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ELMER A. WILBER, Wholesaler of Wines, Beer and Ales. OUR SPECIALTIES: LEHIGH CLUB WHISKEY, DOTTED-WICH BEER AND ALES, NORWICH BREWING CO'S. ALES.

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"1969 FOR MINE" That delicious flavor to be found in Stegmaier's STOCK BEER appeals to all who have tried it, and it accounts for the increasing demand for this rich, foam-crowned amber-colored beverage.

There is no neck nor cork in the bottle. The bottle is made of glass and the cork is made of wood.

ONE VACANT CHAIR

Thaw Murder Trial Jury Is Nearly Complete.

EXPECT JEROME'S ADDRESS TODAY

Questions by Defendant's Counsel Still Point to Temporary Insanity as Defense's Strong Point.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—There is now but a single vacant chair in the Thaw jury box, and it is expected that today the twelfth man will be chosen and that District Attorney Jerome will begin his opening address to a complete jury.

The defendant, his youthful wife and all the members of his family who are able to be in court must listen to the story of the roof garden tragedy, told in all its dramatic detail and as impressively as lies within the power of the prosecuting officer to portray it.

Mr. Jerome has intimated authoritatively that the direct evidence of the prosecution will be of the briefest possible character, dealing only with the incidents leading up to the killing and the story of the tragedy itself as seen by eyewitnesses.



MAY M'KENZIE, (A chorus girl pose.)

ford White and Evelyn Nesbit prior to the slaying of the architect. Thaw's attorneys probably will not reply to Mr. Jerome today, reserving their opening until the state has finished its case.

Two jurors were added to the trial panel, making eleven in all, in an effort to complete the jury the attorneys exhausted the second special panel of talesmen summoned for the trial.

Henry C. Brearley, an advertising agent, thirty-five years of age and married, was the first talesman to qualify. He took his place as juror No. 5, the chair made vacant by the dropping of Harold B. Falls from the jury panel.

Thaw appeared confident as he arose to face each of the two jurors while they were being sworn. The manner in which his attorneys continued to dwell upon the subject of insanity in their examination of various talesmen seemed to indicate beyond all reasonable doubt that a plea of temporary insanity, which would be a legal defense, will eventually be entered.

Justice Fitzgerald threw something of a bombshell into the camp of the newspaper artists in the court by announcing through the court officers that no more sketches should be made during the trial. This came as a complete surprise. Artists from most of the principal cities of the east have been in court from day to day and have not been restricted hitherto in any way whatsoever.

Evelyn Nesbit Thaw and May McKenzie, her friend, were again early arrivals in the courtroom.

Neither Mrs. William Thaw, the prisoner's mother, nor his sister, the Countess of Yarmouth, was in court. The day was stormy, and both Mrs. Thaw and the countess are nursing colds.

"Tell the newspaper men," Thaw said to one of his counsel, "that I advised my mother and both my sisters to stay home and take care of themselves."

Mrs. Carnegie disobeyed the injunction, however, and was present.

TO AID HARTE'S DAUGHTER.

Mark Twain and Miss Robson Plan Help For Mrs. Steele.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Funds to provide comfort for Mrs. Jessamy Steele, daughter of Bret Harte, who is in the almshouse at Portland, Me., were sent from this city by Miss Eleanor Robson. The actress also made plans for a testimonial benefit for Mrs. Steele, to be given at the Liberty theater in the week of Feb. 11.

Miss Robson is personating one of Bret Harte's characters in "Salome Jane," and when she read of the straits of Mrs. Steele she immediately took measures for relief. She telegraphed the mayor of Portland asking about the woman and received this reply:

"Mrs. Steele is in Portland almshouse. She is without money and unbalanced mentally. Her case is most pitiful one."

Miss Robson in reply asked what money would be needed and said she would give the benefit. She had meanwhile communicated with Mark Twain, Edward J. Ganney, president of the California society in New York, and the publishers of Bret Harte's works. All promised co-operation. Mark Twain wrote:

"I feel that the American people owe a debt of gratitude to Bret Harte, for not only did he paint such pictures of California as delighted the heart, but such sympathy, such strength and such merit in his work that he commanded the attention of the world to our country, and his daughter is surely deserving of our sympathy."

It was learned that the publishers of Bret Harte's works have in their possession and in their own right all the copyrights to the Harte works and that Mr. Harte never at any time had an agreement with them upon a royalty basis. He got \$10,000 a year and never would listen to a royalty arrangement.

Mrs. Jessamy Steele was married to Frederick Dorr Steele in 1900, but they have not lived together in some time. Mr. Steele is a well known illustrator in this city.

HOLDS NIGHT SESSIONS.

Judge in Riverhead Murder Trial Holds Night Sessions.

RIVERHEAD, N. Y., Jan. 31.—At last night's session of the court before whom Dr. James W. Simpson, the New York dentist, is being tried for the murder of his father-in-law, Bartley T. Horner, the prosecutor, attempted to put in evidence testimony concerning quarrels between Horner and the dentist.

To this the defense promptly objected, and the court ruled that such testimony would be accepted only if a threat on the part of either man was involved. One story was told in court in which a threat on the part of the defendant was implied, but this was ordered stricken from the records. At two earlier sessions the witnesses told of incidents following the shooting and how the prisoner had said that his father-in-law was shot when a gun in the hands of the defendant was accidentally discharged.

Two witnesses told of conversations in which Dr. Simpson expressed little regret over the death of Horner.

A SOLUTION REACHED.

Government and California Officials Will Confer on Jan. Questions.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—After two hours' conference at the White House last night regarding the Japanese question on the Pacific coast the California delegation in congress authorized the following statement:

"The California delegation has had a very full and harmonious discussion with the president, the secretary of state and the secretary of the navy on the serious questions relating to the Japanese on the Pacific coast. The character of the discussion leads us to feel confident that a solution will be reached satisfactory to all concerned."

"The result of the meeting is that the delegation has telegraphed to the president of the San Francisco board of education and the superintendent of schools to come to Washington at once for a conference with the president and secretary of state."

Fire in Asylum For Insane.

KING'S PARK, N. Y., Jan. 31.—Fire broke out early in one of the buildings of the Long Island hospital here, in which 200 insane women, all violent in cases, were quartered, but through the efficiency of the fire drill all were got out of the burning building safely. The fire, which threatened to entirely destroy the large brick structure, started on the first floor, which was occupied by offices and several stock rooms. On the first alarm all the inmates quickly responded to the fire drill, which twice each week they have been required to execute. The damage was small.

Evidence to Convict Bell.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—As a result of a secret all night examination under oath, which several relatives of John Bell were put through by Coroner Cahill at St. George, it was announced by Inspector Schmittberger that he had circumstantial evidence sufficient to convict Bell of the murder of Dr. Charles Wilmet Townsend of New Brighton. Detectives said that the prisoner's stepbrother, Howard, and other relatives testified that Bell admitted he had killed the physician.

HIS ORDER REVOKED

Governor Hughes Shows He Is Supreme.

HENRY MADE TO CANCEL DISCHARGE

New York State's New Ruler Objects to Official Signing "by Command of Governor" Without Consulting Him.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 31.—Governor Hughes created a military sensation last night, which is said to be without precedent in recent years at least, by requiring Adjutant General Nelson H. Henry to revoke the special orders issued by him which would have permitted Captain Louis Wendel of the First battery to leave the military service of the state by the acceptance of his resignation without further investigation of the much discussed charges against him of irregularities in the management of the armory under his charge.

Adjutant General Nelson H. Henry, by command of Governor Hughes as commander in chief of the military forces of the state, has issued a special order revoking the orders promulgated by him in which the resignation of Captain Louis Wendel of the First battery of artillery was accepted and discharged him from the military service of the state and which also dissolved the court of inquiry erected at Captain Wendel's request to inquire into the charges against him of misuse of armory funds and other conduct unbecoming an officer. The order promulgated reads as follows:

"Paragraph 1 of special orders No. 21, Jan. 23, 1907, from this office, purporting to accept the resignation of Captain Louis Wendel, First battery, N. G. N. Y., and to discharge him from further service in the national guard, not having been authorized by the governor, is hereby in all respects rescinded."

"Paragraph 2 of special orders No. 21, Jan. 23, 1907, from this office, purporting to dissolve the court of inquiry appointed by special orders No. 186, series 1906, as amended by special orders No. 187, series 1906, from this office, not having been authorized by the governor, is hereby in all respects rescinded."

"The court of inquiry appointed as aforesaid is hereby directed to convene and continue its proceedings."

Governor Hughes would make no statement regarding the order nor would General Henry make any comment.

The issue of the order was not unexpected, as it was known that Governor Hughes was considering the question of the precise degree of personal responsibility attaching to him as commander in chief of the military forces of the state in connection with purely military orders issued in his name by the adjutant general's office which have been subscribed in the conventional form. "By command of the governor," while in fact every small proportion of them came within the governor's personal knowledge.

The governor and Adjutant General Henry were closeted together for two hours or more, and it was admitted that the topic of their conference was the order discharging Captain Wendel and dissolving the court of inquiry.

General Henry represented to Governor Hughes that the action in the Wendel case was in accord with customary military practice, a mere matter of military routine. Nevertheless, the governor wasn't satisfied.

He conceded, it is said, that he was only governor and that General Henry was a good soldier, but even then he could not have an adjutant general hanging around loose "by order of the governor."

When General Henry left the executive chamber, it is said, he uttered a short, sharp exclamation, as is the military custom in a mere matter of routine. He was also red in the face.

General Henry was originally appointed adjutant general by Governor Odell. He has been appointed by every succeeding administration. He holds from New York.

J. J. Hill and the Fuel famine. WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—A long dispatch from I. H. Hill, a son of President Hill of the Great Northern railroad, regarding fuel shortage conditions in North Dakota came to the interstate commerce commission. Mr. Hill said he had just returned from three weeks in the snowbound districts. Maxbass and other branch points are suffering for coal, he says, and everything possible is being done to open the line.

Sweetenham to Quit Jamaica. LONDON, Jan. 31.—There is reason to believe that the resignation of Sir Alexander Sweetenham as governor of Jamaica has been accepted, though the officials of the foreign office are mysteriously silent and refuse all information on the subject. This official reticence is attributed to a desire to complete the arrangements for a successor to the post before announcing Sweetenham's retirement.

Cleveland to Be Orator. CHICAGO, Jan. 31.—Former President Grover Cleveland has accepted the invitation of the Union League club of this city to deliver the oration at the annual celebration of Washington's birthday conducted under the auspices of the club.

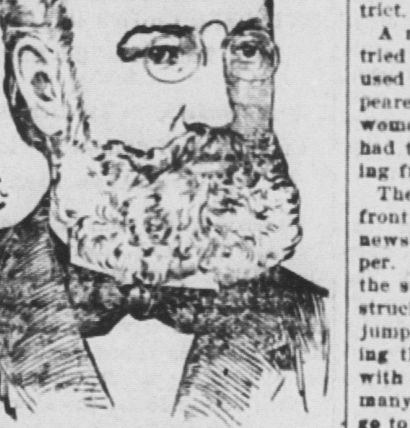
Higgins No Better. OLEAN, N. Y., Jan. 31.—Dr. Hibbard said that ex-Governor Higgins had taken a little more nourishment than usual, but he did not consider him any better.

WILL SUPPLY CANAL CASH.

F. C. Stevens to Finance \$140,000,000 For Panama Waterway Work.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 31.—Frederick C. Stevens, appointed state superintendent of public works by Governor Hughes on Jan. 1, this year, will finance the \$140,000,000 work of digging the Panama canal and will be the backer of William J. Oliver, the contractor for the work.

"I am to be the sole financial backer of Mr. Oliver," said Mr. Stevens. "He will get the contract all right, as he will fulfill all the requirements of the isthmian canal commission within the next ten days. He will associate with himself two more contractors who will



be satisfactory to the government. I cannot make the names of the two contractors public, but they will be known by Friday probably.

"Mr. Oliver's contract is to dig the entire canal. He is to furnish all the labor and do all the work. The government is to turn over to him whatever additional machinery is needed. The government is to police the isthmus and have entire charge of the sanitary arrangements."

"The estimated cost of the work is \$140,000,000, and the contractor is to get 63 per cent of that amount for his compensation if he gets the job done on time. It is provided that a forfeit of \$100,000 a month shall be paid by the contractor if he fails to finish the work in time, while he is to get a bonus of \$100,000 for every month he finishes the job ahead of time.

"The time limit has not yet been agreed upon. I should say, in a general way, we ought to be able to do the work in seven or eight years."

Mr. Stevens is now closely identified with the construction of two gigantic waterways. As superintendent of public works he has charge of the construction of the \$100,000,000 large canal and new levee across the Empire State, while as a financier he holds the purse strings for the building of the \$140,000,000 waterway across the isthmus of Panama.

SOCIALISTS KILLED HIM.

Bank Bandit at Warsaw Executed Without Russian Interference.

WARSAW, Russian Poland, Jan. 31.—Socialists undertook and carried out the execution of a bandit who made an unsuccessful attempt to secure \$500 from the Commercial bank of Warsaw.

The man entered the bank and asked the director to give him \$500. His request was refused, whereupon the man sat down in the waiting room and announced his intention of remaining there until he received the money.

The bank officials feared to ask the police for help and therefore allowed him to stay.

A Socialist member of the bank's staff, however, called up Socialist headquarters on the telephone and explained the situation. Two men from headquarters at once came over to the bank. They approached the man in the waiting room, quickly threw a sack over his head and then blew out his brains with a revolver. The police have not interfered with the men who did the killing.

Victims Will Number Sixty.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Jan. 31.—Late advices received from the scene of the disaster at the Stuart Collieries company's mine at Stuart is that the number of victims will be about sixty instead of seventy-five or eighty, as was at first estimated. The list of those known positively to have been killed in the mine at the time of the explosion includes thirty-eight white miners and ten colored miners.

Engine Explodes, Demolishing Train.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Jan. 31.—A Pennsylvania railroad locomotive boiler exploded twelve miles west of Fort Wayne, killing Engineer Bender and Fireman Lowe, injuring brakeman Hoxan severely and demolishing the freight train of twenty empty stock cars. The train was running thirty miles an hour when the boiler exploded. The engineer's head was blown off.

Aldridge Got Life Sentence.

CARTERSVILLE, Ga., Jan. 31.—John Aldridge, charged with killing his wife here, was convicted of murder in the first degree, with a recommendation of mercy, in the superior court here. He was sentenced to life imprisonment. Aldridge killed his wife with a shotgun in her bedroom, jealousy being the alleged motive.

RIOT IN PITTSBURGH

Racial Feeling on Rampage in Smoky City.

ROW WHEN NEGRO CHOKED BOY.

Squad of Firemen Assist Police in Saving Mob's Victim From Death by Hanging—Cries of "Lynch Him!" Hife.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 31.—C. A. Jackson, a negro, bleeding from many wounds on his head, is locked up in the central police station following an assault and almost successful attempt to lynch him last night by a crowd of several hundred persons on First avenue, between Wood and Market streets, right in the heart of the business district.

A number of unknown negroes who tried to protect Jackson were roughly pushed to the street and quickly disappeared after a few moments. Several women who were caught in the crush had to be taken to their homes suffering from nervous shock.

The trouble originated directly in front of the Associated Press office. A newsboy asked the negro to buy a paper. Jackson shoved him roughly into the street. The boy threw a stone and struck Jackson on the head. The negro jumped to the street and began choking the boy. The street was thronged with men, the incident occurring when many were waiting for street cars to go to their homes.

In a moment several men caught the negro and began beating him. Some one cried, "Lynch the nigger!" and hundreds of men and boys rushed upon Jackson. Canes, stones, rolled up newspapers and closed fists were the chief weapons used by the mob. Apparently every white man on Fifth avenue wanted to strike the negro.

Backed up against a building, Jackson, trembling with fear, shielded his face with his arms while the crowd beat him and tore his clothes. About this time several other negroes took in the situation and endeavored to protect Jackson. Immediately there were cries of "Lynch them!" and "Kill the niggers!"

The mob then turned its attention to Jackson's negro protectors, and soon there were several rough and tumble battles along Fifth avenue. The infuriated mob, crying all the while "Kill all the negroes!" caught several other negroes and proceeded to bang their heads up against the stone walls of Jackson, bleeding and his clothes almost torn off, was temporarily forgotten, and he ran down Fifth avenue. Somebody cried, "The nigger's escaping!" and several hundred persons took up the chase. Down Fifth avenue to Liberty avenue, two blocks away, and then down Liberty avenue to Fifth street the chase continued, and every minute new members joined the crowd.

Just below Fifth street Jackson ran into the arms of several policemen. The officers ran Jackson into an alley and attempted to hold back the crowd with their night sticks. They were fast losing ground, however, when a large force of city firemen from a nearby engine house came to their aid. The police and firemen guarded the entrance to the alley until the patrol wagon, loaded with officers, responded to a riot call.

Within a few minutes the crowd was scattered by the free application of night sticks and Jackson was taken to the central station. After his wounds were dressed Jackson was locked up on a charge of disorderly conduct.

Doings in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Besides fixing Feb. 20 as the date to vote on the declaration that Senator Reed Smoot of Utah is not entitled to his seat, passing a bill appropriating \$2,000,000 to confine the Colorado river to its banks and another placing the management of the Panama railway under the isthmian canal commission, the senate listened to an extended speech by Senator Carter of Montana in criticism of the secretary of the interior. The recent order of the secretary preventing the issuance of patents to the public lands until after an examination on the ground by a special agent was the subject of the criticism.

New Cable to Cuba and Canal Zone.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Attorney General Bonaparte, Secretary Taft and General Allen, chief signal officer of the army, had a conference at the department of justice with attorneys for the Central and South American Telegraph company in regard to the laying of a cable from Sandy Hook, N. J., to Guantanamo and thence to Panama, connecting with the Pacific cable line. The purpose of the government is to secure a cable for military purposes in wartime the termini of which shall be under the control of the United States.

Lord Charles Berosford Sails.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—Admiral Lord Charles Berosford left Southampton last night for New York on board the steamer Kaiser Wilhelm II. Lord Dalrymple Berosford, a brother of Lord Charles, was killed in a railroad wreck at Enderlin, N. D., on Dec. 23 last. The admiral is coming to the United States to attend to his late brother's affairs. He is the sole executor of the will of Lord Dalrymple.

Mills Destroyed at Victor.

VICTOR, Colo., Jan. 31.—The mill of the Economic Gold Extraction company was destroyed by fire. The plant cost \$500,000. It was owned by the Woods Investment company of Colorado Springs.

Weather Probabilities.

Fair; east winds.

Sacrifice Selling. Owing to lack of room we are obliged to sell staple goods that we ought to carry over, considering the market conditions today.

Blankets Will Be Higher. Both wool and cotton blankets, will be higher next year. Better take advantage of our sale. Cotton blankets 12c, 50c, 68c, 88c, 98c, \$1.12 1/2, \$1.25 and \$1.50 in white and grey, all worth one-third more.

Wool Blankets. Regular \$4 11-4 white, 80 per cent wool, now \$2.88. Regular \$4.75 11-4 white, nearly all wool, now \$3.68. Regular \$5.00 11-4 white, all wool, now \$3.58. Regular \$5.75 11-4 white, all wool, now \$4.68. Regular \$6.00 11-4 white, lamb's wool, now \$4.88. Regular \$7.50 11-4 white, lamb's wool, now \$6.25. Regular \$8.50 11-4 white, lamb's wool, now \$6.98. Regular \$12.25 11-4 grey, lamb's wool, now \$8.12. Regular \$4.75 11-4 grey, lamb's wool now \$3.68. Regular \$5.50 11-4 grey, lamb's wool now 4.58.

New Black Taffetas. Full 36 in. wear guaranteed at following prices, \$1.00, \$1.19, \$1.25, \$1.35, \$1.45 and \$1.50. 36 in. waterproof silks, noted for wear \$1.50.

New Plaids. In spring combinations, single and double fold in mercerized worsteds, etc. Single fold 10c, 12 1/2c, 15c, and 25c. Double fold 12 1/2c, 17c, 25c, 30c, 50c and 75c.

Travelers' Samples. A line of both summer and winter underwear in child's, ladies' and men's garments at just 1/2 price. Your choice of a table full all marked in plain figures.

Comforts. No inflation of regular prices but a straight 30 per cent off, exactly as represented.

No Wear Out Hose. It lives up to its name, made for hard knocks. Usual prices 15c, 20c, and 22c, according to sizes. All sizes specially priced for this week 15c.

Globe Warehouse. Talmadge Block, Elmer Avenue. Valley Phone.

Sour Stomach. No appetite, loss of strength, nervousness, headache, constipation, bad breath, general debility, sour ridings, and calarrh of the stomach are all due to indigestion. Kodol relieves indigestion. This new discovery represents the natural juices of digestion as they exist in a healthy stomach, combined with the greatest known tonic and reconstructive properties. Kodol for dyspepsia does not only relieve indigestion and dyspepsia, but this famous remedy helps all stomach troubles by cleansing, purifying, sweetening and strengthening the muscular membranes lining the stomach. Mr. G. S. Ball, of Riverwood, W. Va., writes: "I was troubled with sour stomach for twenty years. Kodol cured me and we are now using it in our household."

Chas. H. Larnard, CONTRACTOR, CARPENTER AND BUILDER. Plans drawn and estimates given. Hardwood and Stair Work a specialty. All Work Promptly Attended to. Shop and Residence, 58 Lincoln Street, Waverly. Bell 'phone 306.