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VOLUME II, NO. 116

THE VALLEY RECORD

SAYRE, PA., SATURDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 22, 1906

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INTERVENTION NEAR

Secretary Taft Sends Gloomy Message to Roosevelt. TRADE AT HAVANA REPORTED DEAD

Six of Our Warships Now Command Cuban Capital—Secretary of War Will Not Treat With Armed Rebel Forces.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Advice from Havana only confirm the feeling which has been entertained here that the differences between the government of Cuba and the insurgent forces are irreconcilable, and that even if the president's commissioners should succeed in accomplishing any arrangement in Cuba it would only be temporary and that a crisis must necessarily result sooner or later. Intervention therefore by the United States is likely to occur at any moment.

It is understood here that Secretary Taft has sent a gloomy message to President Roosevelt, saying that private reports received by him from the interior are to the effect that a state bordering upon anarchy prevails throughout almost the entire island, suspicion being made of the sections on the coast. The indications seem to be that Secretary Taft will not be able to settle the difficult situation and that American intervention is inevitable.

It is known that Secretary Taft has decided absolutely not to treat with armed rebel forces. This is taken to mean that American intervention and American occupation must inevitably follow. Intervention as contemplated would mean the taking over of the affairs of the entire island pending some final settlement.

Secretary Taft's advice from the interior are that the people are controlled by neither the government nor the Liberals, but are simply dissatisfied with conditions in general.

Secretary Taft and Bacon heard the first American testimony on the situation, given by the committee of ten Americans selected for this purpose at the meeting held here. They also heard General Freyre Andrade and Alfredo Kayan. The latter outlined the claims of the Liberals.

A demonstration has been made by armed revolutionists within a mile of the scene of the peace conference. General Acosta, with 800 insurgents, is camped at La Lisa, west of Minister Morgan's villa at Marianas, and half a mile eastward are rural guards, militia and mounted police. At the insurgent camp it is boasted that the object of the insurgents in coming so close was to show Secretary Taft how completely Havana is in their grasp. Pino Guerra's augmented force is only a short distance away. He was advancing to encamp just outside of Marianas when the fact was called to the attention of Secretary Taft. Mr. Taft was greatly displeased, and Senator Bryan and Charles Hernandez, former postmaster of Havana, were dispatched to meet Guerra, with the result that the latter turned back. He was then taken to a point ten or fifteen miles south of Havana and there wait the decision of the American mediators.

The arrival of the American squadron was the spectacular and impressive feature of the day, and the presence of the warships suggests evidence of intervention. The troops between the opposing forces continue to be observed. The government, however, is moving troops toward the city, and the rebel force under Pino Guerra is coming rapidly toward Havana to connect with the rebels surrounding the capital.

The United States battleships Louisiana and Virginia and the cruisers Cleveland and Tacoma have arrived at Havana. Captain Albert R. Conden, commanding the battleship Louisiana, is now in command of all the naval forces at Havana by reason of his seniority. It is expected that the battleship New Jersey will arrive very soon at Havana, though nothing has been reported from her on her way down the coast.

The Cleveland has been ordered to proceed at once to Cienfuegos to take the place of the Dixie. A dispatch from Cienfuegos says that bandits from the American gunboat Marietta, who were garrisoning the Soledad sugar estate, have been fired on by rebels. The Americans returned the fire, and the rebels fled. All business interests in Cuba, it is declared, want intervention, while the insurgents are opposed to it, because they want offices and graft, which intervention would do away with.

Trade is dead. Six weeks more of the present state of affairs, it is stated, will mean ruin for the tobacco crop and immense loss in the next sugar crop. According to the information received here, the insurgents are without any military organization, they operating in "gangs," which, it is stated, is the best way for their looting policy and for the ends they have in view.

To Arrest President Newman. NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Health Commissioner Darlington has instructed Dr. Spencer, assistant sanitary superintendent, to order the arrest of William E. Newman, president of the New York Central railroad, for permitting the company's passenger engines to burn soft coal.

James O'Toole Guilty. BOSTON, Sept. 22.—James O'Toole pleaded guilty in the United States district court to a charge of having sworn falsely to the papers of two men whose naturalization the government alleged had been obtained by fraud. Sentence was postponed.

Fire Kills Horse at Tacoma. TACOMA, Wash., Sept. 22.—Fire destroyed two heavy stables, 182 horses, a restaurant, the Tacoma Eastern passenger depot and an old barn at Tacoma. It is reported that an unknown man in the restaurant was burned to death. The loss is not known.

BOMB AT NARVA GATE.

Stolypin Falls For Conference With Cossack-Meyer Returns to Capital. ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 22.—The suburb of St. Petersburg adjoining the Narva gate was terribly shaken by the explosion of a powerful bomb, which was thrown by one of three well-dressed men and which tore a enormous hole in the ground and broke all the windows in the vicinity. There was no loss of life. The bomb throwers disappeared before the arrival of the police.

As the bomb was thrown in an open space from which the throwers had previously warned away all passersby and cab drivers, the event is explainable only on the supposition that the bomb had been intended for use in connection with the terrorist plot which was discovered at Peterhof at the time of General Treppoff's funeral and that the conspirators, finding that the police were hot upon their trail, decided to be rid of incriminating evidence.

Premier Stolypin and Foreign Minister Iswolsky have called on the yacht Neva to join Emperor Nicholas in the gulf of Finland and submit to him reports requiring immediate action. This is taken as an indication that the emperor intends to prolong his stay for several days.

For the first time in Finland a field court martial at Kielce tried, condemned and sent to execution two terrorists within twenty-four hours. In the course of a domiciliary search of a suspected house at Tidis the police discovered in the apartment of a young man named Alleoli a box containing printing materials. Directly the box was touched it exploded, and two detective inspectors and an assistant commissary of police were killed and another was wounded. The floor of the apartment collapsed, splinters injuring a mother and her child in the room below. Two other unexploded bombs were found in the apartment. The tenant of the room disappeared, but two other men and two women were arrested.

American Ambassador Meyer has returned to St. Petersburg from a month's leave of absence, which he spent taking the cure in Germany. Khristof, a guard officer who volunteered and served with distinction during the Russo-Japanese war, was killed at Tshita, Siberia, in a quarrel with a line officer who spoke disparagingly of the emperor. This illustrates not only the enmity between guard and line officers, but the spirit of many army officers serving in Siberia.

PARKHURST BOOMS HUGHES.

New York Divines Against Hearst and Jerome For Governor. NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—The Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst got back on the White Star line steamship Baltic, after his annual summer sailing in the Swiss mountains. While the ship was coming up from quarantine the clergyman consented to talk about New York politics. He declared for Charles E. Hughes as candidate for governor, criticized Hearst and found fault with Jerome.

"Hughes is a man that the bosses and the politicians cannot handle," he said. "If the people settle this thing and set the politicians, I am sure they will rally around Mr. Hughes." Dr. Parkhurst was asked his opinion about Hearst. "There are many good things about Mr. Hearst," he said, "but he is talented in the minds of the people of New York, and to make him a governor would be a disgrace to the state."

"What is the taint?" he was asked. "A moral taint," replied the doctor. "Of Jerome Dr. Parkhurst said: 'Why was Jerome made district attorney? Was it not to go after those caught in the insurance investigation? In my opinion Mr. Jerome has not shown the same disposition to follow these ends that he professed before election.'"

John Brown's Strong Box Found. SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 22.—An old style safe or strong box, formerly the property of John Brown and used by him as a receptacle for documents relating to the understanding between Brown and Massachusetts men that resulted in the former going to Kansas and playing a part in the "border ruffian war" of 1856, has been discovered in a pile of debris in an old barn at Indian Orchard. The relic is positively identified as the former property of Brown by the son of the man who took it for a debt. It is expected that some historical society will obtain possession of the safe.

China to Abolish Use of Opium. PEKIN, Sept. 22.—As a result of the combined recommendations of the Chinese commissioners who recently made a tour of the United States and Europe—Yuan Shi Kai, commander in chief of the forces, and Tang Shao Ki, vice president of the board of foreign affairs—an edict has been issued ordering the abolition of the use of opium both foreign and native, within a decade.

Murder or Suicide at Dupont, Ga. MACON, Ga., Sept. 22.—A special from Dupont, Ga., says: "Rev. Frank Corausus, a Baptist minister near Dupont, who had been reading on the porch, was found shot through the head. His family rushed to his assistance. It was thought he was assassinated, but indications are that he committed suicide."

Gibson and Jackson Guilty. WARSAW, N. Y., Sept. 22.—The jury in the joint trial of former Supervisors Gibson and Jackson of Erie county last night returned a verdict of guilty. They were charged with bribery in connection with the North street coming site bonds.

DISASTER AT JELICO

Business Part of Town Wrecked by Dynamite Explosion. TWELVE PERSONS BLOWN TO PIECES

Southern Railway Union Depot, Many Warehouses, Hotels and Residences Destroyed—Five Hundred Are Homeless.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 22.—Twelve people were killed, fifty injured and almost the entire business section of Jellico, Tenn., wrecked by a terrific explosion of dynamite in a car in the yards of the Louisville and Nashville railroad.

The explosion occurred about 100 yards north of the depot and near the center of the business section of the town. The bodies of the dead are buried in the debris and it is impossible to estimate the extent of the fatalities or to give names of those who lost their lives. One of the known dead is Thomas Atkins, aged thirty, a lineman employed by the East Tennessee Telephone company.

Every explosion in Jellico along the Louisville and Nashville railroad is a wreck and nearly every store in the town is in ruins. The entire third floor of the Carnation plant, a large brick hotel structure, was blown off.

The union depot of the Southern railway and the Louisville and Nashville railroad, located about 100 yards from the place of the explosion, was shattered to splinters. This cut off telegraphic communication, and news of the explosion was handled by telephone. The explosion occurred upon the Kentucky side of Jellico and in consequence every house on that side of the town is wrecked. Not one was spared. A large number of residences located near the railroad on the Kentucky side were with-out exception demolished. As a result, it is estimated that 500 persons are homeless.

A car loaded with dynamite and consigned to the Rand Powder company arrived here on the Southern railway from the direction of Knoxville and was sidetracked in the yards used jointly by the Southern railway and the Louisville and Nashville. It is believed that the explosion was caused from spontaneous combustion in the car. However, nothing has yet developed to make this assertion positive. The spot where the car stood in the crevasse in the earth fully twenty feet deep and about thirty feet in diameter. Property damage estimated at \$1,000,000 was done.

The town council of Jellico, Tenn., has called upon Governor Cox to send a company of militia from Knoxville to do guard duty and otherwise assist in rehabilitating the town. Two causes are assigned for the explosion. One is that three parties were shooting at a mark on the car and that a bullet entered the car and caused the explosion. The other is that while the car was standing on a side track a carload of pig iron was switched against it and that the impact caused the explosion.

SLID THREE THOUSAND FEET.

Four Chicago Professors Explore Mount Orizaba, Mexico. CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—Four prominent college professors, one a member of the University of Chicago faculty, narrowly escaped death in Mexico after one of the most daring and arduous attempts ever made to gain the top of Mount Orizaba.

Having gained the top of the peak, the members of the party spent an hour in looking over the City of Mexico and the gulf of Mexico. Then they began to descend, but encountered a snow slope and slid down 3,000 feet before they came to a stop. Professor M. F. Reid of Johns Hopkins University of Toronto, Professor J. E. Wolf of Harvard and Professor Rollin T. Chamberlain of Chicago were the members of the expedition.

Madrid Bomb Throwers on Trial. MADRID, Sept. 22.—The trial of those implicated in the bomb throwing during the royal wedding festivities on June 31 opened here today in the assize court. The public prosecutor will demand the death sentence in the case of Ferras, alias Avila, and nine years' imprisonment in the case of Editor Mackens, who assisted in the flight of Morales, the bomb thrower who killed himself.

Monte Cristi Encircled by Rebels. CAPE HAITIEN, Haiti, Sept. 22.—General Caeceres, president of Santo Domingo, has reached Dajabon with a strong armed force. The rebels retired from their positions without offering resistance. Monte Cristi is still surrounded by the rebels and is still without communication with the outside. General Caeceres hopes to relieve Monte Cristi and stamp out the revolution.

Swiss Marie Gets Record. COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 22.—In a special race here Swiss Marie beat her own record of 2:03 1/2, the trotting and the track record of 2:02 1/2, made by Crescens. Her time was 2:02.

Young Girl Falls Through Skylight. NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Unable to work a pulley line upon which she was hanging laces and ribbons and believing that a frail glass roof which covers the corridors of the Young Women's Christian Association home would bear her weight, Miss Edith Louftian, seventeen years old, stepped on the covering and crashed to the main floor, fifty feet below. She struck the marble tiled main floor on her head, fracturing her skull. She was dead when picked up.

RACING AT GRAVESEND.

Jockey Freshton Killed in Fifth Race When Joe Levy Fell.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—The racing at Gravesend was marred by a fatal accident, Jockey Bertrand Freshton losing his life, while Jockey C. Ross was dangerously injured. The mix-up came in the fifth race, a selling event, for three-year-olds, with ten starters.

Freshton's mount, Joe Levy, fell, carrying down Sonoma Belle, ridden by G. Burns, and Louis H., carrying C. Ross, fell over Joe Levy. Burns escaped serious injury. Kenneyette, at 8 to 1, won the Willow handicap. Three favorites won. Summaries: First Race—Suffrage, first; Lotus, second; Jacobite, third. Second Race—Momentum, first; Royal Breeze, third. Third Race—Coy Maid, first; Dandelion, second; Far West, third. Fourth Race—Kenneth, first; Gold Lady, second; Fantasia, third. Fifth Race—Laucastrian, first; Our Sister, second; Huntington, third. Sixth Race—Nemesis, first; Stole, second; Miss Ogden, third.

BASEBALL SCORES.

Results of Games Played in the National and American Leagues. NATIONAL LEAGUE. At New York: Chicago, 9; St. Louis, 10; 1000-0-0-4. At New York: New York, 1; Boston, 2; 1000-0-0-4. At Chicago: Chicago, 2; New York, 3; 1000-0-0-4. At New York: New York, 2; Boston, 1; 1000-0-0-4. At Philadelphia: Philadelphia, 1; Boston, 2; 1000-0-0-4. At Philadelphia: Philadelphia, 1; Boston, 2; 1000-0-0-4. At Philadelphia: Philadelphia, 1; Boston, 2; 1000-0-0-4.

TABLE OF PERCENTAGES. Chicago, 17; St. Louis, 24; Philadelphia, 27; Boston, 28; New York, 29; Cincinnati, 30; Cleveland, 31; Pittsburgh, 32; Detroit, 33; Washington, 34; Louisville, 35; St. Paul, 36; Kansas City, 37; Milwaukee, 38; Cincinnati, 39; Philadelphia, 40; Boston, 41; New York, 42; Chicago, 43; Detroit, 44; Washington, 45; Louisville, 46; St. Paul, 47; Kansas City, 48; Milwaukee, 49; Cincinnati, 50; Philadelphia, 51; Boston, 52; New York, 53; Chicago, 54; Detroit, 55; Washington, 56; Louisville, 57; St. Paul, 58; Kansas City, 59; Milwaukee, 60; Cincinnati, 61; Philadelphia, 62; Boston, 63; New York, 64; Chicago, 65; Detroit, 66; Washington, 67; Louisville, 68; St. Paul, 69; Kansas City, 70; Milwaukee, 71; Cincinnati, 72; Philadelphia, 73; Boston, 74; New York, 75; Chicago, 76; Detroit, 77; Washington, 78; Louisville, 79; St. Paul, 80; Kansas City, 81; Milwaukee, 82; Cincinnati, 83; Philadelphia, 84; Boston, 85; New York, 86; Chicago, 87; Detroit, 88; Washington, 89; Louisville, 90; St. Paul, 91; Kansas City, 92; Milwaukee, 93; Cincinnati, 94; Philadelphia, 95; Boston, 96; New York, 97; Chicago, 98; Detroit, 99; Washington, 100.

AMERICAN LEAGUE. At Chicago: Chicago, 1; Boston, 2; 1000-0-0-4. At New York: New York, 1; Boston, 2; 1000-0-0-4. At Chicago: Chicago, 2; New York, 3; 1000-0-0-4. At New York: New York, 2; Boston, 1; 1000-0-0-4. At Philadelphia: Philadelphia, 1; Boston, 2; 1000-0-0-4. At Philadelphia: Philadelphia, 1; Boston, 2; 1000-0-0-4. At Philadelphia: Philadelphia, 1; Boston, 2; 1000-0-0-4.

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Military Bandmen Leads Rifle Shot. WAREFIELD, Mass., Sept. 22.—The state general rifle competition to teams of twenty men from each of the Massachusetts infantry regiments, the First and Second corps of cadets, the naval brigade and the coast artillery, for the tri-color emblematic of the state championship opened at the Bay State rifle range here. Musciana J. E. Parker of the Eighth infantry led with a total of 140 out of a possible 150. Private J. Durward of the Second infantry was second with a total of 130.

Seven Found Guilty of Peonage. CAPE GIRARDEAU, Mo., Sept. 22.—The jury in the Smith case has returned a verdict of guilty against Charles M. Smith and Charles M. Smith, Jr., and the five tenants of their farms on the eleventh count in the peonage case. The eleventh count of the forty-four indictments refers to John Reed, the negro who was with Roosevelt in Cuba and escaped from the shack on the Smith farm by sawing his way through the floor at night. He was the strongest negro witness for the government. Sentence has not yet been passed.

W. J. Bryan at Birmingham. BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Sept. 22.—William J. Bryan arrived here from Atlanta and was met at the depot by a representative citizens' committee, headed by Mayor Ward. Escorting by militia and followed by twenty-five carriages, containing many of the most prominent Democrats in Alabama, Mr. and Mrs. Bryan were conducted to the Hotel Hillman, where an informal reception was held, followed by a luncheon. Mr. Bryan spoke at the Bijou theater.

Steamer Atlantic Rammed and Sunk. WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 22.—The steamer Atlantic, belonging to the Cape Fear Fisheries company, was sunk by the Clyde line steamer Navaho near Fort Caswell. Only the mast and smokestack of the Atlantic were left out of the water. Pilot Harry Corbett of Southport was the only one hurt.

Mongolia Off Midway Reef. HONOLULU, Sept. 22.—The steamer Mongolia, which went ashore on Midway island, has been floated. She is expected to reach here under bar own steam.

Weather Prohibited. Fair; northeast winds.

SAGE HEIRS HAPPY

Widow of New York's Great Financier Offers Terms. WILL DOUBLE ALL BEQUESTS IN WILL

Senator Brackett Gives Out Statement of Generous Settlements to Be Made in Estate Which Regretates \$70,000,000.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Just as Mrs. Russell Sage had completed arrangements with the various relatives of Russell Sage to double the amounts allotted to them under the will in the hopes thereby of heading off any contest the legatees had contemplated, several grandnephews and nieces of the great money lender who were not mentioned in the will turned up with the intention of precipitating a contest. This contest may be averted, however, if the relatives not mentioned under the will take the advantage of an offer on the part of Charles A. Gardner of counsel for the executors to give the unmentioned relatives amounts equal to those to be received by the heirs under the will if the relationship can be proved to the satisfaction of the executors and the surrogate.

The relatives of Mr. Sage who may try to have the will broken are his great-grandnieces and nephews, Mrs. Margaret Stillwell Cary, Mrs. Della Stillwell Decker and Messrs. Ira, William and Oscar Stillwell of Hobart, N. Y. They are the grandchildren of the late Sally Ann Sage, a sister of the millionaire.

State Senator Edgar T. Brackett of Saratoga, who arrived in the city several days ago in the interests of Edson M. Courand of Troy, one of the heirs mentioned in the will, had hinted that some compromise might be made whereby the contemplated contest would be abandoned. When the various attorneys appeared at the surrogate's office Senator Brackett gave out the following statement from Henry M. De Forest, of counsel for the executors: "Assuming no contest of the Sage will, Mrs. Sage has intended and now intends to give to each relative who is a beneficiary under the will an additional amount equal to his or her legacy and to do this as soon as possible after her qualification as executrix. This intention has been made known by her counsel to such legatees as have made inquiries."

The attorney for the new contestants, after a consultation with Probate Clerk Jacob Washburn, decided to make a claim for their clients as descendants of Sally Ann Sage. Mr. Gardner said there was no objection to that, and if it were proved that Sally Ann Sage was a sister of the late Russell Sage the legacies would be paid, the lawyer for the executors thus implying that if the contestants succeed in proving relationship they will get as much as the heirs mentioned in the will.

Ten Thousand Lives Now Reported Lost in Typhoons. HONGKONG, Sept. 22.—The entire fleet of 900 fishing junks were lost in the typhoon. This increases the mortality to 10,000 persons. Shipping has been resumed, but is hampered by the inadequate supply of steam launches and lighters. The former command \$180 and the latter \$100 for hire per working day. All the Baluchistan troops and 300 of the West Kent regiment are co-operating in clearing the wreckage of the recent typhoon. Prodigious efforts are being made in the recovery of bodies, which are being carried off in cartloads. Many scavengers are being overcome by the terrible stench. Constable Monday, who is superintending the work, collapsed and was taken to a hospital.

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