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In order to increase the number of subscribers and to enable us to give all an improved service and a greater choice of books, we make the following proposition:

To any one taking out a subscription in the Tabard Inn Library, on or before November 10th, we will give one book FREE; this means that you get two "dollar and a half" books, for the price of one.

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CAPTURES NEW YORK

Prince Louis of Battenberg a Good Diplomat.

GREAT CITY NOT IMPREGNABLE.

Visiting British Admiral at West Point Witnessed Football Game. Talks to Reporters—Many Letters From Women Admirers.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—Rear Admiral Prince Louis of Battenberg has captured New York heart and soul. The absolute democracy and unassuming cordiality with which the admiral prince receives his visitors of high and low degree has made friends for him every minute of his visit here. Had King Edward planned some great diplomatic stroke in sending his armored cruiser squadron to American waters he could not have intrusted the mission to a more competent diplomatist than Prince Louis. As it is, the prince, although here solely as an admiral in the British navy in command of a squadron returning the visit paid by an American squadron to England several years ago, has by his tact and good nature scored a real diplomatic triumph.

Prince Louis went to West Point this morning on the steamer C. W. Morse, accompanied by the ranking officers of the two squadrons. He witnessed the football game between West Point and Carlisle Indians and after the game returned to New York on a special train in time to attend the dinner of Colonel and Mrs. Robert M. Thompson.

After a reception at the navy yard the prince paid a visit to the Naval Y. M. C. A. building, which he inspected with interest. Among those present were Miss Helen Gould, Mr. and Mrs. James Stokes, Colonel John J. McCook and Colonel Robert Thompson.

One of the most interesting incidents of his visit to New York was his informal reception of a delegation of New York reporters in his cabin. For the second time his highness talked to them with the utmost frankness, answered some of their searching questions and foiled others.

"Be seated, gentlemen," was the cordial greeting they received as they entered the prince's cabin. It is not a royally luxurious room, this cabin of the admiral prince. It is comfortable and home like. Pictures of his family and friends, with some interesting prints of ships, light up the walls.

"Yes," remarked the prince, "I am a busy man these days. You people have really been most kind to me. In fact, I receive many, many more invitations than I can possibly accept. Twenty-four hours is not nearly a long enough day for me to accept all of the many courtesies offered me.

"Not only have I my engagements, but my correspondence has doubled. One of your citizens writes to me that he can build a ship which will cross the ocean in three days. Think of it! Some of my letters are from ladies."

"What do they say?" expectantly asked one of his visitors.

"You are not asking me to betray a lady's confidence?" the prince exclaimed, with a twinkle in his eye.

Then for ten minutes the prince was the target for the usual volley of questions with which every distinguished visitor in New York is met.

Did he admire the American women? Indeed he did. The gallant Britisher thought "they could not be improved upon."

"What did he think of Mr. Jerome, whom he met at the dinner the other night? Again Prince Louis was ready with the remark that it was easy to see why such a man succeeded.

Evidently thinking to ask the prince a question which would evoke an answer out of the ordinary one of the reporters made bold to ask:

"What does your highness think of the conditions in Russia?"

For a moment there was a pause, and then the prince replied:

"I am a brother-in-law of Emperor Nicholas and I am also a rear admiral in the British navy. You are therefore getting on thin ice—in fact, on no ice at all—and I think I shall not attempt to skate."

"Well, then, what does your highness think of New York?" said the reporter, getting back to legitimate topics of conversation. "What has impressed you most?"

"The effect of a war upon New York," began the prince slowly. "Is what has impressed me most. In less time than it takes a cook to fry an omelet the combined fleets in the river here could reduce New York to atoms. New York needs peace. War would prove most disastrous to this city."

Then the conversation turned to gymnastics in the British navy. "Yes, I am heartily in favor of sports of this kind for the men," said the prince, "and I take keen pleasure in encouraging them."

Central Hudson Tower Burned. LYONS, N. Y., Nov. 11.—Central Hudson signal tower No. 15 was burned last night. It contained the interlocking switch devices for the railroad yards here and the block system, which was badly crippled. The loss is about \$11,000.

Nansen Goes to Britain. CHRISTIANIA, Nov. 11.—Fridtjof Nansen, the Arctic explorer, has been appointed Norwegian minister to Great Britain. H. C. Haug, at present charge d'affaires at Washington, has been appointed minister at that capital.

A Football Victim. COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia., Nov. 11.—Herman G. Norgard, a member of a high school football team, is dead here of abscess of the brain, brought on by injuries received in a game two weeks ago.

CONSULAR APPOINTMENTS.

President Announces New Regulations For Diplomatic Service.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—With the double purpose of offering a permanent career in the diplomatic and consular service to competent young men and of improving those branches of the government service so as to make them more valuable than they now are to the business interests of the country, the president, at the instance of Secretary Root, has announced several new rules. Hereafter any applicant for appointment as secretary of embassy or legation must possess a knowledge of at least one other language than English and must be otherwise examined as to his competency. This rule is closely in line with the English practice and in its development will involve the promotion of the bright young men in the diplomatic service in the degree that they justify it by hard study fitting them for new posts.

The order as to the consular service amends the existing rule, which requires the examination of such consular officers as are limited in compensation to the maximum of \$2,500 per annum and a minimum of \$1,000. In President Cleveland's administration an effort was made to examine all applicants for consular positions, but this was soon abandoned, and the limitation now in vogue was adopted.

The examination shall be made by a board of three persons designated by the secretary of state, who will prescribe the subjects to which the examinations relate and the general mode of conducting the same by the board of examiners.

ELECTION FRAUDS.

New York Grand Jury Report Ten Indictments.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—As the result of the evidence submitted by Attorney General Mayer the grand jury announced to Recorder Goff that it would on Monday issue ten indictments against Tammany election inspectors for violation of the election laws and two indictments for assault at the polls.

The men to be indicted by the grand jury, it is said, are election district captains in the Eighteenth, Sixth, Ninth, Fourteenth, Thirty-second, Thirty-third and Thirty-fifth assembly districts. The leaders of some of these districts are Charles F. Murphy, Timothy D. Sullivan, Thomas Prendergast and John Oakley.

Mr. Mayer made a vigorous argument after presenting his evidence and produced a deep impression on the minds of the grand jury.

William R. Hearst in an interview stated that evidence had been collected against twelve Tammany district leaders. Two or three of them, Mr. Hearst thought, could not escape imprisonment on the evidence obtained.

Trouble in French Chamber.

PARIS, Nov. 11.—The Rouvier ministry met with its first check when M. Berteaux, minister of war, peremptorily withdrew from the ministerial benches during an angry debate in the chamber of deputies and thereafter announced his resignation. For a time the entire cabinet hung in the balance, and Premier Rouvier announced the readiness of himself and his colleagues to give up power unless they were supported by a substantial majority. After a debate of exceptional violence a motion favorable to the ministry prevailed by a vote of 310 to 147.

Two Yellow Fever Cases at Havana.

HAVANA, Nov. 11.—Two cases of yellow fever have recently developed at Havana. One of the persons stricken is an American tourist, A. Z. Outwater of Passaic, N. J., who is employed as a teller in a bank in Jersey City. Outwater came here by steamer direct from New York last week. He was taken ill suddenly. The chances are fair for his recovery. The other person who is ill is a member of an Italian opera company, who arrived here from Spain by way of New York. His case is a very mild one, and he will probably recover.

Brass Band and Fireworks Met Him.

LAKEVILLE, Conn., Nov. 11.—William Travers Jerome, who was recalled district attorney of New York county Tuesday, has arrived here and will seek a short rest at his home. Word was passed along from New York that he was to reach Lakeville last night, and as a result the citizens of the town turned out almost a thousand strong and greeted him with a brass band and fireworks. He was escorted to his home by a big crowd, many of whom carried torches.

His Autograph a Prize.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—It was announced at the Manhattan Chess club that President Roosevelt has sent his autograph portrait to the club to go to the winner of the cable chess match between New York and Berlin, which begins here today. The photograph bears this inscription: "With good wishes. From Theodore Roosevelt. Washington, D. C., Nov. 6, 1905."

German Victorious in Africa.

BERLIN, Nov. 11.—Major Count Adolf von Goetzen, governor of German East Africa, reports by way of Cape Town that the insurgents have been beaten in five fights near Songea and that 4,000 Wamungu tribesmen were defeated near Nyambove. The German troops had no casualties, but the insurgents suffered heavy losses.

Was Postmaster Under Grant.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Nov. 11.—Theodore McFerson, a well known mass factor, is dead. He was postmaster under President Grant and a personal friend of Vice President Fairbanks. He was a brother of Mrs. John W. Foster.

UNDER MARTIAL LAW

Mutiny at Cronstadt Put Down by Strong Force.

MILITARY RULE FOR POLAND.

All Universities and High Schools Throughout Russia Have Been Closed by Czar's Minister of Education.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 11.—Martial law has been declared at Cronstadt. Vice Admiral Birbeck, minister of marine, has left for the fortified town.

It is announced that martial law will shortly be declared throughout Poland. All the universities and high schools throughout Russia have been closed indefinitely by order of the minister of education.

Representatives of all political parties in Poland at a meeting held in the palace at Warsaw decided to send twenty leading citizens to St. Petersburg to request the emperor to grant Russian Poland full autonomy and its own parliament. The deputation left today for the capital.

Stories are being industriously circulated that a regular St. Bartholomew massacre of the Jews and Intellectuals has been planned by the "Black Hundred" of St. Petersburg tonight and Sunday.

General Dedulin, prefect of police, has issued an order referring to the rumors of a proposed attack on the Jews and the Intellectuals, reminding the police that on them lies the responsibility for the maintenance of order and the safety of every inhabitant of the capital without distinction of position, nationality or faith.

By order of the czar a new force of troops has been hurried to Cronstadt, where the carriage by the mutinous crews of eleven warships, while stopped, may be renewed at any time.

The emperor's active interest is explained by the fact that he was really an eyewitness of the fighting in the city's streets, in which his soldiers of the army and navy were arrayed one against the other.

Standing at a window of his palace at Peterhof, which is only eight miles from Cronstadt, the czar through a powerful telescope watched the bloody doings, saw the flames started by the mobs sweep the city and could make out the movements of the leaders in the market place.

All day he was a steady watcher, and it was by his orders that a regiment of uhlans was hurried away to the scene of action.

When night drew on he could plainly see the burning ruins and later was startled as some of his warships, set afire by the mutineers, lighted up the waters of the harbor.

The czar got little sleep during the night and at early morning was eager for news of the mob's doings.

He was informed that the mutiny had practically been suppressed and many of the mutineers arrested, but that the riotous gangs were still up a fighting mood, and the situation extremely critical.

Advices received in this city are that the situation at Cronstadt is still menacing, and the most rigid means will be adopted to keep the mobs in subjection. During the rioting at Cronstadt the government treasury there, which is surrounded by a deep moat filled with water, was only saved from the mob of mutineers and rowdies by the removal of the bridges.

At Moscow alarming rumors are in circulation that anti-Jewish outbreaks will occur simultaneously there and at St. Petersburg tomorrow. Foreigners and Jews have received threatening letters and have asked the authorities for protection, but thus far no step has been taken toward granting their request.

At Warsaw the general strike continues. All the shops are closed except those of the apothecaries and also several bakeries, which the strikers ordered to be opened so as to prevent the starvation of the poor. Disorders are reported at Sosnowice, and a battery of artillery has been sent there from Kierce.

At Radom agrarian disorders are assuming a grave aspect. The peasants are engaged in pillage, especially looting the spirit shops and the state institutions.

The Suit Case Tragedy.

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—A new witness in the suit case tragedy is Dr. John H. Pettee of Roxbury, who has appeared before the grand jury. It was expected that the grand jury will report its findings this morning and that Governor Douglas will sign the papers necessary for the extradition of William Howard and Louis Crawford, who are under arrest in New York charged with complicity in causing Susan Geary's death.

Pole Stole an Ancient Letter.

FLORENCE, Nov. 11.—A foreigner recently went to the Library of State Archives and asked permission to consult the precious collection of documents known as "Universal Correspondence." When he had left the library it was found that he had stolen a letter signed by St. Catherine besides two other important documents. The thief, who is supposed to be a Pole, has not yet been traced.

One Hanged, One Resplended.

GREENVILLE, S. C., Nov. 11.—Fletcher Byrd, a negro, was hanged here for the murder of Magistrate Cox, white. His accomplice, Palmer Cross, white, was to have been hanged at the same time, but was resplended at 12 o'clock midnight by the governor. The killing was brought on through an attempted violation of the dispensary law.

SANTA CATALINA.

Nassau Handicap at Aqueduct Easily Won by Favorite.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—The feature of the racing at Aqueduct was the brilliant riding of Jockey Shaw. Out of four mounts he rode three winners and was unplaced in the other. Santa Catalina, favorite, scored an easy victory in the Nassau handicap, winning by five lengths. Tongorider was the pace-maker to the stretch, where he ran out. Santa Catalina then took the lead and won. Four favorites were successful. Pretension, winner of the second race, was bid up to \$2,000 and was sold to E. Wisbard. Summaries:

First Race—Hermitage, first; Water Wing, second; Caprice, third.

Second Race—Pretension, first; Roycroft, second; Lord Badge, third.

Third Race—Santa Catalina, first; St. Bellane, second; Cederstrom, third.

Fourth Race—Massive, first; Miss Ogden, second; Lena J., third.

Fifth Race—Scotch Plume, first; Florida, second; Leader, third.

Sixth Race—Pioneer, first; Maid of Timbuctoo, second; Nathan Hale, third.

Kid Sullivan Beat Lowe.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 11.—Before the Eureka Athletic club last night Kid Sullivan of Washington proved conclusively that his declaration that he would stop Tommy Lowe, also of Washington, before the end of the fifteen rounds their bout was scheduled to go or forfeit all claim to the purse was no bluff. The finish came in the eighth, when Referee O'Hara gave the decision to Sullivan because Lowe for the third time within two rounds went to his knees without being hit in order to save himself from a knockout.

For Fishermen Sports.

PORTLAND, Me., Nov. 11.—In connection with the fish propagation movement hundreds of thousands of brook trout and land locked salmon are to be placed in the rivers and lakes of Maine within the next month or six weeks. A car of the United States fish commission passed through this city last night for eastern Maine, where the work of planting the fish will commence.

Disobedient at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 11.—The Chesapeake second of the Pimlico series was won by Disobedient, with Jockey Johnson up, only three horses starting. Peter Paul and Salom Shingle won their respective events, each thereby making a record of three races won in six days.

Lady Jocelyn Was Excused.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 11.—Favorites lost at Cumberland park. Before the fourth race Lady Jocelyn, the favorite, ran away and was excused, a new break being made. In the fifth Tichingimo, the favorite, was knocked back at the start, spoiling what chance he might have had.

Wesleyans Won In Debate.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Nov. 11.—Wesleyan won the sixth annual debate with Williams last night on the subject, "Resolved, That in the United States the nomination of candidates for minor elective offices should be by the primary method." Wesleyan upheld the negative. The debate was an interesting one and was heard by a large audience. Those who spoke for Wesleyan were C. M. Travis, 1902, and A. G. H. Power, 1907, while Williams' representatives were H. A. Norman, 1908, and H. R. Case, 1907. The judges were Professor George G. Wilson, Brown, Professor George B. Adams, Yale, and Hammond Lamont of New York.

Widely Known Garman Dead.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—Donald MacGregor, aged thirty-two, son of the late Dr. James R. MacGregor, is dead of appendicitis at his home in Lawrence Park. Mr. MacGregor was graduated from the department of architecture, Columbia university, in 1890, and was widely known in college circles as an orator of recognized ability. He was known at the composer of the operas "Vanity Fair" and "Clea patria," which have been performed by the Columbia University Musical society.

Midshipman Branch's Death.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The president has called upon Secretary Bonaparte for a report on certain features of the case of Midshipman Branch, who died at the Naval academy at Annapolis after a glove fight with another midshipman, Adolph Sands, superintendent of the academy, has been directed by the secretary to make a special report covering the specific matters upon which the president desires information.

Want Administrator For Todd Estate

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—Snclair Tousey, acting for the widow of Frank Tousey, daughter of the late Mrs. Margaret Todd, who was found dead on the railroad tracks in Philadelphia, has applied to Surrogate Thomas for the appointment of a temporary administrator of the estate of Mrs. Todd pending the arrival of Mrs. Frank Tousey from Europe.

Farmer, Roadhouse Destroyed.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Nov. 11.—Cady Hill farm, built as a roadhouse more than seventy-five years ago at Cady Hill, three miles south of here, has been burned. Miss Elizabeth Wood, the owner, and Mr. and Mrs. Frederick A. Severance barely escaped with their lives. The loss is about \$3,000.

Senator Burton Indicted.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 11.—The federal grand jury, convened here, has returned an indictment against United States Senator Burton of Kansas. It is stated that the certain features in the former indictment against Senator Burton, which was quashed, were remedied in this new indictment.

HEGEMAN TESTIFIES

Metropolitan Life Paid Its Little Contribution.

WANTED TO DEFEAT FREE SILVER.

President Thought Payment of Company Funds Justifiable—Witness Said Equitably Was Now Run by One Man Power.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—Andy Hamilton, who handled the "yellow dog" fund of the New York Life, acted also as "legislative counsel" for the Metropolitan Life.

Between 1892 and 1904 the Metropolitan Life paid Andy Hamilton \$34,295 for personal legal services at Albany and in other capitals. Out of this money he paid "assistant counsel."

The Metropolitan Life's record of political contributions is unique. According to John R. Hegeman, it never gave but two. These were in 1896—one of \$1,000 to the Palmer and Buckner people and \$7,500 to the national Republican committee.

All this testimony on the subjects of the Hamilton payments and the political contributions came from President Hegeman at the insurance investigation here.

"The board of directors," said he, "felt justified in giving funds toward the defeat of the 16 to 1 fallacy. The Metropolitan is a stock company, and it was considered that the contributions should be made in justice to the stockholders. The difference in the amounts is explained by our estimate of the effectiveness of each party as a working force—what Palmer and Buckner could do and what the Republican party could do to defeat the threatening issue."

The case of a man who was insured in the Metropolitan in 1883 for \$180 was put up to Mr. Hegeman. The insured paid \$16 premium a year until 1889, when the premium was increased to \$18.20 a year. So far \$400 has been paid into the Metropolitan by this man, who at the best can get only \$189. An agent once offered him \$90 for the policy.

Hegeman couldn't explain the case. He doubted that the facts as related were true.

The Metropolitan Life lent William A. Reid between May, 1901, and July, 1904, \$200,000 and \$100,000. The interest rate was never more than 2 per cent and more often 1 1/2 per cent. The market call money rate in May, 1901, ranged from 2 to 8 per cent and 5 to 6 for banks and trust companies.

"How do you explain, Mr. Hegeman, your letting William A. Reid have money below the market rate?" "All I can say is that Mr. Reid has always been helpful to the company."

William A. Reid was formerly a member of Vermilye & Co., which until a few months ago was the banker of the Metropolitan. There came a split in the firm, and now "William A. Reid & Co." are the bankers.

Later it was shown that President Hegeman has had a "running personal account" with Vermilye & Co. In this account, Hegeman testified, were funds of "widows, orphans and people abroad retired from business."

Members of Vermilye & Co. related interest on the account to him in personal checks. He didn't know why and had never asked any questions.

For the past twenty years Vermilye & Co. have monopolized the vast financial operations of the Metropolitan Life.

Thomas F. Ryan was assailed from the witness stand by William Barnes, Sr., father of the Republican leader of Albany, who said that the Equitable Life Assurance society was today struggling under a one man power just as much as when James Hazen Hyde or his father was in control.

Check Swindler Arrested at Buffalo.

BUFFALO, Nov. 11.—R. Walton was arrested by headquarters men here on a charge of passing a forged check on a Toronto tailor. It is charged by the police that Walton swindled other Toronto business men. Letters of introduction purporting to have been written by Joseph Chamberlain and by Senator George A. Cox of Toronto were found on Walton. The Toronto authorities have been notified of the arrest.

Arson Convict Pardoned.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 11.—Morris Schoenholz, who was serving a forty year term for arson, has been pardoned by Governor Higgins. On Oct. 18, 1885, Schoenholz was convicted of setting fire to an occupied dwelling. Later he helped the district attorney of Kings county to convict a number of others of the same crime.

Fifteen Men Arrested in Error.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 11.—The fifteen men arrested in connection with the death of Joseph Deleigo at the Roma hotel here have been released, as an investigation has disclosed the fact that Deleigo was intoxicated and accidentally fell from the third floor window, killing himself.

Cleveland on Hunting Trip.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 11.—Former President Grover Cleveland opened the hunting season with a trip to J. B. McFarland's country place, about six miles from Princeton. He was accompanied by Dr. Joseph Priest and spent a very successful day bagging small game.

W. C. T. U. Settlement School Burned.

HINDMAN, Ky., Nov. 11.—The W. C. T. U. settlement school property was destroyed by fire. Thirty-five managers and teachers and 200 children escaped, all without injury. Hindman is in the mountain district. The school is one of the largest of its kind in the state.

SATURDAY

SPECIALS

Curtain Corners

Through the courtesy of the Pittston store and the Carbondale store we have been allotted another case of Curtain Corners. There are only 300 of them, so come early if you would obtain the choicest patterns. Priced for Saturday and Monday, 10c, 12 1/2c, 15c, 18c and 20c.

Underwear

One case ladies' heavy fleece lined vests and pants, slightly imperfect but you would scarcely detect it; worth 25c; Saturday and Monday 18c per garment, or 35c the suit.

Children's Union Suits

50c garments, sizes 4 years to 15 years, heavy fleece lined; Saturday and Monday 39c.

Gent's Underwear

One case extra heavy fleece lined, regular 50c garment; Saturday and Monday 39c.

Hosiery

One case ladies' and gents' hosiery, 12 1/2c kind; Saturday and Monday 9c pair or 3 pairs for 25c. Full line of best makes hose in stock, such as Burson, Black Cat, No Mend, Pitting & Madley's fleece lined, wools, cashmeres, etc.

Blankets Specially Priced

Many bargains in Dress Goods space does not permit us to mention.

Unbleached Damask