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EARLY WINTER

Early winter days are the ones that cause most of the coughs, colds, etc. People hesitate to change from light to heavy clothing and while they hesitate the lungs are left unprotected, at the time when they are most susceptible to attack.

A CHAMOIS VEST or a CHEST PROTECTOR is a preventative that is worth many cures.

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When You FEEL TIRED

There is nothing so refreshing as a glass of good old

STEGMAIER BEER!

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—o—

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O'DELL AND DEPEW

Ex-Governor and New York Senator Star Witnesses.

ROOSEVELT BARRED HYDE'S AMBITION

O'dell Denied Story Told by Young Financier—Depew Interviewed the President Regarding French Ambassadorship.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—The revelations made by former Governor O'dell concerning political contributions from the life insurance companies and other corporations have determined the legislative insurance committee to subpoena United States Senator Thomas C. Platt as a witness. Senator Platt will be asked to testify immediately.

Former Governor O'dell and Senator Chauncey M. Depew were the star witnesses at the session of the insurance investigation.

John Gilchrist, head of the securities department of the Equitable, testified that there was a compact between the insurance company and Kuhn, Loeb & Co. between 1902 and 1904 by which \$125,000 of dummy loans were carried by clerks of the banking firm to deceive the insurance and banking departments regarding the Equitable's surplus cash.

Benjamin B. Odell, Jr., ex-governor of the state of New York, testified before the committee that it was he who had inspired the bills introduced in the senate and assembly on March 31, 1904, to repeal the charter of the Mercantile Trust company.

O'dell was permitted to testify at his own request that he might answer the accusation of James Hazen Hyde that it was under the menace of that legislation that the Mercantile Trust company paid him \$75,000 in settlement of a suit growing out of losses in the ship-building crash.

O'dell admitted that he had gone beyond the limits of his legislation before he got his \$75,000. He went to Charles M. Schwab, head of the ship-building trust, and told him that he believed there was sufficient evidence on which to predicate criminal prosecutions.

O'dell swore that he was actuated to prepare his legislation bearing upon the Mercantile Trust company's charter by the most exalted motives—the destruction for once and all within the boundaries of New York of fifteen or sixteen insolvent corporations, behind which the Mercantile Trust company had stood for years.

He denied that personal motives had played a part in his thoughts at the time, but that he had dropped the legislation when it became apparent to him that public opinion was leaning toward the assumption that the measures proposed by Senator Ambler and Assemblyman Fish were the fruit of his suit against the Mercantile Trust company.

When Senator Chauncey M. Depew was called he walked briskly to the witness chair and gave his answers in an unhesitating manner.

The senator declared that if he had his way in the matter he would have federal and state laws forbidding campaign contributions by corporations.

Senator Depew, questioned about his salary of \$20,000 a year, explained that in the time of the elder Hyde he had begun to give an hour in the morning and another in the evening to the founder of the Equitable, bringing his (Depew's) knowledge of securities to bear to prevent the society making bad investments and outlining courses to be pursued in litigation.

At the death of Henry B. Hyde his son, James Hazen Hyde, came to the senator with the injunction from his father to continue the arrangement.

The senator said the increase of young Mr. Hyde's salary did not originate with him, but he advocated it, as he "was a young man of very great ability, as I think has been demonstrated in his testimony here."

The senator said he regarded him as an asset to the society. Moreover, the young man owned the control of the society and was being approached with tempting offers to sell his stock.

The efforts of Hyde to obtain the French ambassadorship were next broached up by Mr. Hughes.

The witness said he advised Hyde in the beginning that there was slight chance for one so young to get a position so exalted. Later, however, the senator talked, according to the witness, that "the thing was impossible."

CHRISTIAN FEDERATION.

President Roosevelt in Full Sympathy With Conference.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—Over 500 delegates elected by the highest governing bodies of twenty-three evangelical religious denominations of the United States and representing over 18,000,000 communicants are meeting in Carnegie hall to discuss the federation of all the evangelical churches in the country.

The delegates include bishops, college presidents, editors, jurists, leading clergymen and laymen celebrated in their respective denominations.

Dr. Robert Stuart MacArthur of the Calvary Baptist church welcomed the delegates. A notable feature of the opening session, at which J. Cleveland Cady presided, was the reading by the Rev. William Henry Roberts, chairman of the committee of arrangements, of the following letter from President Roosevelt, which he characterized as having three points in its favor—viz, its brevity, being to the point and worldwide in its sympathy:

"I have your letter of the 7th. Indeed I remember very well the call of your delegation upon me and our talk upon the proposed meeting of the inter-church conference on federation.

"I have the very highest sympathy with the movement; for instance, I feel that indirectly in addition to the great good it will do here it is perfectly possible that the movement may have a very considerable effect in the Christianizing of Japan, which I feel to be retarded by the divisions among ourselves and by the failure to recognize the fact that the Christian church in Japan must of course assume essentially a Japanese national form."

"So you see I have a very real interest in what you are doing and only wish it were in my power to attend the meeting, as you request, but I regret to say that it is out of the question for me to do so."

At the second session, presided over by Dr. J. H. Garrison of St. Louis, the subject was "A United Church and Religious Education." Those who took part in the discussion and their topics are the Rev. George Richards, "Religious Education in the Home;" John Wammaker, "Religious Education and the Sunday School;" and Rev. G. U. Wenzler, "Week Day Religious Education."

Auto Story From New Jersey.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—Dr. Walter O. Goldmann was speeding his automobile at the top of a hill near Jersey City after dark, tooting his horn, when he heard an answering honk and saw something rushing toward him through the air. "Duck!" he shouted to his companions, and they ducked as a flock of Canadian geese swept over the machine. One of the headlights was smashed. When Mr. Goldmann went back to look for his hat he found two geese in the road. They were genuine wild geese, with black heads and white throats, and weighed about twelve pounds each.

A Satirical Cablegram.

HAVANA, Nov. 17.—A satirical cablegram is published here describing an alleged meeting of 47,000 Cubans residing at Key West, at which, after it was declared that Key West was a territory of Cuba, territorial officers and a delegate to the Cuban congress were elected. An additional company of troops has been ordered to Santiago owing to the prevalence of minor disorders there and to rumors that more serious trouble is impending.

Banquet Given Spanish King.

VIENNA, Nov. 17.—Empress Francis Joseph gave a banquet in the royal castle of Schoenbrunn last night in honor of King Alfonso. The guests included Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria. The banquet was followed by a performance in the theater of the castle. The positive statement is made that King Alfonso's return to Madrid will be followed immediately by an official announcement of his betrothal to an English princess.

After Home-made Bank Notes.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 17.—Investigations by United States secret service agents are in progress to locate a counterfeiting plant here where, it is believed, dangerous five dollar silver certificates are being manufactured. The counterfeit is excellently executed and has not been traced.

RUSSIAN PRETENDER

Chief of Fifty Thousand Peasants Would Oust Czar.

NEW UPRISING ON BANKS OF VOLGA

Panic on Bourse at St. Petersburg. Strikers Close Railway Station, Stopping Traffic From Capital to Moscow.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 17.—A false rumor has suddenly made its appearance near Penza, and already his followers number 50,000.

This is the startling report received from Simbirsk.

Penza is in the heart of the vast region extending westward from the Volga, where agrarian uprisings on a large scale have been occurring.

If the pretender to the throne has placed himself at the head of the peasantry the government will soon face, besides its other troubles, a formidable agrarian rebellion.

It required a year to suppress the famous rebellion led by Pugachev, who impersonated the deposed and murdered Peter III. in the time of Catherine II.

That uprising was started in the same region, on the banks of the Volga.

A veritable panic prevails on the bourse as the result of a rumor that the Grand Duke Nicholas Nicholavitch, commander of the imperial guard, had been appointed military dictator.

There was a stampede of holders of industrial stocks, who hastened to unload. Government lotteries fell 25 points to 400, and imperial gas dropped to 82 1/2, a lower point than touched at any time during the war.

M. Vonich, chief of Premier Witte's chancery, denied positively the rumor that a dictator had been appointed.

While neither a dictatorship nor martial law for St. Petersburg or Russia proper has been declared upon, there is no doubt that the Witte cabinet has been compelled to consider the possibility of the government being driven to extreme measures.

The attitude of the moderates leaves the government, unless it is prepared immediately to convoke a constituent assembly based on universal suffrage, no choice between the anarchy which the revolutionists are trying to create and repression.

Rumors are circulating that the emperor will extend clemency to the great majority of the Cronstadt mutineers.

The council of workmen's delegates here have resolved to continue the strike indefinitely.

The workmen's organization at Odesa has proclaimed a general strike.

The workmen of Moscow are opposing to the general strike proposed by the leaders at St. Petersburg, and the majority of them decline to cease work for the Polish cause.

The strikers have forced the closing of the Moscow railroad station here stopping outgoing traffic for Moscow, and have firmly succeeded in closing the electric stations and in cutting off light from the city. Committees were sent to all the theaters and succeeded in stopping the performances in several of them, and in the outlying districts they went from drug store to drug store, ordering the pharmacists to close and threatening them with the destruction of their stocks if they refused.

Other stores were not interfered with.

The action of the strikers with regard to the druggists is in striking contrast with the course pursued in Finland, where, when every other business participated in the general strike, the druggists were directed to remain open in order that the sick might not suffer. The course is condemned by a large part of the population.

There is no betterment of the agrarian conditions. Dispatches from Kurak, Poltava, Riazan, Samara and other provinces continue to report the spread of disorders, which in Poltava are taking an anti-Jewish turn. However, the imperial manifesto regarding the distribution of the crown domains will be issued throughout Russia early this morning, and the emperor and Count Witte hope it will tend to pacify the peasants and will have an important tactical effect on the coming struggle with the Socialists and other anti-government forces in the elections for the duma.

Count Witte has made the following personal appeal to the workmen, which was sent to all the factories, mills and other works and posted throughout the industrial section:

"Brother workmen! Get to your work. Cease making disturbances and have pity on your wives and children. Do not listen to bad advice. The emperor has ordered us to devote special attention to the labor question. For this purpose his majesty has created a ministry of trade and commerce which must especially seek to establish relations between workmen and employers. Have patience. All that is possible will be done for you. Listen to the advice of a man who sympathizes with you and wishes you well."

When the above appeal was read to the workmen at the Westinghouse works the leaders replied:

"Witte promises us a soft bed, but in the meantime we must sleep on a hard one."

King George of Greece at London.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—King George of Greece and Prince and Princess Nicholas of Greece dined with King Edward and Queen Alexandra at Windsor castle last night. Subsequently the royal party attended a theatrical performance in the Waterloo chamber of the castle.

CURZON'S FRANK AVOWAL.

India's Retiring Viceroy Gives Reasons For Quitting His Post.

SKIPPED HIS BAIL.

New Yorker Indicted For Illegal Voting Disappears.

BOMBAY, Nov. 17.—At a banquet given in his honor here last night Lord Curzon of Kedleston, the retiring viceroy of India, made a frank avowal of the reasons for his resignation.

Beginning with the declaration that he considered the office of viceroy the noblest in the gift of the British nation and that it ought to be looked upon as a prize to be awarded only to its greatest statesmen, he said it could not be supposed that he would without the strongest reasons resign a position which had been the dream of his childhood and the ambition of his manhood.

He resigned, he said, on no personal ground, but in defense of two great principles—first, that there should be no indestructible subordination of the military to the civil authority; and, second, the necessity of paying becoming regard to the Indian authority in determining the needs of India.

Lord Curzon contended that in sacrificing himself in defense of these principles he had the great preponderance of Indian opinion behind him and predicted that, should the day ever come when the viceroy would be treated as the mere puppet of the home government, the justification for the post would cease to exist. He said he did not believe that the administrative wisdom of his countrymen would ever tolerate such a blunder.

AT BENNING'S TRACK.

Bad News, Favorite in Columbia Handicap, Proved a Failure.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The autumn meeting under the auspices of the Washington Jockey club opened here with a good race. The feature of the day was the fifth Columbia handicap, for three-year-olds and upward.

Bad News, played as a favorite, proved a disappointment, finishing third to Bohemia and Race King. In the second race Oriflamme ran Society Bud hard to win and finished second, but was disqualified for fouling. This gave second place to Santa Susanna and third to Akbar, both long shots in the betting. Pacetti was badly injured in the steeplechase. Summaries:

First Race.—Verness, first; The Cure, second; Blue Coat, third.

Second Race.—Society Bud, first; Santa Susanna, second; Akbar, third.

Third Race.—The Lad, first; Olerosa, second; The Miner, third.

Fourth Race.—Bohemia, first; Race King, second; Bad News, third.

Fifth Race.—Debar, first; Dr. Coffey, second; Jupiter, third.

Sixth Race.—Bobbie Keau, first; Hipocrates, second; Scotch Plume, third.

Potash Got the Money.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 17.—Pemberton, on Poorland, favorite in the steeplechase at Cumberland, lost a stirrup at the first turn of the field, which caused him to keep too far out for any chance of victory. Potash, at 20 to 1 in the betting, got the money, having his own way in the run home.

Bearcatcher Beaten at Oakland.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 17.—There were only four starters in the fourth race at Oakland, and Bearcatcher, a 1 to 2 favorite, never had a chance to beat the two-year-old Confedrate. In the two-year-old event Cocksure, 15 to 1, was the only one ready when the barrier was sprung and easily won.

Cleveland Among the Ducks.

NORFOLK, Va., Nov. 17.—Ideal ducking weather prevails at Back bay, and former President Grover Cleveland, who is there with Dr. Paul Van Dyke of Princeton university and Ernest Gittings of Baltimore as guests of Joseph Seelinger of Norfolk, have had great sport in the blinds.

Governor and Oathbound Thirteen.

LEXINGTON, Va., Nov. 17.—Governor or Montague, accompanied by former Lieutenant Governor Joseph E. Willard, Henry T. Wickham of Richmond and Tazewell Elliott of New York and Richmond, visited the Virginia Military Institute, and as the result of their interviews with the "oathbound thirteen" and other students of the third class accused of insubordination the whole class signed a paper prepared by the governor, which paper, which is to be acceptable to the board of visitors, met the demands of the board without the expulsion of the offending boys.

Life Insurance in President's Message.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Senator Dryden of New Jersey, who is president of one of the largest life insurance companies in the country, had a talk with the president here on the subject of insurance, which the president will discuss freely in his forthcoming message to congress. Senator Dryden will introduce at the approaching session a bill providing for federal supervision of life insurance.

Odd Fellows Elect Officers.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 17.—The grand lodge of Independent Order of Odd Fellows of New Jersey has closed its session here, electing these officers: Grand master, Wesley B. Stout, Asbury Park; deputy grand master, Harry E. Jones, Trenton; grand warden, Frank Crowther, Perth Amboy; grand secretary, Lewis Parker, Trenton, and grand treasurer, Joseph Deacon, Bordentown.

Discussed Food Adulteration.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—The twenty-second annual convention of the Association of Official Agricultural Chemists has opened here with 150 members in attendance. W. D. Bigelow of the bureau of chemistry of the department of agriculture discussed food adulteration and referred to the use of colorimetric method to impart to whistled the poisons of agar.

Two Men Lost in Dories.

GLoucester, Mass., Nov. 17.—Two members of the crew of the Boston fishing schooner Stranger were lost off this port during a heavy gale. The Stranger put in here on her way to Boston and reported that while her men were out in dories a gale came up and all put back to the schooner except James McDonald and Peter O'Brien.

Musical Training For Harvard Boys.

BOSTON, Nov. 17.—An arrangement between Harvard university and the New England Conservatory of Music, whereby the students of one institution may attend the other, has been made public. The plan provides on the part of the conservatory for the admission of properly qualified students from Harvard.

Federation of Labor Congress.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 17.—The sessions of the American Federation of Labor convention was largely of a routine character, except for the tilt between Organizer P. H. Scullen and Frank Duffy, during which Scullen was severely criticized and accused by Duffy of irregularities.

Weather Probabilities.

Pairs northwest winds.

SATURDAY

SPECIALS

Dressing Sacques and Wrappers

Owing to lack of room we will close out our Dressing Sacques and Wrappers below cost.

50c Dressing Sacques 25c
 75c " " 50c
 \$1.25 " " 75c
 \$1.25 and \$1.50 75c

Underwear

Another case Ladies' fleeces linen same as had earlier in the week, worth 25c each, Saturday and Monday 18c garment, 35c suit.

Dress Goods

Some new ones in greys and greens; very pretty.

Specials

15c Danish cloth, all colors, 12jc
 15c Arnold's school Serge 12jc
 25c Homespuns 80c
 An assorted lot of 50c Dress Goods 40 to 46 in. wide, strictly all wool, Saturday and Monday 45c

Hosiery

If we get another case of Ladies' hose here in time same as we had Wednesday will sell them as sold 3 pairs for 25c; otherwise we ask you to wait. You will surely get them; they are on the way.
 3 pairs 12jc Hose for 25c

Blankets Cotton

45c 10-4 white or grey Saturday and Monday 39c
 55c 10-4 49c
 75c 11-4 69c
 85c 11-4 79c
 1.00 11-4 89c
 1.35 11-4 best made 1.12 1/2
 1.75 12-4 1.37

Linen Sale

is under way this week. It ends in a day or two, and Thanksgiving is close at hand. Take our word for it, buyers at this sale save money.

Unbleached Damask

54 in. regular 25c grade, sale price 23c
 60 in. several patterns, 35c, 28c
 60 in. usual 45c, all linen 35c
 60-62 in. Irish or German makes, all pure flax, worth 60c 48c
 72 in. Irish linen, pure flax, comes in several patterns, usual 85c 58c

Bleached Damask

58 in. 1/2 linen, worth 35c, sale price 28c
 60 in. pure flax, worth 50c, sale price 43c
 62 in. pure flax, worth 55c, sale price 48c
 70 in. new open border patterns, worth 75c, sale price 68c
 72 in. worth 1.00, sale price 88c

We Sell Broadway & Reed's DAMASKS BEST MADE

Quilts

One case white Quilts, full free from starch, hemmed ready use, worth 1.25, Saturday and Monday 89c

Globe Warehouse

Talmadge Block, Elmer Ave.
 VALLEY PHONE