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A FRANTIC CLEAN-UP

President Tells of Packing-town's Awakening.

MIRACLES AT BEEF TRUST PLANTS

Extraordinary Changes at Chicago. On Every Hand an Almost Heroic Haste to Repave, Renovate and Clear Away Dirt.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—In response to a request from the house committee on agriculture President Roosevelt forwarded to Representative Wadsworth, the chairman of the committee, the report made to him by a committee of the department of agriculture regarding conditions in the Chicago meat packing houses. Accompanying the report was the following letter from the president:

"In accordance with your request I send you herewith two reports of inspection by the committee appointed by the department of agriculture. Some of the ground traversed by Messrs. Neill and Reynolds is not touched upon in the report of the committee of the agricultural department. As to the ground covered in common by the reports of the two investigating committees there is no conflict in substance as to the important matters, although there is a marked difference in emphasis, this being partially due to the greater length and detail of the report of the committee of the department of agriculture. In my judgment the emphasis of the report of Messrs. Neill and Reynolds is abundantly justified by the facts.

"To show the immediate and extraordinary change for the better which the mere fact of their investigation is already bringing about in the condition of the packing houses in Chicago it is only necessary to instance the following portions of a letter received from a most competent and trustworthy witness in Chicago, whose name I will give the committee if so desired:

"On Monday I began a tour of all the great packing houses, going first to Libby's, then to Swift's.

"Tuesday all the morning discussed changes that ought to be made and caught a glimpse of the awakening at Armour's. In the afternoon visited the plant with the superintendent.

"Wednesday I rested and contemplated the awakening of Packingtown. It is miraculous. Thursday visited the Nelson Morris plant with the superintendent. Nelson Morris has done much to make things better. By the time the next inspecting party arrives they will have still more new lavatories, toilet rooms, dressing rooms, etc. Cuspidors everywhere and signs prohibiting spitting. In most the awakening seemed to come by force from without. There was the slightest indication that the 'stall, small voice' was at work also.

"At Armour's I made no pretense of making an investigation, but frankly announced my desire to see things as they are and to get a fresh impression of conditions, as I had not seen the plants since the strike. On every hand there was indication of an almost humorous haste to clean up, repave and even to plan for future changes. Brand new toilet rooms, new dressing rooms, new towels, etc. Swift's and Armour's were both so cleaned up that I was compelled to cheer them on their way by expressing my pleasure at the changes. The sausage girls were moved upstairs, where they could get sun and light. They have dressing rooms, etc.

"I asked for showers and lockers for the casing workers at Armour's and got a promise that they would put them in. The canning and stuffing room, chip beef and beef extract at Armour's seemed really quite good. In all these rooms the girls work. At Libby's the girls are to be put into a blue calico uniform, which they will buy at half price. They are putting in toilet rooms, which they say are temporary and that when the building is remodeled they will have these put in a better place. The haste toward reform would have been amusing if it were not so nearly tragic.

"I wish to repeat that my investigations are not yet through. I am not prepared to make a final statement either as to so much of the complaints as concern the management of the bureau of animal industry or as to certain of the graver charges in connection with the adulterations of meat products, as well as certain other matters. But enough has been developed, in my judgment, to call for immediate, thoroughgoing and radical enlargement of the powers of the government in inspecting all meats which enter into interstate and foreign commerce. Unfortunately the misdeeds of those who are responsible for the abuses we design to cure will bring discredit and damage not only upon themselves, but upon the innocent stock growers, the ranchmen and farmers of the country. The only way permanently to protect and benefit these stock growers, these farmers and ranchmen, is to secure by law the thorough and adequate inspection for which I have asked.

Chairman Wadsworth, who has been widely criticized as defending the packers, defended himself by saying that he was friendly to all industries and that the Neill-Reynolds report had cost the packing and stock interests \$20,000,000 and had cut off 25 to 40 per cent of the foreign demand. Statements had been made by Dr. Neill as to fifty conditions which he did not believe, and he was merely seeking to know on what these assertions were based.

The committee authorized the chairman to telegraph to Upton Sinclair that the committee found it was unnecessary to give him a hearing. The committee also adopted a resolution not to go to Chicago.

BRYAN'S WELCOME HOME.

Huge Committee Forming to Give Tourist Honoring Reception.

NEW YORK, June 9.—William Hoge, who has opened headquarters at the Hotel Victoria for the Democratic Commercial Travelers' league, announced the following additional names on the committee of arrangements to prepare a reception to William Jennings Bryan upon his return from a trip around the world about Aug. 1:—

A. H. Eastmond, Senator John Quinn, Augustus Thomas, William Sulzer, Harry W. Walker, Timothy D. Sullivan, O. H. P. Belmont, John R. Dunlap, Charles A. Towne, James A. Campbell, William P. Mitchell, Harry Gallagher, Assemblyman Campbell, Joseph J. Willet, Alabama; William J. Stone, Missouri; Carter Harrison, Chicago; Clark Howell, Georgia; Moses Whitmore, St. Louis; Rev. Ralph Walker, Dr. William J. O'Sullivan, John J. DeLaney, Courtland Smith, Richard Croker, Jr.; Henry Watterson, Kentucky; Ben. Junia F. Shively, Indiana; General Henry T. Douglas, Hamilton M. Dawes, Giles S. Allison, John S. Crosby, George W. Sweeney, E. M. Tierney, E. K. Spooner, Durbin V. Van Vleck, Van Lee Polk, Tennessee; H. S. Judge, Thomas L. Feltner, Alexander Troup, Connecticut; James T. Head, Tennessee; Alfred J. Bonilton, John Hargart, Edward Cahill, William Weir, W. Walpole Bell, Gustave Lansing, J. H. Maddy, Isaac Frank, Thomas J. DeLaney, Missouri, and Edgar Bright Nelson.

CONSTABULARY OPENED FIRE.

Three Striking Coal Miners Fatally Wounded by Carbine Bullets.

INDIANA, Pa., June 9.—The new mining town of Ernest, on the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg railroad, five miles from here, was the scene of a conflict between a detail of state constabulary and striking coal miners in which eight strikers were wounded, three fatally.

Shortly after daylight a body of strikers headed by a brass band marched from the Anita mines, in Jefferson county, to receive one of the mine officials expected from Punxsutawney. On the way to the station the marchers encountered a detail of twelve members of the state constabulary. As they passed a member of the band fired his revolver at the troop.

No one was struck, but the constabulary immediately retaliated with a volley from their carbines.

When the smoke cleared eight strikers were lying on the ground and the others had fled precipitately down the hill.

The wounded were at once removed to a hospital.

All is now quiet, and no more trouble at this time is apprehended.

The mines at Ernest are owned by the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg Coal and Iron company.

On April 1 a strike was inaugurated, and the men have been out ever since. Three weeks ago the plant was started nonunion.

SAVED LOUISIANA CAPITOL.

Governor and Legislators in Alry Costume Fought Fire to a Finish.

BATON ROUGE, La., June 9.—The saving of the state capitol from destruction by fire was accomplished in a spectacular manner by Governor Blanchard assisted by many Louisiana legislators dressed in their night clothes and by hundreds of Baton Rouge citizens supplementing the fire department. The fire started from defective wiring near the roof of the senate chamber, destroying the capitol's eastern wing above the first floor. The loss is about \$90,000. Among the valuables in the senate chamber, where the roof fell in, was the famous painting "The Battle of New Orleans," valued at \$40,000. Governor Blanchard directed the work of saving the valuable papers. The legislature now being in session, the senate will meet in the Elysian theater.

The capitol is an imposing piece of architecture on the banks of the Mississippi. It was first built in 1847 and was destroyed by fire during the civil war. The present structure was erected in 1880.

Sweden Will Not Be In It.

CHRISTIANIA, June 9.—Sweden will not be represented at the coronation of King Haakon VII. on June 22. The Swedish government desires that it be understood that this decision is not the result of ill will or as a breach of friendly intercourse, but that it is dictated out of regard for King Oscar's personal feelings. The situation has no historic parallel, and it is considered here as quite natural that King Oscar should not permit a member of his dynasty to assist at the coronation of his successor in the sovereignty of a portion of his former kingdom.

Storm Sweeps Chatham, Ont.

CHATHAM, Ont., June 9.—A terrific windstorm has swept this city, destroying a number of houses, blowing down the steeple of the Methodist church and injuring several people. The storm swept through this portion of Ontario with lightning rapidity. Wires are down in all directions.

Soldiers Too Late to Save Negro.

Ocala, Fla., June 9.—Jim Davis, alias "Dago," the negro who murdered Mr. Russell and his negro servant at Felicia on Tuesday, was lynched at Inverness by a large party of masked men. The soldiers sent from Brooksville to protect him arrived too late.

Twenty-two Hurt in Week.

ST. LOUIS, June 9.—Fireman F. H. Richards of St. Louis was killed and twenty-two persons were injured in a collision between St. Louis-Memphis passenger trains on the Iron Mountain railroad near Meno, 115 miles south of St. Louis.

CASSATT OUSTS HIM

Pennsylvania Head Dismisses a Second Chief Clerk.

McLELLAN A SHINING CONTRAST.

Master Mechanic Comes Forward as Voluntary Witness to Vindicate Memory of Late President Frank Thomson.

PHILADELPHIA, June 9.—Joseph K. Aiken, chief clerk to the superintendent of the Monongahela division of the Pennsylvania railroad, has been dismissed by direction of President Cassatt.

In his testimony before the interstate commerce commission Aiken said that while his salary had averaged between \$300 and \$120 per month he owned nearly \$75,000 worth of coal stock.

He admitted having received checks from coal companies and also gifts from company stores.

He is the second clerk to be dismissed by order of President Cassatt for taking commissions from coal companies.

W. G. Spangler, local agent of the Pennsylvania railroad at Milton, Pa., who was a witness before the interstate commerce commission, testified that in addition to his duties as railroad agent he also acted as sales agent for the Keystone Coal and Coke company.

He said that the greater portion of the coal tonnage for Milton had been shipped over the lines of the Reading company until he became sales agent for the coal company, when the Pennsylvania's tonnage was increased about 1,000 tons monthly.

He was made sales agent after a conference with Robert K. Cassatt, and his appointment was made with the knowledge and consent of H. B. Lincoln, division superintendent of the Pennsylvania railroad at Milton.

He received a commission of 2 1/2 cents a ton from the Keystone Coal and Coke company.

"I came here to vindicate Mr. Frank Thomson's memory and character," said J. McLeLlan, a witness. Mr. McLeLlan resides at Blairsville, Pa. He was formerly a master mechanic and road foreman.

He was not subpoenaed by the commission, but came voluntarily because the impression had gone out through the testimony of previous witnesses that Frank Thomson, a former president of the Pennsylvania railroad, had sanctioned the acceptance of gifts of stock in coal companies by officials and employees of the railroad. He declared this to be untrue and presented a letter written by Mr. Thomson to him as proof of his statement.

He said that while he was in the employ of the railroad Captain Alfred Hoke, who was stout to organize a mining company, offered him a block of the stock.

"Frank Thomson, then president of the railroad," said the witness, "was an old friend of my father. I wrote to him asking his advice in the matter. He replied advising me not to take the stock."

The witness produced Mr. Thomson's letter, which was dated June 18, 1894, and was as follows:

"I would suggest that you do not go into the enterprise."

"Later," said the witness, "I saw President Thomson, and he told me my character and honor were worth more than all the stock I could acquire in that way."

JUDGE HARRISON DEAD.

Speaker of Connecticut House Dies Suddenly of Apoplexy.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 9.—Judge Lynde Harrison, speaker of the state house of representatives, chairman of the Republican state central committee and one of the most prominent Republican leaders of Connecticut, is dead here. He was stricken with apoplexy.

He had recently purchased the Mark Hanna place at Thomaston, Ga., and with his wife returned from there to Lake Mohonk about three weeks ago. He came here on Thursday of this week.

Judge Harrison was graduated from the Yale law school in 1860 and early began an active political and business career. He served as state senator in 1865 and 1866 and in 1877 was elected speaker of the house of representatives by the Republicans.

Made Pre-election Promises.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 9.—Attorney General Mayer notified President Bird S. Coler of the borough of Brooklyn, New York city, to file with him by June 19 his answer to the charges that he made certain pre-election promises in violation of law. The attorney general will give a hearing on the charges at his office in New York city on June 26.

Signor Broccoli Dead.

NEW YORK, June 9.—John Clark, a singer, who was known on the operatic stage as Signor Broccoli, is dead here. He was born in Ireland fifty-nine years ago and began life as a newspaper reporter in Brooklyn. He then went to Milan to study for the voice and for several years sang under Mapleson in the Royal Opera company, London.

Greece and Roumania Fall Out.

ATHENS, June 9.—The Greek minister at Bucharest has been ordered to announce the rupture of diplomatic relations with Roumania, and all Greek officials have been directed to quit Roumania.

Lumber Plant Destroyed.

SHEEPSVILLE, La., June 9.—Fire of an unknown origin destroyed the plant of the Trout Lumber company at Trout, La. The loss is \$60,000.

TOOTS MOOK.

May Selling Stakes at Gravesend Go to 11 to 5 Favorite.

NEW YORK, June 9.—Toots Mook, the 11 to 5 favorite, easily won the May stakes, selling at Gravesend. Brother Frank was the early pace-maker. In the stretch the favorite took command and won by one and one-half lengths from the 90 to 1 shot Water Tank, with Arkkitra third.

By an order of the steward of the meeting Jockey Kadke was suspended for the remainder of the meeting and fined \$200 for incorrigible behavior at the post and rough riding at the start. Summaries:

First Race—Diamond, first; Keator, second; Emergency, third.

Second Race—Glenite, first; Killacrauke, second; Clara Russell, third.

Third Race—Accountant, first; Logistilla, second; Tradition, third.

Fourth Race—Toots Mook, first; Water Tank, second; Arkkitra, third.

Fifth Race—Mexican Silver, first; Judge Post, second; Kiler, third.

Sixth Race—Moonshine, first; King Henry, second; Royal Scepter, third.

Seventh Race—Varieties, first; Hot Toddy, second; Melbourne Noulise, third.

BASEBALL SCORES.

Games Played Yesterday in the National and American Leagues.

NATIONAL LEAGUE			
At New York—			
Chicago	0 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 0—3		
New York	2 1 0 2 1 0 0 0 0—1		
Hits—Chicago, 7; New York, 7. Errors—Chicago, 2; New York, 3. Batteries—Brown and Kling; White and Bowden.			
At Brooklyn—			
Brooklyn	1 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0—3		
St. Louis	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1		
Hits—St. Louis, 4; Brooklyn, 11. Errors—St. Louis, 2; Brooklyn, 3. Batteries—Druher and Grady; Eason and Ritter.			
At Boston—			
Boston	3 3 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—10		
Pittsburg	0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0—4		
Hits—Pittsburg, 10; Boston, 15. Errors—Pittsburg, 1; Boston, 3. Batteries—Phillips and Gibson; Pfeiffer and Brown.			
At Philadelphia—			
Cincinnati	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1		
Philadelphia	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1		
Hits—Cincinnati, 7; Philadelphia, 6. Errors—Cincinnati, 1; Philadelphia, 0. Batteries—Ewing and Schief; Dugleby and Doan.			
AMERICAN LEAGUE			
At Chicago—			
Chicago	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1		
New York	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2		
Hits—Chicago, 7; New York, 12. Errors—Chicago, 2; New York, 3. Batteries—Chawort and Kinslow; White and Hart.			
At Detroit—			
Boston	1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—4		
Hits—Boston, 8; Detroit, 10. Errors—Boston, 2; Detroit, 2. Batteries—Linnson and Phillips; Mullin and Schmidt.			
At Cleveland—			
Washington	0 0 0 0 1 1 2 1 1—4		
Cleveland	1 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 1—6		
Hits—Washington, 13; Cleveland, 12. Errors—Washington, 3; Cleveland, 3. Batteries—Hughes and Heydon; Benis and Clark.			
TABLE OF PERCENTAGES			
New York	28	10	63
Cleveland	28	16	64
Philadelphia	25	18	49
Detroit	23	19	54
St. Louis	22	21	53
Chicago	21	17	42
Washington	18	22	41
Boston	15	22	37

Only Killed One Peasant.

VIENNA, June 9.—Great crowds watched the arrival here of the contestants in the Von Herkomer automobile race. Dreher of Austria led, with Martini of Italy second. Prince Henry of Prussia third and Mrs. Manville fourth. Rains had made the roads heavy, and all the cars were fairly smothered in mud. The only accident recorded was that in which a German car ran over and killed a peasant near Meik. The number of competitors that have arrived so far is 116. Prince Henry of Prussia after a stop of five minutes at a hotel went to reconnoiter the next stage to Semmering. The race will be resumed tomorrow from Vienna to Klagenfurt.

Women Golfers at Glen Cove.

GLEN COVE, N. Y., June 9.—The first championship of the Women's Eastern Golf association was won by Miss Fanny C. Osgood, champion of the Boston Women's Golf association in 1903 and 1904 and a semifinalist in the Women's National in 1903. Miss Barlow was second and Miss Harriet Curtis third. The consolation handicap was won by Mrs. F. Batchelder of Boston.

All Favorites Defeat.

CINCINNATI, June 9.—Not a favorite won at Latona, second choice and outsiders capturing the six races. The second event, for two-year-olds, went to Oveland, the second choice, in easy fashion. Alvis, the favorite, was never prominent. Postor Girl, an outsider in the betting, won the fifth race from Miss Bertha, and Edith M. Capen, the heavily played favorite, finished fourth.

Hackett and Anderson in Finals.

NEW YORK, June 9.—Fast playing in the semifinals brought H. H. Hackett, the old Yale title holder, and E. G. Anderson, the ex-Canadian champion, through to the final round of the championship singles of the Metropolitan Lawn Tennis tournament. Hackett defeated the indoor player, Kelley, by two sets to one. Anderson routed easily won over Torrance of Englewood.

Sunday Ball Games Must Cease.

NEW YORK, June 9.—There will be no more Sunday baseball where admission is charged or any contribution taken up in Greater New York until the courts decide upon the question of its legality. This announcement was made by Police Commissioner Bingham after he had issued instructions to all the police inspectors forbidding Sunday games.

T. S. Martin at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, June 9.—T. S. Martin, backed down from 5 to 2 to 7 to 5, won the last race at Kenilworth park. Two favorites and several well played long shots gave the books a bad day.

STORM HITS CANADA

Eastern Ontario Swept by Little Cyclons.

CHATHAM AND HAMILTON SUFFER.

Detroit Feels Force of Torrential Rainstorm—Nine Lives Reported Sacrificed to Tempest—Eastern Michigan Gets It.

DETROIT, Mich., June 9.—Eastern Ontario was swept by a terrific wind and rain storm, and as a result all wire communication between this city and Canadian points east of Chatham, about sixty miles from here, was cut off.

Chatham suffered severe property loss from the storm, which unroofed houses, blew down trees, felled wires and filled the streets with debris, but no loss of life resulted, and no one was seriously hurt. Considerable property damage is reported from small towns and farms between here and Chatham.

When the storm struck Hamilton the wind tore through the streets at the rate of eighty-five miles an hour. Immense oak and maple trees on the principal streets were cut off at the base as cleanly as though cut by a saw, buildings were demolished and electrical wires of all kinds prostrated.

The street car service was suspended, and forty buildings in course of construction and some that had been lately finished were blown down.

A torrential rainstorm, accompanied by a forty mile wind, swept Detroit just before 6 o'clock last evening. The rainfall in less than an hour measured 1.36 inches, and the wind in five minutes sprang from a gentle six mile breeze to forty miles an hour.

Trees were felled all over the city, causing severe damage to wires and putting several hundred telephones out of commission. Several street car lines were held up by broken trolley wires for a time during the busiest hour of the evening.

Unconfirmed reports of loss of life on the river are current. One of these reports was that eight lives were lost on the Canadian shore a mile above the head of Belle Isle. Another was that a child had been picked up by the wind and swept off the Belle Isle bridge.

Reports from the eastern part of the state tell of a severe storm with considerable property damage, but no loss of life.

WATER TANK FELL.

Disaster at Pittsburg When Wall of Building Was Knocked Out.

PITTSBURG, June 9.—A 10,000-gallon water tank crashed down through the three-story brick building at 547 545 Liberty avenue, causing the rear