed under it. If there is a flat place on a wheel which measures flat place on a wheel which measures more than two and a half inches across, that wheel must go, too. Then there may te a sharp flange, and that must be looked after. A coupling may have faults. A brake rigging may have given out, and all these things the inspector must note. He must be an honest man, as thousands of dollars' worth of prop-erty and many lives might be sacri-

erty and many lives might be sacri-ficed in case he neglected something. Box-cars doors he looks at carefully. Box-cars doors he looks at carefully. They are dangerous things if they are loose. Many an engineer or fireman has met his doom by having the cab strike a loose car door. It may be hanging in place in the yard, but when it reaches a point where a strong wind catches it, out it goes, and the passing train strikes it. In such cases there is a shower of splinters, a horeken cab, and it is lucky indeed. broken cab, and it is lucky, indeed, if there is no one killed. Engineers have a dread of loose doors, and are have a dread of loose doors, and are always glad when a freight train is past them when they are running at full speed. Another thing the in-spector must watch is the hopper-bottom dump car. If the fastening gets loose and lets a load of ore or limestone down on the track while the train is in motion it means a bad wreck

Taking all things into consideration. the car inspector is a very important man in the railway service, and effi-niency on his part comes only from long experience and careful training. -Pittsburg Post.

Superficial Indications.

"You can't judge a man by his neckties," remarked Mr. Blykins. "When you see a man with great big thecks in front of his shirt bosom and wild colors breaking out all over bis costume, you regard him as a lashing sort of personage, qualified to mow his way through the metropolis and bend every obstacle before his iron will." "Yes," said his wife. "One would neaturally think so "

naturally think so.'

naturally think so." "Well, don't you think anything of the kind. The chances are that his wife buys those clothes and makes him wear 'em."—Washington Star.

Hawaii is said to have more telephones in use in proportion to the population than any other locality in the world.



Vigor for five years and am greatly pleased with it. It certainly restores the original color to gray hair. It keeps my hair soft and smooth. It guickly cured me of some kind of humor of the scalp. My mother used your Hair Vigor for some twenty years and liked it very much. -Mrs. Helen Kilkenny, New Portland, Me., Jan. 4. '99. Used Twenty Years

FOR WOMAN'S BENEFIT.

How Mrs. Dewey Returns Calls,

How Mrs. Devey hearns that the wife of Admiral Dewey has raised another social tempest in Washington by announcing that she will be anable to return calls except by card. Before her marriage Mrs. Dewey's visiting list was comparatively short, but when she became the wife of the but when she became the wife of the nero of Manila and the admiral of the navy she was naturally the object of articular interest and there was a long string of carriages in front of her who expected that she would recip-rocate their attentions. Now, when they are informed that she does not mend to take the trouble to visit them ntend to take the trouble to visit them in person, but merely send a card by the hands of her footman or through the postoffice, they are inclined to say saucy things.

Hats of Moleskin.

More lace than ombroidery is being ased by the best dressmakers, and abed by the best dissinates, and more new furs are being used for mil-linery and trimmings. Moleskin looks very smart made into a toque, and in Paris chamois skins are used exten-sively for the same purpose. Kid-and doeskin, of course, have been in use orms time. Some of the new millinery some time. Some of the new millinery flowers are enormous, gigantic roses, nade of crers and silk, big tiger ilies, orchids, pansies, and even im-nense silk and velvet morning glories in the most exquisite colors are worn on evening bonnets. One of these new moleskin toques is lightly draped One of these with tulle of the same shade, and raised high on one side are three water lilies in tints of cream and faint cose color. A chinchilla toque is tucked up on one side by a knot of emerald velvet, and is adorned with vig roses in black, white and pale blue gauze. One of the very new soft felt hats, pastel blue, falls into the most graceful of curves, and is trimmed with arge velvet roses in shades of blue and pale green, and placed among them is a soft chon of gray satin.

Lady Salisbury's Dowdy Gowns.

A beautiful woman in her younger lays, of that blonde, stately type of comliness so frequently to be met with in England, Lady Salisbury retained even to the last traces of her former good looks. She never, however, gave much attention either to dress or to consideration of feminine elegance. Indeed, she was perhaps in her attire one of the most dowdy women in Lonion, and when Lord and Lady Salis bury were contemptuously turned away from the doors of the Casino at Way from the doors of the Carlo by the gatekeepers, who took exception to the more than shabby attire of the party, it was not alone in consequence of the shocking hat of the British premier, but also by reason of the odd ent and color of the desse of the marghionass and tha the dress of the marchioness and the linginess of her bonnet and extraordinary blue veil.

Lady Salisbury's gowns during the tast twenty years of her life were al-ways of a sort of dark blue cloth, which were neither a credit to her dressmaker nor to her maid, and which conveyed to the public the impression that she had but one single dress.

Colonel Nellie Irene Eldridge.

It is not an unusual thing for the wives and sisters of crowned heads to hold honorary commands as colonels with the privilege of wearing the uni-form and insignia of rauk, but it is an unusual thing for an American girl to have that honor. Miss Nellie Irene Eldridge, colonel and daughter of the Missouri department of the Grand Army of the Republic, takes great

Army of the Republic, takes great pride in the title. She is also the only duly chosen and recognized daughter of the Grand Army of the Republic, department of Missouri. Colonel Eldridge is a pretty girl with an oral face, regular features, a delicate, peachy complexion, large, clear blue eyes and a luxuriant mass of chestnut brown hair. She is of medium height and has a good fig-nre, which her natty military uniform sets off to advantage. She is pleasant to talk to, and knows as much about to talk to, and knows as much about officers. Her ability to drill a body of soldiers has made her most popular. She is daughter of Major J. W. Eldridge, prominent in Missouri. She was born in Huntsville, Ala., on July 24, 1878, but has lived for the last ten years in Springfield, Mo., where her connection with the Grand Army of the Republic began. It was at the suggestion of J. P. Tracy, congress-man from the Seventh district of Missouri, that she was made colonel.

and bright dark violet velvet, the up-per side of the brim and the side of the crown are covered with the form er, and the top of the crown with the latter, while the brim is lined with folds of the same coming over the edge. The hat is turned up in the same way as the preceding, the brim fastened to the crown by a large bunch of pale Nice violets. These flowers have come in early this season; prefer-ence is given to the lilac varieties, and they are being ordered largely, both double sud simple double and single.

The Modern Troussear

The day when a bridal outfit meant dozens of each article of clothing a dozens of each article of clothing a woman wears belongs to the past. The keynote of the modern trousseau is common sense. The girl of today considers what her future life is to be and prepares for it as well as her means will allow, but without any of the excess which once was apparent in every outfit of the sort. A wedding gown that can be made to serve for evening wear, one of less costly maevening wear, one of less costly ma-terial and darker in colors for dinners and the like, a tailored gown of hand-some broadcloth, a simple one of cheviot for traveling and later morning and shopping use, two pretty af-ternoon gowns and two for mornings, with a half dozen odd waists, means not sufficiency alone, but ample and even elegant provision, while the list can be further curtailed if need be.

can be further curtailed if need be. Underwear need never mean more than a half dozen sets, and can easily be kept from extravagance if the work be done by the girl herself. Dainty finish and fine material there should always be, but handsome tucks make the most elegant of all trimmings, and there is no need of costly edges if frills be made of fine nainsook rolled and whipped on by hand.

and whipped on by hand. Cheap display is always vulgar. Ex-cessive elaboration on machine-made correct the material should be nain-sook of fine English longcloth, and all sewing except the seams should be done by hand, but there is no law de-manding fine late and the like. Valen-ciences advings and fine neadlework ciennes edgings and fine needlework frills are attractive and desirable be-yond a doubt, but they should be a second rather than a first considera-tion, the all important place being being given to material and workmanship. --Modes.

Growing Old With Grace

Growing Old With Grace. In society the old lady is beginning to die out. I said beginning, for happily there are still some charming old ladies to be met with, sensible, snow haired kindly people, who are respected and petted by the young, admired and reverenced by their con-temporating. But they are becoming temporaries. But they are becoming fewer and fewer. Old old ladies are often delightful; young old ladies are

nearly always, saddening, frightful, deplorable. To grow old nicely is a great art, and old people are mistaken in imag-ning that they must necessarily be bores to the young, though some eld-erly people are certainly trying; the old geutleman, for instance, who coughs despairingly, not because he has a cough, but because he has known life and found it hollow; the old lady who perpetually shakes her head, not by reason of an attack of the palsy, but to proclaim an abiding sense of the wickedness of the budding world.

There are other specimens of old age that might be mentioned with reasonable disapproval. Int pleasant old age, ripeness, mellowness, fulness old age, ripeness, mellowness, fulness of knowledge, white haired sense comtined with white haired tolerance, strong-hearted faith—how good it all is! Old age reads aloud to us the fascinating pages of the book of ex-perience. Yet nowadays the old lady whom we can all love and admire seems dying ont, and her place is taken by another who goes about with a waist of sixteen, hair of twenty-five, and eyes and mouth of between sixty and seventy. Age can rarely be hid aland eyes and month of between sixty and seventy. Age can rarely be hid al-together. It will peep out some-where. where.

Even if you can train "our eves-Even if you can train your eyes—a difficult task—your hands will betray you. If you can school your limbs, strap in you waist, be wig your head and paint your lips, yet your voice will tell the secret. The crowsfeet will come and the wrinkles round the month and the furyants in the form mouth and the furrows in the fore-head. And why should we be afraid

PLANTS THAT SHOOT BULLETS. Mimic Enttles Often Take Place Between Wistaria Vines.

Many common garden plants shoot bullets; not as big nor as hard as those shot from a gan, but they go quite as (ar and are as effective proportionately. If the plants which shoot them were big the plants which shoot them were as big as a gun, these vegetable bul-lets might do great damage. As it is, battles take place between plants, dur-ing which the bombardments are fierce enough while they last. The common wistaria has been known to shoot a bullet over 50 feet.

bullet over 50 feet. This curions property is the result of nature's effort to scatter the seeds as far as possible. Many plants have seed pods which are held, so to speak, in a state of tension. As the plant grows its fibres become stretched, until when the seeds are fully develoyed grows its fibres become stretched, until when the seeds are fully developed the 1...ining capsule bursts open vio-lently, and the seeds literally are hurled in every direction. The wis-taria has seeds which in size and shape are much like a pistol bullet, and as the plant loves to grow on hill-sides and on eminences, the distance these vegetable bullets travel before touching the ground is very great. these vegetable bullets travel before tonching the ground is very great. When the number of plants is large, and they all shoot off together, a mimic battle takes place which must be alarming indeed to the small anumals in the neighborhood. One can imag-ine the consternation of the squirrels and the birds during the t me when the black pods are flying. If one of chese bullets were to hit a bird in a cital part it would undoubtedly injure vital part it would undoubtedly injure it. The wild geranium is another plant that huils its seeds in all direc-

tions. The story is told of an invalid who had placed some wistaria plants on a mantel near her bed and forgot them. some time afterward, when she lay sick in bed, her family heard her scream out, and rushed into the room to find her in a nervous, frightened con dition, exclaiming that a bullet had been shot into the room. She was soothed and quieted by assurances that such a thing was impossible. But later in the day she cried out again, this time insisting that a bullet had struck the window pane and had come across the room. Sure enough, the "hullet" was found at the foot of the "kullet" was found at the foot of the bed. When examined it turned out to be a wistaria pod. Then she re-membered the plant on the mantel. They had ripened and shot their seeds. One had gone across the room, struck the window pane and bounded bick to the bed. The dis-tance as measured was 30 feet. — Pitts-burg Leader. burg Leader.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

It is estimated that the earth re ceives not more than one-thousand millionth part of the total radiation of the sun's rays. If any considerable portion of this heat were concentrated upon the earth it would not only become uninhabitable, but become speedily consumed.

It has been found that an appara-tus for killing animals with chloro-form in England would not work in India, because the high temperature prevented the concentration of the chloroform vapor. That this was the cause was proved by the fact that by placing ice in the box the animals were readily killed.

Recent studies of the Kaders, a race of short, dark-skinned, curly-haired natives living in the Anamalai hills of southern India, show that they pos-sess a remarkable custom not else-where known in India, viz., the sharp-ening of the incisor teeth. This they accomplish by chipping the teeth to a point, giving them the form of cones.

Lyddite, the high explosive which Lyddite, the high explosive which plays quite in important part in mod-can artilllerv practice, is so named on account of the experiments produc-ing it being first made at Lydd, in Kent, England. There is considera-ble secrecy observed in its manufac-ture, but it is known to be practically the same as mellinite consite and the same as melinite, ecrasite, and other high explosives. Its base is picric acid, which is brought into a dense state by fusion, but when fired it burns violently, and consequently explodes with great force. Picric acid is also used in dyeing processes, as i produces beautiful yellow dyes.



IVORY SOAP PASTE.

In fifteen minutes, with only a cake of Ivory Soap and water, you can make a better cleansing paste than you can buy.

Ivory Soap Paste will take spots from clothing; and will clean carpets, rugs, kid gloves, slippers, patent, enamel, russet leather and canvas shoes, leather belts, painted wood-work and furniture. The special value of Ivory Soap in this form arises from the fact that it can be used with a damp sponge or cloth to cleanse many articles that cannot be washed because they will not stand the free application of water.

DIRECTIONS FOR MAKING.—To one pint of boiling water add one and one-half ounces (one-quarter of the small size cake) of lovry Soap cut into shavings, boil five minutes after the soap is thoroughly dissolved. Remove from the fire and cool in convenient dishes (not tin). It will keep well in an air-tight glass jar.

A Ridiculous Shipwreck

The shipping community of King-stcn is divided between amusement and disgust over a shipwreck which has just happened here. A few days ago an Italian brig named the Fabio, ago an item done to Pensacola, ran aground on the Palisadoes, the narrow sand spit which forms the breakwater sand spit which forms the break which of Kingston harbor. The weather was perfectly calm at the time. The ves-sel drifted aground for lack of wind a few minutes after the anchor had been weighed, with the object of making Kingston harbor. The Italian captain and his crew

made absolutely no effort to save the ship, though the sea was as calm as a ship, though the sea was as call as a mill pond, and by heaving on a kedge anchor they could have lifted her off the reef. They at once deserted the ship, rowing ashore with the Jamaican with the more observed. The vassel is pilot, who was aboard. The vessel is now a total wreck, but the crew are enjoying a fine holiday in Kingston, quite happy in the conviction that they did enough for honor.-Jamaica Correspondence Chicago Record.

Little King's Pocket Money

Five thousand dollars is the sum allotted to the young King of Spain as pocket money every year. The an pocket money every year. The youthful monarch, however, has to pay various subscriptions to charities out of this amount, as well as to de-fray the maintenance of several or-phans for which he is personally re-sponsible, so that he has but little left for his private use.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O! Ask your grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. Children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but is made from pure grains; the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. it he price of coffee. If Sc. and 25c. per package. Sold by all grocers.

The royal deer park at Copenhagen, Denmark, covers 4200 acres.

Denmark, covers 4200 acres. STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, [ss. LUCAS COUNTY, FRANK J. CHEREY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm off J. CHENEY & Co., doing businessi, hand that said firm will pay and State afores introduction of Toledo, County and State afores introduction of the sum and end by the use of HALL'S CATARNH CURE. Curred by the use of HALL'S CATARNH CURE. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my (SEAL A. D. 1886, A. W. GLEASON, Natary Public, Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blod and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's family Fills are the best. England's annual exportation of drugs

England's annual exportation of drugs

Balloons in Warfare

Preparations for war in South Africa Preparations for war in South Africa include the provision of several cap-tive balloons, and the apparatus wherewith to make hydrogen gas to fill them. Each balloon is furnished with eight photographic cameras, pointing in different directions, so that when the pictures are developed and pieced together, the General in command will have at hts disposal a complete renormany of the country in command will have at his disposal a complete panorama of the country in which he is operating." This is ex-pected to be of special value in South Africa, where bush and hills hide much from the observer on terra firma, and where ambuscade and guerilla tactics are the recognized forms of warfare. Military ballooning may be said to be on its trial in the forms of warrare. Mintary balaboling may be said to be on its trial in the Transvaal; and it is a matter for re-gret that it is a system which so much depends for its success on the caprices of the weather.--Chambers's.



LIVER ILLS.

LIVER ILLS. Dear Sirs-I have been sick for nearly two years, and have been doctoring with United States. I have been builts in and driking hot water at the Hot Springs, Ark, but it seemed everything failed to drik to up to the wood of the service of the to up to the two boxes; been taking in and the two boxes; been taking two at bedtime and one after breakfast, and they have done me more good than anything else I have used. My trouble has been with the liver. My skin and eyes were all yellow; I had sleepy, drowsy feelings; fell have, it had sleepy, drowsy feelings; fell have, it had sleepy, drowsy feelings; fell have, it has settle heavy on my stomach, My bowels were very costive. My mouth and tongue sore most of the stomach. My bowels were very costive. My mouth and tongue sore most of the time, heave sittle heavy on my stomach, and some few mouthfuls of food come up adjust i could only eat light food that adjust asality. Please send "Book of Ad-vice." Respectively. Broxy Eventors. RADWAY'S

Price, 25c. a Box. Soll by Druggists or sent by all. Send to DR. RADWAY & CO., 55 Elm treet. New York, for Book of Advice.

FOR 14 CENTS

PILLS

We do not know of any other hair preparation that has been used in one family for twenty years, do you?

But Ayer's Hair Vigor has been restoring color to gray hair for fifty years, and it never fails to do this work, either. You can rely upon it for stopping your hair from falling out, for keeping your scalp clean and healthy, and for making the hair grow rich and long. tle. All druggists. \$1.00 a bot

Write the Doctor If you do not obtain all the benefits you estre from the use of the Vigor, write ae Doctor about it. Address, Dr. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass. New Winter Models.

New Winter Models. Some few new models have ap-peared with frillings of ribbon. Quite light colors are chosen, with little headings of black, the ribbon being of the special kind that can be drawn up by a thread interwoven in one of its edges. A capeline form, drooping on the right and slightly lifted on the left, is covered with a frilling of white ribbon headed with black, laid on in a spiral form, the edge of the brim to ribbon headed with black, laid on in a spiral form, the edge of the brim to the centre of the crown. The brim is lined with black velvet, and two half amazons are attached at the side. Un-derneath is a buuch of crimson roses, says the Millinery Trade Review. A taste for shaded velvet has been re-vived, and also for combinations of two shades in the covering of a hat. Velvet shaded from deep pink to amaranthe is used for a new model, the brim of which is folded back, its border standing up at right angles

border standing up at right angles against the crown. Two jet brooches against the crown. Two jet brooches in the form of buckles are inserted so as to keep it in this position and be-tween the edge of the brim and the crown are fastened three black ostrich tips. And for another, mauve of them. -- Woman.

Fashion's Fads and Fancies Fob chains for fans are among the novelties.

Pineapple silk handkerchiefs with embroidered edges are sheer and pretty.

One-buttoned castor gloves are modish for street wear with cloth walking costumes.

Butterfly ornaments for the coiffure are of chiffon or net spangled in gold, silver and gay colors.

Camel's hair cloth, very soft and fleecy, 1s one of the dress materials much liked for morning wear. very

New satin matelasse gowns show opal and moonlight effects in faintest sea-g:een, tea-rose pink and silver gray

Gourrha aigrettes, which resemble a bunch of daisies blown by the wind, are one of the fashionable hat trimmings.

Winter sky is the last departure in fashionable grey-blue shades. Vichy is a soft water-blue, and marquise and cocoa are favored shades in brown. Vichy

Gold beads are often employed in the afternoon hats. A stylish turban has a brinn of shirred grey velvet, with white satin crown, daintily embroid-ered with gold beads.

Some of the newest 1 ng coats of light fawn cloth are made with a deep-shaped flounce which rests on the floor all sround, and is entirely cov-ered with runs of stitching.

M. P. Gauchery has made an ex-haustive study of the phenomenon of "manism" in the vegetable kingdom. His general conclusion is that the peculiarities which distinguish the ex-ternal form and the internal structure of plants are, like other charac-ters, largely dependent on the envi-ronment, and are displayed more strongly in the vegetative than in the reproductive organs. A dwarf plant is not a miniature of the species with all its organs developed in the same proportion as they are in a plant of normal size.

M. Henri Moissan has recently devised a new process for the produc-tion of ozone, which he has described in a communication to the Paris Acad In a communication to the ratis Acad emy of Sciences. It consists of the decomposition of water by fluorine, and the operation takes place when the water is at the freezing point and has fluorine passed into it rapidly. The oxygen is set free and when analy-red is found to contain a parcentar zed is found to contain a percentage of ozone which in some experiments was as much as 14 per cent. The ozone thus produced is said to be practically pure, and there is a possi-bility that the new process will be available on a commercial scale.

A Prospect Eliminated. "Our new clergyman is a bachelor, but he looks so melancholy." "What a shame! It's clear he's en-gaged already."—Chicago Record

New Route to Pinehurst, N. C.

New Route to Pinchurst, N. C. The Southern Railway annohuncing effec-tive January 1st, 1900, through service will be inaugurated between the East and Pinchurst, N. C., via High Point, N. C. Connections will be made from New York on the Washington & Southwestern Limited, leaving New York daily, at 4.25 p. m., arriving Voring New York daily, at 4.25 p. m., arriving October Following morning and High Point connecting ween New York and Dining Car Service be-tween New York and High Point connecting with elegant thorough fare coach for Pinc-hurst. Full particulars of Alex. S. Thewest, Eastern Pass. Agt., 371 Broadway, New York.

A storm moves at the rate of thirty-six les per hour.

VITALITY low, debilitated or exhausted cured by Dr. Kline's Invigorating Tonic. FRE: §1 trial bottle for 2 werks' treatment. Dr. Kline, Ld., §31 Arch St., Philadelphia. Founded 1871.

The daily medical inspection of school children has been adopted in Philadelphia.

After six years' suffering I was cured by Pi so's Cure.-MARY THOMSON, 20% Ohio Ave. Alleghany, Pa., March 19, 1894.

New Brunswick has about 7,000,000 acre of crown land.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for ohildren teething, softens the gums, reduces inflamma tion, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c.s bottle

Fourteen towns and cities in Massachusetts have sewage filtration plants. POTATOES 1.20 AMPLEN CLOVER



