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"ALL THE NEWS THAT'S FIT TO PRINT"

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SAYRE, PA., FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 2, 1906

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Stegmaier's Stock Lager is the equal of any import beer in BODY, TASTE, and QUALITY. Try it.

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A FATAL KNOCKOUT

Prize Fight at San Francisco Ended In Tenny's Death.

NEVER RALLIED FROM NEIL'S BLOWS

Autopsy Showed Death Due to Cerebral Hemorrhage - May Stop All Future Pugilistic Encounters on Pacific Coast.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 2.-Harry Tenny, the banianweight fighter who was knocked out in the fourteenth round by Frankie Neil, is dead.

Tenny's death undoubtedly was the result of the beating he received in the ring. From the time he was carried from his corner, limp and all but lifeless, Tenny sank rapidly and soon died.

The news of Tenny's death quickly spread over the city. Orders were at once given at police headquarters to arrest all concerned.

Neil soon surrendered himself, as also did James Coffroth, Eddie Grayson, Willie Britt, Morris Levy and Mark Shaughnessy. All were charged with manslaughter. They promptly made arrangements for release on bail.

After making an autopsy Coroner's Surgeon Cussack announced that Tenny's death was due to cerebral hemorrhage, caused probably by a blow. It was discovered that strychnine and possibly other drugs were given Tenny during the night, so the stomach was removed and sent to the city chemist, who will analyze its contents.

The mother of the dead boy, Mrs. Israel Tenenbaum, that being his real name, asserts that he was poisoned. A brother, James Tenenbaum, charges that the little fighter was "doped" before entering the ring. This sensational charge is denied by Neil and others connected with the tragedy.

Mayor Schmitz states that he will investigate the death of Tenny thoroughly, and if negligence concerning the condition of the pugilist is shown he will recommend to the supervisors that no more permits be issued for prize fights in San Francisco.

Early in the fight Neil injured Tenny's right eye, and he kept up a cruel bombardment of the injured optic until the eleventh round, when the eye went completely out of commission. Throughout the greater part of the fight Neil paid the most attention to the body and had a deep scissor ring around Tenny's waist after the first few rounds.

From the start of the fight Neil had the advantage, outclassing young Tenny at every point.

Physicians who remained at the bedside realized his desperate condition and gave warning that death might be expected if the fighter could not be resuscitated within a short time.

Some uneasiness was felt by promoters, seconds and others connected with the contest when the condition of Tenny after the knockout was noted. He went down before Neil's hard left hand blows during the fourteenth round, falling near the center of the ring. The timekeeper counted him out, but in the noise of the shouting Referee Roche did not hear the completion of the count, and when Tenny staggered to his feet Roche allowed the fight to proceed.

A howl of derision greeted the referee's ruling, but it was soon ended, for Neil went at his opponent like a madman and hammered him in his weakened condition against the ropes. Helpless and without strength to strike a blow in return, Tenny dropped against the ropes. His head sank on his chest, and his arms dropped to his sides. In this position Tenny was literally beaten to the floor by Neil and was carried out by the referee.

When he was revived an hour later he complained of pains in his body, which he ascribed to the terrific blows which Neil had received his stomach. Later the defeated man was moved to the bath house, where he grew worse until death ended his suffering.

Tenny's death is the second resulting from ring contests here within a month. On the night of Feb. 5 Alec Doeyin was beaten to death by Chiefy Johnson in an unlicensed amateur fight at Colma.

Mark Shaughnessy attended Tenny at the bath. The beaten pugilist complained of terrible pains in his stomach and head. At 4 o'clock in the morning he fell asleep, and the physician left, saying all danger was over. At 7:30 o'clock Shaughnessy was awakened by a cry from Tenny. The pugilist's body was doubled up in agony, and a hurried call was made in for the Central Emergency ambulance. Before it arrived Tenny was dead.

Prize fighting on the Pacific coast may be stopped by the authorities on account of the death of Tenny.

Boat's Creditors After Him. PARIS, March 2.-An application was made to the civil tribunal of the Seine in behalf of a money lender for permission to levy on the household goods in the Castellane mansion to satisfy a claim for money advanced to Count Boni. The lawyers of the countess resisted the request on the grounds that the goods are her separate property.

Held For Sunday Law Violation. UNIONTOWN, Pa., March 2.-Seven Baltimore and Ohio railroad engineers and conductors were fined \$4 and costs each by Justice John Boyle for violating the Sunday law by running trains through Uniontown. Eleven additional warrants are to be served.

RUSSIAN BANDITS CAPTURED.

Robber Held Possession of Town Hall Some Hours.

HELSINKI, Finland, March 2.-The pursuit of the bandits who entered the Russian State bank here, killed the guardian and secured \$37,500 has resulted in another highly dramatic incident and cost four more lives at Tammerfors, where two of the fugitives were cornered.

One of the bandits got possession of the town hall and held it for hours, but finally was subdued by a stream of water directed by the firemen.

While Commissary of Police Balmshin was examining the two captives one of them grabbed a revolver from the belt of the chief of police and with it killed Balmshin. The bandit then dashed upstairs, where he barricaded himself in a room commanding the stairs and lobby and the street outside. There he defied the police for three hours, meanwhile haranguing from the window to a crowd of thousands of persons, many of whom were in sympathy with his Socialistic speeches.

Two policemen who tried to pick off the desperado from a house opposite were killed by the bandit, who was an excellent marksman.

After all other resources had been exhausted the firemen were called out and poured a flood of water into the window. Simultaneously a picked band of police and firemen stormed the stairs. One of the assaulting party was killed and nine were wounded before the bandit, who fought desperately with a big knife, could be overpowered.

The robber, who is a Dorpat blacksmith, boasted of membership in the Baltic revolutionary committee and said the robbery of the Russian State bank was committed to swell the revolutionary war fund. Six thousand dollars of the booty was recaptured.

MITCHELL AND BAER TO MEET.

Recessals Will Try For Peace In Coal Dispute.

WASHINGTON, March 2.-President Roosevelt will attempt to secure an agreement between the operators and miners in the anthracite region in case the negotiations that are now being conducted at New York fail by a personal meeting at the White House between the leaders of the opposing factions.

President Baer of the Reading railroad. It was reported here, will bring the demands made by the miners and attempt to persuade the president to say to President Mitchell and the anthracite board that the demands are excessive.

The president is not likely to take a hand until after the present negotiation has failed-that is, he would not undertake to say to the miners at this time that they are asking too much. It is well known that the railroads do not want another strike and will welcome the appearance of the president as an intermediary.

The call of President Mitchell and Secretary Wilson for a regular national convention of miners is out, and again 1,800 delegates will gather at Indianapolis for the purpose of considering the wage scale and the transaction of such other business as may lawfully be brought before the convention.

Chairman George F. Baer of the anthracite operators' committee, it is said, left Philadelphia for Washington to see President Roosevelt. President Mitchell when seen at the Ashland House, New York, expressed surprise over the report about Mr. Baer's trip. Asked whether he expected to be called to the White House himself, he replied, "I have nothing to say."

Gillette's Peculiar Position. WASHINGTON, March 2.-A peculiar situation has arisen in the army as to the case of Major Cassius E. Gillette, United States engineer, who accepted the position of superintendent of the Philadelphia filtration plant and then sent in his resignation to the government. The question is whether an officer can resign an office which he has ceased to hold or whether such a resignation can be accepted. This will be determined by the president, for he alone is authorized to accept a resignation of this kind.

France Sure of Her Ground. ST. PETERSBURG, March 2.-It is learned from an indisputable source that France feels assured of the support of a majority of the delegates to the conference, and her present plan is to force a vote in the conference in order to demonstrate the falsity of Germany's contention that France represents only the minority view.

Thirty Drowned From Steamer. HAUGESUND, Norway, March 2.-Thirty men were drowned by the wreck between Haugesund and Bergen of the Norwegian coasting steamer Thor. The vessel's cable broke during a hurricane, and she was blown ashore and sank. Only three of her crew were saved.

Panic at Kishinev. ST. PETERSBURG, March 2.-There is a panic in Kishinev, and another rising against the Jews is imminent. Jews there have been told that if they take part in the election of representatives to the national assembly they will be massacred.

Columbus Day Defeated. BOSTON, March 2.-The Massachusetts senate has reconsidered its action to make the birthday of Christopher Columbus a holiday in the schools and has defeated the measure without debate.

Penna. President of Brazil. RIO JANEIRO, March 2.-Dr. Alton de Moura Penna, vice president of the republic, was elected president.

OUR INTERVENTION.

Government Preparing For Eventualities In China.

PLANS TO SEND 20,000 MEN TO MANILA

Should This Country Be Forced to Act Alone a Fort on Chinese Coast May Be Held For Indemnity.

WASHINGTON, March 2.-The United States government has prepared a plan of armed action in case of an anti-foreign outbreak in China. Notwithstanding official avowals that conditions in the Chinese empire are not such as to cause present alarm or grave apprehension, the men in charge of the fighting forces have gone steadily forward, preparing a plan of campaign to meet a crisis which many of them believe to be imminent.

It is the intention to send 20,000 troops from this country to join 5,000 regulars from the Philippines, the combined bodies to form the expeditionary forces. It is the belief of the officials who have studied the situation in the east that it will be dangerous to deplete the Philippine force by more than 5,000 men.

There are in the United States, in round numbers, 15,000 infantrymen, and to make up the required number to be sent to the east three or four troops of cavalry are to be dismounted to add to the infantry force.

In addition, such batteries of field artillery as can be spared and one battery of siege guns (seven inch pieces) will be a part of the forces dispatched. The Sixteenth (siege) battery, commanded by Captain J. P. Hains, now stationed at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., has been fixed upon for this service.

The plan for sending 20,000 men to China in case of trouble has been made solely with the view of having American troops act with the forces of the allied nations whose subjects or citizens may be in danger. The war department is advised by its experts that to act alone in making a successful advance on Peking would require the services of not less than 100,000 men and that the dispatch of a smaller force would be to invite disaster.

Should this country, however, be forced to act alone, the plans as prepared contemplate a joint movement of the army and navy to seize one of the great Chinese ports, which could be held for indemnity.

DETAILS OF MASSACRE.

Not Freed From Charge of Eight Europeans at Nanchang.

SHANGHAI, March 2.-The following account of the recent attack on foreign missionaries at Nanchang has been received:

Fifteen Methodist, twelve English Protestants and fourteen French Catholic missionaries were in Nanchang when the French Catholics had a quarrel with an official over a suit for the possession of property.

A mass meeting was held, and a riot followed, during which the property of the Catholics was burned. The Protestants took refuge in the adjoining house of Mr. Kingman. The house was burned and six priests and two members of the Kingman family were killed.

The Chinese governor attempted to check the riot and rescue the missionaries. The men of the Methodist mission, aided by Chinese soldiers, took their schoolgirls to Chinese homes in the city and brought Miss Hoyt and Miss Kahn from a hospital. All took refuge in midriver in a launch which was furnished by Chinese officers.

The launch waited until Chinese soldiers brought the remaining missionaries and started for Kiukiang. The wounded Kingman girl died on the way. Chinese could have blocked the passage of the launch during the twelve hours' journey down the river, but they were friendly.

Captain Fletcher, commanding the American ships, who has the location of every American missionary in the Yangtze valley, ordered the gunboat El Cano from Nanchang to meet the fugitives at Kiukiang.

Nanchang Magistrate Is Dead. SHANGHAI, March 2.-The Nanchang magistrate who was wounded during a dispute with Catholic missionaries recently, resulting in a riot and the killing of a number of Catholic and Protestant missionaries, is dead. A report said that the magistrate stabbed himself sooner than endure a slight alleged to have been inflicted upon him by the Catholic missionaries. Another report said he was stabbed by a Catholic missionary.

Chinese Empress Not Dead. LONDON, March 2.-The report that the empress dowager of China is dead is denied at the Chinese legation. In late dispatches from Peking there is no mention of the death of the empress dowager.

German Troops Withdraw. PEKING, March 2.-The German troops are to be withdrawn from Chingwan-tai and Peltaiho, and the barracks at those places will be sold at auction next Monday. These garrisons were outposts of the German leasehold of Kiao-chow and were established at the time of the disturbances in Shantung province several years ago.

Morgan at Palma's Court. HAVANA, March 2.-Edwin V. Morgan, the new American minister to Cuba, presented his credentials to President Palma. The arrival and departure of the minister at the palace were watched with interest by a big crowd of Cubans and Americans.

ARMY BILL PASSED.

Congress Appropriates More Than \$60,000,000 For Military Purposes.

WASHINGTON, March 2.-The army appropriation bill, carrying more than \$60,000,000, was passed by the house after five days of consideration.

The house also passed the Foraker bill, providing for the marking of the graves of Confederate dead buried in the north. The passage of the latter bill was hastened by reason of a discussion on the army bill of the same subject. What was said developed the unanimous sentiment in favor of marking Confederate graves, and as the bill had during the session of the military committee received favorable action it was brought in by Mr. Prince and passed unanimously and amid applause on both sides of the house.

Points of order made to the provisions for a cable ship for the Atlantic coast and to a ship for mine planting on the Pacific coast eliminated these provisions from the bill. The alleged powder trust came in for a scoring in debate, and Democratic endeavor to have the government begin the manufacture of its own powder consumed some time, but met defeat both on points of order and finally by direct vote.

In the senate the discussion of the railroad rate question by Mr. Dolliver, who spoke in support of the Dolliver-Hepburn bill, took up most of the session.

RACING AT NEW ORLEANS.

Bonart and St. Tammany Only Winning Favorites at City Park.

NEW ORLEANS, March 2.-Bonart and St. Tammany, winners of the first and the last races, were the only successful favorites at city park. Summaries:

First Race.-Bonart, first; Tom DeLan, second; Dan Bradley, third. Second Race.-Anna Day, first; Salie B. B., second; Our Al, third. Third Race.-Freebooter, first; Billy Handel, second; Bellindian, third. Fourth Race.-Grenade, first; Minnie Adams, second; Alma Durfor, third. Fifth Race.-Garnish, first; Auditor, second; The Olean, third. Sixth Race.-Arthur Cummer, first; Jacob, second; Miss Lee, third.

Brokaw Leads Skating Contest.

NEW YORK, March 2.-Although the annual figure skating championships at the St. Nicholas Skating rink are open to the amateur figure skaters of the world, the field of contestants divided to four, all of whom had taken part in previous contests. These are Irving Brokaw and E. W. Bassett of this city, J. J. Doughty of Plainfield, N. J., and A. G. Williams of Newark, N. J. Thirteen of the seventeen movements were decided, Brokaw being awarded 50 points, Bassett 41, Doughty 28 and Williams 18.

Black Pat at Oaklawn.

HOT SPRINGS, ARK., March 2.-Three favorites won at Oaklawn, Radtke riding all of them. Black Pat was heavily played in the first race and had no trouble in disposing of a poor field. The victory of W. G. Williams in the second race was an upset for form players. Desha, owned by W. E. Brown, dropped dead on the track after a run in the first race. Foley, who was up, escaped unharmed. Jockey Perkins suffered a broken leg while at the post in the second race.

Favorites Made the Running.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 2.-Favorites captured a majority of the events at Oakland, Supreme Court, Preserver, Buchanan and Pelham coming under the wire first in their respective races.

Two Favorites Beaten.

NEW ORLEANS, March 2.-Goldsmith and Dr. Sprull were the beaten favorites at the Fair grounds.

Fish Will Lead Insurance Fight.

NEW YORK, March 2.-Stuyvesant Fish, president of the Illinois Central railroad and until recently a trustee of the Mutual Life Insurance company and a member of the Mutual's investigating committee, probably will lead a policy holders' movement in that company for investigation and reform. It is practically settled that Mr. Fish will lead a committee of policy holders of the Mutual in the United States and Europe.

Sentenced to Be Hanged.

MINSK, March 2.-Anna Ismailovich and Ivan Kulkhoff, principals in the plot to assassinate the governor, prefect and other high officials during a funeral at the cathedral, have been condemned by a military court to be hanged, though their attempt had miscarried. A bomb was thrown and four shots were fired without result. Anna Ismailovich is the daughter of a prominent general.

Bishop Potter in Rome.

ROME, March 2.-The Right Rev. Henry Codman Potter, Protestant Episcopal bishop of New York, and his daughter have arrived here with the intention of spending a month in Rome. Bishop Potter afterward will visit all the American churches in Europe. While in Rome the bishop will take charge of St. Paul's American church.

Alternative Was Cash or Bomb.

EKATERINOSLAV, March 2.-Revolutionists exploded a bomb in a store here, the proprietor of which refused their demand for a contribution and summoned the police. The store was wrecked and a clerk wounded.

Life Sentence Recommended.

MONROE, Ga., March 2.-The jury in the case of the state against Tom Long, charged with killing his clerk, Joel Toole, in this city, has returned a verdict of guilty, with a recommendation for a life sentence.

Weather Probabilities.

Fair; southerly winds.

PROBING AWAY BACK

Morgan Insinuates That Cromwell Was Untruthful.

MAKES UP OLD ISTHMIAN TALES.

Concession to Colombia, Said the Senator, Cost 100,000 Laborers Their Lives and Money Loss Was \$6,000,000.

WASHINGTON, March 2.-William Nelson Cromwell on the stand at the investigation of canal affairs before the senate committee on interoceanic canals was told by Senator Morgan that his testimony was not believed. A warm exchange of repartee resulted.

Senator Morgan inquired concerning the financial difficulties of the old Panama Canal company and the extensions granted by Colombia to the receiver and later to the new Panama Canal company. The questions particularly had reference to the 5,000,000 francs in stock set aside for Colombia in the new company in consideration of the formation of the new company.

Mr. Cromwell said he had no part in getting that concession and after replying to several questions that he had no knowledge on the subject said finally: "I can claim no credit for that."

"If there was any discredit I presume you do not wish to claim it," said Mr. Morgan. "I cannot see that there was any discredit in the company getting an extension and paying its money for it," rejoined Mr. Cromwell. "You don't?" asked Mr. Morgan. "That very extension cost 100,000 lives and \$6,000,000 in debts."

"I have seen no trace of the horrors you mention," said Mr. Cromwell. Returning to the history of the Panama Canal company, Mr. Morgan read a letter written by a former president of the board of trustees of the old Panama company and took the witness to task for his alleged failure to remember it.

"I have memory for what I can remember, and what I have not you cannot make me remember," said Mr. Cromwell. Mr. Morgan referred to letters and telegrams sent by Mr. Cromwell to the late secretary of state, Mr. Hay, prior to the last extension by Colombia. The senator held these in his hand, but did not read them.

Mr. Cromwell admitted writing the letters, but declined to say whether the communications were true, and would not say he remembered their contents. The correspondence contained the statement that war was about to break out in Colombia and gave evidence that Mr. Cromwell was cognizant of the conditions in that republic.

Georger Trial at Alton.

ALBION, N. Y., March 2.-The prosecution closed its case in the trial of Eugene A. Georger, former president of the German bank of Buffalo, who is charged with grand larceny of the bank's funds. The investigation into the statements made by Charles O. Turner and G. A. Conger of Yates that attempts had been made to bribe them to get on the Georger jury and "swing it right" will be continued at the close of the Georger trial. Justice Kueselk stated that none of the jurors now sitting in the Georger case have been involved in any way in the matter.

Madden Must Apologize.

NEW YORK, March 2.-The fine of \$250 and the sentence of thirty days in jail imposed upon John E. Madden, the Kentucky horseman, by Justice Burr of the supreme court for his refusal to answer questions put to him in proceedings brought by his wife for a separation were modified by Justice Burr to the extent that Madden will be purged of the contempt upon the payment of the fine and making a public apology to the court.

To Increase President's Pay.

WASHINGTON, March 2.-Senator Gallinger has introduced a bill to readjust the salaries of the general officers of the government, to take effect March 4, 1906. The bill proposes the following salaries: President, \$75,000; vice president, \$15,000; speaker of the house of representatives, \$12,000; members of the cabinet, \$15,000; senators and representatives, \$7,500.

He Walked on the Track.

LITTLE FALLS, N. Y., March 2.-The body of G. B. Gunn, aged seventy-three, a retired gun manufacturer of Iliou, was found on the New York Central tracks near his home in that village last night. While walking on the tracks from his home to the depot he was struck by a fast passenger train.

Was Doctor at Birth of Bryan.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., March 2.-Dr. William Hill, a politician, died last night, aged seventy-seven years. Dr. Hill was present in a professional capacity at the birth of William J. Bryan. Dr. Hill was consul of Fort Sars, Canada, during Cleveland's first administration.

Asks \$100,000 Appropriation.

WASHINGTON, March 2.-President Roosevelt has asked congress to appropriate \$100,000 to defray the expenses of the delegates of the United States to the Pan-American congress in Rio Janeiro next spring.

Monte Carlo's Profit \$5,000,000.

MONTÉ CARLO, March 2.-The fortnightly annual report of the Society For Sea Bathing and Foreigners' club, a gambling institution, shows that the bank made a clear profit of \$5,000,000.

Cards For Sale.

The Valley Record has in stock the following card signs: For Rent For Sale Private Office Please Do Not Ask for Credit Positively No Admittance Furnished Rooms Boarding

SATURDAY SPECIALS

Best Seersuckers

One case (2,000 yards) mill ends, (dozens of styles to select from) These goods are sold everywhere for 12 1/2c. We offer them now at the very beginning of the season. Saturday and Monday 9c.

Dress Goods

A 58 in. Black Panama, spring weight, chiffon finish, fine even thread rich black, worth \$1.25. Our price \$1.00.

Sicilian

A 46 in. rich lustrous cloth, perfect in every way, colors black, navy brown, green and red, easily worn 65c, our price 49c.

White Goods Specials

One case soft finish English long cloth, does not turn yellow in laundering, worth 12 1/2c. Saturday and Monday 9c.

Sheer Materials for Shadow Work

A fortunate purchase by the Scranton store enables us to sell this cloth far below actual value. 32 in. real value, 30c. Our price 25c. 36 in. real value, 37 1/2c. Our price 28c. 36 in. real value, 40c. Our price 30c.

We also have full line of India Linens, French Batistes, Persian Lawns, etc., which we are pleased to show. These goods are all bought direct as the values we offer will prove to your own satisfaction.

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