

HARD BLOW TO NATIVES.

General Luna's Death Said To Greatly Lessen the Hopes of Filipino Army.

A LOSS OF 25 PER CENT.

Former Aid on Aguinaldo's Staff Says the End of the Rebellion in the North is Near at Hand.

Fierce Outbursts of Temper Caused Luna to be Disliked—Many Hungry Natives Are Fed by the American Troops—General Otis Looks For More Hard Fighting.

Manila, June 20.—General Arevalo, a former aid on Aguinaldo's staff, in an interview, says that the death of Luna amounts to a loss of twenty-five per cent. of the Filipino army. He was the only general in the North, and his death, in General Arevalo's opinion, means the speedy extinction of the rebellion in that quarter.

A leading Filipino merchant says Gen. Luna was disliked by the army South for his fierce outbursts of temper and also as an avowed enemy of Aguinaldo and other Filipino generals. His death would make the unity of the Filipino army possible.

Many hungry Filipinos were fed at Paranaque and Las Pinas. The first issue of rations consisted of rice and canned roast beef. Some of the beef issued is said to have been in bad condition.

Otis Expects More Fighting.

Washington, June 20.—Reports received at the War Department from Gen. Otis indicate that considerable more fighting is to be expected in the Philippines before the natives will accept American terms of peace. Aguinaldo is ruling his followers with an iron hand. The enemy have shown a tenacity of purpose that has been surprising and they have persisted in fighting notwithstanding severe losses and disastrous repulses.

It is believed by War Department officers that the natives had mapped out a complete plan for a simultaneous attack on Manila and on the forces under Gen. MacArthur near San Fernando.

The advance of Gen. Lawton's forces upon them south of Manila was evidently unexpected and he not only defeated the insurgents with great loss but broke up their projected attack. The fight reported at San Fernando is believed to have been a part of this plan of Aguinaldo's to break through the American lines between San Fernando and Calumpit and advance upon Manila to aid in the attack on the city, which had been prearranged.

Now that the insurgents have been defeated at both ends of the line it is very probable that Aguinaldo will again withdraw toward Tarlac and there arrange some other movement. Meanwhile the American forces under Lawton and MacArthur are not expected to remain idle. It is thought by officers of the army that Gen. Otis will continue to advance on the enemy and not allow them to recover fully from their defeats of the last few days.

There is no fear that Gen. MacArthur will not be fully able to defend his position against the insurgents as he has a whole division under his command and will not only be able to repulse any attacks but will probably send a brigade of troops to pursue the Filipinos as far northward as possible.

It Was Known in Washington.

Washington, June 20.—The fact that looting has been going on in the Philippines has been known at the War Department for some time.

Several officers were court-martialed for the looting at Iloilo, but all were acquitted by the courts.

A prominent naval officer writes home that the sailors and soldiers who captured Iloilo not only looted jewelry and other stores, but went into private houses and carried off pianos and organs.

"Every regiment now has a piano or organ," he says, "and the sailors were equally fortunate in their quest."

Gen. Otis has issued stringent orders against looting, but they are not respected. An officer of the regular service who permits his men to loot is immediately court-martialed, and if found guilty is liable to dismissal. The volunteer organizations take what they desire and nothing is said.

Sampson-Schley Again.

Washington, June 19.—Secretary Long says that Lieutenant-Commander Hodgeson's statement regarding the alleged conversation between Rear-Admiral Schley and himself at the time of the cruiser Brooklyn's loop would be investigated by the War Department. Officials believe that the whole Sampson-Schley controversy will be reopened.

What Spain Paid For Rebellions.

Madrid, June 19.—The budget submitted to the Cortes shows that the expenditures for the colonies from the beginning of the insurrection in Cuba to the end of March, 1899, amounted to \$393,871,000, of which \$359,273,800 was for Cuba, \$1,419,400 for Porto Rico, and \$33,197,800 for the Philippines.

\$50,000 Fire In Virginia.

Parsons, W. Va., June 19.—The large plant of the McClure Lumber Company at Maybe, Randolph County, was totally destroyed by fire, with a loss of \$50,000.

An Ex-Convict Killed.

Dayton, Ohio, June 19.—The remains of the man killed by a train at a street crossing has been identified as those of Ollie Walker, a mulatto and an ex-convict. He was released from prison May 25.

Was a Case of Brutal Murder.

Nelsonville, Ohio, June 19.—Thos. Love, a farmer, was brutally murdered by a man said to be one Kelly. The alleged murderer is an ex-convict, and talk of lynching is heard.

TELEGRAPHIC TICKETS

News Notes From Every Part of the Civilized World.

Chicago police believe the murderer of Miser Martin Meier got \$40,000. Democratic primary conventions were held throughout Kentucky Saturday.

The Niagara Silver Works strike is ended. The men have returned to work. La Tourette took over \$1,000,000 in gold consigned to continental bankers when she sailed for Liverpool.

Jim Jeffries and Mike Morrissey, the Irish pugilist, have been matched to fight at Coney Island in September.

It is reported that the Union Pacific train robbers have been captured in the extreme western part of Wyoming.

A syndicate headed by John D. Rockefeller has bought the Anaconda copper mines in Montana for \$15,000,000.

Capt. Joseph N. Barney, who commanded the Confederate warship Jamestown, is dead at Fredericksburg, Va.

Prof. Ben. Wheeler, of Cornell, has been elected President of the California State University at a salary of \$10,000.

John Liddy, of No. 692 East 136th street, New York, has been taken to Reception Hospital, suffering from smallpox.

Twenty-nine passengers on the Ward Line steamer from Havana are detained at Hoffman Island, New York, for observation.

"Mannie" Friend, a New York lawyer, has secured a judgment for \$1,250 against Robert Fitzsimmons for professional services.

George Beauregard Barrow, the kidnaper of Marion Clark in New York, has been put to work cracking stones in the penitentiary at Sing Sing.

President McKinley has commuted the sentence of James D. Harston, serving a term of three years for forging papers in pension case in Oklahoma. Harston will serve only a little more than half his original sentence.

Admiral Dewey has left Singapore. His next stop will be at Colombo, Ceylon.

The daughter of General Stewart L. Woodford is seriously ill at the Hotel Margaret, Brooklyn.

Women and children are starving in German and English East African possessions.

The Duke and Duchess of Orleans are in London, conferring with the royalists.

Mrs. Jane Stanford has given more valuable real estate to Stanford University.

The remains of Professor Locke Richardson, the elocutionist, was cremated at Berlin.

Thirty persons are reported drowned in a steamer collision on the River Oder, in Prussia.

A score of lives were lost in an explosion in the Caledonian mine at Glace Bay, C. B.

M. Poincare declined to form a new French Ministry because of Radical objections to Min. Ribot and Barthou.

A treaty with Great Britain providing for reciprocity between the United States and Barbadoes has been signed in Washington.

First Assistant Postmaster-General Heath explained the situation regarding proposed postal improvements for New York City.

Gov. Pingree, of Michigan, has vetoed the beet sugar bounty bill, and the appropriation for a State building at the Buffalo Exposition.

Catherine Stackmeyer was severely bruised by falling from the third story fire escape of No. 300 East Seventy-third street, New York.

Automobiles have been barred from the South Side Parks in Chicago.

A powder magazine in Pekin exploded, injuring 200 people.

John Higgins, eight years old, was drowned while swimming at Hillsdale, N. J.

Under a new ruling Jersey City policemen must not talk to anybody when on duty.

Norman Williams, the Chicago lawyer and capitalist, is reported critically ill at Rye Beach, N. Y.

The Fourth Regulars and the Wyoming Volunteers have been added to Gen. Lawton's command.

McKinley has refused an invitation to attend the Yale-Harvard boat race owing to previous engagements.

The Panama Canal Commission met in Washington and organized by electing Admiral Walker president.

M. Poincare has informed President Loubet at Paris that he will accept the task of forming a new Cabinet.

The first meeting of the Venezuela Arbitration Commission has been held in Paris but nothing of importance was done.

Great property damage and some loss of life is reported from a cloudburst in the mountains north of San Antonio, Texas.

The Ohio Society of California has sent to President McKinley an invitation engraved on gold plate for him to visit San Francisco.

BUGLES WARN STRIKERS.

Sentries at Cleveland Notify Crowds of the Approach of Street Cars.

A FIERCE RIOT ENSUES.

The Police Use Their Clubs With Telling Effect Upon Men, Women and Children.

Switches and Turntables Torn Up and Carried to the Dump—A Number of Persons Badly Injured—Police and Non-Union Men Are Again Pelted With Eggs and Stones.

Cleveland, Ohio, June 20.—The south side, in the vicinity of Clark avenue and Pearl street, has been the scene of another bloody riot in the street car strike. Many foreigners reside in this section, and the feeling of lawlessness is more rampant than in other localities. About one hundred men gathered, armed with crowbars and immediately began tearing up the car switches.

From there the crowd went to Jennings and Holmden avenues, where they tore up the turntable, which weighed fully a ton, and carried it to the dump at the foot of Jennings avenue. A bugler was placed at the Central Market, to blow when he saw the south side car move up Ontario street. A second bugler was within hearing distance to take up the note. Other buglers were strung along the Central Viaduct and Jennings avenue to Clark avenue and to Pearl street.

At this point two cars came along, and in the first car were Capt. Hutchison, Lieutenants Felhaber and Varner and fourteen policemen. In the second car were about thirty imported men and deputy sheriffs. When the cars reached the corner of Clark avenue and Pearl street they were unable to proceed further. Several missiles were thrown, and the police began to use their clubs. The aggression of the police angered the people, and a shower of stones, eggs, etc., was aimed at cars and officers. The police then charged the crowd with their clubs, knocking men, women and children right and left. Dr. O. E. George, who has an office in the vicinity, was struck, but not badly injured. Lena Greggs, eight years old, was hit by a policeman's club, as was the nine-year-old son of Concubian McIntyre.

Several members of the crowd displayed revolvers, and the outlook was very threatening for a time. When the police started after the retreating cars Edward Miller was found on the ground bathed in blood and unconscious from a clubbing. In all, forty or fifty persons were clubbed by the police.

Denver, June 19.—Gov. Thomas and Mayor Johnson have named a committee of business men who will meet with the Operating Committee of the American Smelting and Refining Company, to endeavor to settle the strike. The committee consists of ex-Gov. Alva Adams, President E. T. Jeffrey of the Denver and Rio Grande Railroad; J. K. Mullen, proprietor of the Hungarian Mills; William Church, proprietor of the Pressed Brick Company, and Rev. Barton O. Aylesworth, president of the State Agricultural College.

Pueblo, Col., June 19.—Final adjustment of wages at the Philadelphia smelter, the Guggenheim anti-trust plant, has been effected, the men accepting the scale of the company with the exception that the lower class of labor will be paid \$1.10 per day instead of \$1.32, as offered by the company. The company expects to be in full operation in all departments with 1,200 men by June 20.

McKinley at Holyoke.

Holyoke, Mass., June 19.—Sunday for President McKinley was anything but a day of rest. With the continuous crowding of the curious citizens, the immense jam at the church in the morning and later in the day an expected and totally unprepared for reception in connection with the baccalaureate exercises at Mount Holyoke College, made it seem rather a long, tiresome day for all. The President was not content with going once to church; he went twice, leaving Mrs. McKinley in the hands of her friends on each occasion.

May Stop Western Rate Cutting.

Philadelphia, June 19.—General Passenger Agent Lomax of the Union Pacific Railway Company has announced that his road has decided to become a member of the Western Passenger Association. This road has been out of the association for several years, and all efforts to induce it to come in have failed. It is thought that the action of the directors in deciding to enter the association will result in stopping rate cutting in the West.

Check for Mrs. Barrow's Defense.

New York, June 19.—Some mysterious person has sent to Hovey & Hummel, attorneys, a check for \$5,000 for the defense of Mrs. Barrow, one of Marion Clark's kidnapers. Mrs. Barrow's defense will be insanity.

The Fall Broke His Neck.

Wheeling, W. Va., June 19.—James Loosdon a gardener, met death by the sudden jolting of his wagon in which he was standing. He was thrown backward and his neck struck the tail gate and death resulted instantly.

A Divorce for Mrs. Isham.

Chicago, Ill., June 19.—Judge Ball, of the Supreme Court, has granted a decree of divorce to Louise Kollogg Isham, from her husband, Pierpont Isham, on the ground of habitual intoxication.

Albany Club's Safe Robbed.

Albany, June 19.—The safe of the Albany Club, on State street, was broken open and \$88 in cash taken. Detectives have been placed at work, but not the slightest clue to the daring cracksmen has been found.

THE COUNTRY IN GENERAL

A Summary of Happenings at Home and Abroad.

THE NEWS CONDENSED.

A Review of What Has Transpired of Public Interest.

New Orleans, La., June 18.—Minor C. Keith of Boston, president of the Boston Fruit Company, and head of the banana combination, is dangerously ill, at Puerto Cortes.

New York, June 18.—Jim Jeffries and Mike Morrissey, the Irish champion have been matched to fight before the Coney Island Athletic Club. This match will take place before the Jeffries-Sharkey bout in September.

Marion, Ind., June 18.—Chas. Washburn, a line repairer, received the full load of a trolley wire charged with 500 volts of electricity, and was hurled 50 feet. He got up and walked home.

Jefferson City, Mo., June 18.—Dr. Jefferson D. Goddard, who killed Fred J. Jackson in Kansas City on April 2, 1897, was convicted of murder in the second degree in the Circuit Court here and sentenced to 20 years in the penitentiary.

Jacksonville, Ill., June 18.—Dr. L. C. Tiffany, assistant state veterinarian, and William Baker and W. H. Whitehouse, assistants, are in this city examining the cattle at the various state institutions for evidence of tuberculosis.

Warren, Ohio, June 18.—Willie Zachman, who was in the city prison awaiting sentence to the Reform Farm for stealing, escaped from there. His accomplice, Orrin Knight, would not accompany him and was sentenced to the Reform Farm.

Carni, Ill., June 18.—Daniel P. Gott and Mrs. Margaret Rankin have been arrested and lodged in jail in this city charged as principal and accessory in the murder of Gott's wife at Norris City last week. They claim that burglars did the killing.

Corona, N. Y., June 18.—John Welz, a colored lad aged 13 years, was fatally injured by falling from a cherry tree onto a picket fence. The fall broke the lad's back and he was taken to the hospital where he died without recovering consciousness.

Wilmington, Del., June 18.—Mrs. Emma Eastburn of 817 Shipley street committed suicide by swallowing a teaspoonful of arsenic. She had been married only five months, and was a prepossessing young woman of 20. She became jealous of her husband, who is a drug clerk.

Bloomington, Ind., June 18.—The Walnut Street Presbyterian Church and a business block adjoining, on the east side of the public square, were destroyed by fire, with a total loss of about \$10,000. The church was insured for \$5,000. Fire was caused by a stove in a meat market in the building adjoining the church.

New York, June 18.—The law firm of Friend, House & Grossman, have been given a judgment for \$12,500 against Robert Fitzsimmons for professional services. The debt was contracted when the law firm defended Fitzsimmons in his suit where he was charged with manslaughter for causing the death of Con Riordan in a boxing bout.

Chicago, June 18.—"Iron and Steel" says: "Pig iron is about a dollar higher than a week ago. The twenty-dollar mark has been reached. In pig iron there is no consolidation of interests and the strength seems to be due wholly to demand. This year there will be no shut-down of the mills during the months of July and August."

Milwaukee, June 18.—The mystery surrounding the disappearance of Joseph Gettelman, a brother of Adam Gettelman, a prominent Milwaukee brewer, about twenty years ago, has been cleared up by the receipt of a letter in this city by the Gettelman family announcing Joseph's death in Hamilton, Ark., on April 14 last.

Washington, D. C., June 18.—Henry A. Casson, of Wisconsin, is said to be slated for Sergeant-at-Arms of the House. It is given out here that Casson's appointment was the consideration which led to Wisconsin's vote being thrown for Henderson, Mr. Casson was formerly Secretary of State of Wisconsin. He was a candidate for director of the census.

Napoleon, Ohio, June 18.—James Cornell, a veteran horseman, was fatally injured here while attempting to break a colt. Cornell's nose was severed from his face, his skull fractured and he received internal injuries by being thrown against the street curb. He has been training and breaking horses for thirty-five years. This was his first mishap.

Colorado Springs, Col., June 18.—Commissioner C. W. Sanborn, of Boulder; M. J. Raney, of Leadville, and C. L. Dickerson, of Denver, have decided to represent Colorado's gold mining interests at the Paris Exposition by a nugget to weigh nearly two tons, and to be worth \$1,000,000. Sufficient high-grade ore from the principal camps has already been contributed.

One of the reasons why the War Department has decided to send negro soldiers to the Philippines is that the reports from Manila say that the insurgents become terrified when the colored American troops attack them and they all seem to have an especial terror of the colored soldiers and will not make a stand against them if there is any way for them to escape.

Washington, June 18.—A new treaty between the United States and Great Britain, covering reciprocity with the British West Indian colony of the Barbadoes, has been signed at the state department. This is the first reciprocity treaty under the reciprocity clause of the Emley tariff law, as the previous agreements have been under a section allowing "reciprocity arrange-

NEGRO EXILE SCARED AWAY

Bryant Went Back to Wilmington, N. C., and Had to Flee Again.

Wilmington, N. C., June 20.—A company of more than a hundred citizens, many substantial business men among the number, gathered in Brooklyn, a suburb of this city, for the purpose of "scaring" Arie Bryant out of the city. Bryant is one of the negroes who was exiled during the race conflict here last November. He came back here three days ago, and it was believed he came to see if the citizens would interfere with him. If they did not, other of the number who were driven away would come back.

It was this view of the matter which caused the demonstration, and it is expected that Bryant is so thoroughly frightened that he will not revisit Wilmington, and will advise all his fellow exiles to keep clear of this city. The men were armed heavily with rifles and revolvers.

Friends of Bryant forwarned him of the movement, and he was not to be found when his premises were searched. It is announced that he has fled and left word that he will certainly never come back.

Caught on Railway Trestle.

Cincinnati, June 20.—Engineer Tom Evans has had an exciting experience which he will not soon forget. He was in the cab of Train No. 4 of the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern, running on a long trestle near Hillsborough, Ind. Evans looked out of the cab window and was horrified to see, not many yards ahead of him, a man and a boy. It was too late to reverse his engine. He put on the brakes, however, and succeeded in stopping directly over the two, and backed off. To his surprise, neither was injured, but they had a close call. The boy had laid down between the rail and the outer edge, while the man had hung from the trestle, and was all but exhausted when rescued.

Boys Start a Locomotive.

Port Jervis, N. Y., June 20.—Two mischievous boys entered the cab of yard engine 1178, left standing about 300 feet from the main entrance of the Erie car shops in this village, and opened the steam valves of the locomotive. The engine started forward and smashed in the doors of the structure, wrecked two coupled cars therein undergoing repairs, and then made kindling wood of the doors at the other end of the building, derailed other cars standing on a switch outside of the western end of the building, and then it stopped of its own accord. When the engine started the boys jumped and ran away.

Shot His Bride and Suicided.

New Orleans, La., June 19.—William A. Fischer, a builder and contractor, shot his young wife and then killed himself with the same pistol. The wife will recover. Fischer had been married only seven weeks. His first wife secured a divorce several months ago, and then Fischer married Miss Barbara Scherer. Within two weeks she left him because of ill treatment and returned to her mother's house. Fischer followed her, knocked her down and shot her through the mouth and arm.

New York Markets.

GRAIN.—Wheat: Strong. No. 2 red quoted \$3.50; f. o. b. aboat, and 87½¢ elevator; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 85½¢; to arrive, and 85½¢; f. o. b. aboat basis. On the curb July wheat ranged from \$3.30 to \$3.90-10c.

Corn: No. 2 corn was quoted 41½¢; elevator, 41½¢; delivered and 40c, f. o. b. aboat, July ranged from 42c to 40c.

Oats: No. 2, 30½¢; No. 3 oats, 30c.; No. 2 white, 32½¢; No. 3 white, 31½¢; track mixed, 30½¢; track white, 32½¢; 37½¢; No. 2 white clips, 33½¢.

Rye: Market steady. No. 3 Western, 65c., and No. 1 Western, 66c., both f. o. b. aboat; State rye, 60c. c. i. f. New York car lots.

Barley: Market quiet. Feeding, 40 1/2c. c. i. f. Buffalo; malting, 47@50c. delivered.

Flour and Meal: Spring patents, \$4.00 @ \$4.20; winter straight, \$3.50 @ \$3.65; winter patents, \$3.85 @ \$4.00; spring clears, \$3.10 @ \$3.50; extra No. 1 winter, \$3.00 @ \$3.10; extra No. 2 winter, \$2.60 @ \$2.70.

Bees: Receipts. No trading. Feeling strong. No change reported in cable quotations.

Cattle: Feeling firm. City dressed veals firm at 96@105c.; little calves, 60@7c.; dressed buttermilks, 7@7½c.

Sheep and Lambs: Common to good sheep sold at \$3.25 @ 4.62½ per 100 lbs.; nearly a carload of choice Ohio do at \$5.00; fair to good lambs at \$7.00 @ \$7.50; dressed mutton firm at 7@9c., and extra stock sold as high as 9½c.

Hogs: Fair to prime were quoted at \$4.15 @ \$4.25 per 100 lbs.; country dressed steady.

The Manhattan and Jersey City Railway Company has been incorporated at Albany to operate a railway between New York and Jersey City through a tunnel under the Hudson.

Ironworkers' Pay Raised.

Pittsburg, June 19.—As a result of the four days' conference between the representatives of the manufacturers and the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, the wages of 25,000 iron and steel sheet workers throughout the country will be advanced after July 1 for one year. The advance to rollers will be 11 per cent., to shearners about 11 per cent., and to day hands 15 per cent.

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