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Early winter days are the ones that cause most of the coughs, colds, etc. People hesitate to change from light to heavy clothing and while they hesitate the lungs are left unprotected, at the time when they are most susceptible to attack. A CHAMOIS VEST or a CHEST PROTECTOR is a preventative that is worth many cures. AT ALL PRICES.

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HAZEN HYDE ON RACK

Equitable's Former Vice President's Startling Testimony.

FEARING ODELL, TRUST SETTLED SUIT

Testified That Frick Committee Was in a Conspiracy—Alexander, Ryan and He Repaid Yellow Dog Fund of \$685,000.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—Out of the mouth of James Hazen Hyde, former vice president of the Equitable Life Assurance society, came a confession which has cleared the mystery of the notorious "yellow dog" fund of \$685,000 carried in the Mercantile Trust company by James W. Alexander, former president, and Thomas D. Jordan, former comptroller of the Equitable Life Assurance society.

Until Hyde appeared as a witness before the legislative insurance committee who took that "yellow dog" loan off the books of the Mercantile Trust was a carefully guarded secret.

Hyde confessed that he personally paid \$212,000 out of his own pocket, that Thomas F. Ryan paid \$212,500 and that the remainder of the sum was wiped out by Alexander and Jordan with money which they raised between them. The Mercantile Trust struck off about \$85,000 in interest.

The \$685,000 account, according to Hyde, was used for three purposes—settling strike suits, buying up stock of the society which had got into the hands of speculators and for political contributions.

The \$212,500 which Thomas F. Ryan paid in liquidation of the "yellow dog" fund for blocks of Equitable stock acquired with its assistance.

The \$212,000 paid by Hyde was made because he thought he was bound in honor to make good the amount after President Morton of the Equitable had repudiated the loan. He said Alexander and Jordan appealed to him to help them out.

Of political contributions all Hyde could name were two, one to Cornelius Bliss in the Roosevelt-Fairbanks campaign last year, the other in August of 1904. These amounted to \$50,000.

Hyde swore that the contribution of last year passed through the hands of H. C. Frick.

"Mr. Bliss asked Frick," explained Mr. Hyde. "Then Frick asked me about it. I passed him along to Mr. Alexander."

"The money paid in 1904 was while I was absent in Europe. Mr. Alexander made the contribution. He told me about it. I know of no more contributions than the two I have mentioned."

Hyde, going back to the "yellow dog" fund, again said if it hadn't been for "the mixup" in the Equitable the society would have paid the loan.

As Hyde left the city hall at the luncheon recess a photographer tried to snapshot him. Charles F. Williamson, Hyde's secretary, pushed the man aside. Instantly the photographer was back at him, and for nearly five minutes it was a stand-up-and-knock-down affair, with Hyde looking on and enjoying it immensely. Neither of the combatants was badly hurt.

Hyde entered the council chamber on the edge of the time fixed for the beginning of the hearing. He was accompanied by his personal counsel, Samuel Untermyer.

When called to the stand Mr. Hyde said that he was twenty-nine years of age, a graduate of Harvard college in 1898 and that immediately or within a few months of his graduation became connected with the Equitable Life Assurance society.

"I had always been brought up," said Mr. Hyde, "if you will allow me to make a slight digression as to the history of my connection with the society, to consider it my legitimate livelihood to succeed my father in the Equitable, and my education from my earliest youth, both at home and abroad, had tended in that direction."

Mr. Hyde testified that, although he was vice president of the Equitable Trust company, he did not know that the company made loans to George H. Squire in syndicate transactions. He met many questions with the reply that he knew nothing about the matters to which they referred. In one instance he remarked that he "unfortunately had to rely on others to keep things right." All through Mr. Hyde's examination Mr. Untermyer sat near him and made many interruptions.

When Mr. Hughes got down to the \$50,000,000 Union Pacific blind pool he asked Mr. Hyde:

"Did you go into that transaction to facilitate Mr. Harriman's getting control of the Union Pacific?"

"That was not discussed," answered Mr. Hyde.

"But it was understood?"

"Obviously," was the reply. Mr. Hyde also testified that Harriman requested him to keep secret even from the directors the fact that Equitable money was being used in the pool in Hyde's name. He said that he even refused to disclose the fact to the superintendent of insurance.

He also said that Mr. Schiff was present at a meeting when one of the participations was made. When Mr. Schiff's testimony was recalled Hyde said, "Well, Mr. Schiff is a little hard of hearing."

Charges of a most startling nature were made by Mr. Hyde.

He declared that the suit of former Governor Benjamin E. Odell against the United States Shipbuilding company was settled by the Mercantile Trust company because, as he remembered, a bill to repeal the Mercantile charter had been introduced, and the influence of the former governor over Albany affairs was greatly feared. E. H. Harriman, an intimate friend

of Mr. Odell and at the time a director in the Equitable, he said, was one of those who feared retaliatory measures in case the settlement should not be made and urged that the payment be made by the trust company.

Mr. Hyde also declared in words carefully chosen that members of the Frick committee, which severely criticized him in its report to the Equitable had "hoped by the aid of a conspiracy" to deprive him of his rights and of his control of the majority stock of the society.

He also said that his sale of stock of the Equitable was a bona fide transaction paid for in cash.

"I received," he said, "for my stock a certified check from Mr. Thomas F. Ryan. There was no agreement about the return of the shares in any contingency. It was absolutely a sale without a string to it."

FEDERATION OF LABOR.

Determined Stand Made Against Chinese Admissions.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 15.—A determined stand was taken for the enforcement to the letter of the Chinese exclusion laws of the country, the legalizing of the eight hour workday in all work of the government, the abolition of convict labor where it competes with union manufactured goods and the renewal of the agitation for the alteration of the injunction laws of the country by the executive council of the American Federation of Labor in its annual report, which was submitted at the session of the convention in old city hall.

The power exercised by the executive council in the way of being the mouthpiece of the federation makes the report one of the important documents which are submitted to the convention. The council voiced the sentiments of the organization as being opposed to the present immigration laws as applied to all classes of aliens. A plea was made for more stringent enforcement of the laws for inspection of the invading hosts from Europe.

Special stress was laid upon the need for better physical examinations of immigrants, and an investigation was asked from the government into the many reports and rumors of assisted immigration.

The report took the national administration to task for its failure to enforce the eight hour law in all government work, and a plea was made for every state federation organization to immediately institute a campaign for the establishment in their respective states of the eight hour law.

A popular chord was struck when First Vice President James Duncan, who was reading the report, made a ringing appeal for the rights in all elections for women. The report cited the four states in the Union which now grant equal rights to the women and predicted the purification of the ballot when universal suffrage was granted.

The report of the committee blazed the way for the work of the federation during the coming year.

In the matter of a change in the system of electing all officials of the state and national government the council went into detail in explaining the workings of the initiative and referendum system of popular election of all officials.

No Plot Against Andrade's Life.

HAVANA, Nov. 15.—The officials ridicule the rumor that the government is in fear of an attack on the palace. The story appears to have arisen from the fact that the quarters of a score of rural guards on duty at the palace were moved from the stables at the side to the front of the building. General Freyre Andrade, secretary of the interior, emphatically denies that the guard has been increased and also denies that he has even the slightest knowledge of an alleged plot against his own life.

Warrant For Tom Lawson.

BOSTON, Nov. 15.—Judge Wentworth of the municipal court issued a warrant for the arrest of Thomas W. Lawson on a charge of criminal libel preferred by Charles W. Barron. The complainant is the proprietor of a bureau for the distribution of financial news in this city. He bases his suit on statements made in a magazine article by the copper financier. Mr. Lawson said that the present action is an echo of a civil suit for \$100,000 damages for libel brought against him by Barron in 1900 and not yet tried.

Criminal Action In Bank Failure.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 15.—E. P. Moxey, the special government examiner investigating the affairs of the Enterprise National bank of Allegheny, will arrive from Washington tomorrow morning, and it is expected criminal action will be instituted against certain persons in connection with the bank's failure.

English Troops Leaving Canada.

HALIFAX, N. S., Nov. 15.—The Dominion line steamer Canada has arrived here to take a large body of troops of the Royal Garrison regiment to England in pursuance of the plan to transfer the control of the Halifax garrison from British to Canadian troops.

All Asked to Aid Russian Jews.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 15.—The Citizens' Permanent Relief committee of this city, through Mayor Weaver, chairman, has issued an appeal to all citizens irrespective of creed to aid in the relief of the suffering Jews in Russia.

Jerome's Expenses Nil.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—District Attorney William Travers Jerome filed his declaration of election expenses, which he says amounts to nothing, he having personally spent not a cent for obtaining his election.

UNDER OLD GLORY

British Admiral's Ballroom In-closed by Monster Flag.

BRILLIANT SCENE ABOARD THE DRAKE

Through Wonderful Garden of Lights and Banners Stripped a Thousand Guests of Prince Louis Aston-ished and Delighted.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—The ball given by Prince Louis of Battenberg, commanding the British squadron now anchored in the North river in company with Admiral Evans' and Admiral Darius' squadrons of the American navy, was one of the most brilliant naval functions ever seen in New York.

The ball was given on board the English flagship, the Drake, as she lay at the Cunard dock.

The thousand or more invited guests included officials and society people in Washington, Annapolis, Baltimore and West Point as well as in New York. Fortunately not all of this number came, or standing room even in the vicinity of the Cunard pier, alongside of which the flag ship is berthed, would have been at a premium.

For three days past the work of inclosing the whole ship in canvas and transforming the interior into a fairy land of colored flags and red, white and blue electric lights has been in progress. Officers and men have worked hard, on duty and off duty, and they had the satisfaction of seeing the fruition of their labors in one of the most brilliant affairs ever seen in this country.

At the entrance of the long pier floated a tremendous British flag. Passing down the pier, guests went aboard the Drake. The entire ship was inclosed in heavy canvas. Coming over the side the guests passed along the port side to the quarter deck, where Prince Louis received. The tented walls of the after deck were hung with the flags of the nations, and the stars and stripes and the union jack were everywhere intertwined.

From the quarter deck the guests passed up a stairway banked with flags to the Drake's famous ballroom, the pride of the second cruiser squadron and the wonder of every guest at the ball.

Looking up—for that was what one did as soon as they reached the ball room—the guests saw that this magic scene was covered by Old Glory. From the main derrick rising high from the center of the boat deck shone the stars of the original thirteen states, made of little electric lights on a field of blue bunting. From this central point were draped, tent fashion, the red and white stripes of this mammoth American flag.

Beneath this firmament of the stars and stripes stretched the highly polished ballroom floor, built across the entire boat deck and extending aft to the last of the Drake's four funnels, affording room for more than 200 couples. Rising from the floor to meet the canopy were walls of bunting and ship flags. At regular intervals around the walls were American and British flags draped, fan shape, and in between were round framed mirrors. These mirrors were really the reflectors of the ship's powerful search lights framed in inflated life buoys.

A diver's uniform inflated stood at the end of the deck holding a basket of dance cards on the extended right arm.

Through this wonderful garden of color and light, nearly a thousand guests, Prince Louis' hosts, the officers of the first squadron and the fourth division of the third squadron of the north Atlantic fleet and their families headed the list. These included the commander in chief of the north Atlantic fleet and Mrs. Robley D. Evans and the Misses Evans, Rear Admiral Davis, commanding the second division of the first squadron, and the officers of his staff; Rear Admiral Brownson, commanding the fourth division; Mrs. Brownson and Miss Carolyn Brownson and the officers of the admiral's staff; Rear Admiral Sigbee, commanding the second squadron; Rear Admiral Coghlan, commanding of the New York navy yard, and his officers on duty at the yard. Officers present were General Wade, Brigadier General Grant and the officers at Governors Island and Brigadier General Mills, many of whom were accompanied by their wives; the governor of New York, the mayor of New York and Mrs. McClellan, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Choate, General Horace Porter, Colonel and Mrs. John Jacob Astor, Colonel and Mrs. Robert M. Thompson, Sir Frederick W. Burden, K. C. M. G., and Lady Burden, the counselor of the British embassy and Lady Towneley, the naval attaché of the embassy and Mrs. Ryan, Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Fish, Mrs. Helen Gould, Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Harrison, Mr. and Mrs. William T. Jerome, Hon. Hugo O. Baring and Lady Baring and several hundred other society people of New York when the prince and his officers have met during their visit.

Cassie Chadwick's Appeal.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 15.—Ex-Judge F. J. Wing, counsel for Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick, announces that an application for a writ of certiorari will be submitted to the supreme court of the United States with a view to obtaining a review of Mrs. Chadwick's case before that tribunal. The supreme court will be asked to consider Mrs. Chadwick's case on the general ground that errors were made in her trial here.

Assistant Postmaster Arrested.

RED BANK, N. J., Nov. 15.—Fred Cullington, the assistant postmaster here for twelve years, was arrested last night on a charge of riding the mails. The details of the charge have not been made public.

BELODAME HANDICAP.

Flip Flap, Favorite, Won In Drive at Aqueduct Track.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—Flip Flap, favorite, backed down from 5 to 2 to 6 to 5, captured the Belodame handicap in a drive at Aqueduct. Listless, a 56 to 1 shot, was second and Zienap third. Just as Listless passed the finish Springer's saddle slipped, and the boy was thrown. He escaped injury by rolling under the inner rail. Listless was caught on the back stretch and brought back to the scales, where Springer weighed out. Listless was the pacemaker to the last eighth, where Shaw brought the favorite up and won by a head. Three favorites were successful. Summary:

First Race—Tumblebug, first; Water Tank, second; Water Wing, third.

Second Race—Mamie Worth, first; Pioneer, second; Ormonde's Right, third.

Third Race—Macbeth, first; Lindale, second; Palette, third.

Fourth Race—Flip Flap, first; Listless, second; Zienap, third.

Fifth Race—Graceful, first; Fleur de Marie, second; Lord Badge, third.

Sixth Race—Komoka, first; Hollow way, second; Billy Banaster, third.

Berkeley Hantam Greatest Pony.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—At the horse show here the meeting of the ponies Berkeley Hantam and Doncaster Model was the feature. The former is owned by Judge Moore of Chicago and the latter by Mrs. John Gerken of this city. There was a last year's rivalry to settle in the contest between these ponies, for at the last horse show Berkeley Hantam by defeating his rival earned the title of the greatest pony in this country other than Shetlands. Mrs. Gerken herself drove Doncaster Model, but Berkeley Hantam was again declared to be the champion pony.

Bumping Races at Harvard.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 15.—The English system of bumping races was introduced at Harvard, when sixteen eight-oared crews from numerous dormitories in two divisions rowed down the Charles river for a mile and an eighth before a freezing north wester. As in England, the crews were accompanied by a large number of students who ran along the banks. Three crews were bumped.

Tete Noir Humped Home.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 15.—Tete Noir outclassed his field in the two mile event at Cumberland park and romped in front throughout the journey, winning by ten lengths. Ultra Vires and Royal Arms fought it out over the last half for place money, finishing necks apart in the order named. Three favorites and a second choice were among the winners.

Racing at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 15.—In the third Pimlico serial, the Potomac looked forward to as the event of the last day of this meeting, there were but two starters, and Arragowgan, the favorite won. The Veiled Lady made a good race, however. Stalker fell at the seventh jump of the steeplechase, throwing Jockey Hayden, who was badly injured.

American Hounds Won.

UPPERVILLE, Va., Nov. 15.—The American hounds won the decision over the English in the Grafton-Middlesex fox hunt match, which has ended after two weeks of excellent sport. While the contest was close, the decision was unanimous, the report being signed by all three judges.

Field Trials In Worcester.

WORCESTER, Mass., Nov. 15.—In the trials over the Grafton Country club preserves, Lester Noyce, thirteen inch beagle bitch, was awarded first prize. Fine work was also shown by Lottery of the Round Plain Beagle club of Prides Crossing, Mass.

Broke His Arm at Football.

MADISON, Wis., Nov. 15.—Captain Vanderboom of the Wisconsin university football team broke his arm in practice. Vanderboom played left half back, and his accident greatly weakens the team for the contest with Michigan on Saturday.

Succeed at 30 to 1, a Winner.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 15.—Succeed, at 30 to 1, won the five furlong dash by a length and a half. Tocolay was thought to be the real thing in the handicap, but was displaced by Prince Titania and Deutschland.

Tourists Blamed by Ornithologist.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—The scarcity of birds in the Adirondack mountain regions was one of the topics of discussion by the twenty-third annual congress of the American Ornithologists' Rochester attributed the depletion partly to the depredations of summer tourists.

To Spit His Mother.

CHILLICOTHE, O., Nov. 15.—David Gillwater, thirteen years of age, who was taken into custody following the death of his younger brother, who was burned to death, confessed that he had burned his brother to spit his mother. David said he set fire to his brother's clothing.

Postal Clerk Under Arrest.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 15.—Gordon R. Abel, aged twenty, night clerk in charge of the marine postoffice here, was arrested charged with embezzling letters containing money. He waived examination and furnished \$1,000 bail.

Entire Town Destroyed by Fire.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Nov. 15.—A dispatch from Burk, McDowell county, is to the effect that the entire town has been destroyed by fire. More than a hundred buildings were destroyed.

FIRE VLADIVOSTOK.

Murder, Pillage and Flames In Siberian City.

WORKMEN STRIKE TO AID POLAND

Alarming Reports From Many Points In Russia—Peasants Engaged In Revolution Attack and Destroy Property.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 15.—The upheaval in Russia following the promulgation of the reform manifesto has now broken forth at Vladivostok. Yenisek and other extreme points of the empire. In the uprising at Vladivostok many persons have been killed, and foreigners have taken refuge on the ships in the harbor. Many public buildings, stores and houses have been pillaged and set fire to by the mob.

The American embassy has received from Consul Greener at Vladivostok details of the outbreak which began Sunday afternoon immediately after the departure of the Russian armored cruisers Gromoboi and Rossia. The people who had gathered in great crowds in the streets became excited by inflammatory speeches. Many soldiers and sailors were also in an angry mood, having expected to go home with the squadron.

The mob began to break windows and pillage. They set fire to the theater, the Golden Horn hotel, to several blocks of Chinese buildings in the northern part of the city and to the officers' residences and other buildings in the eastern quarter. The fires burned all night. Security buildings were consumed. Troops were summoned to restore order and fired frequent volleys, killing many persons.

Russia is on the brink of another strike. The council of workmen's delegates in accordance with the programme of the Social Democrats, at a meeting last night resolved to obtain a working day of eight hours by revolutionary means, if necessary.

Martial law has been declared in Vladivostok. Private advices say that the Chinese quarter has been entirely destroyed, but that the uprising is now under control.

It is reported at Tiflis that in the government of Erivan 700 Armenians from a number of villages attacked the Tartar village of Gors, killed 400 of the villagers and plundered and burned all property.

At Sukhum Kale, Caucasia, the noted monastery on Mount Athos was attacked by a large predatory band. Troops were rushed to the scene and repulsed the attack, killing one of the band.

At Chernigov while peasants were engaged in burning the farm buildings of a Cossack landowner near the village of Ledneff they were surprised by mounted infantry, who fired on them, killing and wounding many. There have been a number of minor combats attended by fatalities between marauders who came from a distance and the peasants in this neighborhood.

A mob of peasants attacked and pillaged the village of Koshele, near Samara. The better classes of the population fled to that town.

The Union of Unions, which is a joint committee of all the radical groups in the capital, has issued a proclamation to the workmen of St. Petersburg urging that another general strike be inaugurated as a response to the government's coercion of Poland. The proclamation includes a message from the Polish Democratic party, stating that their aim is not separation from Russia, but local autonomy.

Already the men in several factories have stopped work, their ostensible reason for striking being the failure to grant a demand for an eight hour day.

Premier Witte has made it known that the absence of General Treppoff will not prevent the prompt use of military and police in case of rioting or disorder of any kind.

The universities of Russia will remain closed until Jan. 28 and perhaps longer. At a conference of the rectors and professors of the various colleges and members of the cabinet held here it was decided to be useless to attempt to resume studies during the present agitation.

At Pultusk, near Warsaw, the peasants organized for the purpose of driving out or lynching thieves who took advantage of the present disturbance to loot and plunder. They captured and killed eleven and fearfully mutilated twenty of the thieves.

Polish Students' Riots In Austria.

LEMBERG, Austria, Nov. 15.—A report that Germany in the event of revolution in Poland intended to assist Russia to suppress it led to serious street riots last night, in which several students and policemen were wounded. A thousand Polish students after holding a meeting of protest proceeded, with flags and torches, to make a demonstration against the German and Russian consulates.

Death From Auto Accident.

NEWTON, Mass., Nov. 15.—Injuries received in an automobile accident in Belmont caused the death of Dudley Cate, fifteen years old, of West Newton, who was also injured, is recovering.

Taft Home From Isthmus.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., Nov. 15.—Secretary of War William H. Taft has reached Hampton Roads aboard the United States protected cruiser Columbia after a trip of investigation to the isthmus of Panama.

Weather Probabilities.

Fair; southwest winds.

Bargain Week

Linen sale continues this week. Save 15 to 20 per cent. on your Table Linens by buying now. See Saturday's papers for list of bargains.

Dress Goods—Silks

We offer \$1 Venetian superior to ours or any \$1 Broadcloth, 64 in. wide, all colors, for 85c. \$1 Prunella, all colors, 85c. \$1 Drap de Alma 89c. \$1 Panama 89c. 75c Panama 69c.

We have about 50 kinds of Black Dress Goods, and almost as many qualities in colors. It costs you nothing to see our line. Goods shown with pleasure. You are not pressed to buy.

Wednesday Special

46 in. Granite Cloth 40 in. Storm Serge 40 in. Panama Cloth and 38 in. Mohairs, all usually sold for 50c and over, for one day, Wednesday 43c.

Silks

48c fancy silks, sale price 39c. 58c changeables, 49c. 75c plaids 69c. \$1 Shadow silk and radium check 89c.

Blankets Cotton

In grey and white, 10-4, 11-4, 12-4, specially priced from 92c up.

Blankets Wool

White and grey in 10-4 and 11-4, specially priced from \$1.98 to \$7.00.

Outing Flannels

One case 8c outing, same as had before, 5 1/2c. Two cases (4000 yds) best make 10c Outing, light and dark, sale price 8c.

Underwear

One case ladies' heavy fleece lined vests and pants, slightly imperfect but you would scarcely detect it; worth 25c; sale price 18c per garment, or 35c the suit.

Children's Union Suits

50c garments, sizes 4 years to 15 years, heavy fleece lined; sale price 39c.

Gent's Underwear

One case extra heavy fleece lined, regular 50c garment; sale price 39c.

Hosiery