# New Advertisements.

TRAYED.—Strayed from the premises of the TRAYED.—Stilly a the Borough of Greensubscriber, residing in the B greencastle, Dec 15, 1863.

MINE Secretary of the Treasury has not yet given mile of any intention to withdraw this popular loun from Sale at Par, and until ten days no get is given, the undersigned, a "GENERAL gues CRIPTION AGENT," will continue to supply

the public.
The whole amount of the Loan authorized is Five The whole amount of the Loan authorized is five than red Millions of Dollars. NEARLY FOUR MICHORED MILLIONS HAVE BEEN ALREADY SUSCRIBED FOR AND PAID INTO THE TREA-The mostly within the last seven months. The large demand from abroad, and the rapidly increasing home demand for use as the basis for circula ing home demand Banking Associations now organ hish by National Danking Associations now organ iding in all parts of the country, will, in a very short period, absorb the balance. Sales have late-ly ranged from ten to fifteen millions weekly, frerently exceeding three millions daily, and it is grains exceeding three minions using, and it is sell known that the Secretary of the Treasury has ample a d untiling resources in the Duties on imports and Internal Revenues, and in the issue of the interest bearing Legal Tender Treasury Notes, it is almost a certainty that he will not find it noit is almost a certainty that he will not had it he-researy, for a long time to come, to seek a market for any other long or permanent Loans, THE IN-TEREST AND PRINCIPAL OF WHICH ARE PAY-

ABLE IN GOLD. Prudence and self-interest must force the minds of those contemplating the formation of National Banking Associations, as well as the minds of all the have idle money on their hands, to the prompt conclusion that they should lose no time in subserbing to this most popular Loan. It will soon beyond their reach, and advance to a handsome premium, as was the result with the "Seven Thirty' Loan, when it was all sold and could no longer be

subscribed for at par.
IT IS A SIX PER CENT LOAN, THE INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL PAYABLE IN COIN. THUS YIELDING OVER NINE PER CENT. PER ANNUM n the present rate of premium on soin.

The Government requires all duties on imports to be paid in Gold; these duties for a long time past amounted to over a Quarter of a Million of Dollars daily, a sum nearly three times greater than that required in the payment of the interest on all the 5.20's and other permanent Loans. So that it is hoped that the surplus Coin in the Treasury, at no distant day, will enable the United States to resume specie payments upon all liabilities.

The Loan is called 5-20 from the fact that Bonds

may run for 20 years, yet the Government has a right to pay them off in Gold at par, at any time after 5 years.
THE INTEREST IS PAID HALF-YEARLY, viz.

on the first days of November and May. Subscribers can have Coupon Bonds, which are payable to bearer, and are \$50, \$100, \$500, and Since; or Registered Bonds of same denomina-tion, and in addition. \$5,:00, and \$10,000. For lanking purposes and for investments of Trustmonies the Registered Bonds are preferable.

These 5-20's can be taxed by States, cittes, towns, or counties, and the Government tax on them is only one-and-a-half per cent .. on the amount of income, when the income of the holder exceeds Six Hundred dollars per annum; all other investments such as income from Mortgages, Railroad Stock and Bonds etc., must pay from three to five per cent, tax on the income.

Banks and Bankers throughout the Country will continue to dispose of the Bonds; and all orders by mail, or otherwise promptly attended to.

The inconvenience of a few days' delay in the delivery of Bonds is unavoidable, the demand being so great; but as interest commences from the day f subscription, no loss is occasioned, and every effort is being made to diminish the delay. JAY COOKE,

Subscription Agent,
114 South Thi d St., Philadelphia.
Dec. 8, 1893-8t.

NECOND SUPPLY

FALL AND WINTER

PRATHER & CO. HAVE just received a large and unrivalled stock of fall and Winter Goods, which they offer at very

# SHORT PROFITS.

They invite attention to their assortment of

DRESS GOODS: ERINOES WOOL DELAINES, MERINOES BRILLIANT, do. COBURGS. COL'D ALPAÇAS, FRENCH REPS, BL'K ALPACAS, POPLINS.

CLOAKANG COTAS. PRINTS AND DELAINS,

SHAWLS, of the latest styles.

HAIR NETS AND CORSETS, HOOP SKIRTS AND BALMORALS, HOODS, SONTAGS AND NUBIAS, Ginghams, Tickings, Flannels, and

# DOMESTIC GOODS

Cloths, Satinctts, Union Cassimeres, Black and Fancy Cassimeres, Jeans, Shirts and Shirt ing Flannels, Woolen and Cotton Hosiery Gloves, Stocking Yarn and Factory Flannel.

# BOOTS & SHOES, FLOOR OIL CLOTH. WALL PAPER,

de, can be bought here as low as elsewhere. The attention of cash buyers is directed to their stock of Goods, which will be found equal in quantily and quality, and at as low prices as can be found at any similar establishment in the county.

Remember the place is on the Southwest corner of the Public Square, next door to Hollar & Hotel.

S. H. PRATHER & CO. Greencastle Nov 24, 1863.-1y

NEW BOOT AND SHOE SHOP OHN B. BYERS takes pleasure in informing I his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a new Boot and Shoe Shop, on West Ballinger. more street, at the residence of Miss Nelly Mc Dowell, where he will beprepared at all times, to manufacture Ladies'. Gentlemens' and Boys Booss and Shoes, at the shortest notice, and upon the most reasonable terms. He feels confident his work will give satisfaction.

Greencastle, Nov. 17, 1868-tf DERSONS wanting Tinware, made of extra heavy Tin, will save morey by calling at J. W. BARE's.

CLOTHING FOR THE MILLION!

JAMES A. HAUS Has just received a new and elegant stock of

Fall and Winter Goods, for Men and Bays' wear, consisting in part, of BLACK FRENCH CLOTHS,

of the best quanties, Fanny Cloths, a choice selection of Summer Cassineres, Black Doeskin Cassi meres, Boys Cassimeres, (aneap), Wabash Cassimeres, Linen Coating, Linen and Cotton Pant Stuff, Jeans, Cords, Drillings. &c.

Gents' Furnishing Goods Hose, Gloves, Suspenders, Pocket Handkerchiefs,

ravats, Neck Ties, Shirts, Collars, &c.

Goods made up at short notice. None but the best of workmen are employed. Custom work taken in as by any other tailor, and made up sub-stantially and neatly. Persons wishing to get any other tailor to make up their goods can buy them from us, as enerp and as reasonable as at any other establishment in the county.

Cutting done at all times. Fashions regularly received. Terms,

Cash or short time to prompt paying customers. P. S. I have also a LIVERY Estab'ishment and

are prepared to hire at all times HORSES, BUGGIES and WAGONS. Good Drivers furnished when desired. Terms for hire. Castl. Greencastle, Nov. 24, 1863.

### NEW HARDWARE.

### A. W. WELSH, Dealer in Hardware and Cutlery,

GREENCASTLE, PA.

have just opened a complete and selected stock of Building and Housekeeping Hardware, which I offer to the citizens of this place and vicinty, at prices that cannot fail to please.

Table and Pocket Cutlery, Iron and Nails,
Oils. Paints and Putty,
Hinges, Locks and Screws. Tinned, Hollow and Enamelled Ware,
Tubs, Buckets, Churus, &c.

A large assortment of Window Glass,

A beautiful stock of Coffin Trimmings, Brusnes, Ropes and Shoe Findings. A general assortment of all kinds always on hand. Call and see the beautiful stock just opened.
Greencastle, November 17, 1863-ly.

### GREAT DISCOVERY! KUNKEL'S

Bitter Wine of Iron. For the cure of weak stomachs, general debility, in digestion, diseases of the nervous system, constipa-tion, acidity of the stomach, and for all cases re-

quiring a touic.

This wine includes the most agreeable and efficient Salt of Iron we possess; Citrate of Magnetic Oxide combined, with the most energetic of vegetable tonics, Yellow Peruvian Bark. The effect in many cases of debility, loss of appetite, and general proscases of decounty, to the companies of the companies of the efficient Salt of Iron, combined with our valuable Nerve Tonic, is most happy. It augments the appetite, raises the pulse, takes off mustices and the companies of the cular flabbiness, removes the palor of debitity, and

gives a florid vigor to the countenance. Do you want something to strengthen you? Do you want a good appetite?

Do you want to build up your constitution? Do you want to feel well?

Do you want to get rid of nervousness? Do you want energy?
Do you want to sleep well?

Do you want a brisk and vigorous feeling? If you do, try

Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron! This truly valuable Tonic has been so thoroughly tested by all classes of the community that it is now deemed indispensable as a tonic medicine. It costs but little, purifies the blood, and gives tone to the

stomach, renovates the system, and prolongs life I now only ask a trial of this valuable tonic.

COUNTERFEITS. BEWARE OF COUNTERERITS.—As KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE of Iron is the only sure and effect in the known world for Dyspensishand Debility, and as there are a number of imitations offered to the public. we would caution the community to purchase none but the genuine article, manufactured by S, A. KUNKEL, and has his stamp on the top of the cork of every bottle. The very fact that others are attempting to imitate this valuable remedy proves its worth and speaks volumes in its favor. The BITTER WINE OF IRON is put up in 75 cent and \$1 bottles, and sold by all respectable druggists throughout the country. Be particular that every bottle bears the fac simile of the proprietor's signa-

General Depot, 118 Market st., Harrisburg, Pa. For sale in Greencastle, by J. H. HOSTETTER, and all respectable dealers throughout the county. Prepared and sold. Wholesale and Retail, by KUNKEL & BORTHER,

Apothecarys, 118 Market Street, [Nov9.'63-6m]

The Great

AMERICAN TEA COMPANY,

51 Vesey Street, New York;

Since its organization, has created a new era in the history of

Wholesaling Teas in this Country. They have introduced their selections of Teas, and are selling them at not over Two Cents (.02 Cents)

per pound above Cost, never deviating from the ONE

PRICE asked. Another peculiarity of the company is that their TEA TASTER not only devotes his time to the selecion of their Teas as to quality, value, and particular styles for particular localities of country. but he helps the TEA buyer to choose out of their enormous stock such TEAS as are best adapted to his peculiar wants, and not only this, but points out to him the best bargains. It is easy to see the incalculable adantage a TEA BUYER has in this establishment over all others. If he is no judge of TEA, or the MARKET. if his time is valuable, he has all the benefits of a well

capital. of the judgment of a professional Tea Taster, and the knowledge of superior salesmen. This enables all Tea buyers—no matter if they are thousands of miles from this market—to purchase on as good terms here as the New York mer-

organized system of doing business, of an immense

chants Parties can order Tens and will be served by us as well as though they came themselves, being sure o get original packages, true weights and tares; and the Teas are warranted as represented.

We issue a Price List of the Company's Teas, which will be sent to all who order it; comprising Hyson, Young Hyson, Imperial, Gunpowder, Twankay and Skin.

Oolong, Souchong, Orange and Hyson Pekoe. Japan Ten of every description, colored and uncolored. This list has each kind of Tea divided into Four Classes, namely: CARGO, high CARGO, FINE,

FINEST, that every one may understand from description and the prices annexed that the Company are determined to undersell the whole Tea trade, We guarantee to sell all our Teas at not over TWO CENTS (.02 Cents) per pound above cost, believing this to be attractive to the many who have

heretofore been paying Enormous Profits. Great American Tea Company, Importers and Jobbers, Sept. 15, 1863-3m.] No. 51 Vescy St., N. Y.

PURCHASERS

WE are receiving goods every day from the eastern cities, and have ready for sale, the following list of articles, which we can sell cheaper than sold elsewhere:

Bleached Muslins, Unbleached " Bleached Drillings, Unbleached " Colored Canton Flannels, Tickings, Hickory, Bed Checks,

Shirting Checks,

and prices.

Linen Table Diaper,

White Flannels, Colored do Kentucky Jeans, Corset Satiuetts, Velvet Cords, Cotton Table Diaper, do do Cloths, Crash Towelings, Counterpanes. Linen Table Cloths,

# MENS' WEAR.

Boys Undershirts, Cloths, Suspenders, Cravats, Vestings. Cassimeres, Handkf's, Scarfs, Boys Drawers, Undershirts, Collars, Neck Ties. Shirt Fronts, Drawers, Kid Gloves. Satin Stocks, Hosiery, In this branch we have everything of all styles

# Ladies Department.

Black Silks, Fancy Silks. Plain Silks, Grenadines, Tissues, Bereges, Challis, Delaines, Lawns, Ginghams, Brilliants, Calicos, Traveling Goods, Lustres, Mohair and Lavella Cloths, Ducals, Plaids, Poplins, Chintzes, &c.

and everything to be found among the numerous textures, styles and qualties, from a ten cent Calico to the most expensive silk.

# SHAWLS

Everything new and desirable.

WHITE GOODS!

Jackonetts, Cambries. Lineas, Briliants, Dimitys, Checks, Stripes.

EMBROIDERIES, &c.

French Muslins, Cambric Linens, Book Musiins, Victoria Lawns, Bobbinnetts, Mulls, Blonds, Skirtings. Linings,

Laces. Swiss Edgings, . Cambric Edgings. Swiss Insertings, Cambric Insertings, Swiss and Cambric Flouncings, French Worked Handkerchiefs, French Worked Collars and Sleeves, Infant Bodies, Dimities, &c., &c., &c.

We are satisfied that in the above Goods we have everything to meet the demands of any customer. GLOVES, HOSIERY, GAUNTLETS, VEILS UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS,

and everything in the Notion Line.

### SKELETON SKIRTS A superior article always on hands.

The best article of

## KID GLOVES. anufactured, for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Particular attention is paid to each different branch of our business; and we hope by strict attention and reasonable profits, to merit our heretofore liberal patronage, and greatly enlarge our bu-siness. T S RILEY & CO Greencastle, Dec 2 1362-ly

\$100 REWARD! for a medicine that

Coughs. Influenza, Tickling in the Throat, Whooping Cough or relieve Consumptive Cough, ns quick as

# COE'S COUGH BALSAM

Over Five Thousand Bottles have been sold in its native town, and not a single instance of its failure

We have, in our possession, any quantity of cer tificates, some of them from EMINENT PHYSICI-4NS, who have used it in their practice, and given t the precininence over any other compound.

# It does not Dry up a Cough,

but loosens it, so as to enable the patient to expectorate freely. Two or three doses will invariably cure Tickling in the Throat. A half bottle has often completely cured the most stunborn cough, and yet, though it is so sure and speedy in its operation. is perfectly harmless, being purely vegetable. It is very agreeable to the taste, and may be administered to children of any age. In cases of CROUF we will guarantee a cure, if taken in season.

No family should be without It.

It is within the reach of all, the price being only 25 Cents And if an investment and thorough trial does not "back up" the above statement, the money will be refunded. We say this knowing its merits, and feel confident that one trial will secure for it a home in every household.

Do not waste away with Coughing, when so small an investment will cure you. It may be had of any respectable Druggist in town, who will furnish you with a circular of genuine certificates of cures C. G. CLARK & CO., it has made. Proprietors.

New Haven, Ct.

[Sect. 29, 1863 -3m.

At Wholesale, by Johnston, Holloway & Cowden, 23 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. For sale by Druggists in city, county, and every

BUSINESS MEN.—The Franklin Re pository has the Largest Circulation of any paper in the State out of the cities, and is the best Advertising Medium in Southern Pennsylvania.-Terms reasonable.

MCLURE & STONER, Proprietors.

VINELAND. TO ALL WANTING FARMS. New Settlement of Vineland.

A EMEDY FOR HARD TIMES. A Rare Opportunity in the Best Market, and Most Delightful and Healthful Climate in the Union. Only signific and Descripted Committee in the Union. Unity thirty miles South of Philadelphia, on a Railroad; being a Rich, Heavy Soil, and Highly Productive Wheat Land; Amongst the Best in the Garden State

of New Jersey. It consists of 20,000 acres of GOOD land, divided into Furins of different sizes to suit the purchaser— FROM 20 ACRES AND UPWARDS—and is sold at the rate of from \$15 to \$20 per acre for the farm land, payable one-fourth cash, and the balance by quarter-yearly installments, with legal interest, within the term of four years.

The Soil is, in great part, a Rich Clay Loam, suitable for Wheat, Grass and Potatoes—also a dark and rich sandy leam, suitable for corn, sweet-potatoes, tobacco, all kinds of vegetables and root crops, and the finest varieties of fruit, such as Grapes, Pears, Peaches, Apricots, Necturines, Blackberries, Melons and other fruits, best adapted to the Philadelphia and New York Markets. In respect to the soil and and everything in the Domestic line of all qualities crops there can be no mistake, as visitors can examine both, and none are expected to buy before so doing, and finding these statements correct-under these circumstances, unless these statements were correct, there would be no use in their being made. It is considered the best Fruit soil in the Union.

[See Reports of Solon Robinson, Esq., of the New York Tribune, and the well-known agriculturist, William Parry, of Cinnaminson, New Jersey, which

will be furnished inquirers.]

The Market.--By looking over a map the reader will perceive that it enjoys the best market in the Union, and has direct communication with New York and Philadelphia twice a day, I sing only thirty-two miles from the latter. Producer this market brings double the price that it does in locations distant from the cities. In this location it can be put into market the same morning it is gathered, and for what the farmer sells he gets the highest price: whilst groceries and other articles he purchases he gets at the lowest price. In the West, what he sells brings him a pittance, but for what he buys he pays two prices. In locating here the settler has many other advantages. He is within a few hours, by railroad, of all the great cities of New England and the Middle States. He is near his old friends and associations. He has school for his children, divine service, and all the advantages of civilization,

and he is near a large city.
The Climate is delightful; the winters being salubrious and open, whilst the summers are no warmer than in the North. The location is upon the line of latitude with northern Virginia.

Persons Wauting a change of Climate for Health, would be much benefitted in Vineland. The mildness of the climate and its bracing influence, makes it excellent for all pulmonary affections, dyspepsia or general debility. Visitors will notice a difference in a few days. Chills and fevers are unknown.

Commences at Hand.—Building material is plen-

ty. Fish and dysters are plenty and cheap.
Visitors must expect, however, to see a new place.

Why the Property has not been Settled Before?— This question the reader naturally asks. It is because it has been held in large tracts by families not lisposed to sell, and being without railroad facilities they had few inducements. The Railroad has just been opened through the property this season, for

Visitors are shown over the land in a carriage, free of expense, and afforded time and opportunity for thorough investigation. Those who come with a view to settle, should bring money to secure their purchases, as locations are not held upon refusal. The Safest thing in Hard Times, where people have been thrown out of employment or business, and possess some little means or small incomes, is to start themselves a home. They can buy a piece of land at a small price, and earn more than wases in improving it, and when it is done it is a certain in-dependence and no 1989. A few acres in fruit trees will insure a comfortable living. The land is put down to hard times, and all improvements can be made at a cheaper rate than most any other time. The whole tract, with six miles front on the railroad, is being laid out with fine and spacious avenues, with I town in the centre-five acre lots in the town sell at from \$150 to \$200; two and a-half acre lots, at from \$80 to \$120, and town lots 50 feet front by 150 feet deep, at \$100-payable one-half cash and the balance within a year. It is only upon

farms of twenty acres, or more, that four years' To Manufacturers, the town affords a fine opening

good market. This settlement, in the course of several years, will be one of the most beautiful places in the counry, and most agreeable for a residence.

It is intended to make it a Vine and Fruit grow-

ing country, as this culture is the most profitable and the best adapted to the market. Every advantage and convenience for settlers will be introduced which will insure the prosperty of the place. The plow at \$9 an acre, and on some of it the first crop and times throughout the country will be an advantage to the settlement, as it compels people to resort

Improved Land is also for sale. TIMBER.-Land can be bought with or without The Timber at market valuation.

The title is indisputable. Warrantee Deeds given clear of all incumbrance, when the money is paid. Boarding conveniences at hand. Letters promptly answered, and Reports of Solon Robinson and Wm. Parry sent, together with the

Vineland Rural." Route to the Land:-Leave Walnut street wharf, Philadelphia, at 9 o'clock, A. M., and 4 P. M., (unless there should be a change of hour,) for Vineland, on the Glassboro' and Millville Railroad. When you leave the cars at Vineland Station, just opened,

inquire for CHAS. K. LANDIS. Postmaster,

Founder of the Colony, Vineland P. O., Cumberland Co., N. J. P. S -- There is a change of cars of Glassboro'. Also beware of sharpers on the cars from New York and Philadelphia to Vineland, inquiring your business, destination. &c.

December 3, 1861-8mos. I ISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. Notice is hereby given that the co-partner-ship subsisting since April 1, 1861, between A. L. Inwin and James M. Inwin, of Greencastle, Frankin county, Pa., under the firm and style of A. L. lawin & Son, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. The Books and Accounts of the late firm are in the hands of A. L. Inwin for collection. All persons indebted to the late firm, are requested to make immediate payment.

A. L. IRWIN. JAMES M. IRWIN. Greencastle, May 7, 1863.

The undersigned have this day (May 7, 1863, formed a copartnership, under the name and style of Inwin & RHOADS, and having purchased the whole stock of goods, lately belonging to A. L. In win & Son, respectfully inform the people of Green eastle and surrounding country, that they will con tinue the business on the South-east corner of the Public Square, where they invite all persons need ing Hardware, Oils and Paints to give them a cal and examine their stock. Most of the goods have been purchased before the advance in prices in the cities, and will be sold greatly below their present value. Persons in need of Building Hardware, can obtain it at this house, cheaper than any where else in the county. Come where you can always get the

in the county. worth of your money.

JAMES M. IRWIN. CHARLES W. RHODES. Greencastle, May 12, 1863.-tf.

SALE BILLS PRINTED HERE, NEATLY AND within a two hours' cide out of Philadelphia.

Report of Solon Robinson.

OF THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE, UPON VINELAND SETTLEMENT. The following is an extract from the report of Solon Robinson, Esq., published in the New York Tribuna, in reference to Vineland. All persons one

re d this report with interest.

Advantages of Farming near Home-Vineland-Remarks upon Marl—Soil, its great Fertility—The Cause of Fertility—Amount of Crops Produced— Practical Evidence.

It is certainly one of the most extensive fertile tracts, in an almost level position, and suitable condition for pleasant farming that we know of this side of the westpressant farming that we know of this side of the western prairies. We found some of the oldest farms apparently just as profitable productive as when first cleared
of forest fifty or a hundred years upo.

The geologist would soon discover the cause of this
continued fertility. The whole country is a marine
deposit, and all through the soil we found evidences
of coloragous substances generally in the form of

of culcureous substances, generally in the form of indurated calcareous marl, showing many distinct forms of ancient shells, of the terriary formation; and this marly substance is scattered all through the soil, in a very comminuted form, and in the exact condition most easily assimilated by such plasants the farmer desires to cultivate. Marl, in all its forms, has been used to fertilize

crops in England, from the time it was occupied by the Romans; and in France and Germany a mark bed is counted on as a valuable bed of manure, that can be dug and carted and spread over the field .--How much more valuable then it must be, when found already mixed through the soil, where new particles will be turned up and exposed, and transformed to the owner's use every time he stirs the earth.

Having then satisfied our minds of the cause, they will not be excited with wonder at seeing indubitable evidence of fertility in a soil which in other situations, having the same general characteristics or at least appearances, is entirely unrenumerative except as its productiveness is promoted by artificial fertil-

A few words about the quality and value of this land for cultivation, of which we have some strong

Our first visit was to William D. Wilson, Franklin township, Gloucester county, who purchased some eight miles north of Millville, about three years ago, for the purpose of establishing a steam mill, to work up the timber into lumber, to send off by the new railroad, as well as the firewood and coal, for which he built a branch track a mile and a half long. He also furnished sixteen miles of the road with tica, and has no doubt made the mill profitable, though his main object was to open a farm, having become convinced that the soil was valuable for cultivation. In this he has not been disappointed, as some of his crops prove. For instance, last year, the second time of cropping, 306 bushels of pulatoes on one acre, worth 50 cents a bushel in the field. This year seven acres, without manure, produced 356 bushels seven acres, without minure, produced 356 bushels of onts. In one field, the first crop was potatoes, planted among the roots, and yielded 75 bushels.—The potatoes were dug, and wheat sown, and yielded 16 bushels; and the stubble turned under and sown to buckwheat, which yielded 33% bushels; and then the greatly account to electrons. and then the ground was sown to clover and timothy,

which gave as a first crop 21 tons per acre.

The fertilizers applied to these crops were first, ashes from clearings; second, 225 pounds of superphosphate of lime; third, 200 pounds Peruvian gu-ano; then 50 bushels of slaked lime has been spread upon the clover since it was mowed, and turned in

Mr. Wilson's growing crops, and the wheat stubble of the present season, all indicate his land as

productive as any part of the State.

At Mary Barrow's, an old style Jersey woman farmer, several miles south of Mr. Wilson's, we were so particularly struck with the fine appearance of a field of corn, that we stopped to inquire of the hirest man how it was produced. We found that the land had been the year but one before in wheat, sown with clover, and this cut one season, and last spring plowed once, with one "poor old nag," and planted

with corn. "Yes, but you manured high, we suppose?" we said interrogatively, and got this reply :-

"Waal, you see, we couldn't a done that; 'cause we hadn t but forty one-horse loads altogether, fer 23 acres, and we wanted the most on't for the truck. The truck consisted of beets, carrots, cabbage, cucumbers, melons, &c., and a very productive patch of Lima beans, grown for marketing. So we were satisfied that the soil was not lafertile, even unaided by clover, which had fed the corn, because the "truck patch" had not been in cultivation long enough to

obliterate all signs of the forest. Our next visit was to the large farm of Andrew for the Shoe manufacturing business, and other articles, being near Philadelphia, and the surrounding country has a large population, which affords a tre of Vineland. Mr. Sharp commenced work here in December, 1858, upon 270 acres. In less than three years, he has got 234 acres cleared and in crops this season, as well inclosed and divided inte several fields, with cedar rail or pole fence; has built a two-story dwelling, about 36 by 40 feet, and a smaller house for farm laborers, and a stable and

granary and some other out buildings. Considerable part of the land was cleared for the was buckwheat, limed with 50 bushels in powder per acre. This crop may be put in July 4th to 20th, and yields 20 to 30 bushels per acre, harvested in Large numbers of people are purchasing, and the people who desire the best location should visit the to 15 bushels per acre and \$10 worth of straw. The rye stubble turned, after knocking off a large growth of oak sprouts, and dressed again with guano and seeded to wheat, gave 15 or 16 bushels. The crop which he was threshing while we were there promises more, of a very plump grain, and the straw is

very heavy. We went over the stubble, and found the clover and timothy, from seed sowed last spring, on the wheat without harrowing. looking as well as we ever saw it upon any old cultivated farm, and with a little work done in the winter to clear off some roots and rotten stumps, and setting stakes to mark permanent ones, he will be able to cut the crop the next year with a mowing machine, and we will guarantee two tons per ucre, if he will give the overplus if it over-

runs the estimate. Part of the land was planted with potatoes for a first erop, which yielded 120 bushels per acre. It was then limed with 50 bushels per acre, and seeded with wheat and clover, yielded and average of over 15 bushels per acre, and the clover now looks beau-

Other portions have been planted with corn as a first crop, which yielded 30 bushels of yellow Intern, and the second crop 40 bushels, and the third crop, treated to 150lbs, of guano, we are sure no one would estimate below 40 bushels per acre.

The reader will recollect that the writer is now speaking of land perfectly new, and which can scarcely be considered in good arable condition —

In other cases, the corn crop of last year was followed with oats this season, not yet threshed, but will average probably 40 to 50 bushels. Sweet potatoes, beans, melons, and, in fact, all garden vegctables, as well as young peach and other fruit rees planted this year show very plainly that this long neglected tract of land should remain so no longer, and there is now a strong probability that it will not; for under the auspices of Mr. Landis, it will be divided into small lots, with roads located to accommodate all-the surveyor is now busy at this work-and all purchasers will be required to build neat comfortable houses, and either fence their lots in uniformity, or ugree to live without fence, which would be preferable, by which means a good population will be secured, who will establish churches, schools, stores, mills, mechanic shops and homes—homes of American farmers, surrounded by gardens, erchards, fields and comforts of civ-

If may one, from any derangement of business, is desirous of changing his pursuits of life, or who is from any cause desirous to find a new location and cheap home in the country, and who may read und believe what we have truly stated, he will do well to go and see for himself what may be seen

SOLON ROBINSON.