Since the original fall of man we me signal examples of great falls—not to clude Niagara or the immense fall in values which the times have brought about -in the nature of accidents which waylay men at all times. One such is that of Mr. George W. Lord, Olanta, Pa., who says he fell down stairs and suffered four weeks with a sprained The use of St. Jacobs Oil completely him. Mr. G. Roeder, 609 S. 17th St. cured him. Omaha, Neb., relates that he jumped from his engine in collision and sustained a very bad sprain to his ankle; he had to use a cane for weeks, but was finally cured by St. Jacobs Oil. Never fall out with so good a

The late W. B. F. Fort, of Wayne County, North Carolina, was born and reared on property granted to his ancestors by George III.

r. Kilmer's Swamr-Root cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free, Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

GLADSTONE traces his ancestry back to King Duncan, of Scotland, who was Mac-beth's victim.

That is seldom reached, but when Salzer's Extra Grass Mixtures are sown this is possible. Over fifty kinds of grass and clover sorts Largest growers of farm seeds in the world. Alsike Clover is the hardest; Crimson Clover is the quickest growing; Alfalfa Clover is the best fertilizing clover, while Salzer's Extra Grass Mixtures make the best meadows in the

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will receive eleven packages grass and clover sorts and his mam-moth farm seed catalogue; full of good thing-for the farmer, the gardener and the citizen

Deafness Cannot be Cured

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by local applications, as they cannot reach the
diseased portion of the ear. There is only one
way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the nuccous lining of the
Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed
Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation car be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be
caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the nuccous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any
case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for
circulars, free. not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send fo circulars, free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Best of All

To cleanse the system in a gentle and truly beneficial manner, when the Springtime comes use the true and perfect remedy. Syrup of Figs One bottle will answer for all the family and costs only 50 cents; the large size \$1. Try it and be pleased. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

It Pays.

It pays to read the papers, especially your own family paper, for often in this way good business opportunities are brought to your attention. For instance, B. F. Johnson & Co., of Riehmond, Va., are now advertising, offering paying positions to parties who engage with them, devoting all or any part of their time to their business interests. It might pay you to write to them.

A Beautiful Souvenir Spoon

Will be sent with every bottle of Dr. Hoxsie's Certain Croup Cure. Ordered by mail, post-oaid, 50 cts. Address, Hoxsic, Buffalo, N. Y. THE THROAT. "Brown's Bronchial Troches act directly on the organs of the voice. The have an extraordinary effect in all disorders of the throat.

Mornings—Beecham's Pills with a drink of water. Beecham's—no others. 25 cents a box. Cough nights? On going to bed take a dose of Hatch's Universal Cough Syrup. If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.



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Headache - Weak Stomach, Etc.

Strength Imparted & System Built

Up by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sirs:—I can recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla to all my friends and acquaintances as one of the best tonics to strengthen and build system when one feels all run down.

Headaches and Stomach Troubles. These spells would unfit me for work and left me in a very weak condition. I commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and it helped me greatly. I can truthfully say I received more benefit and relief from Hood's Sarsaparilla

Hood's sarsa Cures

than from any other source or medicine I have ever taken. I am willing the above statement should be published for the benefit of other sufferers." Mrs. O. E. Berne, Solon, N. Y. N. B.-Be sure to get Hood's.



is never entertained by the children for a medicine that tastes bad. This explains This explains the popularity among

little ones of Scott's Emulsion,

a preparation of cod-liver oil almost as palatable as milk. Many mothers have grateful knowledge of its benefits to weak, sickly

cott & Bowns, N. V. All druggists.



PATENTS WILLIAM P. SIMPSON



WHEN HORSES BITE THE HARNESS This bad habit may be checked by

steeping some bitter aloes in warm water and sponging the harness with it. This is also disgusting to rats and mice, which often gnaw the harness for the salty taste it has from the per-spiration of the horses. This shows spiration of the horses. This shows how right and proper it is to wash and now right and proper it is to wash and grease the harness frequently, using carbolic or tar soap, and adding a little carbolic acid to the grease, which should be pure vaseline.—New York

SMALL BUT SURE PROFIT.

Farmers make a smaller percentage on their investments probably than any other class. The merchant, banker and manufacturer would go out of business if his visible income from his investment was no more than the farmer's, yet notwithstanding that this is indisputably true, it is a fact, nevertheless, that there is a smaller percentage of failures among farmers than any other class. More than this, there is a large percentage of farmers get well to do in this world's goods and provide themselves and families a good living than any other class. This being the case, we certainly conclude that it pays to work for a small income. Especially is this true when in the case of the farmer the income is steady one year with another.—Rocky Mountain Husbandman.

FRESH BUTTER.

Foreigners who come to this country universally complain of American butter. They do not find it good, be-cause it does not suit their palates, and Americans on first going abroad complain that the "butter is so in-sipid." The writer has often seen salt sipid." The writer has often seen salt added at table. It is remarkable, how-ever, how quickly they, too, learn to prefer the fresh butter to that which is heavily salted.

The demand for slightly salted butter is growing in this country, and it is to be hoped that it will spread rap-idly, and remove one great objection to "American butter" in the eyes of Europeans. We are hardly aware how much it has hurt our foreign market. There is really no necessity for so much salt. Good, firm butter can be kept for two or three months fresh, and if done up in neat, new packages will command high prices. This is the dairyman's opportunity. It means winter dairying, of course, and it also means big profits to the energetic man.

—New York World.

BEDDING FOR HOGS.

The best bedding for hogs is corn fodder or stover, writes D. A. Kent. It is best because less heating. Hogs lay close together, and when nestled in straw get too warm, because the air cannot circulate through the bedding. They cannot bury themselves in the stover as they do in the straw, In the stover as they do in the straw, and, therefore, do not get so warm. This heat causes excessive sweating. The sweating effects catching cold and all the consequent disorders. It also musts the straw and generates very offensive odors. The stover is comparatively free from rust and other fungoids which affect the straw of wheat, oats and barley. Flax atraw is the goids which affect the straw of wheat, oats and barley. Flax straw is the next best. Stover is good bedding for the young pigs; and if it is cut up there is nothing better. It is even better than dry leaves. If straw is used it must be changed every day, while stover will last for several days. The order of values for the different straws should be: first, stover; second, fiax straw; third, rye straw; fourth, wheat straw; fifth, barley straw; sixth, oat straw. The basis of straw; sixth, oat straw. The basis of this classification rests on the liability to pack together and on the injurious effects of fungoids. Every farmer is familiar with the fact that a sheaf of oats or barley if bound a little damp or green will mould in the centre: that t such bad effects, and a sheaf of rye still less, while a shock of corn fodder will scarcely mould in either case. These properties govern their value as litter.—Rural Life.

HOW TO JUDGE WOOL.

The finest and softest wool is always on the shoulders of the sheep. An expert on judging sheep always looks at the wool on the shoulders first. A writer of experience in rearing fine wooled sheep and in handling wool gives the following suggestions for selecting a good wooled sheep:

Always assuming that the wool to be generally used. F

wooled sheep and in handling wool gives the following suggestions for selecting a good wooled sheep:

Always assuming that the wool to be inspected is really fine, we first examine the shoulders as a part where the finest wool is to be found. This we take as a standard, and compare it with the wool from the ribs the third with the wool from the ribs the third. with the wool from the ribs, the thigh. the rump and shoulder parts, and the nearer the wool from the various porstandard the better. First we scrutin-ize the fineness, and if the result is such satisfactory we pronounce the fleece in respect of fineness "even." Next we scrutinize the length of the staple, and if we find that the wool on the ribs, thigh and back approximates reasonably in length to that of our standard we went declarate to the reasonably in length to that of our standard we again declare the fleece as regards length of staple, "true and even." We next satisfy ourselves as to the density of the fleece, and we do this by closing the hands upon a por-tion of the rump and loin wool, these points being usually the thinnest and most faulty. If this again gives satis-faction we designate all the wool "even as to density." Now, to sum-marize these separate examinations: marize these separate examinations:
If the fleece is nearly of equal length
on shoulder, rib and back, and density
on shoulder and across the loins, we
conclude that we have a perfect sheep
for producing valuable wool.—Wool
and Mutton.

The blanketing of a horse may seem
it is a small matter, but attention to it
at the proper time would have saved
the life of many a valuable animal and
suffering and loss.

If the land of our farms could be

time of the cotton cultivator; and yet the planter declares that it makes ex-cellent hay. A list of weeds gathered from experiment stations enumerates about 650 different plants, and this about 650 different plants, and this list includes crab grass, cock's foot, green foxtail, sweet clover, quack grass, pawpaw, tulip mint, and many others that may have their uses in their proper place, which are a positive nuisance when they interfere with a growth desired by the cultivator.

And yet this list, large as it is, does not include the Russian thistle, a new importation, which is rapidly over-

importation, which is rapidly or running the Dakotas; and it running the Dakotas; and it is claimed, whether accurately or not, that in an area of 30,000 square miles 1000 square miles of wheat suffer a loss of five bushels per acre. If this is so, the lowest possible estimate of value per bushel would make the loss more than a million dollars. Truly an expensive importation! All imports withdraw their value from domestic resources, but most of them render in some form a quid pro quo. These foreign accessions not only cause great present loss but threaten to increase and overrun the country, choking out useful production to the extent of many millions annually. If taken in hand a few years ago this pest could have been stamped out with comparative ease. Now it is a difficult prob-lem, for which farmers are beginning to seek a solution seriously. Already to seek a solution seriously. Already a Dakota member of Congress has introduced a bill appropriating a million dollars for its extirpation. If Congress cannot constitutionally or equitably vote money to aid in the extinction of the gypsy moth in Massachusetts, I scarcely see how legis lators can consistently make appropriations toward stamping out the Russian thistle in Dakota. Practical common sense might suggest a solution of such economic questions in two ways; First, in the fact that in each district there is likely to be some weed or insect or disease affect-ing animal or vegetable life with which the individual cannot cope, and crossing incontinently State lines and, second, that though now a limited area is affected, there is danger of devastation of the whole country. In the consideration of such questions breadth and comprehensiveness of view, as well as practical sense and just reason, are requisite.—Country Gentleman.

FARM AND GARDEN NOTES. At this season fowls do better if con-

fined on rainy days. Hogs at nine months should weigh from 250 to 300 pounds.

Both breed and feed are required to make a good dairy cow.

Hog-raising and dairying form a good combination for profit.

Feeding Brahmas all they will eat will usually stop them from laying. If sulphur is given at all it should be given sparingly and never in damp weather

Give a little oatmeal or stale bread

chickens. Filth and lack of ventilation cause

more disease among poultry than any-

Road dust and finely sifted wood ashes in equal parts make a good material for the dust boxes.

Sell from the young stock and do not sacrifice fowls that have proved satisfactory unless very old. Breeding and handling are of equal

importance in attaining success with horses. They should go hand in hand. The man who now shows his faith in sheep by staying in or going in that industry will surely come out on top

Keep the cows from temptation by having the fences in such condition that they cannot get through or over

In a brooder each duckling chooses and remains there until morning without crowding. Lung fever often results from speed-

ing horses when the mercury is low that are kept in warm, close stables

In removing dead branches care should be taken to make the cut close and smooth. If a stub is left it will not heal over readily.

higher temperature before the butter

If a piece of land is to be double cropped next season, fertilize it freely and plant crops which mature quickly, such as wheat followed by millet, or sweet corn followed by buckwheat or

Practicing rotation in the produc-tion of crops is not only a most excel-lent course for preventing soil exhaus-tion, but the best means for prevent-ing the multiplication of weeds and insects. The two earliest breeds of turkeys

are the bronze and the Narragansett, The former is a dark bronze color, with a luster approaching gold, while the latter is a metallic black, with sal-mon-colored legs.

The blanketing of a horse may seem

one that we have a perfect sheep and for producing valuable wool.—Would and Mutton.

THE COST OF WEEDS.

Weeds have been described as "plants out of place." The intrusion of a plant in a field occupied by another as a crop, makes the intruder a weed. Crab grass in a cotton field is a pest that concumes much of the sanures that are made on the farm.

HOUSEHOLD AFFAIRS.

A doctor says that the proper com-mencement of dinner should be the old-fashioned dish of soup, and for the old-inshioned dish of soup, and for the reason that it is necessary for the first food taken at dinner should be quickly absorbed, so as to stimulate the nerv-ous system and give tone to the stom-ach.—New York Journal.

TO COLOR SAUCES.

Caramel, so much used to color sauces, gravies, etc., is made as follows: Heat half a pound of brown sugar in a small kettle and stir it until it is smooth, dark brown butter, but be careful that it does not burn : add gradually a pint of hot water, let it simmer while the sugar, which is scraped from the kettle, dissolves, and then bottle and cork.—New York

The material to be employed is chamois leather; cut the shoes into the shape of a tiny sock. Sew them up with the seams on the inside, and then turn them se that any edges may be on the outside. Do not make an opening in the front, but rather let the top be wide enough to admit the little foot and ankle easily. Now crocket a scallop with bright wool or silk around the edge, and cut a few little slits just under it, at a distance of about half an inch from each other. Run a ribbon through these, the same color as the scallop, and, drawing it enough to keep the little shoe firm, tie a bow in front. tie a bow in front. These make nice house shoes for little folks.—Detroit

USES FOR FLOUR SACKS,

Housekeepers who have no room for flour barrel, but still are thrifty enough to bake bread at home, ac cumulate in time a number of empty sacks, for which at first glance there seems no manner of use. A moment's reflection, however, will show many ways in which they can be turned to ways in which they can be turned to account. Perhaps the easiest way to dispose of them usefully is to hem them for dish towels, or to cut them in two and hem for dish-cloths.

If there are small boys and girls in the family they will come in nicely for

pants and sleeve linings. Very dainty housekeepers sew up their pillows in s close-fitting case, thus keeping the ticks fresh and clean, the regular pil-low case to be slipped on over it and this under case to be washed two or three times a year. Flour sacks are excellent for this purpose.

Country housewives, who are proverbially thrifty, perhaps because they cannot so easily run out "on the avenue" and buy a thing the moment they want it, do not disdain to use these sacks for aprons, faced with turkey red, or feather-stitched with red marking cotton they are suffi-

ciently dainty.

There is a knack in ripping and washing them. Cut the threads with which the sack is closed at the bottom, then, by taking one of the two threads in each hand and pulling you will find the seams unravel easily. Wash out the flour and sizing in several waters, soap the letters well and boil in suds. -Yankee Blade.

RECIPES.

Fruit Johnny Cake—Boil a pint of salted water in a saucepan. When it comes to a boil, stir in a half cupful of rolled oats and boil fifteen minutes then add a cupful of granulated meal.

Spread thinly in a baking pan and strew with chopped raisins and dates, or Zanta currants. Cover at first, and bake twenty to bake twenty to forty minutes, accord-

Barley Broth-Take a quart and a pint of stock. Have your barley soak-ing all day; then add it to the stock one hour before dinner time and allow it to simmer on the back part of the stove until the barley is tender. Just before serving time rub a table-spoonful of butter and two of flour together; add slowly to them halfa pint of scalding milk; when smooth turn into the barley broth; bring to boil-ing point; season and serve.

Eggs with Cheese-Put into a stew pan about two ounces of grated Par mesan or Gruyere cheese, with one ounce of butter, two sprigs of parsley, chopped, and two small onions chopped, a little grated nutmeg and s of sherry. Pr on the fire and keep stirring until the cheese is well melted. Break six eggs in a basin, put them in the stewpan, stir and cook them on a slow fire done, serve with fried sippits of bread around.

Toasted Rusk.—Take a portion of the bread dough, roll it out on the board, then add a suitable amount of sugar, say to each pound of dough s tablespoon of butter; fold the dough over and work carefully until thor-oughly mixed, and then bake this in a long, flat pan, so that when it is light and ready for the oven it will not be over two inches high. After it has been well baked and is perfectly cool cut it into slices; toast these slices in the oven until they are a golden

Quick Muslins-One pint of milk one ounce of butter, one teaspoonful of salt, three cups of flour, two heaping teaspoonfuls of baking powder or a half teaspoonful of soda and one of cream of tartar, three eggs. Beat the eggs separately until light; aid the volks to the milk, then the flour. yolks to the milk, then the flour, which must be more or less, according to the quality. The batter must be thin and poured from the spoon. Now add the baking powder and the well-beaten whites; stir until thor-oughly mixed. Make in muffin rings in a quick oven or on the griddle.

Height of an Eagle's Flight,

The imperial eagle, the largest of the species known, flies to a height of from 10,000 to 15,000 feet. It is a native of South America, and its habitat is among the lofty mountains of that country. Its power of flying to high altitudes is only exceeded by the condor of the Andes, which is said to have attained the height of six miles, or within one mile of the greatest or within one mile of the greatest height ever attained by a balloon. The eagle sails in the air at heights ranging from three to five miles, when seen to soar upward by an server on the earth's curface dis pears from sight in about utes. — Brooklyn Eagle. about three min

A Looking-Glass for the Canary.

A Looking-Glass for the Canary.

The following interesting stry of how a canary was cured of homesickness was told by W. G. Evans: "Not long ago my wife purchased a canary at a bird store. It had been accustomed to companions of its kind at the store, but at our house it was entirely alone. The pretty little songster was evidently homesick. It would not sing, it would not eat, but just drooped and seemed to be pining away. We talked to it, and tried by every means in our power to cheer the bird up, but all in vain. My wife was on the point of carrying the bird back to the store when one day a friend said: 'Give him a piece of looking-glass.' Acting on this suggestion, she tied a piece of broken mirror about the size of a man's half the life. of a man's hand on the outside of the cage. The little fellow hopped down from his perch almost immediately, and, going up close, looked in, seeming delighted. He chirped and hopped about sirging all the protty airs be ing delighted. He chirped and hopped about, singing all the pretty airs he was master of. He never was homesick after that. He spends most of his time before the glass, and when he goes to sleep at night he will cuddle down as close to the glass as he can, thinking, very likely, that he is:

cetting pear to the pretty bird he sees getting near to the pretty bird he sees so often."—St. Louis Globe-Demo-

Well Doing Makes Merry.

Everywhere many women learn the lesson that work well done and useful occupations not despised are peace-giving, ennobling and uplifting. We hear it witnessed by the low humming of Mary in the laundry as she sings to the measure of her hands flying up and down the washboard over which she bent before daylight this morn-ing, although the washboard is a mile's journey from the place where Mary slept last night.

One knows instinctively that Mary's washing will be well done for every

washing will be well done, for never does a grudging laundress sing over her work. We see it in the springy step and bright face with which the woman with something to do passes the one of leisure out for a promenade for health or on her weary round of selfish pleasure. Health even chooses selfish pleasure. its favorites in the world of work and no time to think of pains or aches is often worth a whole medical fraternity for driving away nervous twinges and imaginary ills.—Buffalo News.

How to Prepare Manuscript,

Some years ago, London Notes and Queries, in answer to a question from a reader as to how to prepare manuscript for publication, published some little verses which we reproduce below. Our readers will find them helpful: Write upon pages of a single size; Cross your t's and neatly dot your i's; On one side only let your lines be seen— Both sides filled up announce a verdant green.

Both sides filled up announce a verdant green.

Correct—yes, recorrect—all that you write. And let your ink be black, your paper white, For spongy foolscap, of a muddy blue, Betrays a mind of the same dismai hue. Punctuate carefully, for on this score Nothing proclaims a practised writer more, Then send it off, and, lest it merit lack, Enclose a stamp with which to send it back; But first pay all the postage on it, too. For editors look blank on "six cents due," And murmur, as they run the effusion o'er, "A shabby fellow and a wretched bore!" Yet, ere it goes, take of it a copy clean—Writers should own a copying machine; Little they know the time that's spent, and care

In hunting "copy" vanished—who knows where? Bear this in mind, observe it to the end, And you shall make the editor your friend.

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How to Cure a Sick Headache.

If you ever have a sick headache and want it cured quickly and effectively, with none of the debilitating effects of drugs, just take a tablespoon ful of red pepper, mix it with vineger to a thick paste and spread on a cloth—cotton or linen—bind upon the torehead with a handkerchief, from temple to temple; then take about two grains of the red pepper in a teaspoon-ful of vinegar and swallow it. The mixture on the forehead will burn but not blister, and in the course of ten minutes the headache will disappear under the stimulating effects of this remedy, leaving the patient feeling as if such distressing things as sick head-ache were unknown to the human family .- St. Louis Republic.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 105 WALL ST., NEW YORK. A Terrible Reptile.

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Connecticut River Valley and many other portions of New England were inhabited in past ages by gigantic species of two and four-footed rep tiles. At one of the brownstone quar-ries near Portland tracks of these terrible reptiles have just been found, and geologists are now eagerly await-ing the further working of that ledge, for it is quite possible that petrified remains of these saurians will be found. Some of the tracks are twenty inches from heel to toe and almost as broad. Figuring on this basis, the reptile must have been at least twelve feet high. -St. Louis Republic.

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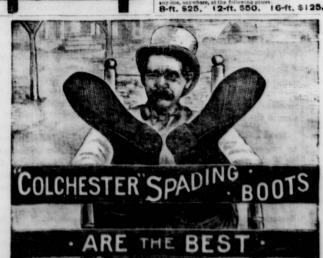
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