Two St. Patrick's days in succession— hat of 1894 and 1895—have been remarkable or being clear and cloudless. Nevertheless, there were typical wind flurries, and while there were typical wind flurries, and while the old Saint is supposed to have driven out serpents, he has never succeeded in driving out rheumatism and like pains and aches, which hold their own at this time of the year. No, it has been left to another Saint to accomplish this: St. Jacobs Oll, and whenever used for rheumatism it cures promptly. Don't trust the weather, but have a bottle handy all the time.

In Paris the practice of doctoring fruit by cloring is quite common.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

Chile proposes to make make the experi-ent of State management of railways.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUGAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUVRRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Cutarth that CHER.

SEAT STATE OF THE ST

Hall's Catarrh Cure istaken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. Chener & Co., Toledo, O.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflamma-tion, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle Explosions of Coughing are stopped by Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute. Piso's Cure cured me of a Throat and Lung trouble of three years' standing.—E. CADY, Huntington, Ind., November 12, 1894.



In Old Age The vigor so earnestly craved for is given by Hood's Sarsaparilla, because

it restores the vitality and purity of the blood, and thus strengthens and sustains all the bodily organs. "I could fill a newspaper with words of praise for Hood's Sarsaparilla for it is the best medicine for the blood. I am an_old man 79 years of age and I feel very thank-

Hood's ful to Hood's Sarsaparilla

for 1 believe it saved my

life. I was troubled very

Sarsaparilla
severely with my stomach
and from disordered blood,
having sores on my cheek.
Some thought I had a can-Some thought I had a cancer but Hood's Sarsaparilla cured me. The pains in my

stomach left me, it regulated my bowels and that dull feeling was driven away. The sores on my cheek healed I am in every way greatly improved. I cannot find words good enough to praise Hood's Sarsaparilla."

Archie McAllister, Young Hickory, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Only **True Blood Purifier**

Be sure to get Hood's and only Hood's.

Hood's Pills cures habitual constipa-HIGHEST AWARD WORLD'S FAIR. FOOD BEST SUITED TO ALL WEAK CONDITIONS DIGESTIVE ORGANS Dyspeptic, Delicate, Infirm and AGED PERSONS

THE SAFEST FOOD IN THE SICK ROOM FOR INVALIDS

PURE DELICIOUS, NOURISHING

FOOD «NURSING MOTHERS, INFANTS, № CHILDREN

THE THE RIAL GRANUM
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INK FREE To introduce our goods and to two ounces Black ink FREE, pres ad, upon receipt of Ge, postage. King MFit. CO., D 41, Chicago WANTED in Every TOWN a young able to write a plain hand. Address for particular TOMPKINS BROS. & CO., 4874 8th Ave., New York.

DENSION JOSAN W. MORRIS, Successfully Prosecutes Claims Late Principal Examiner US Pension Bureau, Jyrsia nast war 18 dudicating claims, atty since



REMEDY FOR RATS AND MICE. These small but greatly destructive remain of the farm may be kept in subjection without much trouble if the right methods are taken. First, the buildings should be constructed with special reference to them; this, however, is rarely thought of by builders. No hiding places should be permitted under the floors or behind the fittings are so arranged that he may receive rich rewards. fittings; the floors should either be on the ground and made of concrete, through which rats cannot burrow, or raised so high above it that cats or raised so high above it that cats and dogs can go everywhere in pursuit of their natural game. Three or four good cats, preferably emasculated ones, and one good terrier—a fox terrier is the best—or all of these, will, if well fed, spend the greater part of their time in hunting, and so very soon exterminate the vermin. Otherwise poison should be used in such a way as to avoid danger to othsuch a way as to avoid danger to other animals. This may be done by mixing a very little powdered strychnine with some fat in which cornmeal nine with some lat in which cornmeal is mixed; and putting small quantities of this in holes bored in blocks of wood, so that the vermin can get at it and other animals cannot. These traps are scattered about where the vermin will be likely to get at the batt.—New York Times bait .- New York Times.

HOW CREAM IS RIPENED. The cream is best skimmed when rather thick, that is, when it may be almost rolled up on the pan and lifted in a sort of cake. It will then contain about twenty per cent. of milk, and some milk must then be poured tain about twenty per cent. of milk, and some milk must then be poured into the cream jar with the cream, and the whole stirred to mix the two intimately. This stirring is done every time the cream is added, and the third milking should be the last before the cream is churned. The cream will ripen of itself if it is kept in a warm place all this time, not less than sixty degrees of temperature. At the end of this time the 'surface will glisten like satin when it is stirred, and this is a good indication offits full ripening for the churning. Otherwise, the cream may be set on the addition of the last cream, by mixing half a pint of the buttermilk from the last can, churning to five gallons of the cream and into the set of the trees extend the trees of the ground, and the tries or call the trees as well as the vegetables or small fruit rapidly deteriorates or lains to production.

The orchard set in young trees should be cultivated annually and the benefit of the trees as well as the vegetables or small fruit rapidly deteriorates or lains of the orchard set in young trees should be cultivated annually and the benefit of the trees as well as the vegetables or small fruit rapidly and should be cultivated annually cream, by mixing half a pint of the buttermilk from the last can, churn-ing to five gallons of the cream and stirring it well; then, at a temperawhich the roots of the trees extend. Pctash is a valuable fertilizer for all cream will be ready for churning in twelve hours. This will yield the finest flavored butter, that is fit for the table in a few hours after it is made, or for some tastes it is churned for every meal and eaten as it is made, or for some tastes it is churned for every meal, and eaten as it is churned. Cream thus ripened will make a very delicately flavored butter.—American Farmer.

HOW TO PAIST VALVE CHARTS

HOW TO RAISE YOUNG CHICKS

When the chicks are all hatched leave them under the hen undisturbed for one day. They are tender and delicate and need the vitalizing heat of the mother. Let them remain with-out food until the second day. When the hen is taken from the nest dust her thoroughly with fresh insect powder. Grease her legs lightly with melted lard and apply two or three drops to the back of her neck. Do not put any under her wings, as the chicks are apt to get it into their eyes, causing blindess. Lies were from the ing blindness. Lice pass from the hen to the chicks 20 if there is one The first four or five days feed stale bread or cracker crumbs moistened with sweet milk. Do not make it too with sweet milk. Do not make it too slooppy. The principal food should be bread made of equal parts fine oatmeal, bran, shorts and corn meal. Add enough soda and salt to season, and three teaspoonfuls of ground bone. Mix with sweet milk and bake in the over Cruphle the inside of the bread is the case at present. enough soda and salt to season, and three teaspoonfuls of ground bone. oven. Crumble the inside of the bread and feed it dry. Take the crust and moisten with a raw egg until the whole is a stiff dough. Young chicks will keep healthy and grow fast on this food. Egg is the natural food for young fowls and should be given once or twice a day. Raw egg will prevent bowel trouble, while too much hard boiled egg will produce it.

boiled egg will produce it.

Feed regularly every two hours until the chicks are a week old, then four times a day will do. Give them all they will eat up clean but do not leave any in the trough to sour. As soon as chicks require food they require water. Milk may be given, but it should be sweet. If the weather is cold have the water tepid. Construct the drinking dishes so that the chicken can drink without getting wet. Never feed raw corn meal, as it contains more mineral matter and is one of the best bone-forming foods that can be given to growing fowls; but it should succeeding crops will be lessened corgiven to growing fowls; but it should always be scalded. As they grow older feed grain, either whole or cracked. Table scraps and garden greens may also be given. Keep pulverized charcoal and fine gravel within their reach all the time. The young chicks must be kept warm and dry until they are six weeks old; a single night's exposure may bring on bowel. night's exposure may bring on bowel disease. When this appears it is generally attributed to the food, but the real cause is cold.

Do not keep the hen confined in a coop unless it is a large one, and then only in bad, wet weather. It is almost

to join and attend regularly the in-teresting meetings of such societies as this. Those who make a success in

work." Now if he will do either, all things are so arranged that he may receive rich rewards.

From the earliest times men have turned to the soil for their support. The products were few because their wants were few. In process of time agriculture was divided into departments. The man who cultivated field crops on a large scale was called a husbandman or agriculturist. Others that cultivated fruits, roots and vegetables were called horticulturists, and one branch of the latter is my subject. Fruit is the poor man's friend, the rich man's luxury, the laborer's physician, and the foe to quack doctors. There is no more royal road to health than that lined by trees of ripened fruit. The growth of trees, whether in the forest, or in the orchard, takes from the soil the necessary nutriment both for the formation of wood and the development of fruit. To secure the most satisfactory development of fruit requires health and vigor of wood. But the growth of trees in a soil continually cropped in soil exhaustion, and if continued for a term of years with no restoration of fertilizing material, the conditions become unfavorable to any healthy growth of wood fibre. It is under such conditions as these that ch conditions as these that under su fruit rapidly deteriorates or fails of

especially that portion of it through which the roots of the trees extend. Pctash is a valuable fertilizer for all

drained see that it is. Scatter well composted manure over the ground, plow deep, and then if you can get them scatter wood ashes over the ground and work them well into the soil with a harrow. And depend upon it there is no amount of pains which you can take in this respect that will you can take in this respect that will not amply repay you in the end. We look upon it as of the utmost importance to the future welfare of the tre that it should have a good start in the beginning and make an early and rapid growth; this will enable it to resist the attacks of disease and insects the better.

FARM AND GARDEN NOTES. Charcoal is a good corrective o

The first thing to do in the spring is to apply a liberal allowance of soluble fertilizer on the asparagus bed, as asparagus comes early in the spring. It is said that watermelons will keep nicely until Christmas if they are cut from the vine with the stems on and

buried in sand out of the way of frost. Common sense will bring more eggs than corn. Don't you forget that.

succeeding crops will be lessened cor respondingly.

Farmers must have an ideal to which to work, and not be content to go along "about as usual." There is go along about as usual. There is no success without an aim, and this aim should be a high one and every energy bent to it at all times. This is a law of success everywhere.

The fact is now well established that

only in bad, wet weather. It is almost impossible to keep a confined hen free from lice. If she has her liberty she will dust daly and rid herself of the pests, and the little chicks will learn at an early age to wallow in the dust. Let them roam over the garden and fields and they will gather a large part of their food, and benefit the farm and garden by ridding them of insects.—American Agriculturist.

18 a law of the law of the cost of keeping a hen one year is one dollar, and if she is any good, and you feed her properly she will pay of the dollar and give you another in eggs. You can feed her more than it dollar's worth in a year if you choose, but the kindness will be misplaced, for she will get too fat and lazy to lay, hence your account will balance on the wrong side.

Those who are starting incubators

CARE OF ORCHARDS.

Extracts from a very interesting paper read by J. H. Fishell before the Indiana Horticultural Society: The care of orchards for best results is a subject which concerns all of us. There is too much lack of horticultural knowledge among farmers. They are not as well posted on fruit-groware not as well posted on fruit-groware not as well posted on fruit-growaring as they should be. It certainly would be to the advantage of every wide-awake farmer and fruit-grower

Although the heliotrope is a tender plant, extremely sensitive to cold, it is one of the best plants for cultivation indoors. It seems to have few diseases, and is usually free from insect enemies, while with abundant water and sunshine and sufficient artificial heat it will bloom all winter long year after year, and is so tenacious of life that when cut down to a mere stick it quickly shoots forth luxuriant new wood. In addition to all this, the more the plant is pruned the more luxuriantly it blossoms. The blossoms should be cut with a considerable length of the new wood upon which they grow, and if at once fully immersed in water and then placed in a deep, well-filled vase they remain fresh and odorous for many days. The plant is a little difficult for amateurs to propagate from cuttings, thouch with plant of water and sure and such as the plant is a little difficult for amateurs to propagate from cuttings, thouch with plant of water and sure and su teurs to propagate from cuttings, though with plenty of water and sun and some bottom heat the young cuttings quickly root and prosper. — Chicago Herald.

HOW TO OIL A FLOOR. Get boiled linseed oil (raw oil will do but not so well), writes H. Horner.
Stir into it enough yellow ochre to
make it the consistency of cream.
Add half a pint oi Japan dryer; stir
all well together and apply with a medium-sized paint brush. Begin at
the washboard and work your way towards the center of room leaving a the washboard and work your way towards the center of room, leaving a way to work out toward the door. Keep off the floor for a day or two. No doubt some places in the floor will be much worn. These spots might have a thin coat put on a few days before the entire floor is painted and oiled, and as they will be rough the mixture will be absorbed so rapidly that little or no care need be taken to keep off this first coat. If it is simply desired to oil the floor omit the yellow ochre. If you want a dirty ply desired to oil the floor omit the yellow ochre. If you want a dirty brown color to hide stains use two-thirds or three-fourths ochre and one-fourth burnt amber. Either of these colors in a dry powder will do, but it is better to buy them ground in oil. Be sure to mix well before using, and stry with a stick now, and Be sure to mix well before using, and stir with a stick now and then while applying. The ochre alone will give nearly the color of new pine boards. It fills the rough places in floor much better than oil only. The floor will wear longer, be smoother and wipe up cleaner. All our floors are painted and kept so. They are more cleadly, are more easily cared for, are healthier and look so much better. We have no carpets and don't want them. Have plenty of nice rugs and mats spread about where needed. Oiled or painted floors should not be scrubbed, painted floors should not be scrubbed, painted noors should not be scrubbed, simply wiped with a damp cloth. One gallon oil and half a pint of Japan dryer with enough ochre to thicken will do a room fifteen feet square, one coat depending some on condition of floor.—Home and Farm.

RECIPES.

Potato Omelet-Slice and fry boiled potatoes; take three eggs, one pint of flour, a pinch of salt and enough sweet milk to make a thin batter. Pour over the potatoes and fry it.

Fried Hominy—Have a frying pan with not butter or lard in it; put in as much hominy as required for the meal. Pour over it a very little water or milk to keep it from burning. Do not stir it while cooking, but leave the kernels whole.

Hominy or Hulled Corn-Shell the corn, put it in a sack, tie, put in a kettle of water with plenty of ashes, boil half an hour, remove, pour out the corn and wash until the hulls are removed. Then return it to kettle and boil in clean water until done.

Fruit Cake (Plain)—Half a pound of sugar beaten to a cream, add the yolks of four well beaten eggs, stir till light, then add the whites beaten to a English currants, flavor with mace, add a light pound of flour in which has been stirred a heaping teaspoonful of baking powder. Bake in a moderate oven. This is very good if eaten

Scalloped Tomatoes—Take one quart can of tomatoes and season with one teaspoonful of salt, half a teaspoonful of pepper, a teaspoonful each of sugar and onion juice, and a tablespoonful of butter. Butter a deep dish and sprinkle with flue crumbs. Pour in the tomatoes, cover the top with fine bread crumbs and bits of butter. Bake in a moderate oven an Sutter. Bake in a moderate ov hour and a half to two hours.

Sweetbreads—Soak one hour in salt and water, boil in the same until and water, boil in the same until cooked. Remove skins and cut in slices one-half inch thick when cool, and season each with pepper, salt and nutmeg, dip in egg and flour and fry in very hot butter. Take up and keep hot. Add a little flour to the pan and when how the same and a state of the same and season and same a when brown add nutmeg and one ta-blespoonful each of vinegar and cat-sup. Let this boil up and pour over sup. Let this botthe sweetbreads.

130,000 Lost Children.

Francis George, the Liverpool bell-an, is to retire from the service of man, is to retire from the service of the city, after a public career extending over a period of sixty years. He was originally a member of the old dock police force. It is said that at one time the office of bellman was worth to the person who held it about \$2500 per annum. In addition to making public proclamations, it was part of the bellman's duty on all civic oc casions to walk before the Mayor of Liverpool, with a portion of the regalia. It was Mr. George's distinction in that capacity during his long period casions to walk before the Anayor of Liverpool, with a portion of the regalia. It was Mr. George's distinction in that capacit? during his long period of office to walk before fifty-three Mayors. In these later days the office of bellman has become practicully a sinecure. The duties which he had to discharge have become obsolete, and other means of announcement have superseded that of the bellman. Up to the present, however, to the bellman's house in Greek street are taken lost and strayed children who may be found wandering about uncared for in the streets of Liverpool. During his long tenure of office, Mr. George has received from police officers at the bellman's house the custody of no fewer than 130,000 stray children, whom he restored to their parents. Latterly this was the old bellman's chief emolument, each parent paying twelve cents for the recovery of the lost children, and \$125 a year was granted to Mr. George from the corporation.— Chicago Times. Hadiografication and the first temperature of the first temperature of

You want the Best

· Royal Baking Powder never disappoints; never makes sour, soggy or husky food; never spoils good materials: never leaves lumps of alkali in the biscuit or cake; while all these things do happen with the best of cooks who cling to the old-fashioned methods, or who use other baking powders.

If you want the best food, Royal Baking Powder is indispensable.

A Still Hunt for Ancestors, It is remarked in New York that Judge Pryor's wife has written for the Century Magazine a paper that she calls "A Search for an Ancestor," and it is said the topic is timely, for ever since Ward McAllister's first social advent the Four Hundred have contained went the Four Hundred have contained many family units who have been hunting up ancestors, pedigrees and coats of arms. There is, socially, a veritable craze for the latter, and the pedestrian who may linger at book-sellers' windows can view a display of crests and mottoes from which coats of arms may be made up by many of the newly rich, whose ancestors really had no arms to their coats. Hunting up ancestors may yet become a prominent social sport among the city swells. Any sort of an ancestor will do when a man is in a hurry for a pedigree.—New Orleans Picayune.

"Father of American Watchmaking." The late Aaron Dennison, who has been styled "the tather of American watchmaking," was a man of an unusually sweet spirit. He was interested in his work not merely for its own sake, but for the benefits resulting to his followmen Often he ing to his fellow-man. Often he worked late into the night, so late that his loving wife would go and beg him to "wait until to-morrow." One night she said to him: "Are you not going to bed at all? What are you doing?" And he turned and slowly answered: "I am trying to make it possible for every poor man to have a watch"—a result which he very nearly accomplished.—New York Independ-

UNCLE BOB'S SUNDAY TALK. DISCOURSE ON A TYPEWRITER---MACHINE, NOT OPERATOR, WHICH FINDS FAVOR.

provements Lighten Labor---His Spec on the New Remington No. 6 About One-third Greater Than on the Old No. 2.

on the New Remington No. 6 About
One-third Greater Than on
the Old No. 2.

I changed typewriters last week, and am so
pleased with the new machine that I cannot
help writing about it. Any one who makes
"copy" or has much correspondence to de will
understand my pleasure when I say that I can
the order of the mean of the content of the d. The spacing mechanism is also wonderrully improved. The rack of the No. 2 is replaced by a little escapement wheel which
works at lightning speed and with unerring
certainty, making the machine lighter to run
and quicker to act and reducing the wear upon
the different parts. The new method of feeding the paper into the machine and controling its movement cannot be too highly commended. The old rubber bands have disappeared, and in their place is found a series of
self-adjusting rubber feed-tolks, who the rubpeared, and in their place is found a series of
self-adjusting rubber feed-tolks, who the rubtupon a narrow strip of paper in the new machine as it is upon a wide sheet. The machine
is also equipped with novel and ingenious
paper guides and envelope holders, which can
be so readily adjusted to any part of the cylinder that it is child's play to address envelopes of any size or do other work of the
kind. Every change seems to be designed to
promote the convenience of the operator and
to increase the durability and working qualities of the machine, and a premodel, and the convenience of the operator and
to increase the durability and working qualities of the machine, and a premodel, and a premodel of popular and the strip of the marstailed that it was constructed upon the
right principles and in the right manner, and
can always be relied upon to do what is
claimed for it. Now that the No, 6 is on the
models.—New Fork World.

models.—New York World.

Try a Package

and be convinced that Quirk's Irish Tea is an infallible remedy for Billousness, Headache, Constipation, Indigestion, Torpid Liver and all kindred diseases. It cleanses the system, purifies the blood and thoroughly removes all secretions, which, so often, are the seeds of disease. It has been used for years seeds of disease. It has been used for years seed to will be a seed of the seeds of disease. It has been used for years seed to will be a seed of the seeds of the

"The Pleasure of Killing." Captain C. A. W. Donovan, who has recently made a hunting trip through Matabeleland, Africa, bas written a book describing his experiences. He betrays in the most delightfully naive way that delight in slaughter for

slaughter's own sake which is characteristic of many nominally civilized huntsmen. Here is a fine illustration

of this peculiarity:

"While crossing Spring-bok Flats,
we had a great hunt after a troop of
the nimble little bucks which give the district its name. It was a pretty sight to see them galloping along and mak-ing the marvelous springs into the air from which their name is derived. To from which their name is derived. To watch them thus was to me—to whom everything was new—almost as inter-esting as to shoot them. I should have enjoyed another day after them, as the open country in which they delight makes it possible to watch every turn, twist and jump of the herd. And, af-ter all, seeing new animals in their natural condition is almost equal to the pleasure of killing them."

Now Comes Plaid Paper.

Fashions in stationery change in way that is fairly kaleidoscopic. Just now, says an exchange, plaid note paper in delicate pink and blue is found upon the desk of the fashionable woman who dares lead where others fear to follow. Plaid paper is probably the product of the prevailing Scotch infatuation that infests everything, even to the daily menu.—New Orleans Picayune.



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, head-aches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most

many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute. substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL, LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

and Professor Franklin W. Hooper, of the Brooklyn Institute.

The plan is to charter a whaling steamer capable of accommodating ten scientists exclusive of the crew. She will leave St. John's about the middle of June, cruise along the western Greenland coast, thence to Peary's headquarters in McCormick's Bay to bring him and his contrades home. The expenses of the expedition will amount to \$10,000. They will be met by contributions of \$1000 from ten institutions of learning, and each institution will send a representative.—Chicago Times-Herald. New Tannie Acid Roots,

An Arctic Expedition.

A West Greenland expedition has been arranged for the season of 1895. The prominent organizers are from New York and Brooklyn. Philadelphia, Boston, Princeton and Chicago will also furnish scientists, money and supplies. The committee under whose auspices the expedition has been started consists of Cyrus C. Adams, who was Lieutenant Peary's right-hand man; Professor William Libbey, of Princeton; Professor T. C. Cham-

of Princeton; Professor T. C. Cham-berlain, of the University of Chicago; Herbert L. Bridgman, of Brooklyn, and Professor Franklin W. Hooper, of

West Greenland expedition has

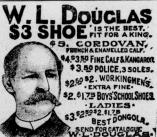
It is stated that certain parties in California have commenced the cultivation of yellow dock, as the roots various of yellow dock, as the roots contain thirty-two per cent. of tannic acid. This is supposed to take the place of oak bark for tanning purposes. But why cultivate this weed, says the Redding Free Press, when there are thousands of acres of manzanita, whose leaves make the finest kind of tanning.—San Francisco Chronicle.



Like an open book, our faces tell the tale of health or dis-ease. Hollow cheeks and sunken eyes, listless steps and languorous looks languorous 10 o ks tell of wasting de-bilitating disease some place in the body. It may be one place or another, the cause is generally traceable to a common on source—impure blood, and impure blood starts rans.

in the digestive organis.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery purifies the blood, stimulates digestive action, searches out disease-germs wherever they exist and puts the whole body into a vigorous, strong and healthy condition. It builds up solid, useful flesh, rubs out wrinkles, brightens the eyes and makes life really worth living.



W. L. Douglas \$3 & \$4 Shoes All our shoes are equally satisfactory. They give the best value for the money. If they equal custom shoes in style and fit. Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed. The prices are uniform,—stamped on sole. From \$1 to \$3 saved over other makes, I your death cannot seemly you we can.

A Sample Collar and Pair of Cuffs by mail for Six Cents. Name style and size. Address REVERSIBLE COLLAR COMPANY,
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powdered soap could be. It has all the good properties of any soap—and many more, too. There's something in it that does the work easily, but without harm—much more easily than any other way yet known.

Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you, "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." ITS
FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, if your grocer sends
you an imitation, be honest—send it back.

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JAMES PYLE, New York.

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The AERMOTOR ANTI-FREEZING THREE-WAY break, has a very large air chamber, has a very large spout opening, and can be furnished by any dealer this side of the Rocky Mountains Aermotor agent for them. It is always better to go to an Aermotor As a rule he is a first-class, live, reliable, wide-awake fellow; that is in our entire list of thousands of agents, you can find one slow, stupid, behind-the-times fellow. We furnish also a AERMOTOR FORCE PUMP AT \$4.50, BETTER THÂN USUALLY SOLD AT \$8 OR \$10. Pump Catalogue. Buy nothing but an Aermotor Pump, and do not pay more than Aermotor prices for it. We protect the public. We furnish it good goods at low prices. We have established twenty branch houses in order that it may get goods cheaply and promptly. You consult your own interests by insisting on not only Aermotor prices but Aermotor goods a Aermotor prices. Be sure and see our offer next week of a \$40 Feed Cutter at \$10.

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