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Business Cards.

SONESTOWN FLAGGING Company,

Chas. F. Billamboz, Agents.
D. H. Lorah,
SONESTOWN PA.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF DUSHORE, PENNA.
CAPITAL \$50,000.
SURPLUS \$10,000.

Does a General Banking Business.
R. W. JENNINGS, President.
M. D. SWARTS, Cashier.

LAPORTE LIVERY AND BOARDING STABLES.

Connected with the Commercial Hotel. First-class Horses and Carriages.
Rates reasonable.

T. E. KENNEDY Prop.

HOTEL MAINE
THOS. W. BEAHEN, Prop.
LAPORTE, PA.

This new hotel has been recently opened, newly furnished throughout and will be run for the special accommodation of the traveling public. The best stocked bar in the county. Rates are low.

COMMERCIAL HOUSE.
THOS. E. KENNEDY, Prop.
LAPORTE, PA.

This large and well appointed house is the most popular hostelry in this section.

HOTEL PORTER.
Canton Street,
SHUNK, PA.
W. E. PORTER, Prop'r.

CARROLL HOUSE,
D. KEEFE, Proprietor.
DUSHORE, PA.

One of the largest and best equipped hotels in this section of the state. Table of the best. Rates 1.00 dollar per day. Large stables.

Professional Cards.

T. J. & F. H. INGHAM,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Legal business attended to in this and adjoining counties.
LAPORTE, PA.

E. J. MULLEN,
Attorney-at-Law.
LAPORTE, PA.
Office over T. J. Keeler's store.

J. H. CRONIN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
OFFICE ON MAIN STREET.
DUSHORE, PA.

WM P. SHOEMAKER,
Attorney at Law.
Office in County Building.
LAPORTE, PA.

Collections, conveyancing, the settlement of estates and other legal business will receive prompt attention.

A. J. BRADLEY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
OFFICE IN COUNTY BUILDING
NEAR COURT HOUSE.
LAPORTE, PA.

Ellory P. Ingham. Harvey K. Newitt.
INGHAM & NEWITT,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
OFFICES 714-17 FRANKLIN BUILDING.
133 So. 12th Street Philadelphia.
Having retired from the office of United States Attorney and Assistant United States Attorney, will continue the general practice of law in the United States courts, and all the courts of the city and County of Philadelphia.

BLACKSMITH AND WAGON SHOP
Just opened at the Laporte Tannery.
Custom work solicited. All work guaranteed.
O. W. BENNETT, Prop.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Everybody Says So.
Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

We have been
Cleaning House

For some time, but we are through at last. We are all fixed up in apple pie order for the

Spring Trade

with the largest and best stock of goods we have ever had.

Something for Everybody, come and look us over before purchasing. We think we can please the most critical buyer in Sullivan county.

Respectfully Yours,

RETTENBURY,

DUSHORE, PA. **THE JEWELER.**

Coles . . . FOR A GENERAL Hardware LINE OF HARDWARE PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES and GLASS.

SPECIAL inducements given on
STOVES and RANGES
and all kinds of HEATING STOVES

for Wood or Coal, suitable for parlors, halls, churches, school houses, camps, etc. Attention to a line of Cheap air-tight wood heaters from \$3.00 to \$10.00. Also a line of coal heaters from \$2.50 up to \$35.00.

My Special Bargain Sale is open on a line of heaters slightly damaged by water. Good as new, but they must be sold CHEAP. If in need of a cheap heater, call early.

My "Dockash" Ranges are without a question the finest in the market, made up of the best material and designed to be a handsome Range. Furnaces always the best on the market. In fact we are ready to heat the universe either in hot water, steam or air. Try us, we guarantee satisfaction.

STOV REPAIRS AND REPAIRING.
PLUMBING, STEAM FITTING AND SUPPLIES.
MILL SUPPLIES.

Coles Hardware,
DUSHORE, PA.

SUMMER NECESSITIES.

Screen Doors

Ready to hang 75c 1.00 1.25
Window Screens 15c. 25c. 35c.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS

Best Make 1.90 up to 6.75.

HAMMOCKS

50c up to 3.75.

FISHING TACKEL. Great variety. Cloth Baskets, 50c and up. Can't be beat for the same money.

Western Washers 3.50. Clothes wringers 1.50 and up. White enameled, all iron beds 4.50 up to 9.00. Bed springs, woven wire, 1.75 up to 3.00 to suit. Couches and lounges 4.75 to 15.00. Baby carriages, 4.50 up to 15.00. All goods delivered to your R.R. station.

Jeremiah Kelly,
HUGHESVILLE.

FLINN'S CHICKENS HOME TO ROOST.

A Fake Reformer Now Gets a Dose of the Real Thing in Allegheny.

SHAM OF ANTI-QUAY FIGHT EXPOSED.

Independent Citizens of Allegheny County Take Flinn at His Word and Start to Reform the Local Political Machine.

(Special Correspondence.)
Harrisburg, Aug. 1.—William Flinn, who has been termed the Aguinaldo of the Republican insurgent movement against the leaders of the regular Republican organization in Pennsylvania, will be back from Europe within a few days. Since Flinn, through his big municipal contracts, like Martin in Philadelphia, became numbered among the millionaires, he has aspired to social prominence, and recognizing that "the polite thing to do" was to take a run to Paris in the early summer, he set sail in the latter part of June, joining "society's" annual pilgrimage to fashion's capital on the continent. Flinn will find unexpected trouble on his hands when he gets back.

REVOLT AGAINST FLINNISM.
A revolt has been organized against his dictatorial and domineering leadership of the Republican organization in Allegheny county, and the public abuses that have grown up there since he has been in control of the local machine. The people of Allegheny have actually taken seriously Flinn's declarations for reform in his insurgent campaign throughout the state—that is, everywhere but in his home county. They have been looking into matters in Allegheny and find that Flinn's preachings away from home are not in harmony with the practices that prevail right where he lives.

FLINN'S TROUBLES BEGIN.
But in Allegheny county Flinn will find his most serious trouble. A body of citizens styling themselves "Independent Republicans" have just launched a complete ticket for county officers to be voted for at the coming election, and which will be pitted against the nominees that Flinn and his followers will select. The independents have selected prominent men for the several positions from sheriff down to commissioner, and they declare they are in for a fight to a finish. The Philadelphia Press, which has been the principal organ of the Flinn-Martin insurgents in the campaign against the leaders of the regular Republican organization in the state outside of Allegheny, in a dispatch from Pittsburgh on Sunday last innocently said:

"A revolt of independent Republicans of Allegheny county, which has been talked of for some time, crystallized tonight, when the committee of twenty-five announced an independent county ticket, which will be placed in nomination for the fall election. In some respects the movement is unique, as it has no affiliation with the old Quavite 'reform' organization in Allegheny county. The nomination of the independent ticket is directed generally against machine rule as exemplified in the county organization. The ticket was selected by a committee of twenty-five, and will be placed before a town meeting later in the campaign.

"The ticket is composed of lifelong Republicans, who will stand on a platform denouncing the evils of the machine without regard to faction. The platform denounces the extravagant increase in public salaries, the multiplication of offices, the dictation of slates by one man, permitting no contest at the primaries; the control and manipulation of the county school system by politicians; the building of county roads at double and treble the amount for which they could be constructed also comes in for severe censure. The enormous bond issues in the city of Pittsburgh and the system of rotation in office in vogue in this county are also the subject of protest. The ratification meeting is to be held next September.

"When Flinn gets back he will probably demand the head of the editor who allowed the above statement of fact to creep into print in one of his personal organs.

"The insurgent boss will also realize the truth of the old saying that 'Chickens will come home to roost.'

"While the insurgents are having their troubles the victories of the stalwart Republicans continue to follow each other with unceasing regularity. In two counties Republican primary elections were held on Saturday last, and in both of them the regulars carried everything before them. Dauphin will send a full delegation to the state

TO PREVENT DEADLOCKS.

Pennsylvanians are naturally interested in the announcement that Senator Stewart, of Nevada, in order to obviate the apparent necessity of an amendment to the constitution to insure at all times a full representation of states in the United States senate, at the next session of congress will offer relief by legislation which, the senator says, may prove satisfactory. He proposes that the following paragraph be added to the end of section 15, title 2, chapter 1, of the Revised Statutes:

"If on the third Tuesday after the organization of the legislature no person has received such majority, then on that day, or any succeeding day, the person receiving a plurality of the votes cast, a majority of all the members elected to both houses being present and voting, shall be declared elected."

This, he believes, will meet the necessities of the case and insure the election of a United States senator in every state at the time specified by law.

In commenting upon this proposition former Republican State Chairman Thomas V. Cooper says:

"The law regulating the election of United States senators, passed by congress in 1866, should be modified as to enable a plurality to elect, the same as members of the lower house and all other officers are chosen. This should be done, and done so quickly after the meeting of congress in December that it will practically settle the four contested cases of Pennsylvania, California, Utah and Delaware. If done, it will kill at least four factions in as many states, and it will check the growth of factions and of third parties. Now, under the law requiring a majority of all voting to elect, a third party or faction can deadlock any legislature, to the great cost of the people and the great injury of the general government. Who cannot readily conceive the death of one of the great coordinate branches of our government by deadlocking the legislatures of one-fourth to one-third of our states, thus making from 15 to 20 vacancies in the senate—a greater number of vacancies than there is party majority. What is the result of this—a deadlock in the senate, with ability in the minority to wreck the government by a refusal to vote.

"The present law is not republican in form, for it defeats the majority. It is dangerous in character, for it divides states and cripples their legislation. It is doubly dangerous, for it carries division and disruption to our highest legislative body, and thus threatens our general government. Judge Hoar was right when he denounced it as iniquitous, and now that its results are seen in vacant seats and states without representation, the very first act of the next congress should be to repeal it."

PROSPERITY FOLLOWS REPUBLICAN RULE.

Pennsylvania Is Probably the Most Benefited Through Her Industries.

BRYANISM HAS AN UPHILL FIGHT

Wages Have Been Increased and the Outlook For Even Better Times With McKinley's Re-election Is Bright.

(Special Correspondence.)

Philadelphia, Aug. 1.—Additional evidence comes daily of the increased prosperity that has followed the return of the Republican party to the control of the national government and the prospects for the future in all lines of industry and for the farmers, with new and profitable markets for his products, are most gratifying. Here in Pennsylvania, probably more than in any other state in the Union, have the beneficial effects of the success of the Republican party in the last national campaign been apparent. With McKinley's re-election certain, continued good times are assured.

There has not been developed a wonderful extent. Labor is employed at big advances in wages in many instances, and the outlook for a general advance all along the line is most encouraging. **WHERE PENNSYLVANIA FIGURES.**
The Keystone state has figured to a profitable degree in the increase in exports of manufactures during the last fiscal year. The chief of the bureau of statistics at Washington, by his report just issued, shows that the total exports for this class of products for the year were valued at \$338,667,794. The total is nearly \$48,000,000, or 16 per cent, in excess of that of the preceding year, and is over double the value of the exports of manufactures in 1891.

"In order to appreciate the increased share which manufactures are taking in the total volume of our exports," says Bradstreet's, "it will be of service to recall the fact that while in 1881 they formed only 12.48 per cent of the total, in the year 1896 they had risen to 24.02 per cent, and in the fiscal year 1899 the proportion was increased to 28.15 per cent."

LOCOMOTIVES FOR ENGLAND.

The ability of manufacturers of the United States to compete with success in the markets of the world rests no longer upon conjecture. The fact that the Baldwin locomotive works of this city are just completing an order of locomotives for English railways, gotten in competitive bidding with Great Britain's greatest plants, is but one of the signs of the times.

Everywhere throughout the state the furnaces are being lighted in iron and steel plants that have been closed for several years.

RAW MATERIAL SCARCE.

In many cases it is difficult to get raw material to supply the demand. In the Lebanon, Schuylkill and Lehigh valleys there are some small iron mills which are virtually living from hand to mouth. That is, they have no con-

tracts for a regular supply with the furnaces and the demand by telegraph and telephone upon the latter is frequent to "help them out," and often shipments of a few cars, 50 to 100 tons, are made to these plants. In this matter of keeping the small mills going the furnaces have nobly co-operated, and the managers say that they believe that they can keep them going, provided the pressure for pig iron from other sources does not become too hard. These small mills have no "pig" on hand, and they are getting it wherever they can and consuming it at once.

"The large concerns are in a much better condition. For instance, the Reading Iron company employs 2,000 hands in its various mills, which turn out the finished product. The company operates furnaces by lease and ownership, and these turn out considerable of the iron they consume. The same is true of half a dozen large corporations in eastern Pennsylvania. The furnaces which are working on orders have demands for twenty times their product every day, and they are doing their best to distribute it to the best advantage among the small mills. If their regular orders will allow. The acceptance by any of the furnaces of this district for an order of 1,000 to 5,000 tons is simply out of the question. They will book it if desired, and promise to deliver any time eight to ten months from now. Better they cannot do. Pig iron in and about Reading has risen beyond the \$20 mark now, but an offer of \$50 a ton would not bring any more prompt delivery, as the market is congested with orders for many months ahead. When the iron business begins to lull about Sept. 1 the gravity of the situation will increase, and it is then that the small mills will be placed in an embarrassing position.

THINGS ON THE BOOM.

One of the latest contributions to the reports of prosperous conditions in different parts of the country is furnished in an interview with Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Vanderlip, who, as the result of an extended trip to the Pacific coast, reports that with few exceptions general business in all sections is in very good shape. The only serious complaint he met with was that made by bankers about large balances and low rates of interest. The crop situation, while not up to that of last year, is an excellent one, he says. The condition in the northwest is particularly good. Results from the Klondike trade are particularly favorable at Seattle, and the general estimate is for gold receipts of \$18,000,000 from this source. Mr. Vanderlip reports the entire Pacific coast is interested in the possibilities of trade with the far east; ships are loading with lumber at Puget sound ports for Manila, and some lumbermen have been examining into the question of developing the resources of the forests of the Philippines themselves. The waning of the silver sentiment in the west particularly struck Mr. Vanderlip, who reports a great interest being taken in the question of possible trust legislation.

PROFESSIONAL REFORMERS BUSY

The little coterie of professional reformers in this city who figure extensively in the newspapers, but make a small showing at the polls on election day, are keeping up a racket over Governor Stone's veto of the resolutions adopted by the last legislature to secure amendments to the constitution to provide for personal registration of voters and to make way for the use of the costly voting machines. The objectors to the governor's action were given a hearing at Harrisburg a few days ago. Secretary of the Commonwealth Grist had refused for what he regarded as good reasons to ignore the action of the governor and oblige the professional reformers and insert expensive advertisements in many newspapers throughout the state. Former Attorney General Hensel, of the Pattison administration, appeared as counsel for the secretary of the commonwealth and completely shattered the claims of the "reformers."

Mr. Hensel took strong grounds on the question of the right of the governor to pass on these amendments under the provisions of section 26, article 111, of the constitution, which require every order, resolution or veto requiring the concurrence of both houses to be presented to the governor for his approval or disapproval. He also raised another very interesting question, and that is that the legislature had failed to make any appropriation for the payment of the expenses incurred by the secretary of the commonwealth in making the publication. He cited these provisions of the constitution which forbid that any money shall be paid out of the state treasury without previous authority of law and without a specific appropriation having been made therefor. No appropriation was made to pay these expenses and there is no fund, general or special, from which the secretary of the commonwealth can draw the funds with which to pay the expenses of the proposed publication. The legal questions were gone into very fully, and the attorney general reserved his decision, promising to give an answer in a very few days.

Mr. Hensel made several center shots and argued ably against the suggestion that the legislature would take care of the expenses hereafter. It was shown that the secretary of the commonwealth would have to expend at least fifty or sixty thousand dollars for the advertising without any authority of law, and reference was made to the recent repudiation by the legislature of bills contracted in this way.