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EARLY WINTER

Early winter days are the ones that cause most of the coughs, colds, etc. People hesitate to change from light to heavy clothing and while they hesitate the lungs are left unprotected, at the time when they are most susceptible to attack.

NAROLD L. GILLESPIE

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When You FEEL TIRED. There is nothing so refreshing as a glass of good old STEGMAIER BEER! It is palatable, delicious, invigorating and Absolutely Pure. Have a case sent home today. Prompt delivery. Stegmaier Brewing Company, SAYRE, PA.

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WANTS MARTIAL LAW

Ozar and Grand Dukes Would Rule With Bayonets.

SWORD HANGS OVER ST. PETERSBURG

Workmen at Capital Call on Army and Navy For Support—Manchurian Forces in Revolt—Riga's Chief Shot At.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 18.—Martial law will probably be proclaimed in St. Petersburg today. It is said that the emperor and grand dukes insist on this step against the counsels of Count Witte.

There has been an unprecedented run on the savings banks. The workmen's organization has addressed the following appeal to the soldiers and sailors:

"Comrades and brothers—For a long time we have misunderstood each other. Your officers taught you to regard us as enemies of the fatherland and as criminals whom you should shoot, beat with your whips and butcher with your bayonets."

"Our struggle for the people's freedom and the people's well being has been depicted to you as a revolution against the fatherland which you are obliged to suppress. Many of you now see your errors. You must say everywhere, 'The cause of the workmen is our cause and the struggle of the workmen our struggle, and you must associate yourself with the struggling people. You must strike and refuse to perform the duties imposed on you. Do not listen to the word of command calling upon you to put down the workmen's movement. Let not one shot be fired by you against the people."

"Down with your bloodthirsty commanders! Long live a free government and a free people!"

According to a report here a mutiny has occurred in the Manchurian army. The czar has received a dispatch from General Linevitch telling him of a revolt among the troops which was only suppressed after a regular fight, in which many soldiers were killed or wounded.

Forty-two officers are declared to have been shot for participation in the conspiracy. At Riga an attempt was made to assassinate the governor. While he was riding in a carriage through the streets a shot was fired at him from an alley, but the bullet missed its mark. The would be assassin escaped.

The outlook for an early collapse of the strike is more gloomy and the situation distinctly more menacing. The council of workmen's delegates, or strike committee, is manifestly encouraged by the extension of the strike in St. Petersburg.

The workmen's council returned a scornful reply to Count Witte's personal appeal to his "brother workmen," ridiculing the government's profession of solicitude for the workmen and renewing their demands for the immediate abolition of martial law in Poland, etc.

The text of the reply is as follows: "The council of workmen's delegates expresses astonishment at the emperor's favorite, who permits himself to call the workmen of St. Petersburg his brethren. The proletariat is not related to him in any way."

"Count Witte reveals the benevolent intentions of the emperor toward the working classes. The council reminds the proletariat of bloody Sunday. 'Count Witte calls himself a man who is benevolent toward us and wishes our good. The council declares the working classes have no need of the benevolence of a court favorite, but demand a popular government on the basis of universal, direct and secret suffrage."

WHERE IS KRUPP?

Attorney General Trying to Get at Man-Higher Up.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—The name of the man who put up the \$5,000 and inspired the plot by which John Krupp, indicted for illegal voting, escaped from the jail will probably be made public on Monday. Attorney General Mayer has discovered new clues to identify the chief conspirator.

Alderman James E. Gaffney has been summoned to appear, and sensational developments are expected. Former Assemblyman Charles P. Dillon, the lawyer who has figured prominently in the disappearance of Krupp, the alleged floater, appeared at the criminal courts building, and the grand jury gave him a sizable fine in the endeavor to find out who is the man higher up behind Krupp.

A man who answered perfectly to Krupp's description, it is said, was taken to Jersey City at midnight by two rather tough looking men and deposited in a train which was just starting for San Francisco. Krupp himself, the report goes, was drunk and entirely unconscious of what was being done with him.

The station master objected to having him board the train in the state he was in and Krupp's companions therefore ducked the helpless man under a water faucet which partly revived him. Thrusting a ticket into his hand, the two men pushed Krupp aboard the train, it is alleged, where the floater tumbled into a seat and promptly went to sleep.

One of the new mysteries in the case is the question of who furnished the cash bail for Krupp and who employed counsel for him. Abe Levy, who was retained as counsel for Krupp, threw little light upon his disappearance.

"I don't know where Krupp is," Mr. Levy said. "I have sent men of my own to search for him in his old haunts."

"Will you tell who put up the money?" Mr. Levy was pointedly asked. "I absolutely refuse to say," was the reply.

George Simpson, a member of the Levy & Taylor firm and the one who actually produced the cash, was asked where he got it. "I got it out of my own pocket," said Mr. Simpson naively.

"Then you will lose the money?" "I will lose the money," said Mr. Simpson without the shadow of a smile. When Mr. Levy heard that he said it was one of Mr. Simpson's witticisms.

Jockey Arrested as Krupp. WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—The police authorities here took a man into custody on information from New York that he was John Krupp, the escaping illegal voter. The man arrested was released after satisfying the police that he was not Krupp. He said his name was William Roderick and that he was a jockey on his way to Los Angeles, Cal.

The Man and Not the Title. COPENHAGEN, Nov. 18.—The officers of the Danish navy gave a banquet to Prince Charles last night, at which Vice Admiral Wandel proposed a toast to the health of King Christian and the future king of Norway. The prince in replying said he was deeply moved and thanked the admiral. He said he was conscious of the difficulties that would confront him in the exalted position he was about to assume, but he trusted that his apprenticeship in the Danish navy would be of great help to him in surmounting them. He specially thanked all his comrades for their good wishes because, he said, he knew it was the man and not the title for whom they cared.

After a Long Chase. NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—A long and determined search for Benjamin F. Chadsey, a Brooklyn lawyer who had fled to San Francisco by the way of Panama, had been captured and brought to Brooklyn for trial and had defaulted bail, leaving evidence to mislead the authorities into the belief that he was drowned, came to an end at Niles, Mich., when J. Edward Orr, a Brooklyn detective who followed Chadsey to San Francisco in 1902, reported to his office that he had found the missing lawyer at Niles and that he was a lieutenant for a Chicago concern and called himself Paul Hamilton.

Tragedy at Augusta, Ga. AUGUSTA, Ga., Nov. 18.—John Buckley, who was at the head of the city bridge and wharf department, and Daisy May were found dead at the home of the latter. It is supposed the man killed the woman and then committed suicide. He is said to have been drinking. Buckley was forty-five years old and leaves a family. The woman was twenty-eight. The cause of the tragedy is not known.

Mrs. Crawford Dead at Boston. BOSTON, Nov. 18.—Mrs. Crawford, the wife of one of the defendants in the suit case tragedy, died at the home of Mrs. Jane Bishop at West Newton from the effects of an operation performed to cure a throat trouble. For a fortnight her condition had been critical.

Up Goes Coal in Boston. BOSTON, Nov. 18.—All grades of coal were advanced in price here. The increase was 20 cents a ton in all grades except furnace and pea, which advanced 25 cents a ton. Stove coal is now \$7.25 a ton and furnace \$6.50. The advance marks the regular winter increase.

A Plague Case at Havana. HAVANA, Nov. 18.—One new case of yellow fever, that of a Spaniard, was reported. Of the five suspects who remained at the Las Animas hospital five have been discharged.

SENATOR PLATT NOW

Insurance Investigators Hear Gage E. Tarbell Testify.

WHERE IS EX-COMPTROLLER JORDAN?

Senator Dewey Had Short Memory of "Friend From the River." Platt to Testify Tuesday Before Committee.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—Senator Armstrong interrupted the testimony of the Equitable's second vice president, Gage E. Tarbell, to announce that a deposition would be taken at the home of George H. Squire, and therefore the committee would not meet until Tuesday morning. Committee members Tully and Cox were appointed to take Mr. Squire's deposition. George H. Squire was formerly financial manager of the Equitable.

The Armstrong committee has a great many questions to ask of him as to syndicate participations and other matters. His son testified that the elder Squire was ailing in body and mind and could not possibly appear. He lost a leg following the rupture of an artery some time ago. Young Squire and other witnesses, under Mr. Hughes' questioning, showed how the former financial manager had got bonds from the Equitable at a low price and resold them to the society at a handsome profit.

The committee hopes to get full light on this and other points. Mr. Tarbell told how he had worked up in twenty-six years from a solicitor in Greene, N. Y., to second vice president of the Equitable. He said that he had been in two syndicates only in his whole life, adding that he made nothing from them. He did not include the syndicate which, according to young Hyde, Tarbell formed to buy him out for \$1,000,000.

Mr. Tarbell testified that he had fought the practice of paying men to influence legislation. He tried to get the other two big companies to agree to stop it, he said. Mr. Perkins and Mr. McCall were willing, but Richard A. McCurdy sent word by his son Robert that the plan, although ideal, was impracticable.

Frank B. Jordan, son of the Equitable's old comptroller, said that his mother had written from Canada. He didn't know where his father was.

Senator Dewey was recalled and was asked about some letters sent to him by John A. Nichols. The letters referred to "our friend who comes around once a year" and to "your cantankerous friend from up the river." Senator Dewey did not know who this mysterious person was, but he was sure that he was not a legislator.

The sergeant at arms of the committee called on Senator Platt and notified the senator that the committee wanted him to testify about the contributions to campaign funds by insurance companies.

The senator sent his compliments to the committee and said that he would appear on Tuesday morning. State Chairman Odell when on the stand was asked about such contributions to the state committee. He answered that until last year Senator Platt had collected all the funds, and he did not know where the money came from.

At Warsaw a bomb was thrown from a window of a house in Wolska street at a Cossack squadron last night. The Cossacks fired volleys at the house, which they subsequently searched and arrested two of their assailants. All the government theaters have been ordered closed.

A Muscade at the White House. WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—President and Mrs. Roosevelt entertained a distinguished company at dinner at the White House last night, which was followed by the first muscade of the season at which several hundred guests were present. The guests were the Russian ambassador and Baroness Rosen, Associate Justice Brewer of the supreme court and Mrs. Brewer, Associate Justice Brown of the supreme court and Mrs. Brown, Secretary Bonaparte, Secretary and Mrs. Metcalf and Lieutenant General and Mrs. Chaffee, Francis Rogers, baritone, and Bruno Huhn, accompanist, with Miss Ella Stark, pianist, received hearty applause from the audience.

Strike at Dye Works Ends. SAYLESVILLE, R. I., Nov. 18.—The striking employees at the Sayles' bleacheries and Cienlyon dye works have voted to return to work next Monday morning. The officials of the Folders' union claim that the management has agreed to make concessions and that the employees have been granted most of the demands which led to the strike. Those demands included an advance of \$2 weekly for men and women, weekly instead of monthly payments and a week of fifty-eight hours.

Suspect Held Was a Tramp. MIDDLETON, N. Y., Nov. 18.—All efforts to trace Charles H. Rogers, suspected of the murder of the Olney brothers, who was reported to be hiding in Pike county, Pa., have failed. The officers sent in pursuit of Rogers returned here after an all night search in the mountains. A tramp, suspected of being the fugitive, was arrested at Honesdale, Pa., but was released.

Denounced Drs. Souchon and Kohake. JACKSON, Miss., Nov. 18.—The Mississippi state board of health has adopted resolutions denouncing Dr. Souchon of the Louisiana board of health and Dr. Kohake of the New Orleans board of health, alleging incompetency and neglect of duty. It declared these officials should be removed from their responsible positions.

IN SANTO DOMINGO.

General Rodriguez Sold to Be Get the Arms Through Haiti.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Nov. 18.—The United States cruiser Cleveland has arrived here from Samana bay, Santo Domingo, and will return there immediately after coaling. Her officers say that while the discontent is widespread in Santo Domingo no but breaks have occurred and comparative quiet prevails. It was persistently rumored, however, before the Cleveland left Samana bay that trouble might be expected, as the anti-Morales party, locally termed "Bolos," was gaining strength and would soon outnumber the government supporters by five to one. The headquarters of the "Bolos" are at Santiago in the interior, whence the trouble if any will originate.

It is said that General Rodriguez, who is Morales' most prominent rival, received a few days ago arms and ammunition, probably by way of the Haitian frontier, as the ports are well guarded.

Vice President Ramon Caceres and General Vasquez, the minister of public works, who is the power behind Morales' throne, had an altercation recently over Caceres' opposition to certain clauses of the customs convention with the United States, which ended in a flat encounter, but the quarrel was patched up.

Conservative business interests unanimously support President Morales and the convention, but these interests are in the minority, and generally the American agreement does not meet with favor.

MINITIA AT BENNING.

Feature Won by Even Choice With Second Horse.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—Frank Farrel's colors were in the van at the finish of the fourth race at Benning track. Minitia was practically an even choice with Redmoore. The pair had the race between them all the way. Minitia had ten pounds the better of the weights and in the first quarter opened up a gap of three lengths. This lead he maintained to the stretch. Then Redmoore slowly gained, but he could not quite get up, and Minitia won by a scant length. Redmoore was a dozen lengths in front of Merlingo. It was a sprint race.

D'Arkle was the choice in the opening race. He managed to get home in front, but it was a lucky victory, for Subtle was better and should have won. She was in light at ninety-seven pounds and, outbreking her company, set a fast pace. Always three lengths in front of her field, she appeared to be a winner, when about fifty yards from the finish McIntyre lost his stirrups. D'Arkle was closing at the time and he just got up in time to beat Subtle a head. The latter was three lengths in front of Yada.

Andrew Mack was the medium of a heavy play in the mile and forty yard selling event. At the break Arsenal had the speed and on the first turn badly shut off several horses. He led all the way to the stretch, but there tired and Andrew Mack caught him. Andrew Mack won by four lengths, while Arsenal lasted long enough to beat Australia a head for the place.

First Race—D'Arkle, first; Subtle, second; Yada, third. Second Race—Mary Morris, first; Listless, second; Skye, third. Third Race—Andrew Mack, first; Arsenal, second; Australia, third. Fourth Race—Minitia, first; Redmoore, second; Merlingo, third. Fifth Race—Alum Water, first; Father D., second; Sue Mac, third. Sixth Race—Delphie, first; Cottage Maid, second; Lady Ellison, third.

Daily Captured Three Races. NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 1.—M. J. Daly captured three races at Cumberland park with Ferryman, Elliott and St. Joseph. Favorites and second choices got all the money.

Watercross Handicap at Oakland. SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 18.—The Watercross handicap, at six furlongs at Oakland proved an interesting race. Toolool won, Radtke outriding Clarke on Deutschland.

Federation Favors Woman's Suffrage. PITTSBURG, Nov. 18.—At the Federation of Labor here many committees reported, mostly on resolutions regarding matters affecting the different unions connected with the different trades. Matters pertaining to labels received considerable attention. One of the important actions was the adoption by the convention of a resolution favoring women's suffrage as a necessary step to raising them to a level with men and securing a proper scale of wages. The convention is making every effort to organize the women of all trades and a number of resolutions adopted bear on this subject.

Grange Discussed Oligomargarine. ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Nov. 18.—The National grange session was principally taken up in the consideration of resolutions touching on various national matters. Prominent among these was the pure food law. This was fathered by Mr. Grant of New Jersey. Mr. Hill of Pennsylvania also embodied in his resolution a clause which indorses the enactment of a law governing oligomargarine.

Tried to Blackmail Armour. CHICAGO, Nov. 18.—William S. McSwain and William Cole, his brother-in-law, were arrested charged with attempting to blackmail J. Ogden Armour and other members of Armour & Co. for \$40,000 in connection with the beef trust investigation by means of letters which they are alleged to have stolen from the files of Armour & Co.

AFTER VENEZUELA.

Secretary of State Takes Up Case of American Company.

CASTRO GOVERNMENT TAX UNFAIR.

Report of G. W. Critchfield and Others Will Be Basis For Fresh and Strong Instructions to Minister Russell.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—In his consideration of the whole general question of the relations between America and Venezuela, with special reference to the presentation of claims of American citizens against the government of Venezuela which were not adjusted by the Venezuelan arbitration tribunal, Secretary Root has reached the Critchfield claim and is devoting much time to the subject.

Although the claim has been on file at the state department for more than a year and the secretary was familiar in a general way with its salient features, he desired to be put in possession of other facts, and so he summoned to Washington some of the representatives of the company affected.

George Washington Critchfield, the original promoter, R. S. Rokeby, president of the United States and Venezuela company, and R. Floyd Clarke, attorney for the corporation, appeared at the state department and explained to Secretary Root at great length the details of the case.

From their narrative it appeared that several years ago, when Castro was dictator of Venezuela, Critchfield purchased an asphalt mine in the interior. It was necessary in order to market the asphalt that a tramway be constructed to the coast. Critchfield secured from Castro formal permission for the construction of this tramway and also the right to export the asphalt free of any export duty.

About a year and a half ago, the company asserts, the Venezuelan government in violation of this contract began to impose export duties on the asphalt and increased the tax to a point that made it impossible to operate the mine profitably. Consequently after vainly appealing to President Castro to adhere to his original agreement the United States and Venezuelan company, which operated the mine and railroad, went out of business, closed up the works and appealed to the state department for redress.

Secretary Root listened with much interest to the presentation of this case, which he will make the basis of fresh and strong instructions to Minister Russell.

LOUIS AT HORSE SHOW.

Guest of Mr. and Mrs. Thayer of Philadelphia.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—Prince Louis of Battenberg arrived unexpectedly at the horse show at Madison Square Garden as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Thayer of Philadelphia.

Others in the box were Mr. and Mrs. Richard M. Elliott of Philadelphia, Mrs. John Jacob Astor, Lady Susan Townley, Mrs. Lawrence Townsend and Mr. Townley of the British embassy at Washington.

The prince had been entertained at luncheon at Sherry's. As soon as the news spread that the prince was present a mob of the curious surged about the box and stared him out of countenance.

The police were finally compelled to form a line and keep the spectators moving. The prince was attired in a black frock coat, gray trousers, silk hat, small red four-in-hand tie and a high cut waistcoat. He wore a white orchid in his buttonhole and carried a small silver topped walking stick.

Many women in the boxes and galleries were frightened early in the day when Henry L. Collins was thrown from his mount. Expressing into what is known as the "pig pen," two or three ladies' hunters appeared in the contest, the main obstacle of which was a circular inclosure into which the horses had to jump and then leap out of again. Mr. Collins' horse refused to jump and he flew from the saddle and turned a somersault as he fell. He suffered little injury.

Erie Flier Hits Helper Engine. SCRANTON, Pa., Nov. 18.—The Erie railroad express train ran into its helper engine in the Carbondale yard last night and injured a dozen persons aboard the train. John Dugan, baggage master; Thomas Scott, express messenger; J. W. Lewis of Wyalusing and George Esmay of Unadilla were severely injured. The engine of the express was badly damaged, and the helper had its tender stove in and was derailed.

One Post to Be Scrambled For. WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—As a result of the last congressional election there are ninety-three Democratic and sixty Republican vacancies in the membership of the committees of the house of representatives. Although many of these vacancies occur in important committees, there is only one important chairmanship to be scrambled for, that of the appropriations committee.

Annexation Meeting on Isle of Pines. HAVANA, Nov. 18.—Cubans arriving from the Isle of Pines on loggers claim any knowledge of the American antigovernment movement there beyond the fact that meetings have been held at which the question of annexation was discussed, which meetings, they say, have for a long time past been held periodically in the American hotel at Nueva Gerona.

Weather Probabilities. Fair; cool winds.

SATURDAY

SPECIALS

Dressing Sacques and Wrappers

Owing to lack of room we will close out our Dressing Sacco out and send Wrappers below cost. 50c Dressing Sacques 25c. 75c " " 50c. \$1.25 " " 75c. \$1.25 and \$1.50 " 75c.

Underwear

Another case Ladies' fleece lined, same as had earlier in the week, worth 25c each, Saturday and Monday 15c garment, 35c suit.

Dress Goods

Some new ones in greys and greens; very pretty.

Specials

15c Danish cloth, all colors, 12c. 15c Arnold's school Serge 12c. 25c Homespuns 20c. An assorted lot of 50c Dress Goods 40 to 45 in. wide, strictly all wool, Saturday and Monday 43c.

Hosiery

If we get another case of Ladies' hose here in time same as we had Wednesday will sell them as 30c 3 pairs for 25c, otherwise we ask you to wait. You will surely get them; they are on the way. 3 pairs 12c Hose for 25c.

Blankets Cotton

45c 10-4 white or grey Saturday and Monday 39c. 55c 10-4 49c. 75c 11-4 69c. 85c 11-4 79c. 100 11-4 89c. 135 11-4 best made 1.12. 175 12-4 1.37.

Linen Sale

is under way this week. It ends in a day or two, and Thanksgiving is close at hand. Take our word for it, buyers at this sale save money.

Unbleached Damask

54 in. regular 25c grade, sale price 23c. 60 in. several patterns, 35c, 28c. 60 in. usual 45c, all linen 38c. 60-62 in. Irish or German makes, all pure flax, worth 60c 48c. 72 in. Irish linen, pure flax, comes in several patterns, usual 65c 58c.

Bleached Damask

58 in. 1/2 linen, worth 35c, sale price 28c. 60 in. pure flax, worth 60c, sale price 43c. 62 in. pure flax, worth 55c, sale price 48c. 70 in. new open border patterns, worth 75c, sale price 68c. 72 in. worth 1.00, sale price 88c.

We Sell Broadway & Reeds DAMASKS BEST MADE

Quilts

One case white Quilts, full size, free from starch, hemmed ready for use, worth 1.25, Saturday and Monday 89c.

Globe Warehouse

Talmadge Block, Elmer Ave. VALLEY PHONE.