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WIPE OUT TRUSTS

Bryan For Government Ownership of Railroads.

ADVOCATES EIGHT HOUR DAY

New York City Gives Nebraskan a Great Ovation.

WOULD BAR ALL MONOPOLIES.

William Jennings Bryan, After Tour Around the World, Lands at Battery, New York, and Makes Triumphant March Up Broadway Amid Plaudits of Cheering Crowds—At Madison Square Garden He Struck Keynote of Presidential Campaign of 1908, Which Will Recount From New York to the Golden Gate, From Porto Rico to Alaska—Governor Folk and Tom Johnson Take Leading Part in Reception—William E. Hearst Present.

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—William J. Bryan, the twice nominated candidate of the Democratic party for the presidency and acclaimed on all hands as the nominee in 1908, sounded the keynote of the next presidential campaign in two remarkable speeches delivered in and outside of Madison Square Garden to probably the greatest audience ever assembled in America for political meetings.

Mr. Bryan struck the keynote so sharply that it will reverberate from Montank point to the Golden Gate and from Porto Rico to Alaska for some time to come. He took the most advanced and radical ground on the trust question, advocated the extermination of private monopolies and came out boldly for government ownership of railroads, divided between federal ownership for the trunk lines and state ownership for branch roads lying within the boundaries of a single state.

He also advocated an eight hour day for laboring men, the licensing by the federal government of legitimate corporations and the reduction of the tariff so as to prevent the fostering of monopolies. He declared in favor of giving the president power to place on the free list any articles which come into competition with the products of a trust, thus making trusts as they now exist impossible. In fact, Mr. Bryan argued for the wiping out of the trusts entirely.

Mr. Bryan declared against Socialism, or the public ownership of all means of production and distribution, saying that he stood for individualism and the rights of private property. He denounced plutocracy as a menace to this government as great as the evil of landlordism in Europe and advocated laws to curb the power of wealth. Among his remedies for this condition he again proposed the income tax, which has been declared unconstitutional by the United States supreme court.

Twenty thousand enthusiastic admirers of the Democratic leader heard him expound these and other policies which he hopes to see embodied in the party platform in 1908. The radical points of his address were uproariously cheered, the vast audience in Madison Square Garden manifesting its approval of his utterances by plauditory demonstrations which have never been surpassed.

So touched was Mr. Bryan by the welcome that as he stood waiting for the cheers to subside his eyes filled with tears, and he strode nervously from side to side of the narrow platform.

"How can I thank you for this welcome?" he said. "My heart would be ungrateful if it did not consecrate itself to your service. It was kind to prepare this reception. It was kind of Governor Folk to come here all the way from Missouri. It was kind of Tom Johnson, that example of the moral courage we so much need in this country, to lend his presence here."

"It was kind in you to fully recommend me in being absent so long from my native land. I thank you. I return to the land of my birth more proud of my citizenship than ever before."

For eight minutes, while the garden seemed to sway and shake from the shouts and applause, Bryan strode nervously from side to side of the narrow platform. Only once again during the entire evening was there anything approaching such a demonstration. That was when the speaker told his hearers that he had become converted to the cause of government ownership of railroads.

"I favor the control of only the trunk lines by the national government," said Mr. Bryan, "and the ownership of all other railroads by the state governments."

A FIGHT IMMINENT

General Avalos and Pino Guerra in Battle Array.

REBELS LOOT SABALO STORES.

Insurgent Chief and Officers Unable to Prevent Their Men From Plundering and Destroying Merchants' Goods.

HAYANA, Aug. 31.—The rattle of machine guns has become a familiar sound on the sea front of Hayana, where Major Clews' corps were trying their weapons and drilling for their new duties. Part of the corps went to the front today, but its destination has not been divulged.

General Avalos and Pino Guerra are close to each other in the vicinity of Guanaco, to which point General Avalos, with 1,000 cavalry, mounted infantry, rural guards and recruits, has marched from the little village of Sabalo.

A press correspondent with Avalos reports that a considerable number of recruits fell out along the march from San Juan de Martinez, overcome by the heat and choking dust, and that some were ill with fever induced by drinking bad water. The general spirit, however, was good.

The story of the plundering of Galafre by Guerra's men has been duplicated on a larger scale at Sabalo. When the government troops reached that place they found the general store in a state of indescribable ruin. Every kind of merchandise, liquid or solid, clothing, dry goods and everything the insurgents did not want was piled together in stacks.

Guerra's men on their arrival there had crowded into the store and begun taking what they chose. Guerra and some of his officers, who strenuously tried to prevent them, finally drew their machetes and wounded several men who were searching the store for money. The townspeople assert that there were evidences of considerable bloodshed. Guerra utterly failed to prevail over his men.

The opposing forces are now so close that a battle is expected shortly. The only fight of consequence reported lately was a three hours' conflict at Calabazar, Havana province, between fifty insurgents and fifteen rural guards, with the result that the latter retreated.

An engagement between insurgents and government troops is reported to have occurred near Artemisa, province of Pinar del Rio, near the Havana border. Several exchanges of shots have been reported at various places westward of Guanajay, near the Havana border, in Pinar del Rio. As the place is poorly protected, re-enforcements of fifty rural guards have been sent there.

An insurgent band estimated to number 300 was attacked by government troops near Campo Florida, twenty miles east of Havana. An American who witnessed the fighting says the firing was continuous but scattering and that there was no volleying. After two hours of this fighting the combatants came closer together, and finally the rural guards and volunteers made a fine charge up a hill, routing the insurgents, who scattered and disappeared.

At least twelve insurgents were killed, and many more were wounded. An official report of the fight given out says the combined forces of Captain Collazo's rural guards and General Alfredo Rego's volunteers, totaling 130, attacked 400 rebels, fought two hours and then charged and completely dispersed the enemy, who left fifteen dead and three prisoners. Twenty horses and some arms and accoutrements were captured. Captain Collazo was wounded in the arm, but not seriously hurt.

Reports of surrenders in compliance with the government's offer of amnesty are more numerous than heretofore, most of them coming from towns near Havana, to which quite a large number of insurgents have quietly returned. The insurgent chief Tata Sanchez is the most prominent of those who surrendered. He returned to his home at Balid with a few of his followers.

On the other hand, the insurrection is receiving some recruits. Colonel Carlos Gmas, a prominent resident of San Antonio de los Baños, has joined the insurrection, followed by some of his friends, forming the nucleus of a new band.

CHAMPLAIN HANDICAP.

Dandelion, Favorite, Heavily Played, Wins Saratoga Feature.

MALIBU, N. Y., Aug. 31.—The Saratoga summer meeting came to a close at Saratoga with the Champlain handicap, one mile and a furlong, as the feature, and in a close and exciting finish it resulted in a victory for the favorite, Dandelion.

He was heavily played, being backed down from even to 4 to 5 at the close. Dandelion was the pacemaker for the stretch, where Dandelion took the lead. Entree came very strong, but in a terrific drive the favorite won by a head. Summary:

First Race—Solly M., first; Miss Strone, second; Pussant, third. Second Race—Allegiance, first; Sangalwood, second; Ligero, third. Third Race—Givona, first; Bertha E., second; Calabash, third. Fourth Race—Dandelion, first; Entree, second; Haven, third. Fifth Race—Columbia Girl, first; Bryan, second; Cadichon, third. Sixth Race—Pamnoon, first; Flash Hawk, second; Joe Miller, third.

BASEBALL SCORES. Results of Games Played in National and American Leagues.

NATIONAL LEAGUE. Philadelphia 0, New York 0. Philadelphia 0, Boston 0. Philadelphia 0, Chicago 0. Philadelphia 0, Cincinnati 0. Philadelphia 0, St. Louis 0. Philadelphia 0, Pittsburgh 0.

AMERICAN LEAGUE. Washington 0, New York 0. Philadelphia 0, Boston 0. Philadelphia 0, Chicago 0. Philadelphia 0, Cincinnati 0. Philadelphia 0, St. Louis 0. Philadelphia 0, Pittsburgh 0.

TABLE OF PERCENTAGES. Chicago 74, Philadelphia 43, Cincinnati 44, St. Louis 45, Boston 47, Pittsburgh 48, Washington 49, New York 50.

Grand Circuit Meet at Readville. READVILLE, Mass., Aug. 31.—The fast pace was again the feature of the grand circuit meet at the Readville track, and four of the horses were well bunched in all three heats, Gratt winning from Baron Gratton in each event by a head. While no records were broken, the times were fast. The California gelding Mack Mack was the favorite in the 2:11 trot and won two of the heats without difficulty. El Milagro took the third heat and qualified for the 2:10 class.

Ohio Rifemen Took Five Prizes. SEAGIRT, N. J., Aug. 31.—At the national military shooting tournament the feature of the day was the performance of rifemen representing the state of Ohio, who carried off second, third, fourth, fifth and sixth prizes in the offhand military match from a field of 227 competitors. John Kethley, an enlisted man of the United States navy, won the first prize, \$25, in the offhand match with a score of 95 out of a possible 100. The contest was open to all.

Harvard Slow at Starting. PITTSBURGH, England, Aug. 31.—The day being intensely hot, with a haze over the river, the Cambridge and Harvard university crews did only light work, practicing starting and sprinting. This is very necessary in Harvard's case. A well known oarsman stated that Cambridge starting excels Harvard in the matter of starting, and this deficiency of the Americans might be costly on the day of the race unless remedied.

Lady Esther at Latonia. CINCINNATI, O., Aug. 31.—Lady Esther won the six furlong handicap at Latonia in a drive from Major T. J. Carson, an outsider in the betting. Don Domo finished third. Not a favorite won. Ruby Right, at 60 to 1, won the opening event from Miladi Love, the favorite, with Minnie Johnson third.

Signal Overthrow of Favorites. DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 31.—A signal overthrow of the favorites characterized the racing at Windsor, the talent suffering the severest blow when the odds on choice, Laura A., was beaten by Emulo in the second race. Sartor Rosartus and Foxmeade were the only winning choices.

Myopia Won Two Cups. SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 31.—Myopia won the United States Hotel cup and the Grand Union Hotel cup, defeating Saratoga in the final game of the polo match by the score of 12 to 7.

Weather Probabilities. Fair; west winds.

SEES DOOM OF CZAR

Premier Stolypin Fears For Nicholas.

HIS INJURED DAUGHTER STILL ALIVE

Five Bodies of Victims Killed by Bomb Explosion Have Not Yet Been Identified—A Princess Lost Her Life.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 31.—It is asserted that Premier Stolypin and his colleagues are employing the newspapers which they control to fight the court camarilla. This, it is added, is the secret of the Novoye Vremya's constant reference during the last few days to the necessity for protecting the cabinet from the interference of pernicious court influences.

Stolypin in conversation with friends is said to have asserted that he is continually subjected to embarrassment, adding that he was convinced that the task which he set himself was impossible unless the emperor gave him an absolutely free hand—in other words, conferred upon the cabinet a practical dictatorship.

An intimation comes from a high source that the premier broached the subject at the first audience which he had with his majesty since the tragedy of Aug. 25, when the explosion of a bomb at the premier's residence caused the loss of over thirty lives.

In the aforementioned conversation with friends the premier is alleged to have said that history seemed to be repeating itself, the situation closely resembling the closing days of the reign of Alexander II, who was assassinated. The reactionary spirit was growing rapidly. Nevertheless he considered it vital that the government should not take a reactionary path.

In spite of the earlier diagnosis of the hopelessness of her case Premier Stolypin's daughter, who was badly injured by the bomb explosion in her father's apartments Aug. 25, is still alive, and there are hopes of her recovery. The others wounded are improving except the student Dulevitch and the carriage driver Bernarsky. Both the earlier suspects have now been cleared. Among the unknown dead have been recognized the body of Princess Eudoxia Cantacuzene, Mme. Istoula, a member of a noble family, and her eight-year-old son. Five corpses have not been identified.

A commission sitting under the presidency of the minister of education has recommended the reopening of the universities except the one at Warsaw and other of the higher schools under practically the same conditions as were vainly tried last autumn, an autonomous government by a professional council.

At Warsaw extraordinary precautions to prevent disturbances or demonstrations marked the funeral of General Voullarilarski, the acting military governor and commander of the Fifth army corps, who was shot and killed while out driving Aug. 27.

Dispatches received from Saratov state that the peasantry of the Volga provinces are talking of an uprising at an early date. Nothing, it is stated, will satisfy them but the distribution of all land. Agitators are swarming all over the provinces, and it is quite common to hear peasants singing the "Marseillaise" at the piers while awaiting the arrival of steamers.

All Meat Labels Must Be Specific. WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—Nothing short of the placing upon meat products of labels which will not deceive the public was the ultimatum which Secretary Wilson delivered to forty representatives of various packing houses who met here. Hereafter if the packers want their goods accepted for interstate shipment they must bear labels more specific than those used in the past. It will not do, for instance, to state merely that a package contains sausage. The label must distinctly describe the article and plainly show that the sausage is made entirely of pork or beef combined or of other ingredients. The same rule will apply to other products.

Open Shop For Postal Department. WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—The principle of the open shop will be applied to the postal service, according to a decision reached at a conference between Postmaster Fred A. Busse of Chicago and Acting Postmaster General Hitchcock and Second Assistant Postmaster General Shallenbarger.

Victory For C. N. Bulger. OSWEGO, N. Y., Aug. 31.—In the Democratic city primaries here the factional fight between C. N. Bulger, state committeeman, and ex-Mayor J. E. Mansfield resulted in a victory for the former, who carried six out of eight wards.

SATURDAY SPECIALS

AT—Globe Warehouse

Every week we bring to you priced opportunities which will not present themselves again. Therefore, grasp opportunity by the forelock and purchase now.

New Line Checked Dress Goods. These popular goods are already becoming scarce. Desirable checks will be hard to get as they are in great demand. All prices here from 6c to \$1.00.

Special Prices. Our special prices on both black and colored Dress Goods advertised this week continue Saturday and Tuesday.

New Kimona Cloths and Waistings. Our line of these goods is as complete as you will find in the cities and prices just as low.

Outing Flannels. Several of the best makes to be had and at prices not beaten anywhere.

Special Showing. Of long white skirts, lace and Hamburg trimmed. \$1.25 value, special 98c. \$2.00 value, special \$1.49. \$2.50 value, special \$1.98. \$3.00 value, special \$2.48. \$4.00 value, special \$2.98.

Short Skirts and Drawers to Match. 50c value, lace or Hamburg trimmed. Special 37c.

White India Linen. Worth 12c to 15c, choice 10c. Worth 16c to 18c, choice 12c. Worth 20c to 25c, choice 15c.

Muslins. Five best known brands, worth up to 10c. Special 8c.

Corsets. We are showing the models being demonstrated at Atlantic City this season. We can fit any figure.

THOMSON'S GLOVE-FITTING HABIT-HIP CORSETS. See our "Habit Hip" for average figures.

Globe Warehouse. Talmadge Block, Eimer Ave. VALLEY PHONE. MADAME DEAN'S FRENCH FEMALE PILLS. A Rare, Certain Remedy for Nervous Weakness, Headache, Indigestion, Sleeplessness, etc. Sold in Sayre by the West Sayre Pharmacy Co.