

THE REPUBLICAN.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1896. The N. Y. Weekly Press and Sullivan Republican for \$1.25 One Year \$12.50.

As usual, election passed off very quiet at Laporte.

Sweet potato whiskey is a favorite beverage with Hazelton drinkers.

The Democratic ticket in Laporte boro. was elected from top to bottom.

Its now laudible Beahan. He took possession of the Commercial building, Tuesday.

There is only one vacant dwelling in town and that will be occupied at end of April.

A number of young people attended Catholic church Sunday.

Beautiful sleigh-riding of young people are reported.

There is a very interesting man in town who received an in-jury hop.

There is a time and ease in town who is not troubled with curiosity about.

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License Court.

License court convened in the court house at Laporte, on Monday, at 2 p. m. There were 42 applicants applying for license; as follows: 30 for hotel license; 2 merchant dealers; 8 eating houses; 1 distillers license and 1 brewers license. Of the 42 all were granted except the one applied for by Richard Cummuskey for the Dushore house in the borough of Dushore. This, however, has not been refused, but is held for advisement. It appears that Cummuskey is not a resident of the county and is applying for the license with the intention of transferring it to whoever might lease the house. The Court was a little curious about granting a license to a resident of some adjoining county and held the matter under advisement.

The only remonstrance brought before the court, was that brought by the people of Forkville against the granting of a license to Major Seeley. There were no charges of violating the liquor law, hence, Mr. Seeley was granted the necessary papers to run a wet house.

There were a large number of ladies of Forkville and Laporte in attendance.

WHAT THE COURT SAID OF THE LIQUOR LAW. Judge Dunham, after acting upon the applications for license, that were not contested, at court, took occasion to say something in regard to the laws governing the sale of intoxicating drinks.

He prefaced his remarks, by informing all persons who had applied for a license, that the Court expected to carry out the law relating to the granting of license, not only to the letter, but in its spirit, and then went on to inform all persons, who received a license from the Court, that they also had a duty to perform and that it was the duty of the Court to see to it, by all the ways provided in the statute, that they also complied with the laws relative to their business under such license. That in order to obtain a license the applicant had to establish, to the satisfaction of the Court, that he was a person of good moral character, and a person of temperate habits. That because of this character, the law and the Court presumed that such person would observe and obey all laws relative to the sale of intoxicating drinks. And that any violation of these laws proven to the Court by a conviction of the party or upon a rule to revoke the license of such a person—that there was no discretion left with the Court as the law provided absolutely that such license shall be revoked. And he warned all persons who received a license that the Court would just as fearlessly and as readily revoke a license when the law required it, as it would grant one when the law required it to be granted. He then took up the various Acts of Assembly in reference to the licenses and explained the duties and obligations under which persons receiving a license are placed.

First, that under the act of 1834, it was the duty of every inn-keeper receiving a license, to keep good entertainment for man and horse. He must provide for all who apply, that are in condition to be received into a respectable house who have the means of paying for their entertainment.

Second, A license to keep an eating house or restaurant, only allowed the person licensed to sell domestic wines, malt and brewed liquors in quantities of less than one quart; and a license to keep a hotel, inn or tavern, permitted the sale of any intoxicating drinks in quantities less than one quart; but that no person, whether licensed or not could sell or furnish, by sale, gift or otherwise, any intoxicating liquors upon Sunday, or upon any day upon which elections are held, to any one; nor to a minor, a person of known intemperate habits, nor to a person visibly affected by intoxicating liquors, at any time, under the severe penalty of not less than fifty dollars fine and twenty days imprisonment. He also took occasion to say, that by visibly affected, the law meant that when any person had indulged in drink so that you could see by his appearance that he was affected thereby or was to any extent under its influence, the law stepped in and said no more liquor must be furnished him, until such effect had entirely passed away.

He next took up and read the various Acts of Assembly found in the last edition of Brightley's Purdon's Digest, pages 950-51 and 953, sections 4, 5, 6, 7, and 29, which provided against any inn-keeper, saloon-keeper or other persons engaged in the sale of intoxicating drinks allowed, encouraging or permitting any gambling in their houses or on their premises or per-

mitting any person to engage in any game of hazard, or playing, betting, or gaming for money, either at card, dice, or in any other manner, or for the drinks, under severe penalties; and that such an offence would be a violation of the license law and would compel the Court to revoke the license of any person proven to have violated the provisions of the statute.

He closed by warning all persons who received a license that they would be expected and required to live up to the provisions of the law faithfully and honestly, and that the Court would endeavor to have constables and all others perform their duties in regards to reporting against any and all offenders.

Every person interested in scandal has been the subject of it. Therefore if you hear a person repeating some scandal, investigate that person's past life and the truth of the above assertion will be corroborated. The true gentleman or lady will never uphold, much less repeat, a scandal. It is only the gossips those meddling characters that infect every community, that indulge in such low, depraved and ignominious methods of attempting to degrade the character of others—Ex.

Obituary.

Jonathan Rogers died suddenly of heart disease, February 12, 1896. He was 75 years and 2 days old. His death was unexpected to all his family, and while in the enjoyment of comparative good health. Frequently during the past year he expressed his apprehension that he would pass away suddenly and in all probability, was ready for the departure. He was the son of Jonathan Rogers who was the third son of Samuel Rogers, and had spent nearly all the active years of his life in our county. He was one of the foremost men in developing its resources. His father was born in England in 1785 and came to America with his parents in 1801. His oldest brother had preceded them and secured a home for the reception of the family near Philadelphia, where they remained for a year. Soon after they had become settled Mr. Rogers went to Northumberland and contracted for the land on the Loyalsock, now the site of Forkville. Here, he, with his son, Jonathan, during the summer and fall of 1801 made a small clearing and erected a cabin to which he expected to bring the family the following spring, but they returned to the Philadelphia home for the winter.

The family, in England, had been engaged in a woolen manufactory, where they had learned to operate power looms—a business at that time not to any extent introduced in America. The three oldest sons of Samuel Rogers leased a factory in Delaware and there successfully engaged in business. Doubtless from the start anticipating a permanent establishment of the business on the Loyalsock and therefore arranged with their father for a site to build a factory. They commenced operation in 1810; Samuel and William taking charge of the Loyalsock factory at that time and Jonathan remaining in Delaware until 1813 when he closed out the business and joined his brothers on the Loyalsock. Here the three carried on a very extensive business until 1816 when the entire plant was swept away by the great flood of that year. In 1817 Jonathan engaged in the same business with his brother at Muncy, where after 9 years successful operation they again suffered the loss of their property; this time by fire. The brothers then dissolved partnership and Jonathan with his family consisting of wife and seven children, settled at the Forks of Loyalsock and in 1820 built the woolen factory now known as the Oster property. He continued here till the time of his death in 1830, his wife survived him a short time. Leaving the subject of this sketch an orphan at the age of nine years. His first employment was in the factory but as a change occurred in the ownership and management of the business he sought other employment and engaged in work at the saw mill and in the lumber-woods. As early as 1833 he commenced running on rafts down the Loyalsock, proving one of the most expert in the business, he was soon put in charge as pilot. This business he regularly followed during rafting season for over 50 years. After he engaged in business for himself he located at the splash dam and operated at that point for a short time. In 1853 he purchased the Lincoln Falls property and a year later removed to that place. At this time Mr. Rogers had probably accumulated but little, but he had established his reputation as a successful lumberman. At first the prices of manufactured lumber were as low as \$4 or \$5 per thousand after being run down the river, but the prices soon increased and the business became more remunerative. He was then fully prepared to increase his business and from a small beginning became one of the largest manufacturers running the Loyalsock. He was especially noted for his success in securing the best of roads in his part of the county and in other respects proved one of the most enterprising citizens. Without early educational advantages he was intellectually fully abreast with the more favored of our American citizens and evinced many of the noble traits of his distinguished ancestry, who were especially noted for their earnest piety and usefulness in moulding the character and institutions of our country.

Annual Statement Of the Expenditures of Sullivan County for the year 1895.

ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE EXPENDITURES OF SULLIVAN COUNTY FOR THE YEAR 1895.

Table with columns: Description, Amount, and Total. Includes items like Assessing and Registering, County Bridges, Stationery and Blank Books, etc.

Financial Condition of Sullivan County for the Year Ending December 31, 1895.

LIABILITIES.

Table with columns: Description, Amount, and Total. Includes Amt. of County orders at interest, Amt. of County orders at interest issued during 1895, etc.

RESOURCES.

Table with columns: Description, Amount, and Total. Includes State Personal tax for 1895, Amt. of County orders at interest, etc.

COUNTY ORDER ACCOUNT.

Table with columns: Description, Amount, and Total. Includes Amt. of County Orders outstanding on December 31, 1894, Amt. of County Orders redeemed, etc.

REDEMPTION FUND ACCOUNT.

Table with columns: Description, Amount, and Total. Includes To Amt. of Redemption Money in hands of County Treasurer, Balance in hands of Co. Treasurer, etc.

A. L. SMITH COUNTY TREASURER.

In Account with the Collectors of State Tax for the year 1895.

Table with columns: Boroughs and Townships, Collectors, Amt. Charged, Amt. Paid In, etc.

A. L. SMITH COUNTY TREASURER.

In Account with the Collectors of County Tax for the year 1895.

Table with columns: Boroughs and Townships, Collectors, Amt. Charged, Amt. Paid In, etc.

A. L. SMITH COUNTY TREASURER.

In Account with the Collectors of Dog Tax for the year 1895.

Table with columns: Boroughs and Townships, Collectors, Amt. Charged, Amt. Paid In, etc.

A. L. SMITH COUNTY TREASURER.

Statement showing amounts of State, County and Dog Taxes due from the various Collectors for the year 1895, and for previous years.

Table with columns: Boroughs and Townships, Collectors, State Tax, County Tax, Dog Tax, etc.

A. L. SMITH COUNTY TREASURER.

In Account with the County of Sullivan for the year ending December 31, '95.

Table with columns: Description, Amount, and Total. Includes To Balance in hands of county treas., Amt. received from one bond, etc.

A. L. SMITH COUNTY TREASURER.

In Account with the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the year 1895.

Table with columns: Description, Amount, and Total. Includes To amt. of Retailer's License, By amt. returned to state as uncollectable, etc.

A. L. SMITH COUNTY TREASURER.

WHOLESALE LIQUOR LICENSE.

Table with columns: Description, Amount, and Total. Includes To amt. of Wholesale Liquor License, By State Treasurer's receipts, etc.

A. L. SMITH COUNTY TREASURER.

DISTILLER'S LICENSE.

Table with columns: Description, Amount, and Total. Includes To amount of distiller's license, By State Treasurer's receipts, etc.

A. L. SMITH COUNTY TREASURER.

BILLIARD LICENSE.

Table with columns: Description, Amount, and Total. Includes To amt. of Billiard License, By State Treas. receipts, etc.

A. L. SMITH COUNTY TREASURER.

In Account with the county and the several boroughs and townships for their and each of their proportion of license money, under the act of 1841, for the year 1895.

Table with columns: Boroughs and Townships, Description, Amount, and Total. Includes Cherry Township, Colby, Dushore Borough, etc.

A. L. SMITH COUNTY TREASURER.

Continued on page 3.

A. L. SMITH, COUNTY TREASURER.

In account with various Collectors of previous years for Tax accounts paid up and settled during the year 1895.

Table with columns: Boroughs and Townships, Collectors, Yrs. Due, Co. Pd., Land, Exon., etc.

A. L. SMITH COUNTY TREASURER.

In account with the several Townships, for Road Funds, for Taxes received on Unseated Lands, for the year 1895.

Table with columns: Boroughs and Townships, Amount Received, Amt. due, etc.

A. L. SMITH COUNTY TREASURER.

In account with the several Townships for School and Building Funds, for Taxes received from Unseated Lands, for the year 1895.

Table with columns: Boroughs and Townships, Amount Rec'd, Amt. due, etc.

A. L. SMITH COUNTY TREASURER.

In account with the several Townships for Poor Funds for Taxes received from Unseated Land for the year 1895.

Table with columns: Boroughs and Townships, Rec'd, Amt. due, etc.

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