

THE MINERS' JOURNAL.

POTTSVILLE.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 25, 1836.

\$25 Reward Check, Cards, Bills of Lading, and Handbills of every description printed at this office at the lowest rates.

If we are not busily engaged in making out bills up to the first of July—and would be pleased to receive a visit from all those who know themselves indebted to this establishment.

The sale of the lot at Minersville, late the estate of J. & C. Thomas, will take place this day at 3 o'clock, P. M. on the premises.

The new School Bill will be found on the first page. We invite the attention of all to this bill. Every friend of Liberty must be a friend to education.

New York Mirror.—A new volume of this paper commences in July next. It is without exception, the best literary periodical of the kind issued in this country—and we take pleasure in recommending it to all those who are in want of a publication of the kind. The subscription price for the ensuing year will be \$5—a small sum when compared with the intellectual enjoyment derived from a weekly perusal of its columns.

SUGAR BEET.

The cultivation of the Sugar Beet is a subject which is exciting a lively interest in various portions of our country. The highly laudable and generous enterprise of Messrs. Robinson, Vaughan and Snider, of Philadelphia, who in February last, at their own private expense, sent a special agent (Mr. Pedder,) to France, to procure and transmit information, has given a new impulse to this subject. Nearly 600 lbs. of seed has been received and portions of it distributed throughout the country. We ourselves have received a small quantity of this seed, and distributed portions of it among our acquaintances—also a small but beautiful specimen of white sugar, manufactured from the beet, which may be seen at our office.

Several patriotic individuals have made contributions towards defraying the expenses of the above mentioned undertaking, in sums of from \$10 to \$50 each—but the amount yet received is inadequate to the expenditure. An association has been formed, of which James Housdeon is President, John Vaughan Vice President, and Jacob Snider, Jr. as Secretary and Treasurer, the object of which is to collect and disseminate information without any view to pecuniary emolument. Mr. Pedder says: "At Valentine and the neighborhood there were three years ago thirty-seven manufacturers, now there are forty-four." What an increase in a single year! \$1000 francs.

Speaking of the Manufactory at Arras; he says: "To this noble establishment I have free access by means of a letter from my friend J. B.; but I find it impossible to go into a full description of all its parts. Seventy-four men and women are employed here every day, and about 10 less during the night. The work commences the stamping of 100 hds. each, crushing tons of Beets and separating the juice, and crystallizing the same into the pouring of the juice into crystallizing pans is only the work 10 hours, the process being seven, consisting of washing, separating, decanting, clarifying, and two evaporation, in the most simple and perfect manner, insomuch, all which I shall be quite competent to my return." Mr. — has invented a most complete set of implements for the cultivation of a crop, &c. &c. that is perfect, to sow three rows, &c. &c. prepared, with tools, &c. of the most effective kinds; by these, he is enabled to cultivate several thousands of acres of land in a single season. The farm being 4 miles distant from town, where he has his stock of oxen, sheep and milk cows, grazing horses, &c. &c. on the grass and refuse of the sugar house, and cut chaff to wonder profit. The cake which they are now using in the months old, presented in magazines of which I have a plan, where it remains perfectly sweet for nine months of the year. It cuts as quick and hard as is perfectly visous to the touch. Mr. C. at this and his other works prepared in 1835 two millions and thirty thousand pounds of Sugar, and expects two years to make three millions; the whole expense of fabrication including rent of premises, wear and tear of machinery, interest of capital, &c. has been 4-7 cents per lb.

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Our Representative, Mr. HUBLEY, it will be seen, voted against the Land Bill! When will Pennsylvania send men to represent her sufficiently high minded and patriotic to look to her interests? Must her prosperity be always sacrificed at the shrine of that monster Party!

Gov. Ritner, on the eve of the adjournment of the legislature, vetoed the bill increasing the capital of the Farmers' and Mechanics, and the Moyamensing banks. The veto was sustained, after a very sharp debate, by a vote of Yea's 28—nay's 43—requiring a vote of two-thirds to pass the bill.

The Board of Health of Philadelphia, have presented Dr. Lehman, late Lazaretto Physician of that Port, with a Silver Pitcher, accompanied by a letter of approbation, who has retired from that office, after nineteen years service. The pitcher which is of massive silver and Elvorian pattern, with bands and scroll handle, richly chased, contains an appropriate inscription.

We learn that an extensive forgery has been committed in the city of Philadelphia, by a young son of very respectable connections, and engaged in a large business. Stock gambling was the cause.

A branch Bank of the United States has been established at Pittsburg, Pa.

Troika Celebration at Port Carbon.—Our neighbors of Port Carbon celebrated the great Texian Victory on Wednesday last, in pursuance of their public announcement. We were not present ourselves, and therefore cannot enter into a particular description of the festivities. We learn, however, that they fired off a good many rounds of cannon, sent up a number of rockets, burn in every part of the Generalissimo Santa Anna, drank success to the cause of Texas, and illuminated their houses in the evening. The Jubilee went off in a manner highly creditable to their enthusiasm, in the cause of Texas. We commend their feelings and applaud the manifestations of them.

The PHILADELPHIA SATURDAY NEWS AND LITERARY GAZETTE.—*weekly family newspaper, devoted to Literature, Criticism, the Fine Arts, General Intelligence, News, &c.*

This is the title of a new publication about to be commenced under the most favorable auspices, and will doubtless prove one of the most entertaining miscellanies in the United States. The editors are Messrs. Louis A. Godley, Joseph C. Neal, and Morton McMichael—all favorably known to the public. We commend it to the patronage of the public. The subscription is low—two dollars per annum payable in advance.

A subscription paper may be found at the Pennsylvania Hall.

INDIAN WAR.

Private letters announce the fact that the Cherokees are in motion, that the inhabitants of the frontier are in the greatest consternation. Rumor states that Cedar Town has been laid in ashes, and from 12 to 16 families butchered by the Cherokees. A large party of the Cherokees was in the neighborhood of Cedar Town. On the eastern bank of the Chattahoochee a battle had been fought between a company of mounted Indians and about 200 Indians. The company was compelled to retreat. A company of Infantry stationed near the Indians, hearing the firing, hastened to their assistance, and after fighting a short time, was also compelled to give way. Losses of the whites not certainly known, but supposed to be seven men.

The strength of the hostile Indians is daily increased by desertions on the part of the friendly Indians. Their numbers are estimated at 3000 men. General Jackson has returned through the upper part of the State, and report the command of Alabama, and that the militia obtained to bring muster into the service of the United States, and that much confusion prevails.

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Richard H. Bayard, lately elected a Senator of the United States from the state of Delaware, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Dr. Naudain, has taken his seat.

Money Market.—The N. Y. Commercial Advertiser states that the money market is getting easier. The editor attributes the change in part to the Pennsylvania U. S. Bank having, at the request of the merchants, established Agencies in the principal commercial cities. The Agency in New York alone, having within one week, discounted from two to three millions of Southern, Western, and Eastern Paper—and partly to the arrangement which Mr. Jaudon, the cashier of the bank, has made abroad, in selling securities to the amount of about five million of dollars, which money will forthwith be introduced into the country.

Agencies have already been established in New York and Boston—and the merchants of Providence, R. I. and Richmond, Va. have petitioned the Bank to establish Agencies in their respective cities. In Tennessee the notes of the Bank are selling at three per cent premium. Oh! the monster! It will ruin the country!

A New York paper remarks: "If the present rate of domestic Exchange continues, and the agency here continues to discount as largely as they have done since they commenced, the whole amount of the bonus, paid by that institution to the state of Pennsylvania, will be paid by the New Yorkers in less than five years.

We believe that in less than one year the Bank will have been solicited to establish Agencies in every State in the Union.

A criminial affair has recently taken place between Lord Melbourne, the Premier of Great Britain, and the Hon. Mrs. Norton. A duel has been fought between the husband and the adulterer, without any fatal result.—A suit has been commenced, and speculations are afoot as to the noble Lord's retribution.

R. P. Robinson was with his parents in Durban, Connecticut, on the 15th inst.

INDEPENDENCE OF TEXAS.

Mr. Clay, from the committee on Foreign Relations, in which were referred sundry memorials praying Congress to recognize the independence of Texas, made a report which was read to the Senate, from his seat. The report concludes with a resolution that the independence of Texas ought to be acknowledged, whenever such necessary information shall have been received, that it has in operation a government capable of maintaining itself, and of discharging its obligations towards other governments.

In consequence of a misfortune attending the occurrence in the house of representatives on Tuesday night, last week, between Mr. Johnson, of Md. and Mr. Rogers, of N. C., the former was suspended, and the party left on Tuesday night, at Rock Creek, near Washington, and were marching along the road, without injury to either party, the former was unfortunately injured.

Mr. Jenifer was accompanied by Messrs. Peyton and Pickens, and Mr. Byrnes by Messrs. Sawyer and Haigwood.

Total. The districts for representatives have not been materially changed.

Mr. Brooks, the author of "Letters from a Friend," in company with Mr. Hodge, proprietor of the Merchant's News Room, is about establishing a new daily paper in the city of New York.

The legislature of Delaware has elected Richard H. Bayard, Senator in Congress, in place of the Hon. Arnold Naudain, who resigned his seat in that body a few days since. Mr. Bayard is Anti-Van Buren.

Michigan.—The receipts for the sale of public lands in Michigan, during the month of May, amounted to upwards of one million of dollars.

State Rights, &c.—Previous to the adjournment of the extra session of the legislature of this state, Mr. Pardee offered a series of Resolutions, on the subject of State Rights, against the interference of the General Government with the different States—against the increase of the standing army—against Benton's Mammoth Fortification Bill—against investing the revenue in stocks—and in favor of distributing it among the different states. Among the resolutions are the following:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That this assembly will maintain and defend the constitution of the United States, the rights of the states, and the integrity of the Union, and that it solemnly expresses its conviction that it can be preserved only by opposing every violation of the principles upon which it is based.

The above was agreed to, Ayes 29, Nays 1. That this general assembly views with profound regret the spirit manifested to enlarge the powers of the general government, and to wield those which are conferred, to obtain an influence over the states, to interfere with their domestic policy, the state governments to overawe and control them in the free exercise of their reserved rights, and so to consolidate the states by degrees into one sovereignty, to the obvious tendency and inevitable result of which would be to transform the present republican system of the United States into an absolute, or at best a mixed monarchy.

The above was agreed to, Ayes 20, Nays 12.

The whole series finally passed the Senate by a vote of 18 to 11—and the House by the triumphant vote of 56 to 11.

057 Will the Harrisburg papers publish the name of the Senator who voted against the Constitution of his Country, by voting against the first resolution.

The Washington Globe and the New York Times, both admit that the election of Martin Van Buren is doubtful. Such an admission from Van Buren's two leading papers shows that his cause is hopeless indeed.

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New Hotel.—A new hotel is to be erected in the city of Philadelphia, on a lot of ground recently purchased by the merchants in and about Market street, from Thomas P. Cope and others, situated in North Fourth street, near Market, capable of accommodating 300 persons, of which Mr. J. M. Sanderson, formerly of the Coffee House, is to have charge.

Mr. Calhoun's Bill regulating the deposits of the Public Money, passed the Senate on the 17th inst. by a vote of 40 to 6, and was sent to the House. An effort has also been made to strangle it in that body, but it is believed it will pass notwithstanding.

The Bill distributing the surplus revenue among the states has passed the Senate on going into the committee of the whole by a handsome majority. It is now in the House. If it should pass that body, it will be vetoed—Gen. Jackson having declared that it shall never become a law. Extract from Gen. Jackson's Message to Congress in 1829:

"To avoid these evils, it appears to me that the most safe, just and federal disposition which could be made of the Surplus Revenue, would be its apportionment among the several States, according to the ratio of Representation."

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Daniel O'Connell.—The "Great Agitator" was recently seated from his seat in Parliament, by the loss of his election in Dublin, but a member from Kilkenny having resigned, he has been elected in his stead. An Address to the people of Ireland, and under his signature has lately appeared, in which he presents to them a choice of the alternatives—a repeal of the Union or a reform of the House of Lords.

We present our readers with the following extracts from the speech of Mr. Pickering, delivered at the opening of the session of South Carolina, on the Fortification Bill. The remarks are witty and pointed.

Let them be read and digested.

Mr. Chairman: I come now to examine some of the abstract decisions which fall from the gentleman from New York [Mr. Calhoun], and which I heard with profound admiration. The gentleman, after speaking of the triumphs of the democracy, said that he hoped the trial was soon coming when the people would decide, in their wisdom, whether it was right to let the slaves remain in the country.

Mr. Moore: Let me say my extreme right (Mr. Moore) would have excited in me no attention, for the gentleman's wild declamation to be better suited for the "loc-foc" party in the streets of New York, than for the halls of legislation. But coming as it did from the chairman of the "Ways and Means," who is well known to be a representative man, I am afraid it will be a popular catchword.

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