

THE UNCHANGING.

Too fleet the hours slip by
With feet unerring;
Too soon is lost the sky
Of life-renewing Spring;
Too soon comes Autumn's breath
With presages of death.

Yet, though the red rose fade,
And the green fields lie waste,
Despoiled and disarrayed;
Though ceaselessly we haste
To our dim heritage
Down the gray paths of age:

There is one thing that Time,
The great all-conqueror,
May touch not with his rime,—
The fond, true heart of her!
Girt with Love's asphodels,
There Youth perennial dwells.
—Harper's Bazar.

Love Levels All.

"Is this the ferry?"

The speaker was a tall, fair girl, whose pale staturesque beauty was accentuated by her mourning dress and black hat, and her inquiry was addressed to a handsome broad-shouldered young fellow in flannels who was fastening a boat up to the steps.

As the young man did not reply, the girl repeated her question.

"Can you tell me, please, if this is the ferry?"

Then he looked hastily around, and as there was nobody else in sight, he seemed to come to the conclusion that he was the one to whom the lady was speaking.

"I beg your pardon," he said, "I did not know that you were addressing me. This is Twickenham ferry."

"Thank you," responded the girl. "And will you be good enough to ferry me over?"

"With pleasure," was the reply, and stepping forward, he assisted her into the boat, shoved off, and commenced sculling across the river.

When they arrived at the opposite bank, and, as the young lady was being assisted out, she asked:

"How much do I owe you, please?"

The ferryman turned rather red and hesitated for a few moments before he replied:

"The fare is a penny, but you had better pay when you come back."

"I am afraid I shall have to," replied the fair girl, looking in her purse, "for I have nothing less than a shilling."

"Shall I expect you down this afternoon for a row?" inquired the young man.

"Very probably—I think so, and, by the by, what's your name? Whose boat shall I ask for?"

"My name is John, but my friends usually call me Jack."

"Very well, John, I shall be at the landing place about half-past 2." And she walked away with that grace and vigor which are inseparable from a girl who has been brought up in the fresh air and athletic surroundings of a country life.

The half hour had barely struck when the young lady made her appearance at the ferry. Jack was waiting for her, and without any loss of time they got afloat and started up the river.

This was a memorable day with Geraldine, for it was her first introduction to the "Silvery Thames," and as she leaned back on the cushions in the stern sheets, the ripple of the water and the songs of the birds combined with the rhythmic sound of the boatman's sculls to make sweet music, which she enjoyed in silence until they arrived opposite Pope's Villa, which Jack duly pointed out.

"A grand poet!" exclaimed Geraldine, with enthusiasm.

"Much overrated," answered Jack.

"His brain was as crooked as his figure."

"You have been misinformed," observed Geraldine. "Of course, you have not read his 'Hiad'—it is not a book that would appeal to you. But—"

"O! yes, I have," interrupted Jack. "And his 'Odyssey,' too. But I would rather read one canto from 'Childe Harold' than the whole of Pope's works."

This led to a disputatious argument, in which Geraldine lost her temper, and was rude enough to say:

"You are evidently an exemplification of the old saying that 'a little learning is a dangerous thing.'"

"Well, I'm bothered!" exclaimed Jack, with a satirical smile, "if that isn't a little too bad. For, if there was one thing that I was supposed to be good at, next to rowing, it was Greek."

"You seem to be very well educated for your position in life," remarked Geraldine.

"O! I don't know," answered Jack, and he added, quickly, "the free libraries are so convenient, you know. But I might return the compliment, and say that you seem very well read for a young lady."

When they returned to the ferry Geraldine extracted her purse; but, as she was taking out the money, Jack said, pointing to Hammerton, the ferryman:

"That is the person to pay, please. I am not allowed to take any money."

After she had gone Jack said to the ferryman:

"Don't forget, Dick, if she should happen to make any inquiries, that I am only one of your assistants."

"All right, sir," answered Dick, with a knowing look, "I won't forget."

For the next month Geraldine went on the river every fine day, sometimes in the morning, sometimes in the afternoon; and those boating expeditions were extended on many occasions up the river to Kingston, Molesey, and Sunbury, and many an argument they had on literature and art—for, as a rule, their opinions on these sub-

jects were diametrically opposite—as they drifted down homeward bound.

One afternoon they were returning down the river when the conversation turned upon the wedding of a lady of property in the neighborhood, who had recently married her coachman.

"Poor, unfortunate woman!" exclaimed Geraldine. "How bitterly she will regret it."

"Why should she?" inquired Jack.

"Because happiness is impossible with such an ill-assorted match."

"How do you know they are ill-assorted?"

"Why! the man is only a common coachman."

"But you must remember that she has married the man, not the coachman; and if they are fond of one another, why should they not be happy?"

"It is impossible!" exclaimed Geraldine. "How can she—a lady of birth and education—have anything in common with a fellow like that—a hewer of wood and a drawer of water?"

"Don't be too hard upon us," said Jack, half seriously. "Remember that Homer was a slave, Burns a plowman, and your favorite, Pope, only the son of a linen draper."

"Ah! but genius levels all things," replied Geraldine, with a smile.

"There is something else which levels all things," observed the young boatman.

"What is that?"

"Love," answered Jack. "That glorious feeling which is the true philosopher's stone, which glides the road of life, no matter how rough it may be; makes a dry crust with the object of one's affection more acceptable than a feast without her; and which sweeps away all distinctions of rank, as the running water washes away the dull earth and leaves the grains of gold exposed."

"How eloquent you are this afternoon!" remarked Geraldine, but her voice was tremulous, and it was evident that her playful sarcasm was but assumed. "What novel have you been reading?"

"Perhaps I am eloquent," replied Jack. "It has been said that all men deeply in earnest are so, and this is a question that affects me to the bottom of my soul! In days of old women married men because they loved them, irrespective of their banking accounts or pedigrees. If a man was honest, brave and honorable, he was considered a match for any 'lady faire,' and why should it not be so?"

"Times have altered," faltered Geraldine, her usually pale face a rosy red; "and we have altered with them."

"Not so," responded Jack. "The times have changed, I grant you, and, in many respects, for the worse; but men and women are still the same. Indeed, so sure am I that this is the case, that I am about to stake my whole future happiness upon it. I love you truly and devotedly. I have never loved before, and I shall never love again. Will you be mine? Will you trust yourself and your future happiness to me?"

"O! this is unkind and ungenerous," cried Geraldine, her eyes filling with tears. "You should not—you ought not to—talk to me like this."

"Why not? Out of the fulness of the heart the mouth speaketh," answered the young man, and, leaning forward, he possessed himself of one of her hands. "Put on one side all disparities of rank or fortune, and ask yourself the question: 'Do I love him?' Geraldine, dear Geraldine, do not let the cruel laws of society come between us and ruin the happiness of two lovers. Speak, darling, and tell me you love me."

"Can you not see," cried the poor girl, commencing to weep bitterly, "it is unkind of you to press me further?"

"I want to hear it from your own dear lips," persisted Jack. "I only want you to say, 'I love you, Jack, and will be your wife.'"

"O! I cannot."

"Do you love me?"

"Yes, but—oh, look, there is my aunt!" exclaimed Geraldine. "Please put me on shore at once."

Jack looked around and discovered an old lady watching them intently from the towing path, and, turning the boat's head, he sculled in to the bank, saying, as he assisted Geraldine to land:

"I shall call upon you in the morning."

He did so, and was informed by the servant that the family had gone away early that day, and had left no address, as they were going to travel on the continent.

It was the middle of the London season, and Lady Althorpe's rooms were crowded with the youth, beauty and elite of the aristocracy. Bustling up to Geraldine, the energetic little hostess exclaimed:

"Don't move away for a minute, dear, I want to introduce Lord John Jasper to you. A most eligible parti, my dear. So handsome, as rich as Croesus, and so delightfully eccentric! Sets up as a woman-hater, you know, but if he resists you, my dear, why I shall give him up altogether."

A minute after she had gone in search of his lordship, a well known face caught Geraldine's attention, and the next moment Jack, the boatman, was standing in front of her.

"At last!" he said, in a low, deep voice, while his eyes seemed to pierce her through and through.

"O! Jack," cried Geraldine, "what are you doing here?"

"I have come to ask you to finish what you were saying to me when your aunt interrupted our conversation," replied Jack.

"O! but isn't it rash of you?" said the poor girl, half inclined to cry.

"Suppose anyone should recognize you? I should never forgive myself if you got into trouble through me. Do go away, Jack."

"Tell me you love me, and I will leave you at once if you wish it," answered Jack.

"O! I do—I do!" exclaimed Geraldine. "I never knew how much until we were parted, and now please go away. O! there comes Lady Althorpe."

"Ah! Lord John, I was going to introduce you to Lady Geraldine, but it seems as though you have met before," rippled the genial hostess.

"Ah! you sly thing!"

"O! Jack," cried Geraldine, when they were once again alone in the crowd, "why did you do this?"

"Because I wished to be loved for myself alone, darling," whispered Lord Jasper. "And I had given up all hope of it, when Providence brought us together at dear old Twickenham ferry."—The Princess.

BIG CHUNKS OF GOLD.

Some Famously Large Masses of the Golden Metal.

While the nugget found in the Blue Jay pocket by the Graves brothers is likely to become famous for its size and value, it is not, as has been stated, the largest one known in the authentic history of mining. This nugget stands, or rather stood—for it is now being minted—for about \$42,000, but saying nothing of the alleged Chilean nugget, weighing 400 pounds troy, the "Welcome" nugget of Ballarat, weighing 2217 ounces 16 pennyweights, was sold for over £10,500, or nearly \$52,500. It is even a question whether the Graves nugget is the largest one ever taken from the soil of California.

According to Hittell, a nugget was found at Carson hill, Calaveras county, in November, 1854, which weighed 195 pounds troy, and was worth over \$43,000. Between the two there is no great issue of values, but what there is appears to favor the earlier specimen.

The first nugget found in this state, the one which Marshall picked up, was worth but 50 cents, and the next one discovered but \$5. A soldier in Stevenson's regiment found the first large specimen, a mass of gold weighing between twenty and twenty-five pounds, while stopping to drink in a small affluent on the Mokelumne river. This nugget was taken east, where its exhibition confirmed the stories of California wealth and added naturally to the public excitement there.

In 1854 the "Oliver Martin chunk," which was auriferous ore mixed with white quartz, was picked up near Camp Corona, in Tuolumne county, in a hole which Martin had dug to bury a drowned comrade. It yielded \$22,270 and became the basis of a great fortune. In 1866 Daniel Hill, a pauper, found a \$14,000 nugget in Plumas county, and, coming to San Francisco, spent the proceeds quickly, \$5000 being squandered in one week's whirl. With his money all gone, he went to Dutch Flats, Nevada county, and while washing his hands in a stream saw lying on the bottom a nugget of gold and white quartz, similar in size and shape to a baby's head. This brought \$12,300, and sent Daniel Hill through a career of debauchery to the poorhouse.

The finds in later years up to the Blue Jay discovery have not been of a notable sort. In the fall of 1889 two tramps, who had been put off a Southern Pacific freight train, started to walk to Bakersfield, and found a battered nugget weighing 216 ounces on the way. In 1896 a chunk worth \$1400 was picked up in San Diego county, and there have been two or three discoveries on the Mojave desert. The majority of the finds have been accidental.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Beards in Rome.

The Roman barber, besides cutting the hair and shaving the face, trimmed the nails and kept the fingers in order. The Roman philosophers, with a scorn of fashion's mandates still common to their kind in the nineteenth century, affected beards of enormous length, which became known as the badge of their profession. Lucian mocks them for considering these as a mark of wisdom.

Shaving actually became sacerdotal at Rome. One of the most important periods in the life of a Roman was when he celebrated his entrance into manhood and assumed the toga virilis, marking the full rights of citizenship. In the religious rites that accompanied this observance the puerile face felt the razor for the first time; the cuttings of the adolescent beard were carefully inclosed in a waxen ball and consecrated to some divinity. When Nero assumed the toga, his youthful beard was shut up in a golden casket studded with pearls of great price, and then offered to Jupiter Capitolinus.

Hadrian, having a face full of unsightly scars, covered them with a beard, and was the first of the Roman emperors to wear such an adornment, setting a fashion that was followed by his successors.

The majority of the Latin and Greek gods were represented with flowing beards; there was even a bearded Venus.—Lippincott's.

Locks Are Smaller.

There is nothing which more illustrates the progress of science and invention than the decrease in size, weight and mechanism of locks and keys since these instruments were first put in use for the purpose of keeping out intrusive strangers. Years ago these mediums to secret chambers were made of wrought iron, and were of ponderous size and weight. The nineteenth century, however, has made wonderful improvements on these instruments. Nowadays a person may carry a dozen keys in his pocket with ease that will open stronger and more intricate locks than the grotesque specimens which prevailed in the days of our grandfathers.—Baltimore American.

A PROVISION KING.

Philip D. Armour, the Chicago Pork-Packer, Began With Little Capital.

Philip D. Armour, of Chicago, says the Times-Herald, of that city, unquestionably deserves a niche beside the greatest of the historic captains of American industry. As a speculator he has been most successful in the investment of his capital in productive concerns that have been of widespread service to society. He has handled, produced, stored and distributed food stuffs to all America and all Europe, and he has been liberally remunerated for his work, because he has been and is now a rich man.

Like many of his kind, Mr. Armour began the struggle of life with nothing in the way of capital. The first capital he got he dug out of the ground in the form of gold from the placers of California. His first venture in industry was as a pork packer in Milwaukee. The war wave came along and carried him in a very short time to the possession of great wealth. The

Remarkable Feat of a Kanaka Swimmer

There is a native living in Nawiliwili, district of Lihue, on the Island of Kauai, whom every one knows as Johnny, but whose family name is Kualakai. This latter name he has had tattooed on his arm, together with the picture of a deceased sweetheart. In appearance he is a typical native, muscular, with the appearance of an athlete.

Johnny is a remarkable good swimmer, and, it is said, was at one time very much addicted to the habit of stealing ducks. His method was very simple. He would hide in the bur-rushes along the edge of the duck ponds and would, from time to time, dive out where the ducks happened to be, snatch one or two from the surface, push them into a bag, swim back again to the rushes, there to take breath for another sally. In this way he succeeded in making quite a comfortable living. However he has given up his crooked ways, and now resides like a peaceably inclined citi-

Mrs. Fidelia Papa, who is visiting friends in Cleveland, is the widow of the famous Dario Papa, one of the founders of the new Republican party in Italy and the owner and editor of L'Italia Popolo, one of the foremost papers in Italy and the organ of the Republican party.

Miss Trill—"I love to hear the bird sing." Jack Downright (warmly)—"So do I. They never attempt piece beyond their ability."—Tit-Bits

The Caretaker.

Caretaker is a word adopted into modern use and means one who takes care of, and is very generally applied to those employed to take care of things committed to their keeping. The way some people have of taking care of themselves is very suggestive of the need of a caretaker. The human body to such is a mansion filled with precious things unsecured for, where thieves may break in and rust doth corrupt. Pains and aches are thieves, and the body left uncared for to their spoilage will be robbed of all its comforts and despoiled of its peace of mind and happiness. It is a happy thought to look upon St. Jacobs Oil as a caretaker, to employ it as a watchman against such intruders. There is hardly a ache, from a toothache to a toeache, that it can't take care of, and effect a cure, and pains the most violent are conquered by its use. Its office as a caretaker is to prevent the spread of aches and pains into a chronic stage. Keep a bottle of it in the handie place and be assured of good care and comfort.

The carrier-pigeon was in use by the State Department of the Ottoman Empire as early as the fourteenth century.

Oh, What Splendid Coffee.

Mr. Goodman, Williams Co., Ill., writes: "From one package Salzer's German Coffee costing 15c I grew 300 lbs. of better coffee than I can buy in stores at 30 cents lb."

A package of this coffee and big seed catalog is sent you by John Salzer Seed Co., La. Cross, Wis., upon receipt of 15 cents stamps and this note.

Out of the enormous number of worms in Constantinople, not more than 6000 can read or write.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss. LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is a senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, Conn. and State of Ohio, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 8th day of December, 1896.

SEAL A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, a acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The title of "Majesty" was first given Louis XI. of France. Before that his sovereigns were usually styled "Highness."

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children. Successfully used by Mother Gray, for your child in the Children's Home, New York will make a sickly child strong and healthy. A certain cure for Stomach Troubles, Headache and Feverishness in Children. The move the bowels, and the child will be free from Worms and never fail. At all druggists. 25 cts. Sample sent FREE. Address: Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

The Queen has instructed her Commissioner at Baltimore to present all the you women on the estate with spinning-wheels.

Florida. Florida literature secured free upon application to J. J. Farnsworth, East Pass. A. Plant System, 231 Broadway, N. Y.

There are 600,000 people employed in Italy in rearing silkworms.

To Cure A Cold in One Day. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure.

In Scotland the last day of the year, New Year's Eve, is called Hogmanay.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nerve pain after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. \$2 trial bottle and treatise Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 611 Arch St., Philadelphia.

Before he preaches a sermon Dr. Park of the City Temple, London, takes a bath.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for child teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, always cures wind colic. 35c a bottle.

The longest tunnel in the world is in Hungary. It goes under ground for ten miles.

Chevy Star Tobacco—The Best. Smoke Sledge Cigarettes.

A butcher in Morrisville, Vt., kills all cattle by shooting them with a rifle.

I have found Piso's Cure for Constipation after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. \$2 trial bottle and treatise Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 611 Arch St., Philadelphia, Oct. 1, 1894.

In England one woman in every six is her own living.

Don't anoint the cuticle, but use Glee Sulphur Soap for eruptive disorders. Hill's Hair & Whisker Dye, black or brown.

Look out for colds

At this season. Keep

Your blood pure and

Rich and your system

Toned up by taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla. Then

You will be able to

Resist exposure to which

A debilitated system

Would quickly yield

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Best Cough Syrup. Taste Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

CONSUMPTION



PHILIP D. ARMOUR.

foresight that has ever characterized him led him to Chicago and he then began to build up the great business of which he is master to-day. He has bought and sold various properties. As director and owner of producing industries he has been most successful. As a mere trader—a buyer and seller—he has rare pluck and sagacity, and he has added to his store very largely by this means.

Mr. Armour makes no display of wealth. He dresses simply, lives in a plain house, is interested in education, and has a way of wiping out the debts of small churches of all creeds that amazes the impecunious congregations thereof.

Consul Versus Captain.

While Sir Richard Burton was Consul on the west coast of Africa the merchants were put to inconvenience by the captains of the ships discharging their cargoes and steaming off again without their correspondence. They appealed for help to the new Consul. Burton examined the contracts and found that the "captain of a ship must stop at a port eighteen hours' daylight for that purpose."

When the next ship came in the captain looked into the Consul's office and said: "Hurry up with my papers, I want to be off!"

"You cannot go, I have not finished my letters," returned Burton, and referred him to the contract. The captain repeated his intention of leaving the port immediately.

"Very well," returned Burton. "I'm going up to the Governor's, and shall shot two guns. If you go out one minute before your eighteen hours' daylight expires I shall send the first gun right across your bows, and the second slap into you. Good morning."

The captain did not go out till half an hour after his eighteen hours' daylight had elapsed, and as long as Burton was there all the captains were equally careful.—Weekly Telegraph.

Saving a Sixpence.

Patrick, a thrifty tradesman in the neighborhood of the Dublin docks, was, as the story goes, a man who never spent a penny more than he needed to spend; but he was, nevertheless, as good a man at the making of an Irish bull as any that lived between Bantry and Ballycastle.

Having one day occasion to send a letter to Glasnevin, Patrick called a messenger and asked him his price for going such a distance.

"It'll be a shillin'," said the man.

"Twice too much!" said Patrick.

"Let us be sixpence."

"Niver," answered the messenger.

"The way is that lonely that I'd niver go it under a shillin'."

"Lonely, is it?" said Patrick, scratching his head. "Naith, an' ye're right. Now, man, I'll tell ye what we'll do; make it sixpence, an' I'll go with ye to kape ye company!"—Youth's Companion.

A Ten-Mile Tunnel.

A tunnel ten miles long, which will be the longest in England, is to be cut through Shap Fell by the London and Northwestern Railroad, in order to shorten the west coast route to Scotland.

There lives in Devonshire, England, a man seventy years old, whose father, ninety years old, and grandfather, one hundred and ten years old, are still living.

zen, relying on work that is given him from time to time.

When out on a hunting or fishing expedition there is no better man on the island of Kauai than this same Johnny. Barefooted he will climb all over the dangerous palls that fall away abruptly and end thousands of feet below in the sea. The festive goat itself is not more active, and when hunting for this kind of game he is as invaluable a man to chase the animals round to a point of vantage.

As a diver there are few natives, even, who can beat him. In diving after lobsters he has the very uncomfortable habit of swimming a great distance into caves that have no opening above the water. Beneath the rocks of these places he will feel around, never failing to come to the top, bringing with him something to make glad the hearts of the housewives.—Pacific Commercial Advertiser.

The Three Sisters Who Lipped.

There were three sisters who lipped very badly, and their mother, who was solicitous about finding husbands for them, was continually admonishing them to hold their tongues. This is difficult for a girl that has no impediment in her speech, but it is impossible for one that stammers. One evening the three lippers were invited to "a quilting" at a neighbor's.

"Now, mind, girls," said the anxious mother, "some nice young men are going to be there, and you must not say a word, or they will learn that you lisp, and won't care to make up to you."

They promised to be silent, and went to the quilting. When they