# Miners' Journal.

SATURDAY, JUNE 18, 1870.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

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ALPHABETICAL & SPECIAL NOTICES—Single insertion 40 cents a line; each subsequent insertion 20 cents a line.

LOCAL & BUSINESS NOTICES—Second Page, 25 cents a line first insertion; each subsequent insertion 20c. per line.

GENERAL NOTICES—Third Page, 20 cents a line first insertion; each subsequent insertion 15 cents per line.

MARRIAGE NOTICES—25 cents each.

FUNERAL NOTICES—Accompanying Deaths—For two lines 25 cents; each additional line 10 cents.


WE require the names of miners and others who send us communications, for our information. In all cases they can depend on strict secrecy whenever required.

THE AUTOBIOGRAPHY of John B. Gough is having, we learn an immense sale, 50,000 copies having already been disposed of. It is a work that forcibly illustrates the maxim that "truth is stranger than fiction." It is sold altogether by subscription.

THE Philadelphia LEDGER recommends the President of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company to take the matter in hand and settle the present dispute between the coal operators and the miners. We would merely remark that the coal operators and miners are disposed to settle their own difficulties. When some overtures were made some time ago, we think the operators pretty strongly indicated that they were the proper persons to settle this business with their employees.

## General Notices.

THE bill to abolish the Franking privilege drags its slow length along in the Senate. Mr. Sumner proposes a substitute for the bill, which has merit and is deserving of consideration, but if its presentation is calculated to delay and endanger the passage of some bill to correct the existing evil, the present bill, even with its defects, should be passed, preparatory to passing a better measure at the next session of Congress. No more subterfuges, if you please, Messieurs of the Senate, on the question. By them you only demean yourselves and incense the people. Action, gentlemen, on the bill, is expected and demanded.

TO Professor J. B. Burleigh we are indebted for a copy of his American Manual, a very complete work, containing an outline of the origin and progress of government; the nature of liberty; the rights of nations; a clear explanation of the Constitution of the United States, and of the duties of voters, jurors, and civil magistrates; with synonymous words applied and practically illustrated in sentences; and the census of 1850. The work is arranged on a new and original plan, and is calculated to impart an accurate knowledge of our social and political institutions; to arouse the minds of youth, and inculcate pure and noble principles.

WHY ARE the Philadelphia PAPERS SILENT?—Governor Geary recently issued a most important address to the people of the State, warning them that unless they were careful in the selection of their representatives, a successful attempt would be made at the next Legislature to rob the Sinking Fund of the nine and a half millions of dollars deposited therein. The document was most timely and excellent, and yet, not a single Philadelphia paper has as far as we have observed, noticed it at length, editorially, or commended it to the favorable consideration and action of the people. But the Republicans of that city have, notwithstanding that fact, rejected many of the men who at the last session voted for the swindle, and renominated all who had the honesty to vote against it. While our Philadelphia contemporaries are generally disposed to condemn what is wrong, and advocate what is right, why is it that they are derelict in this matter?

THE MINORITY COUNTIES.—A State Convention of the Republican minority counties is in contemplation, and we highly approve of it. Legislation of late years has become of such a character that the minority counties seem to have no rights, and the majority counties seem to think that they should respect. The Republican representatives of the majority counties, in many instances, go to Harrisburg and form rings, to break which by the minority counties, for the purpose of obtaining needed legislation, seems utterly impossible without some movement for their protection, similar to that now proposed. We are glad to see the movement is actively commenced now. Two or three years since the matter was suggested, but important political questions growing out of the war being still unsettled, it was deemed advisable not to move at the time actively in the matter. Now, however, these questions are pretty well disposed of, and the minority counties should in a decisive way let the majority counties know that the former have rights the latter must respect.

## THE WILMINGTON AND READING RAILROAD.

THE FORMAL opening of this new Railroad connecting the two cities above named, by rail, took place on Thursday. As usual, upon such occasions, the event was celebrated by the officers of the road, city authorities, and others, passing over the route on a tour of inspection and receiving congratulations. The following is a few interesting

FACTS ABOUT THE ROAD.

The Wilmington and Reading Railroad, besides its important connections with Philadelphia and Reading at Birdsboro, and Pennsylvania Central at Cateseville, connects also with the Baltimore Central at Chadd's Ford, on the Brandywine, and with the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad at Wilmington. Its whole length from Wilmington to Birdsboro is sixty-three miles. It is substantially built and well ballasted. The grade from Birdsboro to Wilmington is a gradual ascent all the way, with the exception of two places, where it was found necessary to avoid for a short distance. Extra locomotives will be kept at these places to assist down trains.

ITS FINANCES.

The total cost of the road thus far has been said $2,000,000. Stock to the extent of $800,000 is already been paid in, all by parties along the road. The whole bonded debt is $1,500,000. Most of this is on first mortgage, was all taken at par, and is now selling at ten cents on the dollar.—The second mortgage bonds are bringing 82½. A sinking fund of $15,500 per annum has been created for, which, with the interest accumulating, will be sufficient to extinguish all the first mortgage bonds, amounting to $1,250,000, at the time of their maturity in thirty years. The roadbed has been open from Wilmington to Cateseville since August, and on this half of the whole route the receipts have been $16,000 per month. The Schuylkill coal trade must, of course, vastly swell the aggregate of receipts in the future. The company estimate their earnings for the coming year as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| From anthracite coal | $193,125 00 |
| From bituminous coal | 29,500 00 |
| From iron, coal and manufactured | 41,420 00 |
| From iron ore | 45,000 00 |
| From lumber and petroleum | 35,652 50 |
| From passengers | 85,225 00 |
| From rolling mill and glass sand | 9,250 00 |
| From passengers | 110,630 00 |
| | $549,450 50 |

They allow sixty per cent. of the above sum to pay working expenses, which leaves a net revenue of $164,360 54. This sum, if realized, is far more than sufficient to pay the interest upon the bonds, and establish the sinking fund, and leave over ten per cent. to apply to a dividend on the stock.

The connections are all at grade except that at Cateseville, where the new road passes on a level seventy feet under the splendid viaduct of the Pennsylvania Central.

ITS HISTORY AND PRESENT OFFICERS.

A rapid glance at the history of the enterprise which involves a record of struggles and abortive efforts for more than twenty years past. Several different charters were obtained at various times, some of which have been forfeited, and in 1865 all were consolidated under the present name. Among the representative men of the enterprise, Edward Brooke, of Tredyffrin; Hugh E. Steele, of Coatesville; Hon. Hiester Clymer, of Reading; Joshua T. Heed, Joseph Tatnall, Francis Barry, William S. Hilles, James Bradford, and Edward Betts, of Wilmington, deserve prominent mention. Foremost among those by common consent, has been Hugh E. Steele, now President of the Company. It is frankly admitted on all hands that for his indomitable resolution and untiring zeal, the road would never have been built. The following are the other officers of the company:

Directors—George Brooke, Hiestor Clymer, Charles Huston, C. E. Pennock, J. L. Pennock, S. C. Worth, Edward Betts, Joseph Tatnall, Irene DuPont, Victor DuPont, E. G. Stockton, Charles Warner.

Secretary and Treasurer—William S. Hilles.

Chief Engineer—J. Dutton Steele.

Superintendent—J. Clemson Sharpless.

—At a public sale of books in London, Drew's "Essay on Souls" was knocked down to a shoemaker, who, to the great amusement of the assembly, asked the auctioneer if he had "any more books on shoe-making to sell."

—A Parisian artesian well having got down 500 metres through chalk without finding water, the projectors announce that they are bound to strike water or disturb some Chinaman's domestic arrangements in the attempt.

—The jewelry of the Etruscans, some which were made over 3000 years ago, was recently worn in public by an Italian lady, is declared by competent judges to be superior in workmanship and finish to any made at present in Paris.

—Canadian papers complain that some of the patriotic young men who went to the front to repel the Fenian invaders, found on returning to their employers that they had been discharged and their places filled by stay-at-homes.

—The Washington STAR says: "The reports circulated by some newspapers of the ill treatment of the two colored cadets at West Point are emphatically denied. The officers there have taken pains to see that no partiality is shown."

—And now we are to have tea direct from China, and none of the Chinamen smell about it, but to the delicate perfume of the plant is to be added that arising from calico. In short, female women are going to import the stuff, in connection with fashionable dressmaking.

—A man at Shakopee, Minn., got up a real nice entertainment in his family by stabbing his wife and daughter, when his son took a hand in the game and shot the old man dead. The boy says women are scarce enough out there, without having them "put a stop to" in that way.

—The citizens of Newark, N. J., are called proud, bloated aristocrats, because they object to having gas-houses empty coal tar in the river, which water they have to drink. They object, too, to dogs and dead fish in their water. Some people *are* rather particular about what they drink.

—A boy at Springfield, Mass., got a good joke on a neighbor, by setting fire to his wood-pile, which burned about forty cords. The boy started for home just ahead of the old man's boots, and when he got to the house it was swelled up so he couldn't sit down. Though belonging to two churches.

## General Notices.

20 cents a line first insertion; each subsequent insertion 15 cents a line.

PERUVIAN SYRUP.—This valuable medicine has been silently making its way into public favor by the numerous remarkable cures it has performed. Its singular efficacy is owing to the *protozide of iron* which in this preparation is in a state intermediate, and is the only form in which this *vital element* of healthy blood can be supplied.

THE QUESTION SETTLED.—Three eminent men, Dr. Benjamin Brodie, Physician to Queen Victoria, and Dr. Hughes Bennett, say that consumption can be cured. Dr. Wistar knew this when he discovered his now widely-known BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, and experience has proved the correctness of his opinion.

HOW TO LOOK YOUNG—SIXTEEN.—Don't paint or use white Hair Restorers, but simply apply Hagan's Magnolia Balm upon your face, neck and hands, and use Lyon's Kathairon upon your hair. The Magnolia makes your complexion pearly, soft and natural, and your hair will what did it. It removes freckles, tan, sallowness, ring-marks, moth-patches, etc.; and in place of a red, rustic face, you have the magnolia purity of an exquisite belle. It gives to middle age the bloom of perpetual youth. Add these effects to a splendid head of hair produced by the Kathairon, and a lady has done her best in the way of adornment. Brothers will have no spinster sisters when these articles are around. 4.23 4t

# The Coal Trade.

POTTSVILLE, JUNE 18, 1870.

The quantity sent by Railroad this week is 39,322; by Canal, 2,765; for the week, 42,087 tons, against 70,194 tons for the corresponding week last year. The supply this week is 1,124 tons less than was sent last week.

The trade remains without change; the market seems to be fully supplied for present wants, and the trade if anything is duller than it was a week ago. The consumers abroad are satisfied that the prices will not run up and are in no hurry in laying in stocks as early as they did last year, and were caught by a fall in prices at the close of the year. As long as prices rule as they are, and no higher, the operators now standing cannot go to work unless the operators' basis is accepted, and the contract work more equalized than it now is. The market can be fully supplied without any advance in prices, if their collieries should stand idle until the middle of October. If they should go to work, the price of coal will fall in the regions equal to the advance that may take place in the face of freights by the carrying companies. In either case consumers need not be afraid of any material rise, and as we believe the reign of the stupid leaders in this County is evidently drawing to a close, and we should not be surprised if the dead-lock now existing were taken into hand by the more intelligent miners, who have not had much voice in matters so far, and adjusted so that they can go to work after the 4th of July; but even if they do not, there will be by that time not less than 1,500,000 tons ahead of last year's shipments to that date, while last year on the 3d of July we were behind the shipments of 1869 490,102 tons. This would make an increase this year on the 3d of July, over 1869, of upwards of 1,600,000 tons. Last year the whole increase, including an increase of 975,215 tons of bituminous coal, was only 763,230 tons, showing a decrease in the supply of Anthracite of 211,985 tons for the year.

In 1869, on an average shipment of 310,000 tons a week from July 3, to December, the market was supplied, and prices broke down at the close; and then we were behind 490,102 tons, and this year we will be 1,600,000 ahead by July 3. At present we are shipping more per week than the average of last year, with three-fourths of the collieries standing idle in Schuylkill and Northumberland counties, and also the collieries of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company on the Lehigh. This is rather an appalling statement, but it is nevertheless true. What the increase will be this year will depend in a great measure on the prices of coal that may rule after the beginning of July. Many believe that it will not be greater than last year—but if Congress should pass the Supplementary Tariff bill and the Funding bill, we believe those two measures alone would be the means of increasing the consumption of coal this year nearly, if not quite, a half million of tons.

Notwithstanding this is the present state of the coal trade, those *eatable* friends of the miners, the leaders, shout—"Boys stick to the basis of 1869. Who cares if living is cheaper now than last year—and we'll all starve together sooner than submit to the tyrant coal operators; but you know boys, *we must* have our salaries, we cannot afford to work so hard and keep you idle, and make beggars of you for nothing. That's *our* basis to work on, and of course we go for high prices;" and their fuglemen shout, "Hurrah for our glorious, *intelligent* and *capable* leaders, and the basis of 1869; and down with the 'Chinaman's basis.' The storekeepers are afraid to refuse feeding us, and why should we work so long as we can live without working."

The trade sums up as follows:

| | 1869. | | 1870. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | WEEK. | TOTAL. | WEEK. | TOTAL. | IN & D |
| *Anthracite.* | 10,191 | 1,254,111 | 39,322 | 1,027,625 | 6198,185 |
| Sch'l Canal | | 851,181 | 2,765 | 39,445 | 6 141,116 |
| L. C. & N. Co. | 776 | | 1,081 | 14,526 | 6 12,101 |
| L. V. R. R. | | 501,191 | 4,365 | 142,290 | 122,100 |
| L. Canal | 257 | 174,021 | 2,257 | 130,991 | d 43,030 |
| C. & N. Co. | 6,260 | 360,845 | 23,406 | 360,845 | 130,000 |
| Sch'l'k R. | 2,853 | 560,458 | 33,622 | 799,500 | 198,544 |
| Leh. C. & N. | 1,125 | 324,156 | 14,000 | 324,156 | 60,000 |
| Penn R. R. | 2,257 | 207,222 | 23,178 | 451,222 | 60,000 |
| Sch'l'k Nav. | 1,000 | 74,000 | 4,774 | 74,000 | |
| D. & H. Can. | 42,666 | 426,662 | 42,662 | 426,662 | 57,917 |
| Del. & Hud. | | 98,113 | 22,000 | 22,000 | 152,000 |
| Wyoming Sa. | 831 | 24,931 | 13,313 | 25,146 | 1,533 |
| Wyoming Nb. | | | | | |
| Shamokin | 1,499 | 141,653 | 3,114 | 139,022 | d 2,630 |
| | 83,250 | 4,777,284 | 243,709 | 5,716,617 | |
| | | | 83,250 | 4,776,284 | |
| | | | | 940,333 | |
| *Semi-Anthra.* | | | | | |
| Trevorton | | | 7,054 | 36,744 | d 9,620 |
| Shamokin | 2,567 | 51,340 | 2,054 | 51,340 | d 37,700 |
| Lykens V. Co. | 1,795 | 41,329 | 2,054 | 41,108 | d 10,852 |
| Williamson | | 58,583 | 5,000 | 11,257 | d 16,000 |
| Big Lick Col. | | | 1,563 | 16,629 | d 15,629 |
| | 4,442 | 151,252 | 17,725 | 176,158 | |
| *Bituminous.* | | | | | |
| Broad Top | 8,031 | 147,013 | 6,854 | 124,276 | d 11,547 |
| R. & C. R. R. | 21,000 | 259,321 | 19,041 | 229,048 | d 55,253 |
| Clover & Ox. | 14,000 | 184,772 | 14,011 | 177,774 | d 6,794 |
| | 43,031 | 591,577 | 41,979 | 529,098 | |
| Total all kind | 130,670 | 5,579,644 | 257,922 | 6,317,841 | |
| | | | 130,670 | 5,670,544 | |
| | | | 221,321 | 938,599 | |

THE Shamokin HERALD of Thursday says:

"On Monday last the Hickory Swamp colliery resumed work. The following are the only collieries now remaining idle in our county: Henry Clay, Rock Ridge, Henry Clay No. 2, Greenback, Excelsior, Enterprise, Green Mountain, Reliance, Coal Mountain and Stuartville, some ten in number out of thirty-one in the region. When these will resume it is hard to tell."

A large portion of the coal sent from the Shamokin Region goes West. The shipments for the week via the Schuylkill Region has not increased during the week.

In the Schuylkill Region no collieries were started as far as we can learn during the week, and the operators appear to be as firm as ever. We have only heard of two that was a little shakey,—but they know that if any of the large collieries should start, a resolution would be passed by the Board of Trade, giving the privilege to all to start, and coal would go to $2 a ton in two weeks.

### LETTER FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, June 13, 1870.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—One thing that the originators of the suspension in Schuylkill County lost sight of is the fact that many of the dealers who have hitherto dealt in Schuylkill Coal only, have been compelled to buy Pittston Coal in consequence of being unable to obtain it from your region, and they have ascertained that in point of preparation it is far superior to Schuylkill and much less annoying to hear customers complain of its burning away fast, than it is to have them berate you for sending them slate and stones. Consequently it will be hard matter for your operators to induce them to return their patronage with the recollection of the annoyance caused them by their slate; Schuylkill County will never again be able to sell the amount of coal she has been doing, except by selling over vigilant in its preparation and selling at Pittston prices until the prejudice against the slaty Schuylkill is removed. This longer your region remains idle the harder will it be to recover its lost trade, and both operator and miner will long feel the result of this strike.

Yours, &c. RETAIL COAL DEALER.

The above letter is true so far as the result of the suspension is concerned—and also true to a certain extent in the preparation of coal sent to market. Schuylkill County possesses all kinds of coal from the free burning Swatara or Frankllin to the hard Lehigh, and consequently when consumers do not always know the kind of coal whether free burning or very hard, and about that kind which does not suit their fixtures for burning, they naturally complain of the quality of the coal even if it should be the purest sent to market. We heard an extensive Pipe Manufacturer state that after trying all kinds of coal, he fo ind the coal from the Mammoth Vein in the Mahanoy Region better adapted for his purposes than any other.

[FOR THE MINERS' JOURNAL.]

MESSRS. EDITORS: I am a miner being willing to work at the operators' basis, and so voted as recommended to do by Mr. Sharp, our President. Afterwards I was told that the recommendation was all wrong, and that Mr. Sharp had made a great mistake and we ought to forget it. By taking his advice I am deprived of work, and I have received $2 in for the whole month of April to support my family.—We appeal to you Mr. Sharp $1800 a year and $200 for a clerk to do his writing for him, and he has been the means of stopping our work? I think we ought to stop his pay also, and pay him in the same proportion as the miners are paid, adding $2.65 additional because we have made a *gentleman* out of a poor miner to lead us into difficulty. I think hereafter we ought to select intelligent miners for officers who do not desire to play the gentleman, or the W. B. A. will be a thing of the past. I send no name but do not publish it as I would not be safe if the friends of the officers knew me.

A MINER FROM WEST END.

COAL TRADE BY RAILROAD AND CANAL, 1870.

The quantity sent by Railroad and Canal for the week ending Thursday last:

| | RAILROAD. | CANAL. |
|---|---|---|
| St. Clair | | |
| Port Carbon | 2,616 01 | 567 00 |
| Pottsville | 330 06 | 165 00 |
| Schuylkill Haven | 15,873 02 | 1,301 00 |
| Auburn | 1,427 11 | |
| Port Clinton | 2,553 19 | 449 00 |
| Total paying freight | 20,212 13 | 2,782 00 |
| Coal for Company's use | 1,102 01 | 293 00 |
| Total for Week | 21,314 14 | 3,075 00 |
| Previously this year | 1,467,852 15 | 76,319 11 |
| Total | 1,489,166 29 | 79,394 11 |
| To same time last year | 1,543,311 07 | 153,091 13 |
| Increase | | |
| Decrease | 152,185 18 | 73,696 02 |

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY RAILROADS FOR 1870.

The following is the quantity transported last week:

| | Week. | Total. |
|---|---|---|
| Mine Hill & S. H. R. R. | 19,000 | 274,112 |
| Schuylkill Valley | 4,500 01 | 56,211 09 |
| Mill Creek | 817 06 | 10,670 13 |
| Mt. Carbon | 2,317 17 | 14,079 13 |
| Lorberry | 613 | 4,491 05 |
| Good Spring | 6,722 01 | 56,259 06 |

LEHIGH COAL TRADE—1870.

LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD.

Quantity sent over the Lehigh Valley Railroad for the week ending on Saturday last and for the year:

| | WEEK. | TOTAL. |
|---|---|---|
| Wyoming | 12,501 | 251,183 |
| Hazleton | 7,000 | 140,000 |
| C. Lehigh | 2,000 | 6,200 |
| Beaver Meadow | 2,000 | 22,000 |
| Mahanoy | 3,102 | 110,660 |
| Beach Ganon | | 1,000 |
| Total | 26,303 | 1,731,203 |
| Same time last year | 801 | 1,651,698 |
| Increase | 25,502 | 79,505 |
| Decrease | | |

LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGATION COMPANY.

The following is the quantity of coal transported by the Canal and Railroad of the Lehigh Coal and Nav. Co., for the week ending on Saturday evening last:

| | WEEK. | TOTAL. |
|---|---|---|
| By Canal | 2,765 | 39,445 |
| By Railroad | 21,314 | 251,183 |
| The same derived as follows | WEEK. | TOTAL. |
| From Wyoming Region | 2,765 | 41,261 |
| " Upper Lehigh Region | 1,141 | 12,141 |
| " Hazleton Region | 12,749 | 69,124 |
| " Beaver Meadow | 2,000 | 22,000 |
| " Mahanoy | 13 | 3,000 |
| L. C. & Nav. Co.'s mines | 5,617 | 30,000 |
| | 24,079 | 281,645 |
| Less del. to L. V. R. R. at S. Norton | 2,765 | 30,462 |
| Total | 21,314 | 251,183 |

DELAWARE & HUDSON COMPANY'S COAL TRADE.

The following is a statement of coal transported by the Delaware and Hudson Canal Co., for the week ending Saturday last:

| | WEEK. | TOTAL. |
|---|---|---|
| By Del. & Hud. Canal | 49,350 | 494,070 |
| By Railroad | 8,150 | 24,781 |
| South | 15,737 | 167,760 |
| Total | 71,237 | 901,267 |
| For the same period last year | WEEK. | TOTAL. |
| By Delaware & Hud. Canal | 42,600 | 436,627 |
| By Railroad | | 20,114 |
| South | 72 | 43,730 |
| Total | 42,672 | 573,502 |

## THE COAL MARKETS.

PRICES OF COAL BY THE CARGO.

SOUTH OF CAPE HENRY AND EAST OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE MINERS' JOURNAL.]

PHILADELPHIA, June 16, 1870.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Red Ash Prepared | $ 6 | 25 | Chestnut |
| " " Lump | | | Local M. Lump |
| W. Ash Lump | 4 25 | 4 50 | do |
| Stove | 4 50 | 4 75 | do |
| Broken | 4 75 | 4 90 | do |
| Egg | 4 75 | 4 90 | do |
| Stove | 4 90 | 4 75 | do |

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Schuyl. Red Ash | 4 | 65 | Retail |
| " " Lump | 4 | 65 | Lehigh Lump |
| S. W. Ash Lump | 4 | 75 | Steamer |
| Steamer | 4 | 75 | Broken |
| Broken | 4 | 75 | Egg |
| Egg | 4 | 75 | Stove |
| Stove | 4 | 75 | Chestnut |
| Chestnut | | | Consignee pays discharging |

BALTIMORE, June 16, 1870.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| To the trade by cargo or car load: | | | |
| Williamsport and Fire-n W Ash | 5 | 00 | 5 |
| Lykens Valley Red Ash | | | 5 |
| Lykens Valley or Red Ash | 5 | 00 | 5 |
| Zerby Valley, Red Ash | 5 | 00 | 5 |
| From yard or wharf, 50 to 75 cents additional. | | | |
| By retail to consumers | 7 | 00 | 7 |
| Georges Creek and Cumberland Coal, f. o. b. at Locust Point for shipping | | | |

ALEXANDRIA AND GEORGETOWN June 16, 1870.

Georges' Creek & Cumberland, cargo, f. o. b. ..... $4 50 @ 4 75

PRICE OF COMPANIES' COAL.

| | Lg. | Str. | Gr. | Egg. | Stv. | Chtt. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Lackawanna, Wel-ken | $4 50 | $4 50 | 4 50 | 4 50 | $ 5 | $ 5 |
| Wilkesbarre, Hoboken | 4 75 | 4 75 | 4 75 | 5 00 | 5 25 | 5 00 |
| " New York | 4 75 | 4 75 | 4 75 | 5 00 | 5 25 | 5 00 |
| Scranton, Elizabethport | 4 25 | 4 40 | 4 60 | 4 80 | 5 25 | 4 75 |
| Hazleton, Elizabethport | 4 00 | 4 25 | 4 50 | 4 75 | 5 00 | 4 50 |
| Lehigh, Pt. Johnson | 4 00 | 4 25 | 4 75 | 4 75 | 5 00 | 4 75 |
| Lehigh, Elizabethport | 4 00 | 4 25 | 4 75 | 4 75 | 5 00 | 4 75 |

Elizabethport and Pt. Johnson are New York Harbor Rounds at 50 cents; Newburgh, 70 cents.

Via Canal, consignee pays d. c. charges.

PRICES OF GASCOAL.

| PROVINCIAL. | Duty $1 25 | AMERICAN. |
|---|---|---|
| As shipping point | Hold | Delivered at N. Carrollsburg |
| Block House | $1 75 | Westmoreland, Pa. |
| Gowrie | 1 75 | Newport |
| Logan | 1 75 | Newburgh Orrel |
| Sydney | 2 00 | West Fairmount Sidney |
| Glace Bay | 1 75 | Philadelphia |
| Little Grassy Bay | 1 50 | Powellton Gascoal |
| Pictou | 1 50 | Park Proprietors, 50 cents |
| Black 25 cents to $1 75 | | Clover Hill, Ox Ford, J. R. & C. |

Freights to New York $2 25—to Boston $2 50@3 25.

COAL FREIGHTS.

| | Tons. | Pt. |
|---|---|---|
| Boston | 2,000 | 1,000 |
| Salem | 2,000 | 1,000 |
| Lynn | 2,000 | 1,000 |
| Charlestown | 2,000 | 1,000 |
| Newburyport | 2,000 | 1,000 |
| Portsmouth | 2,000 | 1,000 |
| Saco | 2,000 | 1,000 |
| Portland | 2,000 | 1,000 |
| Bangor | | |
| Providence | 1,750 | 1,000 |
| Bristol | 1,750 | 1,000 |
| Pawtucket & to | 1,750 | 1,000 |
| Newport | 1,750 | 1,000 |
| Fall River | 1,750 | 1,000 |
| Dunton | 2,750 | 1,000 |
| Dunbar | 1,750 | 1,000 |
| Chelsea | 2,000 | 1,000 |
| Cunnamara | 2,000 | 1,000 |
| Marblehead | 3,000 | 1,000 |
| Charlestown | | |
| New Bedford | 1,750 | 1,000 |
| Fall River | 1,750 | 1,000 |
| Norwich & New | 1,750 | 1,000 |
| New Haven | 1,750 | 1,000 |
| Bridgeport | 1,750 | 1,000 |
| Norwalk | 1,750 | 1,000 |

| | Tons. | Pt. | Ellsworth. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Hartford | 1,500 | | |
| Middletown | | | |
| Albany | 1,25 | | |
| New York | 1,25@1,50 | | |
| Jersey City | | | |
| Baltimore | 2,000 | | |
| Washington | 1,00 | | |
| Richmond | | | |
| Bangor | 2,50 | | |
| Hudson | 1,25 | | |
| Newburgh | 1,25 | | |
| Galveston | 2,25 | | |
| Indianola | 2,50 | | |
| Decatur | 2,00 | | |
| Kingston | 1,25 | | |
| Rockport | 2,25 | | |
| Aransas | 2,75 | | |
| Weymouth | 2,00 | | |
| Allen's Point | 1,75 | | |
| Allen's Point | 1,75 | | |
| Providence | 1,75 | | |
| Charlestown | 2,00 | | |

RATES OF TRANSPORTATION TO TIDE.

BY READING RAILROAD.

| | M. | Ex. | Sp. | Cts. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| To Port Richmond | 1 | 1 | 1 | 60 |
| To Philadelphia, Kensington | 1 | 1 | 1 | 60 |

The rates from Schuylkill Haven are 5 cents per ton less, and from Tamaqua 10 cents per ton less than from Pottsville.

A drawback of 5 cents is allowed on all coal delivered South of Cape Henry and East of New Brunswick. On coal shipped to places other than those named 25 cents per ton will be made until further notice.

VIA NORTH PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Mauch Chunk to Philadelphia ..... $2 10

LEHIGH VALLEY, N. J. CENTRAL AND ERIE & NEW JERSEY RAILROADS.

| To Elizabethport. | M. | Ex. | To Hoboken. | M. | Ex. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| L. V. R. | 1 | 1 | L. V. R. | 1 | 1 |
| N. J. Central | 1 | 1 | Morris & Essex | 1 | 1 |
| Shipping & wharfing | 1 | 1 | Shipping & wharfing | 1 | 1 |
| | 3 | 3 | | 3 | 3 |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Coal to Elizabethport | $ 2 | 25 |
| " to South Amboy | 2 | 25 |
| From Perth Amboy to Philadelphia | 2 | 00 |

N. Y. BY LEHIGH NAVIGATION COMPANY'S RAILROAD.

| | |
|---|---|
| From Havento Philipsburg | 90 |
| From Easton to Phillipsburg | 25 |
| Mauch Chunk to Hoboken and Port Johnson | 90 |
| Shipping and wharfing | 1 |

BY CANALS.

SCHUYLKILL NAVIGATION COMPANY.

The following are the rates of toll and freight on the Schuylkill Canal for the season:

TO NEW YORK.

| From | Pt. Carbon. | Mt. Carbon. | Sch. Haven. | Pt. Clinton. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Toll | 1 10 | 1 60 | 1 07 | 1 00 |
| Freight | 1 75 | 1 60 | 1 85 | 1 90 |
| | 2 85 | 3 20 | 2 92 | 2 90 |

Drawback on coal for New York and vicinity 40 cents per ton.

TO PHILADELPHIA.

| From | Pt. Carbon. | Mt. Carbon. | Sch. Haven. | Pt. Clinton |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Toll | 1 10 | 1 60 | 1 07 | 1 00 |
| Freight | 1 00 | 1 00 | 85 | 90 |
| | 2 10 | 2 60 | 1 92 | 1 90 |

BY LEHIGH CANAL.

From Mauch Chunk to Easton ..... 4 40
" New Hope and Bristol ..... 2 50
Through to New York ..... 6 90
Through to Philadelphia ..... 4 00

BY MORRIS CANAL.

To New York ..... $2 50
To Jersey City ..... 2 45
For weighmaster ..... 3 20

## New Advertisements.

J. W. CAKE, JR., ATTORNEY AT LAW, Room No. 10, Esterly's Building, CENTRE St., Pottsville, Pa. 6-17-1m

FOR SALE.—One large Bay Mare, 8 old, weighing about 1,200 pounds. Apply to HENRY FISHER, at Pottsville.

June 18, '70—17-3t

WANTED.—A FIRST CLASS GAS-MAN at the Clover Hill Mines, in Chesterfield County, Virginia. Apply to the undersigned, giving references. JOHN A. MANN, Prest. Clover Hill Mining Co.

June 18, '70-2t Richmond, Va.

WANTED.—For the Schools of Port Carbon, three female and four female teachers. Term, nine months. An examination will be held by County Superintendent on 30th day of June, commencing at 9 o'clock, A. M.

June 18, '70—2t GEO. BECK, Sec'y.

BE IT KNOWN to all whom it may concern that the undersigned constitutes and appoints F. W. Shaefer, Esq., of 128 Centre street, Pottsville, Pa., her agent to sell, lease, and collect all rents in the place of her former agent the late John Seltzinger of St. Clair. ELIZA HALL HAVEN.

Pottsville, June 18, '70 25-1m 1t20-1m

TEACHERS WANTED.—One male and two female teachers wanted for the Pinegrove Borough School District—school to commence the third Monday in August. Liberal salary for male teacher $75 per month; for female teachers $35 per month. None but No. 1 need apply.

Pinegrove, June 18, '70-2t W. H. HELLER, Sec'y.

PROPOSALS FOR A LOAN OF $12,000.—The School Directors of the Borough of Port Carbon hereby advertise for Proposals for a Loan of twelve thousand dollars, payable from its two to ten years. Interest not to exceed 7 per cent. Five of law according to a law passed at the last session of the Legislature. Apply to GEO. BECK, Sec'y.

June 18, '70 2t-2t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas, Letters of Administration on the estate of John McCabe, late of the Borough of Pottsville, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against the estate, are requested to present the same to the undersigned, and those indebted to make payment without delay to

P. B. WHITNEY, Administrator.

June 18, '70—2t—6

## Dentistry.

GRAND CONCENTRATION of Natural Teeth on Vulcanite. 20 per cent. saved in operations on the teeth. Dr. Patrick's Patents. Letters of patents will find this a rare treat, as some of the most distinguished sleepers in the State's halls will attend fleet-a-vous. Testers and reserved seats to be had at manager of Concert's office, at dating office on the evening of the Concert, Pottsville, Pa., until the Concert begins at 8 o'clock precisely. Ale 31,'70 25-1m2t

NOTICE.—In the matter of the estate of George Mott, late of Ashland, deceased. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Schuylkill county, Auditor to make distribution of the assets of said decedent, will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office in Pottsville, on Tuesday, the 26th day of June, 1870, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

Pottsville, June 18, '70-3t-2] J. WRIGHT, Auditor.

PHILOSOPHY OF MARRIAGE.—A New Course of Lectures, as delivered at the Penna. Polytechnic and Anatomical Museum, 1305 Chestnut st., three doors above Twelfth, Philadelphia, embracing the subjects: How to Live and Why to Live; Youth, Maturity and Old Age; Manhood Generally Reviewed; the Cause of Indigestion; Flatulence and Nervous Diseases accounted for; Marriage Philosophically considered. These lectures will be forwarded on receipt of 25 cents, by addressing the Secretary of the Penna. Polytechnic and Anatomical Museum, 1305 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

June 18, '70

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.—A tract of SIX ACRES of LAND, under good cultivation, with a fine young orchard, well watered, fenced and a good two story dwelling house, and a new barn, is offered for sale. The house has been kept as a hotel for the last twenty years. It is a rare chance for any one wishing to engage in the business, as there is none within five miles of the location. The property is situate in Rush Township, on the old Hazleton Road, two miles from Barnesville and five miles from Tamaqua. The property will be sold for $2,000 as the owner is about going West. Apply on the premises to. ISAAC BETZ.

June 18, '70—2t-7t*

BELLEVUE GARDEN.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE at PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned wishes to sell her real estate, known as BELLEVUE GARDEN, situated in Mount Carbon, and will dispose of it on reasonable terms. It contains three acres of land, situated at the foot of Sharp Mountain, opposite the Mansion House. The improvements are a large Three-Story Dwelling House, and Outbuildings. Also, one Double and one single Two-story Frame Houses. There is a beautiful Flower and Kitchen Garden laid out in terraces, containing besides vegetables and flowers, some choice fruit trees, grape vines, shrubbery, &c. For further particulars, apply on the premises to. MRS. C. KLEINERT.

June 18, '70—6t—4t

NOTICE.—UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE, COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, TENTH DISTRICT, PENNA. POTTSVILLE, June 18th, 1870.

The Tax on Incomes for the year ending 31st December, 1869, and on Watches, Plate, &c., and the Special Tax (generally called Licenses), on Business and Occupation for the year ending MAY 1st, 1871, FOR the COUNTY of SCHUYLKILL, is now DUE and PAYABLE at the COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, 2d Ward Engine House, Pottsville, Pa., until the

*TWELFTH DAY OF JULY, A. D.* 1870,

After which date all Taxes remaining unpaid will be collected as provided by law; the penalties and costs of distraint will be rigidly enforced.

SIMON J. STINE, Collector Tenth District Pennsylvania.

June 18, '70—2t—6

AT A STATED MEETING of Mineral Lodge, No. 235, I. O. of O. F., held at Clair on Wednesday evening, June 15, 1870, the following resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God in the dispensation of His Providence, to send the messenger of death into our midst and remove our brother, Past Grand, JOHN SEITZINGER; and

WHE