

"SQUARE DEAL" TO EVERYONE

# THE VALLEY RECORD

"ALL THE NEWS THAT'S FIT TO PRINT"

VOL. II. NO. 192

SAYRE, PA., SATURDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 22, 1906

PRICE ONE CENT

## WAKE UP!

Don't let the best chance of the season get away.

We are selling jewelry at greatly reduced prices.

Have to, for we must sell QUICK.

Buy your Xmas gifts here and save money.

**Bartlett's Jewelry Store**  
J. W. BEAMAN, Receiver.

**FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SAYRE**

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS **\$80,000.00**

GENERAL BANKING

Three Per Cent Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

DIRECTORS:  
E. P. Wilbur, J. N. Weaver, W. A. Wilbur, J. W. Bishop, L. M. Wheelock, W. T. Goodnow, L. Haverly, Seward Baldwin, F. T. Page.  
E. P. Page, Cashier.

**J. W. BISHOP,**

constant repetition of delivery of good coal has given us our reputation. We handle Lehigh Valley and West Virginia Coal, Hard and Soft Wood and Steam Coal.

103 Lehigh Ave., Lockhart Building, Both Phones.

**We Do Not Ask You to Believe Us**

That we are the best Tailors, but those who have tried us are convinced of the fact. Those who have not tried yet are cordially invited to give us only one trial—after that they will be regular patrons.

**We Are Genuine Tailors**

**A. Atkin,**  
Raymond & Haupt's Confectionery Store, Lockhart St.

**E. M. Dunham,**  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.  
Office: Rooms 4 and 5, Elmer Block, Lockhart Street, Sayre.

**XMAS TIP**

Send him a case of STEIGMAIER'S Beer, two dozen pints. Delivered PROMPTLY.

Telephone us now.

STEIGMAIER BREWING CO.

## WANT ADS

**WANTED.**  
Kitchen Girls wanted. Inquire B. at Record office. 188-f

Girls to work on shirts at the new shirt factory which will start at Sayre, Jan. 2, 1907. Make applications, Postoffice Box 61, Elmira, N. Y. 182

**FOR SALE.**  
A 190 Art Andes Heating Stove in good condition for sale at half price. Address Box 58, Athens. 189-6

Plans for Sale—Upright grand, \$460 instrument; will sell regardless of price. In perfect condition, was purchased new six months ago; handsomely carved, with student's practice muffer. In fact, all requirements desirable in a first-class instrument. Prominent maker's 10-year guarantee on receipt. Will positively sell at any reasonable price offered by first cash buyer. Call owner's residence, Mrs. Hodges, No. 9 Lincoln avenue, Waverly. 188

For Sale—Two show cases in good condition. Enquire at No. 106 Thomas avenue, Sayre.

Several houses and lots for sale in desirable locations in town. Terms to suit purchasers. Inquire of W. G. Schlier, Maynard Block, Athens. 39-f

**FOR RENT.**  
For rent, office rooms in the Wheelock Block. 264

Ten room brick house, modern improvements. Inquire at this office 147-f

For rent at once, several houses and suites of rooms, good location; with or without bath; \$8.50 and upwards. Enquire of C. C. West, Sayre, Pa. 170-f

**THE CAYUTA LAND CO. OF SAYRE.**  
Desires to announce that they have some very desirable building lots for sale on cheap and easy terms, and that they have placed the agency for selling them in the hands of ANDREW EVARTS of this place. All those wishing to provide themselves with homes or to invest in lots for speculative purposes will do well to consult with Mr. Everts before purchasing elsewhere. This plot of land is nearly surrounded by industrial plants with beautiful scenery and all the advantages of a modern town. Terms to suit purchasers. Steps are already being taken to supply all the land comprising this plot with a full supply of the best water the valley affords. When you come to look over the plot of ground take trolley to Springs Corners, cross bridge that crosses over L. V. R. R. when across bridge turn to the left and you are on the ground. There will be a man at the office Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday afternoons of each week to show you over the ground, or any other day by calling Valley Phone No. 244c. Address: Everts, 108 Hospital Place, Sayre, Pa.

**GOAL QUALITY, QUANTITY, PRICE**

If you buy from **COLEMAN HASSLER,**  
No. 116 Erie St., Sayre.  
You get the three. Ask your neighbors. Both Phones.

## PATRICK SPURNS IT

### Higgins' Gift of Life Unjust, Says Prisoner.

### "IF I KILLED RICE I DESERVE DEATH"

### "I Shall Not Accept Commutation of Sentence," He Says; "I Will Fight This Act if It is Unjust; I Would Rather Die."

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 21.—Governor Higgins continued to imprisonment for life the sentence of death under which Albert T. Patrick has remained nearly five years, since his conviction of the murder of William Marsh Rice, the aged and eccentric millionaire of New York city.

In announcing the commutation Governor Higgins issued the following memorandum:

"Albert T. Patrick has been convicted of the murder of William M. Rice, and the judgment of conviction has been affirmed by a divided court. It is not claimed that Patrick committed the murder in person, but that he procured the act to be done. He has been convicted principally upon the testimony of Charles F. Jones, who confessed that he murdered his master while he lay asleep, testified thereto by Patrick, and Jones by his testimony has purchased his own immunity from trial or punishment. Neither this fact alone nor the review of any of the facts al-



ready passed upon by the courts at some stage of these proceedings would seem to me to warrant interfering with the judgment of death pronounced against the defendant, but three of the seven judges of the court of appeals were so strongly of the opinion that errors were committed at the trial which were substantially prejudicial to the rights of Patrick that I feel that the death penalty ought not, under all the circumstances, to be inflicted.

"In view of these facts and the grave doubts expressed by these judges, I am satisfied that I ought to relieve the defendant from the extreme penalty of the law and commute his sentence to imprisonment for life."

The case of Albert T. Patrick is in many respects unparalleled. It is doubtful if ever a convicted man, himself an able lawyer, has played so large a part in the conduct of his own case, even turning his narrow quarters into a "death cell" of a state prison for the direction of his battle for life.

Rice died Sept. 23, 1900. Patrick and Jones were arrested Oct. 4.

Jones at first declared that Patrick himself had chloroformed Rice, but in other confessions, which varied materially, he said he killed his master at Patrick's instigation. This statement was the principal evidence to sustain the murder charge against Patrick. Jones was never tried as either principal or accomplice.

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Patrick was convicted on March 27, 1902, and sentenced to death. Since then his remarkable fight has been continuous.

The first news of the action of Governor Higgins was taken to Patrick's cell in the death house in Sing Sing prison by his wife. Mrs. Patrick went from New York immediately on receipt of the news, and upon her arrival she was permitted to go at once to her husband's cell. Patrick received the news with the coolness which has characterized his actions during his long struggle for freedom. He seemed at all surprised to learn that the governor had intervened to save his life.

Instead of accepting the gift of his life from Governor Higgins with gratitude Patrick persisted in declaring that he would not accept the governor's clemency.

"I shall not accept a commutation of sentence," Patrick said to Warden Johnson when told by his wife that he had been saved from the chair.

"I shall fight this act with every resource and with every bit of power I possess. It is unjust. It was done without my consent or application. I did not ask for it. I would rather die than stand before the world as a murderer."

"They cannot make me accept this if I do not want to. Either I am guilty or I am not guilty. If I killed Rice I deserve to die."

This remarkable outburst from Patrick was delivered with great vehemence and passion.

"Though the worst has been averted," said Mrs. Patrick, "I am by no means satisfied. We shall not rest here. It is only the first step in my husband's journey to freedom."

## NEGROES SAVED HIM

### Senator Foraker Attacks the President's Sentence.

### SCORES DISMISSAL WITHOUT TRIAL

### "Roosevelt, in Discharging Colored Soldiers Without Honor, Had Not Sufficient Evidence of Guilt; Has Been Imposed Upon."

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Senator Foraker occupied the attention of the senate in his last session before the holiday recess in an extended criticism of the basis of President Roosevelt's action in discharging the negro troops of the Twenty-fifth infantry on account of the Brownsville raid.

He was replied to by Senator Lodge while Senator Scott sustained the demand of the Ohio senator for a full investigation of the matter by the senate military committee. A resolution directing such an investigation was introduced by Senator Foraker and is before the senate for action at its next meeting.

When the Foraker resolution, which calls for an investigation of the president's discharge of the negro troops, was taken up Senator Foraker spoke in its support.

He began with the broad declaration that "the president misconceived his constitutional power when he discharged the troops, and he also misconceived the testimony on which his action was based."

He asserted that the president's constitutional power was simply to command the army and navy as commander in chief, while to congress the constitution gave power to raise armies and to make rules and regulations for its government.

The regulations prescribed that no man could be summarily discharged without a right to be tried, and the articles of war, he argued, prescribe minutely how these trials are to be conducted.

All punishments should be in accordance with the directions of court martial, and he contended, after reading from the articles of war, it was inconceivable that the president should be absolutely without restraint.

Mr. Foraker cited from the work of General Davis on military law where refusal to give testimony was an offense under the head of "disorder" and was punishable by court martial.

Mr. Foraker went through the evidence in detail, reading extracts from the testimony and eliminating as "eye-witnesses" those who said they had not seen those who did the shooting until he had reduced the number of actual eyewitnesses to eight. As to these he remarked that their testimony was "utterly untrustworthy and insufficient" to find the men guilty.

"The president says this is the most atrocious crime ever committed. If these men committed the crime and did shoot up Brownsville, I agree with him, as I have no sympathy with that sort of thing."

Mr. Foraker spent some time paying his respects to Major Blockson, who made the report. The major, he said, was a native of Zanesville, O. His father was an ardent Vallandigham copper head Democrat of a school known for its utter violent antipathy to the negro. Major Blockson, he said, had evidently developed an enthusiastic admiration for one of the witnesses, a Captain McDonald of the Texas rangers, as evidenced by the statement in his report that "this man was so brave that he would charge a horse with a bucket of water."

"I would like to cross examine a man so brave as that," remarked the senator.

Mr. Foraker repeated several times during his speech that he believed the president had been imposed upon. "But," he added, "I believe he is a big enough man and a just enough man to undo what he has done when he finds out the true situation."

Senator Lodge asked an explanation of the 352 discharged from the army "without honor" during the last year, but Mr. Foraker contended that these discharges had not been ordered as a punishment.

The men in these cases had been separated from the service in lieu of punishment by court martial and in cases where the men would rather take a discharge without honor than remain in the service and take punishment.

The case of the negro troops was altogether different. They had desired to stay in the service.

As to punishment in these cases, Senator Foraker read the president's remark that he regarded the discharge as punishment wholly inadequate. He agreed that if the men were guilty of murder the punishment was wholly inadequate.

But if they were innocent the punishment was brutally harsh, "as these men go forth branded as murderers and conspirators and perjurers."

Talking up the individual records of the soldiers, Mr. Foraker said the first man on the list was a sergeant who had served twenty-six years. Each time his enlistment had expired his record was good and was characterized as "excellent," "good soldier," "character excellent," etc.

"Why," Mr. President," declared the speaker with great vehemence, "an atrocious crime has been committed if that man is not guilty. He goes forth branded as a murderer."

When Senator Foraker concluded his remarks he received unanimous consent to modify the resolution, so that it now directs the senate committee on military affairs to investigate the circumstances leading up to the discharge of the negro troops.

Mr. Lodge replied briefly to Mr. Foraker's speech, and Senator Scott re-

## WAR ON ICE TRUST.

### Attorney General Mayer Files Suit Against Monopolists.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—The long delayed, long expected action for the dissolution of the American Ice Company of New York, known as the ice trust, has begun. Suit was filed in the supreme court of New York county by Attorney General Julius Mayer, who will retire from office at the end of eleven days. A summons and complaint were issued at Albany and forwarded to New York for service upon the proper officials of the company.

One of the chief points brought out by Mr. Mayer is that the company did not harvest ice when there was a plentiful crop last winter, and when summer came there was a short supply, thus giving the trust an excuse to increase prices.

It is also alleged that the company secured control of the Maine ice field and caused a reduction from a million and a half tons to one-third of that amount. Other sources of supply are alleged to be similarly controlled.

Another allegation is that while the average selling price during July, 1906, was \$4.78 per ton, the ice did not cost the company more than \$3.04 per ton. The price to the poor, in small quantities, was at a rate of \$10 to \$11 per ton.

The key to the ice situation in New York city is pointed out as lying in the company's control of the "ice bridges," or landing depots, by which means it is alleged, the company is enabled to fix the price of ice, resulting last summer in an increase from \$1.20 a ton at the bridges to \$5 and \$6 a ton at the independent dealers, who are alleged to be controlled by the company and who supply the retail trade and the pushcart dealers, through whom the poor in the congested districts receive ice. It is said that by the time the ice reached the poor customers of these pushcart dealers it cost them at the rate of from \$10 to \$15 a ton.

**Strike Will Stop Christmas Mails.**  
VIENNA, Dec. 2.—The postoffice employees of Austria, numbering 25,000 men and women, have voted to go on strike today as a protest against the conditions under which they are forced to labor by the government. The government has attempted to avert trouble by offering increased wages, but this offer has been declined. This strike comes at a particularly inconvenient time, as at present the postoffice is handling the heavy Christmas mail.

**Hold Up a Mine Fakir.**  
CHICAGO, Dec. 2.—Fred M. Colvin of this city was arrested by a United States deputy marshal on the charge of using the United States mails in an illegal manner to further the sale of stock in a mining company located near Salda, Colo. It is claimed that Colvin sent through the mails statements regarding the development expenditures of the mine and declarations of assaying results which are not justified by the facts.

**Vatican Protests Action of France.**  
ROME, Dec. 2.—The Vatican has issued a note of protest against the course of the French government and forwarded it to all the papal representatives abroad, including the apostolic delegates. The note is calm and dignified in tone and protests primarily that the rights of religion have been outraged by the French government.

**Ruthless Fire With Oil.**  
RUTHER, Pa., Dec. 2.—Mrs. Frank Mills, fifty years old, was burned to death and sixty other persons were made homeless by a fire here which caused a loss of \$10,000. The fire followed an explosion of a can of oil which the woman was pouring in a stove.

## JEFFRIES TO FIGHT AGAIN.

### World's Champion Fustler Agrees to Enter Ring With Johnson.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 2.—James J. Jeffries, champion pugilist of the world, has confirmed the report that he had accepted "Tex" Rickard's offer of \$50,000 to enter the ring again and that he would fight at Goldfield, Nev., in April or May next.

"I am ready to fight," said Jeffries in Los Angeles. "It is the money I am after."

"Tex" Rickard states that in view of a \$50,000 purse being offered Jeffries will waive his color prejudice and fight big Jack Johnson.

Before Jeffries gave his interview Rickard sent an agent to see him. He was told that Rickard was prepared to post a \$50,000 purse to get Jeffries to fight at Goldfield next spring and asked for an answer. Jeffries consented to Rickard's willingness to re-enter the ring if a \$50,000 purse was posted. Rickard then suggested Johnson as the man who would make the best drawing card with Jeffries. Jeffries consented to waive his prejudice against the colored fighter, as this would be his last battle in the ring.

Tommy Burns, who recently fought a draw with Jack O'Brien, wishes to fight Jeffries.

Mr. Foraker cited from the work of General Davis on military law where refusal to give testimony was an offense under the head of "disorder" and was punishable by court martial.

**All Back at Ascot.**  
LOS ANGELES, Cal. Dec. 2.—All Back, at 25 to 1, won the second race at Ascot, with Sly Hen, 10 to 1, second and La Chata, 15 to 1, third. Irish Mail, at 100 to 1, finished second in the third race.

**Maurice Sayers Won Fight.**  
BALTIMORE, Dec. 2.—Maurice Sayers of Milwaukee last night won the decision over Amby McGarry at the end of the fifteen rounds the bout was scheduled to go.

**Plan Aerial Warfare.**  
PARIS, Dec. 2.—So confident is the French government that the day is near when aerial locomotion will be practical that several commissions are at work elaborating plans for meeting in the various branches of the public service the solution of any new problems which the revolution will entail. Captain Ferber of the French army, who is devoting all his time to aerostatics and who conducted the negotiations on behalf of his government with the Wright brothers, agrees with Santos-Dumont that flying machines in a few years will be as common as automobiles today.

**Starvation at Zion.**  
CHICAGO, Dec. 2.—At a meeting of creditors of the Zion City estate in Zion tabernacle Receiver John C. Hately announced that conditions have reached a point where they demand that immediate arrangements be made for selling the entire property. Many of the creditors, he said, are in absolute poverty as the result of having invested their all in "the kingdom." Others are borrowing to meet living expenses and are approaching financial ruin.

**British Education Bill Thrown Out.**  
LONDON, Dec. 2.—The education bill was buried by Premier Campbell-Bannerman in the house of commons after a speech of considerable emphasis, defending the course of the lower house in rejecting the house of lords' amendments as a whole and repudiating the claim of the peers that they have the right to lecture the commons on the subject, the premier announced that the government had decided to withdraw the measure.

**Married Baby From Window.**  
CHICAGO, Dec. 2.—Mrs. Maurice Selene, temporarily insane, buried her niece, Gladys Hirsch, three years old, from a window in the third story of an apartment building at 4023 Vincennes avenue. The child was fatally injured. Mrs. Selene has been subject to attacks of temporary insanity for some time. She made a desperate struggle against the police, but was finally overpowered.

**Jett Confesses Cockbill's Murder.**  
CANTHIANA, Ky., Dec. 2.—Curtis Jett, the feudist, took the witness stand in his own behalf and surprised the prosecution by confessing to the murder of Town Marshal Cockbill in Jackson four years ago. For this crime Jett is now on trial. Jett said that it was a case of his life or Cockbill's.

## Saturday Specials

### DRESS GOODS

If you are looking for a dress we can please you. Our own importation of both French and German makes are here for your inspection and prices compare with the largest city stores. Why not? Our expenses are lighter and our combined output as great.

**BOXED HANKERCHIEFS.**  
The \$1.50 kind, boxed in Holly wealth designs, while they last \$1.15.

**HOLIDAY HANKERCHIEFS.**  
Hundreds of dozens to select from. The Globe Warehouse display delights every beholder. Initial hankerschiefs from 5c up. Ladies' solid shadow and eyelet embroidered hankerschiefs at hankerschiefs at 5c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 18c, 25c.

Ladies' boxed hankerschiefs, both initial and fancy.  
Children's boxed hankerschiefs, both plain and initial. Guaranteed lines hankerschiefs at 5c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 18c, 25c.

**XMAS RIBBONS.**  
Holly ribbons for packages by yard or bolt. Plaid ribbons in great variety. Persian ribbons in various widths. New messelines, all colors. Taffetas in all widths and colors.

**WAIST PATTERNS.**  
Neatly boxed, fresh from foreign shores, worth from 28c to 35c, 3¼ yards for \$1.00.

**BLACK SKIRTS.**  
New line of our famous fitted yoke skirts. They please every one who sees them.  
See our line of Heatherblooms. Our prices please.

**BLACK SILKS.**  
Guaranteed Taffeta from 36 in. wide and a guarantee with sale. Beware of loaded silks.

**LADIES' NECKWEAR.**  
A thousand and one ideas representing all the fads and fancies in real lace, such as Princess, Irish Crochet, Duchess, also novelties in Chiffon and silks, are unmatchable collection, prices from 25c to \$1.25.  
Ruchings in Holly and Fancy boxes, 25c to 50c.

**HANKERCHIEF SPECIAL.**  
Worth up to 25c each, nothing wrong with any of them simply because in window. Choice of any 10c each.

**JAPANESE DRAWN WORK**  
All pure linen and hand made, prices reasonable.  
6x6, 24x24  
8x8, 30x30  
12x12, 18x18  
All to match.  
Table Tops in 4-4 1/2 from 75c up.

**BEAUTIFUL TOWELS**  
The famous Austrian makes, pure linen, spoke hemstitched and open borders.

**CLOTHS AND SETS**  
Beautiful Damask Table Cloths, with napkins to match.

**ROMAN STRIPE WAISTINGS**  
Of purest silk. The newest novelty out.

**PLAID SILK WAISTINGS**  
Another lot of latest patterns.

**GIFT UMBRELLAS.**  
Large assortment of both Ladies' and Gentlemen's Umbrellas in natural, horn, ivory, pearl and gun metal with gold or silver trimmings and covered with the most sturdy, wear resisting materials known to the trade.

**CALENDARS, CALENDARS.**  
The most beautiful ever seen. Large size calendar, worth 50c with every \$1.00 purchase or over.  
Small size, worth 15c with every purchase.  
**MORE NEW BAGS**  
A large assortment just received. Latest shapes, colors and styles. Our values in this line are Globe Store values.

**GLOVES.**  
Everything in gloves, both golf and kids, all colors, also the 12 and 16 button lengths.

**Globe Warehouse**  
Talmadge Block, Himer Avenue, Valley, Phone.