THE MINERS' JOURNAL. We understand that the Schuylkill Nav-igntion Company have resolved to deduct right per cent. off the toll on coal, instead individual operators, it appears that they have mined during the last year 224,969 POTTSVILLE. ATURDAY MORNING, FEB. 27, 1836. tons, while three indorporated companies Pamphlets, Chopks, Cards, Bills of Lading, and addids of every description, neatly printed at this Uf-s, at the lowest cash prices. of the five per cent. heretofore deducted. during the same period have mined only 69,437 tons, with an incorporated capital Enormous Prices for Fuel.-Hickory of upwards of 600,000 dollars. So much wood of an ordinary quality, was selling in New York last week for twenty-four dol-The Mails .- We are authorised to state

for facts in opposition to theory. The fallaciousness of this argument is therefore manifest, and is used merely because -Schuylkill Anthracite Coal \$11-Forit apparently serves the purpose of helping eign Bituminous \$14 per chaldron. The forward the grand systematic effort now in full blast, of driving out individual en-Mercantile Advertiser says that beef, pork, butter, lard, &c. was selling proporterprise and industry from the Coal Trade, tionably high. and establishing in lieu thereof a multitude of petty coal companies. There can be LEGISLATIVE.

19.901 ti

11.567

no reason whatever presented to our Legislature for establishing incorporated coal ure for the purpose of incorporating a companies, which will stand the test of excompany to make a rail road from Fineamination. But on the other hand, the rove to Schuylkill Haven. reasons against granting privileges and immunities to one set of individuals which Convention to amend the Constitution of are withheld from others, are so numerous the State, which had passed the Senate, and cogent that those who sincerely have has been postponed in the House for the The fire was communicated by means of a the welfare and prosperity of the Commonpresent. wealth at heart, can find no room for hesitation. INDIVIDUAL OPERATORS.

tove pipe. The Manch Chunk Courier, in an article marked by od temper and considerable talent, undertakes the Thomas C. Williams & Co. Neligh, Lewis & Co. Hodgeon, Pinkerton & Co. Palmer & Garrigues Aquila Bolton Lawton & Weaver ence of the Lehigh Company against some late rearks of ours directed against Coal Companies in nersi, though incidentally and for the sake of illusion, against the Lehigh company in particular, upon he anthorny of Major Noah, of New York. We do Charles Lawton Charles Ellet about t desire to enter into a controyersy with the Mauch A. Steinberger Heilner and Bast Chunk journal, in relation to the affairs of the Lehigh mpany. We have not the slightest disposition to Samuel Brooke Samuel Brooke George H. Potts Lewis C. Dougherty Blight, Walloce & Co. E. S. Sayles & Co. ay or to do any thing calculated is the remotest degree effect their interests mjuriously. We, however, do laim and will excretise the right of self-defence and elf-protection against the GRAND CONBINED SYSTEM-Stephens & Co. Samuel Lewis Palmer & Co. TIC EFFORT now in operation to drive out individual mpetition from the coal business, and carry on the L. Chapman John Knotwell ame exclusively by means of Coal Companies. The Manch Chunk Courler does no more than its duty in cfending the Lehigh Company, and that duty is performed with as much ability, as the nature of the dence will allow. Suffer us also to perform our's by srecting some of the erroneous ad captandum statents which appearin th s ingenious article, together with certain illogical deductions, calculated to mialead the hasty inquirer. It-is triumphantly asked, "what earthly harm can Coal Companies be to the community . F. Taylor nce they only presend to do what individuals are do-g." We answer first, that it is quite as dishonest to ing:" bbiain charters upon false pretences from our Legislaure, as to obtain money from individuals upon false etences-and that the one never fails to superinduce the other! 2dly. Specifobing is highly permission to every community Jily. It is a sud mistake to suppose that, individual operators are benefitted by short sup-plies and high prices. This result, which proceeds ent of the promises of Coal Comm the non-full pasies, produces a fluctuation and instability in the business, highly ajurious to regular operators, to all, in specifictors! Miper's wages and boatmen's treights always rise proportionably. The progres-sive increase is the consumption of the article is retarfied thereby, and the vender in the long run is injured. 4thly. It is another mistake to suppose that individual dealers are destitute of characters. It will be found on enquiry that they are far more sensitive on this ore than companies -- It is libellous to assert that individuals have no reputations to sustain; and that companies (bodies without souls) have reputations! But yet we are told-finey (individuals) have no fixed principles of business-no stability of character, & no fear of public opinion-But this is not the case with companies"-Listen ye gentlemen of Philadelphis,

hat hereafter the Philadelphia Mail will

0.7 Only one or two packages of the

this place, during the present week,

What is the cause, friend Chandler?

Foited States Gazette have been received

bile the other papers are received regu-

Fire .- We regret to learn that a dwel-

ing house, belonging to Mr. George Kess-

er, in Deep Creek Valley, Barry town-

ip, in this county, was entirely consumed

y fire, on the 3d inst. with all its contents

except one bed)-and about 200 bushels

f grain, which was stored in the garret.

rrive at Pottsville at 3 o'clock, P. M .-

d depart at 3 o'clock, A. M.

17.

New York and Boston-listen ye coal operators of Schuylkill coupty-listen to what the Mauch Chunk Courier says of you-That you have no characters and no fear of public opinion" !! Neighbor, we must say that you evince an astonishing boldness of assertion, really worthy of a better cause, not to say that you deal in improbable fiction, because this would be unnecessary. Reputation forscoth! Why whoever before heard

stickler for reputation than an old bawd, always ready

which were witnessed a few years ago," because eve-

ry body knows that Coal Companies greatly contribu-

apeculators or loafers-not doers." Now we ask, who

are they who clocke themselves in fine linen and pur-

a single piece of Coal, and yet live by the labor of the honest and industrious miner! These do not conde-

sued since the passage of the Bank Bill, an augmentation of capital. Admitting commands the approbation of men of all that an additional amount of capital is reparties in this action. quisite, it by no means follows that indivi-Messrs. Burden and Penrose have pubduals are incapable of furnishing that additional amount, particularly when the fact

Sccretary of State, and the charge d'Affaires of his Brittanic Majesty, relative to the mediation of Great Britain in our disagreement with France, and to the deterlars per cord-Oak \$15-and Pine \$12. ecute the Treaty of Indemnity without further delay, on the application for pay-

ment⁴ by the agent of the United States. The healing effects of tune, a just consideration of the powerful mesives for a cordial good understanding between the two Nations, the strong in-ducements each has to respect and esteem the o ther, will no doubt soon obliterate from their re-

membrance all traces of that disagreement. The President again compliments the British Government, and renews his recommendation to place our country in such an attitude as always to be so amply supplied with the means of self-defence, as to all secret Societies, bound together by un- afford no inducement to other nations to

presume upon our forbearanco. lawful oaths, is under consideration. The The editor of the Harrisburg Chronicle. ry or Odd Fellowship shall be good cause who opposed the re-charter of the United for challenging a juror in trials where one

state, with a degree of warmth which seldom characterised that paper, says:

dom characterised that paper, says: Among the causes which have led to the passage of the great Bank bill in the Senate, none operated more powerfully than the Washington Globe. The editor of that paper could have adopted no surer means to fix more firmly the opinions of those members who were inclined to vote for the bill upon Pennsylvania grounds, than the rode insulting terms which he heaped upon them; and the tone of arbitrary command in which he continue to do the the tote to the restructure of encontinued to dictute to the free representatives of an independent state. They have taught him a lesson which we hope will be remembered—a lesson, which greater and more important men than be may read to their advantage.

John Earls, charged with poisoning his wife, last summer, has been found guilty of murder in the first degree, at the late produce all the evils of a monopoly. For whene-The first section of the Bill providing of murder in the first degree, at the late for the removal of the Seat of Justice from session of the court of Oyer and Terminer Danville to Bloomsburg, in Columbia coun-ty, was negatived in the House of Repre-tence, Judge Lewis addressed the prison. have been constantly in the view of applicants for ty, was negatived in the House of Repre-sentatives on the 17th inst. by a vote of 48 cr at the bar, from which the following is acts of incorporation, for mining purposes, for if the view of applicants for the view of applicants for cr at the bar, from which the following is

an extract: Of all crimes, that of wilful and deliberate mur. variages, would they be devoting years to the der is perluaps the most foul and unsatural. Of parault, boring and entreating the Legislature all means by which a deed so dire can be come even with tears—sparing acidier money nor mitted that of POISON evinces perhaps, the most pains, to obtain and secure the tempting prize-cold blooded deliberation.—Ot all persons who Woold all these exertions be made merely to obnay be the subject of this crime, the wife of your posom—the mother of your children—the partner of your lot-whose name and whose existence was merged in your own, should have been the

with the new forme balls in holpless infancy by her side, manifests "a litart the most regardless of social duty and fatally bent on mischief." Of such a murder, and with such attending circumstances, a jory of your country have pronounced yon GUILTY.

Mr. Krebs, by Conrad. The people, we particularly when they are played off at The manly and independent course

ed. The solumn spectacle this day presented, inay be a lesson to all around, and to those who

Messrs. Burden and Penrose have pub-lished their reasons for voting in favor of re-chartering the United States Bank.— They are both able documents—and we are sorry our limits will not permit us to

FOR THE MINESE TOURNAL ations relative to the Incorporatio of Coal Companies.

It is an admitted axiom that monopolies are a restriction upon trade, and detringuish to the in-terests of the public—the monopolists being freed from the controling influence of open conceptition; And that the incorporation of bodies of men with peculiar privileges and limited responsibilities, is contraty to the true principles of our republican institutions, as it is giving by law to one set of men what is denied to others. Accordingly, all ment' by the agent of the United States. wise and free governments manifest great aver. —The mediation has been rendered unne- sion to monopolies of all kinds; and are careful cessary by the determination of the French never to grant them but upon the most urgent ne-Government. Speaking of the United States and France, the President says porquion to be granted but for similar means and to effort similar ends, except in these kinds of busi-ness never attempted by individuals or prohibited o them by law.

In applying these principles to the question as to the expediency of incorporating companies for mining and vending Coal, we ought to inquire: First. Will the incorporation of such companies First. Will the incorporation of such companies tend to create a monopoly of the Coal Trade. 2dly. Is such a measure necessary to the ac-complishment of a great public benefit not within the reach of individual enterprise and means.

to the coal fields of their locality-the same may be said of the Lehigh Company. The Little Schuylkill Rail Road and Coal Company own the only outlet from their district. When individuals States Bank, by the legislature of this make application for permission to use any of the above works for the purpose of transporting coal,

except such as may be purchased of the respect ve companies.) they are told they may do so when not occupied by the Company; which of course never happens, or if it does, the use of the outlet is held by a tenure too frail and uncertain for a predent man to risk an investment on. The re-sult is that individuals are wholly excluded from suit is that more volunteer companies, for Florida, all those districts. Of the coal fields now accessi ble to an Atlantic market, the only portion open are being formed in almost every county, in that to the excitions of individuals is that drained by the main and West branches of the Schuylkill, and the Swatara. If a few incorporated compa-nies can get a hold of those districts, so far as to drive individuals out of the business—the whole

trade will centre in the hands of some halt dozen er competition ceases monopoly commences. I

therewith derive some great and important adtain an opportunity to make an investment in a business which they assert to be so hazardons that no product man would risk his money on time in i

has to be thus destroyed in the bour of answispect. It must be evident to every one sequented ing confidence. Of all occasions for a deed so with the powers and propensities of incorporated dreadful, the selection of that period when she was prostrated upon the bed of her confinement, individuals in competition with them, or destroy It must be evident to every one acquainted homselves in the attempt. In either case great ndividual loss and suffering will be occasione by the conflict. If once they succeed in getting individuals out of the trade; and obtain the long desired monopoly, they will have ample opportunity to repay themselves for allethen previous

It was a deed of darkness-but, as if the finger watchices and expenses, by charging an advant of Providence had interposed, in accordance with that well established troth that 'morder willout," this matter before it be too late-for when charpublic suspicion was aroused. The grave gave ters are once granted they cannot be recalled. up its contents -- that heart whose affections had We now come to the second branch of our end up its contents -- that heart whose affections had clung around you for more than fifteen years, was the first to proclaim, by its ventricles filled with public have been told again and again, that a blood, that its pulsations had been suddenly arrest. arge amount of capital is required to carry on the coperation of some sudden, violent and unpatural cause. The chemical affinities of na. vidual will invest in one enterprize. And thereuncatural cause. The chemical affinities of natividual will intege in one enterprize. And there-ture's elements rushed together to confirm the charge, and to identify the poisonous drug by lie will not be supplied with this necessary ar-which the life of this neckappy somm was destroy. ted. The solemn spectacle this day presented, of a committee of the Secate of Pennsylvania. made in 1834, it appears there were at that time

city, more for their prospective value, than p

sent productiveness. If then, individuals have

have amounted as before stated, to near six mil liens of dollars. The settlement thus made in what was before a winderness, have become large and populous towns, filled with enterprising mer thil the namerous appliances of civilized line. We now respectfully but seriodsly appeal to the justice and equity of the legislature, after the (justice and equity of the legislature, after the place given, and the large expenditure of money and labor made in consequence, thereof, to say which the they can justify it to their consciences to put in jeopardy all these important, interesta by the incorporation of coal companies. It would seem to us that unless some strong and argent public interest requires the sacrifice, which has been conclusively show must to be the fact that been conclusively shown not to be the fact, that to make it now for the emclument and aggran-dizement of a few individuals without even the emblance of public accessity, would be a groun and most injurious violation of the public taith. We call upon the legislature, as the guardian of the public weal, and depositary of the public

faith, not to permit others to engage in our busiboss with sdvantages denied to us-advantages that may enable them to wring from us all the fruits of our privations and toil. We ask for no others. All we ask is to be protected in our bu siness by the same equal laws that other citizens the reach of individual enterprise and means. The Delaware and Hudson Canal Company have the control of the rail road and canal leading pure by their own limitation or be purchased in by the state. But let not such grants be made a pretext for others equally or more injurious to us and to the public. We hope and trust the legis. lature will not turn a deaf ear to such reasonab requests.

FLORIDA WAR.

A letter in the Charleston Confier from one of the Charleston volunteers, dated St. Augustine, Jan. 31st, suya, Capt. Porter of the U.S. Troops, commands the entire force at that fort. An express to him from Gen. Clinch came in Jan. 30th. The Milledgeville Recorder of Feb. 9th, states state. Putnam has raised an additional company, and also \$1500 to pay their expenses. Lampkin has proffered the corps of Lumpkin Mountaineers' to the Governor. Hall county her rifle corps, &c. The whole number from Georgia, now in Florida, or on their way there, is about 1000. The detachincut from Macon, with the Baldwin and Wash-ington cavalry, count 450 men; Augusta, 250; Savannah, 200; Glynn, 30; Darien, about 50. South Carolina has sent about 1000 more. So that, with the U.S. troops, there is a force of a-bout 4000 men now in Florida.

Gallantry of American Women.-The Morgan sounty (Geo.) volunteers, in passing through Estonton on their way to Florida, were welcomed with a dinner and other courtesies. The same evening the ladies of the village procured materials and made in a tew hours tents for the whole corps. The subject is thus alluded to. By their voluntary kindness, the fair of Eaton-

by their voluntary sindness, the fair of Eaton-ton have shown, that although their delicate frames may not tempt the dangers and hardships of the tented field, yet, that woman a bosom is the altar where the vestal fire of love of courtry burns in inextinguishable brilliancy. "Tis for those whom their kindness has befriended, and their are and smile burg as marked with their ears and smiles have animated, with their com-peers in arms, to preserve that altar sacred, and that fire undiminished. In them we place our hopes, and, we doubt not, the result of their perilous toils will justify our confidence. The Secretary of the Committee.

Later from Florida.—By the Floridian, publishes, ed at Tallahassee, Feb. 6. Lieut. Ward, of the Tallahassee volunteers, fell, récently, in a duel. Colonel Jas. Gadsden has been appointed Quartérnaster General of the Florida militia.

A new county has been erected in Florida, to be called after the lamentad Major Dade,

Florida.—Accounts from St. Augustine to the 15th inst. represent that the whole of the country south of that place had been laid waste during the preceeding week by the Indians.—Large numbers of troops are rapidly concentrating to-words the scat of the war from South Carolins, Georgia, Alabama and Louisiana, and the proba bility is that a decisive blow will soon be strick by Gen. Scott.

Gen. Macomb has torned, dramatist, and is abet to produce an American play. One of the best English dramatic writers was a General, the region of Saratoga!

leurge Boyer heries

Companies with an incorporated capital of UPWARDS OF \$600,000 sent te market the following quantity: Delaware Coal Company 39,236 North American Coal Company 22,830 Danville & Potuville Rail Road Company 7,231

69,437

It may be said, however, that the busi ness of mining must shortly be carried on below the water level, which will require is considered that individuals are already of the clevated reputation of Coal Companies? This

- 1,240 1,185 1,160 1,130 1,082 921 700 582 488 480 467 448 318 from Chester county, their clerk. A Bill was reported in the House of Re-
- R. Young James Sillyma 23 new individual operators opening col-1.128
- Richard Rickert Samuel Sillym Watres & Stepi Daniela, Harris & Co. Henry Porter ma & Co. Daddow & Brown V. B. Palmer D. J. Ridgway Peter Aurand
- A. Ritter Saius Moore T. Robins Rogers & John Edward Pugh
- Nathana
 - uesses have been examined—and the State will be the loser of about ten thousand dol-224,969 lars by this transaction. The whole affair appears to have been a joke played off upon
- presentatives of this State, on the 20th inst. for the removal of the Seat of Government from Harrisburg to Philadelphia, It is said that there is a strong party in the

to 39.

- egislature in favor of the removal. The bribery affair, at Harrisburg, is still under investigation. A great many wit-

- 4.717 4.501 4.498 3.848 3.847 3.787 3.570 3.371 3.127 2.780 2.780 2.780 2.780 2.780 2.780 2.780 2.780 2.780 1.936 1.655 1.665 1.655 Samuel J. Potts Wm. Bosbyshell Neligh & Murphy Lloyd & Daddow Samuel Rickert Richard Kier & Co. J. Barraclough C. H. Fitch
- Charles Potts Peter Kern
- 7,493 6,446 6,028 0,008
- 11,227 10,097 10,000 9,159 8,619 44 to 43.
 - dent of Common Schools, has presented a communication to the Senate on the subject of Education, in which he earnestly recommends and cuforces on the legislature the propriety of making an annual ap-

A bill has been reported in the legisla-

The bill providing for the calling of a

Mr. Steven's Bill for the abolishment of

third section, which provides that Mason-

of the parties is a Mason or Odd Fellow,

- after a warm debate, passed by a vote of Thomas II. Burrowes, Esq. superinten-
- propriation of \$10,000 for the establish ment of two schoo's, for the purpose of in-

structing those persons who are desirous of becoming teachers. A very excellent

recommendation.

The New Board of Canal Commission

ers have appointed Mr. Pennypacker, a

member of the House of Representatives

opine, will not relish many such jokes-

which the Harrisburg Chronicle has pur-

heir expense.

gaged in mining below the water level; most dangerous round to tread upon, neighbor.and that of the seven openings in this re-When did the Lettight company ever make a promise to the public respecting the annual amount of coal to gion below the water level, five have been be sent to market by them, which was ever fulfilled? commenced by individuals, and only two What Coal Company ever arose out of fair business by incorporated companies, as the subjoinviews, or ever was conducted upon any but stock-job ed statement shows:

Messrs. Patterson & Carcy & Lea, have sunk a shaft bing principles. How many widows and ornhans have been left pennyless and destitute by their "fair business transactions" How many Coal Company explosions er. Cost about \$10,000. have we had in this region, and how much fraud and deception for speculative purposes has been repeatedly brought to light! Reputation indeed! This is another il-

Messrs. Potts and Bannan have sunk a shaft on the brought to light! Reputation indeed! This is another il-Black Mine vein, in the borough of Pottsville, to the Instration of the common fact that no one is a greater depth of 180 feet on the inclination of the vein, and are now erecting a steam engine of 20 horse power.— It is their intention to sink the shaft 75 fret further be-fore taking a breast of coal. Cost about \$2,000.

to prate by the boar of the virgin tanderness of her spotless reputation.' We cannot stop to notice the taunts about the textravagant and ruinous speculations vein. A steam engine will be required at this opening a short time.

ted to their origin, and deeply participated in their re-sults. Nor have we time but to refer to the talk about our "towns and fine houses," which we repeat are the fruits of honest industry and individual enterprise, and ted to their origin, and deeply participated in their reduring the present week, at the establishment of Messra Haywood & Snyder. Estimated cost \$8,000. present a striking contrast with the shantces of companies! We can only say a word or two in reference to Charles Potts & Alfred Lawton are sinking a shaft the concluding remark, is which we are told—"As for gentlemen with white hands and white linen in a min-ing dustrict, they are of little account; they are either ing district, they are of little account; they are either

All the above collieries are conducted

ple, and fare samptuously every day-who but the lordly aristocratic Coal-Company monopolists, who would not condescend to soil their fingers by touching 15 horse power.

eet on the velo.

scend to reside in the Coal Region-no! nor for the most part even to visit it. And as to that portion of Three years ago it was asserted by the our population who wear white linen, we assure our neighbors that as individuals cannot conduct their be companies, as an inducement to the legisto mine below the water level. The above,

however, falsifies the predictions of the Endividuals ps. Companies. We publish the following comparative monopolists-and goes to show that individuals have, even in this enterprise, far outstatement of the quantity of Coal mined by stripped the companies.

Individuals and Incorporated Companies, in this region during the past season. The The special election held in Philadel-Statement is compiled from the most authentic sources of information, and the caucy in the legislature occasioned by the general accuracy of it may be entirely re-lied on. We publish it for the purpose of choice of John M. Scott, Esq. by the folrefuting the standing argument of incorpo-rated companies; that individuals are inca. Juhn M. Scott, (Whig) 8682 pable of califying on the Coil Trade for Cadwallader Evans, (Anti-masonic) want of califiel. Notwithstanding the assertion of it cant of capital on the part of Lucenites). 225

Ŀ.,

are sorry our limits will not permit us to republish them.

The Act relating to the Bank of the U. States has been unanimously accepted by the Stockholders of that institution. A

faithful, zealous and fearless devotion to their interests, is to be prepared and presented to Nicholas Biddle, Esq. At the meeting of the stockholders, John Sergeant, Esq. delivered an eloquent address, Capt. T. J. Baird, agent for Messra. Carey, Lea and Co. have sunk a shaft on the Black Mine, on the York Farm, to the depth of 180 feet on the inclination of the President.—Mr. Biddle addressed the stockterms of the character and conduct of the withdrawar of capital, a state of things' would ex. deat to a new and untried business, until the anholders in presenting the charter, in the course of which he detailed the advantages of the same, and among other things sta-

ted that the Bank will be able, cat of its reserved profits, to pay the bonus of \$2,-500,000, and provide for the annual pay-ment of \$100,000 for 20 years. Ile also people would be endangered. The miserable addressed the stockholders in reply to the public while the indefinite whil 500,000, and provide for the annual payaddressed the stockholders in reply to the resolution of thanks and the service of plate, prints, while the wholesome truths, marshalled in support of the measure, were in many instance es excluded. The same fearful forcbodings, about

tution over the unmerited persecutions of of the loss of liberty with the subjugation of the The same company are now sinking a shaft on the its enemics. Every citizen of the Com-Lewis vein, and erecting a steam engine of 20 horse monwealth has a deep pecuniary interest the proplet to a monied institution. How sadiy were the advantage of the advantage monwealth has a deep pecuniary interest use predictions laisince. That cank was still in acts of incorporation, it the immunities granice operation, and the libertics are all well secured be open to all,-ket a law be passed exempting as ever. Its notes are soldom seen, and its infinite the persons and property of all engaged in the ence has nover been feh, except in accellerating coal trade, from all liability beyond the amount prosperity. Every friend of education and the libertice are been feh, except in accellerating of capital actually embarked in the bisiness. The internal' improvement must exult at the liftbuse, who homestly entertained such fears of sinces by means of agents, they must superintend it lature to grant them charters, that indivi-themselves, and while doing so, they prefer cleanlines, duals could not command capital sufficient bright prospects which this great measure of moral of incorporating the back of North America in bright prospects which this great measure has opped upon these sources of moral culture and physical improvement. We therefore unfeignedly and heartily con-gratulate our readers upon the reestablish-

1521 estimated at \$250,000.

bles him to distinguish with absolute certainty, and most proceed to prenounce the sentence of ses, opening of collicries, towns, wharvea, scal-the law, which is, that you Jone EARLS be taken lands and working capital, \$5,697,570, in the hence to the place from whence you came, within Schuylkill district sione. This was known to be the jail of the county of Lycoming, and from a moderate estimate of the investments at the the Stockholders of that institution. A thence to the place of eraculion, within the wolls or time, and it is contain they have been increased splendid service of Plate, with suitable in yard of the jail; and that you be there hanged by since. Individuals have sout to market during the last ecason, from this region, 224,969 tons of coal. It is not pretended that the whole of the

the neck until you are DEAD. And may God have mercy upon your soul.

The Bank Bill .- Mr. Penrose concluded his able Speech on the final passage of held like lots in the neighborhood of some large the Bank Bill, as follows:

On the 3d of next month, the charter of the invested thus largely, and have engaged and per-sank of the United States expired, and ceased.— severed in the business, for uppards of ten years ist, which would carry ruin and desolation nual product of their labors has reached near a throughout the commonwealth. It was in vain, million of dollars; who, with a knowledge of these throughout the commonwealth. It was in vain, that men, relied upon hard money, as the only facts, will venture to assert that the min circulating medium, We must charter a vending of coal is a business beford the means large state bank, or our capital will leave us, our hard money will vanish, and a mass of worth-will not engage. Where then we solemnly ask, our hard moncy will vanish, and a mass of worth-less rags will supply its place. The cry had gone forth, and no doubt many believed it, that if we chartered a great state bank, the liberties of the people would be endangered. The miseral ges and immunities to one set of men, and with-bolding them from others equally meritorious.— in support of the measure, were in many instanc-es excluded. The same fortbol forcbodings, about the loss of liberty, were honestly instance. which were alike bonorable to his the loss of liberty, were honestly intertained, by many when the bank of North American Coal Company have sunk a shaft on the Spohn vein to the depth of 300 feet on the iselination of the veia, and crected a steam engine of the trumph of the sinstiquire that equal unmunities be granted to all o-as worthy of protection, as if word and worked by a company. If the coal trade requires the legislative aid sought for by the applicants for expediency of such a measure might be question. ed, but, if chariters are granted to any, its justice cannot be controveried.

At the commencement of the coal trade in Schuylkill county, when little or no capital was invested in the business, a number of applications rive needers upon the reestablish-ment of the Bank of the United States. A Young Giant.—The Legislature of Indiana have passed a law authorising a loan of \$10,000,000, to be expended under a Board, for the purpose of Internal Im-provements. The splendid building in New York known as the Methodist Book Establish-meht, was entirely consumed by fire last weck, together with all its contents. Loss estimated at \$250,000.

MARRIED.

At Orwigsburg, on Sunday evening 21st February, by the Rev. M. Harpel, Josern S. FILBERT, Merchant, of Berks county, to MATELDA, daughter of George' Rahn, Esq. late Sheriff of Schuylkill county.

In Berks county, on Tuesday the 23d inst. by the Rev. Mr. Harman, WILLIAM above investments are applied to carrying on the coal-trade, much of it is in coal lands, which are TAGGART, Merchant, of Tamaqua, to Es-THER ANN; daughter of Mr. A. Lee, of the former place.

DIED,

At Orwigsburg, on Wednesday evening the 17th inst. ELMIRA, daughter of Edward Huntzinger, of Middleport, Schuylning and kill county, aged 9 months and 10 days.

Harrison & Granger.

Young Men's State Convention.

THE State Committee having recommended a State Convention of Young Men, to be held at Harrisburg, on Wednesday the 23d day of March next, for the purpose of adopting such measures as may be depined necessary to pro-mote the success of the Democratic Republican nominations of Gen. WILLIAM H. HARRI. SON for the Presidency, and FRANCIS GRAN-GER, for the Vice Presidency, the Young Men of Schuylkill county, favourable to said Nominations, are requested to meet at the Court House in the borough of Orwigsbarg, on Saturday the 12th day of March next, for the purpose offelecting two delegates to represent Schuylkill county, in said Convention

MANY YOUNG DEMOCRATS. Feb 27 15-3

Lumber for Sale.

2.600 feet inch and half inch cherry boards 3.500 do balf inch and inch poplar, do 2.000 do paniel and commission pino. do ill well sessoned and for talk by Feb 27 150 BAMT, HARTZ & Co. all well season

DROCLAMATION -Notice in bereby gives PROCLAMATION - Notice is hereby gives that a Courtof Common Fleak for the trial of chose at issue, in and for the county of fichoylall. will be held at Orwigsburg, if the county aforesand, on Monday the 21st day of March sext, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. Therefore all perioas having suits pending, and all persons whose duty it shall be to appear at said Court, will take notice and govern themselves accordingly-MENRY RAUSH, Sheriff.

Sheriffa Offices, Orwige, MENRY RAUSII, Sheriff burg, Feb. 27, 1858. 15-4 1877 Functual attendance is demanded of the Jurors. and Witnesses summoned to attend this Court.