

REILLY, eldest daughter of the Hon. WILSON REILLY of this place. The service was performed by the Rev. S. J. NICOLLS, in the Presbyterian church, on the 14th instant.

They have entered into a contract by which they have engaged to live with each other in mutual affection and fidelity until death shall separate them.

STONEMAN'S RAID.—The following is a summary of the work accomplished by General Stoneman's expedition in Virginia:

Table listing military achievements: Bridges destroyed, Curriers destroyed, Ferries destroyed, Railroads broken, Supply trains burned, Wagons destroyed, Horses captured, Mules captured, Canals broken, Canal boats burned, Trains of cars destroyed, Storehouses burned, Telegraph stations burned, Wires cut, Depots burned, Towns visited, Contrabands liberated.

Besides the destruction of enormous quantities of pork, bacon, flour, wheat, corn, clothing, and other articles of great value to the rebel army.

Burned.—On Friday last three cars loaded with hay, belonging to BROGAN & GROVE, took fire while the train was between this place and Marion.

MARRIED.—By Rev. T. G. Apple, in this place, July 3, 1860, Mr. W. S. Dunlap to Miss Mollie E. Henneberger, both of Newville, Cumberland county, Pa.

In this place, by the same, on the 30th April, 1863, at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. Samuel Stover to Miss Susan E. Gillan, both of this vicinity.

In this place, May 8, 1862, by Rev. J. Rebaugh, Mr. Philip Long to Miss Rose Ann Shaffer, both of this county.

THE POMB. DIED.—Near the Marsh Run, April 27, 1862, Samuel Smith, son of Jacob Smith, aged 25 years, 4 months and 25 days.

In this place, May 17th, 1863, Miss Charlotte, daughter of Mr. Adam Fisher, aged 18 years, 1 month and 11 days.

Near this place, May 20th, 1863, Edward L. Wise, in the 6th year of his age.

Near the Wagon Run, May 24, 1863, child of Mr. James Wilson, in the 4th year of his age.

Near this place, May 20, 1862, Mrs. Helen, wife of J. L. P. Detrich, aged 20 years, 4 months and 23 days.

Mrs. DERRICK was a modest and accomplished lady. All who knew her revered and respected her.

Special Notice.—On and after JULY 1st, 1863, the privilege of converting the present issue of LEADY TENDER NOTES INTO THE NATIONAL SIX PER CENT. LOAN (commonly called "Five-Twenty") will cease.

All who wish to invest in the Five-Twenty Loan must therefore apply before the 1st of JULY next. JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent, No. 114 S. Third St., Philadelphia, April 14-5m.

Markets table listing prices for various goods: Flour, Wheat, Corn, Beans, Pork, Bacon, Lard, Sugar, Coffee, Tea, etc.

New Advertisements.

DISSOLUTION.—The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, doing business under the name and title of T. S. RILEY & Co., was dissolved by mutual consent on the 12th day of March, 1863.

- LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING IN the Post Office at Greencastle, May 15, 1863. Allen, Jerome, Byers, Ann Maria, Bosler, Joseph, Clark, Miss Mary, Cromer, John, Clark, Isaac J., Carl, James, Davis, Hester Jane, Deck, Mary C., Davis, Maria, Eversole, Abraham, Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say they were advertised.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership subsisting since April 1, 1861, between A. L. IRWIN and JAMES M. IRWIN, of Greencastle, Franklin county, Pa., under the firm and style of A. L. IRWIN & SON, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent.

A. L. IRWIN, JAMES M. IRWIN, Greencastle, May 7, 1863.

The undersigned have this day (May 7, 1863, formed a copartnership, under the name and style of IRWIN & RHOADS, and having purchased the whole stock of goods, lately belonging to A. L. IRWIN & SON, respectfully inform the people of Greencastle and surrounding country, that they will continue the business on the South-east corner of the Public Square, where they invite all persons needing Hardware, Oils and Paints to give them a call and examine their stock.

JAMES M. IRWIN, CHARLES W. RHOADS, Greencastle, May 12, 1863.-4f.

New Hat Store!

THE undersigned has purchased a million (more or less) of Hats, consisting of Eastern made Felt and Silk Hats, of the latest style, Straw Hats of all kinds and descriptions, Caps of all kinds and of the latest styles. Also a large assortment of Hats of his own manufacture, such as Black, Pearl, Brown and White Hats.

NOTICE.—Whereas, Letters of Administration, with the will annexed, on the estate of William Bratten, late of Greencastle, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, residing in said borough; all persons indebted to the said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent, will make known the same, without delay, to Admr., with the Will annexed.

A PROBLEM FOR THE LADIES. SENT FREE OF CHARGE. Address "PROBLEM," Box 943 P. O., Philadelphia, Pa. [April 21, 1863-3t]

REMOVAL.—Mrs. Catharine Wunderlich has just received from the city a handsome and complete assortment of SPRING MILLINERY, to which she invites the attention of the Ladies of Greencastle and surrounding country.

Important Arrival! S. H. PRATHER & CO. HAVE just received a large assortment of NEW GOODS,

Ladies' Dress Goods, they have Lustres, Delaines, Wool Delaines, Lavelles, Coburges, Black Silks, Cashmeres, Plain Mohair, French Merinos, Debejes.

CLOTHS FOR LADIES' CLOAKS, Shawls, Nubius, Hoods, Soutings, Hoop Skirts, Balmoral Skirts, Embroideries, Kid Gloves, Gauntlets, Collars, White Goods, Black Crape Veils, Mourning do., Cheneille and Fancy Head Nets, Lamb's Wool Hosiery, (cheap), Merino and Cotton Hosiery, Ladies' Congress Gaiters, Morocco Boots and Gum Shoes.

MENS' WEAR! Black, Blue and Brown Broadcloths, Beaver Overcoating, Petersham do., Cassimeres, Wash do., Velvet Cord, Kentucky Jeans, Satinets, Undershirts and Drawers, Soldier Skirts, Hats, Caps, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Cravats, Barnside Ties, Domestic Goods, and

BOOTS & SHOES! FLOOR OIL CLOTH. WALL PAPER.

SCHOOL BOOKS AND STATIONARY. They are selling HARDWARE! AT COST! GROCERIES!

White Sugar, Coffee, Brown Sugar, Prepared Coffee, Syrups, N. O. Molasses, Imperial Tea, Black Tea, Cheating Tobacco, Cigars, Pipes and Smoking Tobacco. Also, an excellent stock of QUEENSWARE.

We respectfully invite all persons wishing to purchase goods as cheap as the times will admit, to call and examine our new and elegant assortment. We have bought our goods for CASH, and we are enabled to sell them upon the same terms, at but a SLIGHT ADVANCE on wholesale rates.

S. H. PRATHER & CO. Greencastle Dec. 2, 1862-1y

PURCHASERS OF DRY GOODS!!

WE are receiving goods every day from the eastern cities, and have ready for sale, the following list of articles, which we can sell cheaper than sold elsewhere:

- Bleached Muslins, Unbleached " Bleached Drillings, Unbleached " Colored Canton Flannels, Tickings, Hickory, Bed Checks, Shirting Checks, Linen Table Diaper, White Flannels, Colored do Kentucky Jeans, Corset do Satinets, Velvet Cords, Cotton Table Diaper, do do Cloths, Crash Towelings, Counterpanes, Linen Table Cloths, and everything in the Domestic line of all qualities and prices.

MENS' WEAR.

- Cloths, Gloves, Boys Undershirts, Vestings, Cravats, Suspenders, Cassimeres, Handk'fs, Scarfs, Undershirts, Collars, Boys Drawers, Shirt Fronts, Drawers, Neck Ties, Satin Stocks, Hosiery, Kid Gloves.

In this branch we have everything of all styles and prices.

Ladies Department.

- Black Silks, Fancy Silks, Plain Silks, Grenadines, Tissues, Beroges, Challis, Delaines, Lawns, Ginghams, Brilliants, Calicos, Traveling Goods, Lustres, Mohair and Lavella Cloths, Ducals, Plaids, Poplins, Chintzes, &c.

and everything to be found among the numerous textures, styles and qualities, from a ten cent Calico to the most expensive silk.

SHAWLS.

Everything new and desirable. WHITE GOODS! Cambrics, Swiss, Linens, Jackonets, Brillants, Dimities, Checks, Stripes.

EMBROIDERIES, &c. French Muslins, Cambric Linens, Book Muslins, Victoria Lawns, Bobbinets, Mulls, Blonds, Skittings, Linings, Fringes,

Laces, Swiss Edgings, Cambrie Edgings, Swiss Insertings, Cambrie Insertings, Swiss and Cambrie Flouncings, French Worked Handkerchiefs, French Worked Collars and Sleeves, Infant Bodies, Dimities, &c., &c., &c.

We are satisfied that in the above Goods we have everything to meet the demands of any customer. GLOVES, HOSE, GAUNTLETS, VELS, UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS, and everything in the Notion Line.

SKELETON SKIRTS.

A superior article always on hand. The best article of KID GLOVES, manufactured, for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Particular attention is paid to each different branch of our business; and we hope by strict attention and reasonable profits, to merit our heretofore liberal patronage, and greatly enlarge our business. GREENCASTLE, Dec 2, 1862-1y

DR. LA CROIX'S Private Medical Treatise on the Physiological View of Marriage.

250 PAGES and 130 ENGRAVINGS.—Price only twenty-five cents. Sent free of postage to all part of the Union. On the infirmities of youth and maturity, disclosing the secret follies of both sexes of all ages, causing debility, nervousness, depression of spirits, palpitation of the heart, suicidal imaginings, involuntary emissions, bluishings, defective memory, indigestion and lassitude, with confessions of a youthful interest of a Boarding School Miss, a College Student, and a Young Married Lady, &c., &c. It is a faithful adviser to the married, and those contemplating marriage, who entertain secret doubts of their physical condition, and who are conscious of having hazarded the health, happiness and privileges to which every human being is entitled.

YOUNG MEN who are troubled with weakness generally caused by a bad habit in youth the effects of which are dizziness, pains, forgetfulness, sometimes a tingling in the ears, weak eyes, weakness of the back and lower extremities, confusion of ideas, loss of memory, with melancholy, may be cured by the author's NEW PARIS AND LONDON TREATMENT.

We have, recently devoted much of our time in VISITING THE EUROPEAN HOSPITALS, availing ourselves of the knowledge and researches of the most skilled physician and surgeons in Europe and the continent. Those who place themselves under our care will have the full benefit of the many NEW AND EFFICACIOUS REMEDIES which we are enabled to introduce into our practice, and the public may rest assured if the same zeal, assiduity, secrecy and attention being paid to their cases, which has so successfully distinguished us heretofore, as a Physician in our Peculiar department of French Female Pills.—Ladies who wish for Medicines, the efficacy of which has been tested in thousands of cases, and never failed to effect speedy cures without any bad results, will use none but Dr. Delaney's Female Periodical Pills. The only precaution necessary to be observed is, ladies should not take them if they have reason to believe they are in certain situations (the particulars of which will be found in the wrapper accompanying each box,) though always safe and healthy, so gentle, yet so active are they.

Price \$1 per box. They can be mailed to any part of the United States or Canada. TOTH LA VIES—Who need a confidential medical adviser with regard to any of those interesting complaints to which their delicate organization renders them liable, are particularly invited to consult us. The "Alcega-Galvane Proctice"—For married ladies whose health will not admit, or who have no desire to increase their families, may be obtained as above. It is a perfect safe preventive to conception, and has been extensively used during the last 20 years. Price reduced to \$10.

The Secrets of Youth Unveiled. A Treatise on the cause of Premature Decay.—A solemn warning. Just published, a book showing the invincible progress and prevalence among schools, [both male and female] of that fatal habit, pointing out the fatality that invariably attends its victims, and developing the whole progress of the disease, from the commencement to the end. It will be sent by Mail on receipt of two [3] cents stamps.

Attendance daily, from 8 in the morning till 9 at night, and on Sundays from 2 till 6 p. m. Medicines with full directions sent to any part of the United States or Canada, by patients communicating their symptoms by letter.

Dr. L's Office is still located as established under the name of DR. LA CROIX, at No. 31 Maiden Lane, Albany, N. Y. (Oct 7, '62-1y

VINELAND. TO ALL WANTING FARMS. A REMEDY FOR HARD TIMES.

A Rare Opportunity in the Best Market, and Most Delightful and Healthful Climate in the Union. Only thirty miles South of Philadelphia, on a Railroad, a Rich, Heavy Soil, and Highly Productive Wheat Land. Amongst the Best in the Garden State of New Jersey.

It consists of 30,000 acres of GOOD land, divided into Farms of different sizes to suit the purchaser—from 20 ACRES and UPWARDS—and is sold at the rate of from \$15 to \$20 per acre for the farm land, payable one-fourth cash, and the balance by quarterly installments, with legal interest, within the term of four years.

The Soil is, in great part, a Rich Clay Loam, suitable for Wheat, Grass and Potatoes—also a dark and rich sandy loam, suitable for corn, sweet-potatoes, tobacco, all kinds of vegetables and root crops, and the finest varieties of fruit, such as Grapes, Peaches, Apples, Apricots, Nectarines, Blackberries, Melons and other fruits, best adapted to the Philadelphia and New York Markets.

In respect to the soil and crops there can be no mistake, as visitors can examine both, and more expected to buy before so doing, and finding these statements correct—under these circumstances, unless those statements were correct, there would be no use in their being made. It is considered the best Fruit soil in the Union.

[See Reports of Solon Robinson, Esq., of the New York Tribune, and the well-known agriculturist, William Parry, of Cinnaminson, New Jersey, which will be furnished inquirers.]

The Market.—By looking over a map the reader will perceive that it enjoys the best market in the Union, and the most direct communication with New York and Philadelphia twice a day, being only thirty-two miles from the latter. Produce, this market brings double the price that it does in locations distant from the cities. In this location it can be put into market the same morning it is gathered, and for what the farmer sells he gets the highest price; whilst groceries and other articles he purchases he gets at the lowest price. In the West, what he sells brings him a pittance, but for what he buys he pays two prices. In locating here the settler has many other advantages. It is within a few hours, by railroad, of all the great cities of New England and the Middle States. He is near his old friends and associations. He has school for his children, divine service, and all the advantages of civilization and he is near a large city.

The Climate is delightful; the winters being so lubricious and open, whilst the summers are no warmer than in the North. The location is upon the line of latitude with northern Virginia.

Persons waiting a change of Climate for Health would be much benefited in Vineland. The mildness of the climate and its bracing influence, makes it excellent for all pulmonary affections, dyspepsia or general debility. Visitors will notice a difference in a few days. Child and fever are unknown.

Conveniences at Hand.—Building material is plenty. Fish and oysters are plenty and cheap. Visitors must expect, however, to see a new place. Why the Property has not been Settled Before?—This question the reader naturally asks. It is because it has been held in large tracts by families not disposed to sell, and being without railroad facilities they had few inducements. The Railroad has just been opened through the property this season, for the first time.

Visitors are shown over the land in a carriage free of expense, and afforded time and opportunity for thorough investigation. Those who come with a view to settle, should bring money to secure their purchases, as locations are not held upon refusal.

The Safest thing in Hard Times, where people have been thrown out of employment or business and possess some little means or small incomes, is to start themselves a home. They can buy a piece of land at a small price, and earn more than wages in improving it, and when it is done it is a certain independence and no loss. A few acres in fruit trees will insure a comfortable living. The land is put down to hard times, and all improvements can be made at a cheap rate than most any other time.

The whole tract, with six miles front on the railroad, is being laid out with fine and spacious acrements, with a view in the centre—five acre lots in the town set, a. from \$150 to \$200; two and a-half acre lots, at from \$50 to \$120, and town lots 50 feet front by 150 feet deep, at \$100—payable one-half cash and the balance within a year. It is only upon farms of twenty acres, or more, that four years' time is given.

To Manufacturers, the town affords a fine opening for the Shoe manufacturing business, and other articles, being near Philadelphia, and the surrounding country has a large population, which affords a good market.

This settlement, in the course of several years, will be one of the most beautiful places in the country, and most desirable for a residence.

It is intended to make it a Vine and Fruit growing country, as this culture is the most profitable and the best adapted to the market. Every advantage and convenience for settlers will be introduced which will insure the prosperity of the place. The hard times throughout the country will be an advantage to the settlement, as it compels people to resort to agriculture for a living.

Large numbers of people are purchasing, and the people who desire the best location should visit the place at once. Improved Land is also for sale.

TIMBER.—Land can be bought with or without timber. The timber at market valuation. The title is indisputable. Warrantee Deeds given clear of all incumbrance, when the money is paid. Boarding conveniences at hand.

Letters promptly answered, and Reports of Solon Robinson and Wm. Parry sent, together with the "Vineland Rural."

Route to the Land.—Leave Walnut street wharf, Philadelphia, at 9 o'clock, A. M., and 4 P. M. (unless there should be a change of hour.) for Vineland, on the Glassboro' and Millville Railroad. When you leave the cars at Vineland Station, just opened, inquire for

CHAS. K. LANDIS, Postmaster, Vineland P. O., Cumberland Co., N. J. P. S.—There is a change of cars of Glassboro'—Also beware, shippers on the cars from New York and Philadelphia to Vineland, inquiring your business, destination, &c.

December 3, 1861-8mos.

JUST received a lot of fresh Ground Plaster and for sale by DEITZ & McDOWELL, Greencastle, April 21, 1863.

Report of Solon Robinson, OF THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE, IN HIS VINELAND SETTLEMENT.

The following is an extract from the report of Solon Robinson, Esq., published in the New York Tribune, in reference to Vineland. All persons can avail themselves of the advantages of Farming near Home—Vineland—Remarks upon Marl—Soil, its great fertility—The Cause of Fertility—Amount of Crops Produced—Practical Evidence.

It is certainly one of the most extensive fertile tracts, in an almost level position, and suitable condition for permanent farming that we know of this side of the western prairies. We found some of the oldest farms apparently just as profitable and productive as when first cleared of forest fifty or a hundred years ago.

The geologist would soon discover the cause of this continued fertility. The whole country is a marl deposit, and all through the soil we found evidences of calcareous substances, generally in the form of indurated calcareous marl, showing many distinct forms of ancient shells, of the tertiary formation; and this marly substance is scattered all through the soil, in a very comminuted form, and in the exact condition most easily assimilated by such plants as the farmer desires to cultivate.

Marl in all its forms, has been used to fertilize crops in England, from the time it was occupied by the Romans; and in France and Germany a marl bed is counted on as a valuable bed of manure, that can be dug and carted and spread over the field.

How much more valuable than it must be, when found already mixed through the soil, where new particles will be turned up and exposed, and transformed to the owner's use every time he stirs the earth.

Having then satisfied our minds of the cause, we will not be excited with wonder at seeing indubitable evidence of fertility in a soil which in other situations, having the same general characteristics or at least appearances, is entirely unproductive except as its productiveness is promoted by artificial fertilization.

A few words about the quality and value of this land for cultivation, of which we have some strong proof.

Our first visit was to William D. Wilson, Franklin township, Gloucester county, who purchased some eight miles north of Millville, about three years ago, for the purpose of establishing a steam mill, to work up the timber into lumber, to send off by the railroad, as well as the firewood and coal, for which he built a branch track a mile and a half long. He also furnished sixteen miles of the road with ties, and has no doubt made the mill profitable, though his main object was to open a farm, having become convinced that the soil was valuable for cultivation.

In this he has not been disappointed, as some of his crops prove. For instance, last year, the second time of cropping, 300 bushels of potatoes on one acre worth 50 cents a bushel in the field. This year seven acres, without manure, produced 500 bushels of oats. In one field, the first crop was potatoes, planted among the roots, and yielded 75 bushels. The potatoes were dug, and wheat sown, and yielded 16 bushels; and the stubble turned under and sown to buckwheat, which yielded 3½ bushels; and then the ground was sown to clover and timothy, which gave a first crop 2½ tons per acre.

The fertilizers applied to these crops were first, ashes from clearings; second, 225 pounds of superphosphate of lime; third, 200 pounds Peruvian guano; then 50 bushels of slaked lime has been spread upon the clover since it was mowed, and turned in for wheat.

Mr. Wilson's growing crops, and the wheat stubble of the present season, all indicate his land as productive as any part of the State.

At Mary Barrow's, an old style Jersey woman farmer, several miles south of Mr. Wilson's, we saw so particularly struck with the fine appearance of a field of corn, that we stopped to inquire of the farmer, how it was produced? We found that the land had been the year but one before in wheat sown with clover, and this cut one season, and last spring plowed once, with one "poor old nag," and planted with corn.

"Yes, but you manured him, we suppose?" we said interrogatively, and got this reply:—

"Well, you see, we couldn't do a deal; 'cause we hadn't but forty one-horse loads altogether, for 23 acres, and we wanted the most on't for the truck."

The truck consisted of beets, carrots, cabbage, cucumbers, melons, &c., and a very productive patch of Lima beans, grown for marketing. So we were satisfied that the soil was not sterile, even unaided by clover, which had fed the corn, because the "truck patch" had not been in cultivation long enough to obliterate all signs of the forest.

Our next visit was to the large farm of Andrew Sharp, five miles north of Millville, from half to a mile east of the railroad, and just about in the centre of Vineland. Mr. Sharp commenced work here in December, 1858, upon 270 acres. In less than three years, he has got 234 acres cleared and in crops this season, as well inclosed and divided, into several fields, with cedar rail or pole fence; has built a two-story dwelling, about 36 by 40 feet, and a smaller house for farm laborers, and a stable and granary and some other out buildings.

Considerable part of the land was cleared for the plow at \$9 an acre, and on some of it the first crop was buckwheat, lined with 50 bushels in powder per acre. This crop may be put in July 4th to 20th, and yields 20 to 30 bushels per acre, harvested in November; when the land being sowed with 15 lbs. of Peruvian guano and seeded with rye, yielded 12 to 15 bushels per acre, and \$10 worth of straw. The rye stubble turned, after knocking off a large growth of oak sprouts, and dressed again with guano and seeded to wheat, gave 15 or 16 bushels. The crop which he was threshing while we were there, promises more, of a very plump grain, and the straw is very heavy.

We went over the stubble, and found the clover and timothy, from seed sowed last spring, on the wheat without harrowing, looking as well as we ever saw it upon any old cultivated farm, and with a little work done in the winter to clear off some roots and rotten stumps, and setting stakes to mark permanent ones, he will be able to cut the crop the next year with a mowing machine, and we will warrant you tons per acre, if he will give the crop of a year's estimate.

Part of the land was planted with potatoes for a first crop, which yielded 120 bushels per acre. It was then lined with 50 bushels per acre, and seeded with wheat and clover, yielded and average of over 15 bushels per acre, and the clover now looks beautiful.

Other portions have been planted with corn as a first crop, which yielded 30 bushels of yellow dent corn, and the second crop 40 bushels, and the third crop, treated to 15 lbs. of guano, we are sure no one would estimate below 40 bushels per acre.

[The reader will recollect that the writer is now speaking of land perfectly new and which can scarcely be considered in good arable condition—Etc.]

In other cases, the corn crop of last year was followed with oats this season, and yet threshed but will average probably 40 to 50 bushels. Sweet potatoes, beans, melons, and, in fact, all garden vegetables, as well as young peach and other fruit trees planted this year show very plainly that this long neglected tract of land should remain so no longer, and there is now a strong probability that it will not; for under the auspices of Mr. Landis, it will be divided into small lots, with roads located to accommodate all—the surveyor is now busy at this work—and all purchasers will be required to build neat comfortable houses, and either fence their lots in uniformity, or agree to live without fence, which would be preferable, by which means a good population will be secured, which will establish churches, schools, stores, mills, mechanics shops and homes—homes of American farmers, surrounded by gardens, orchards, fields and comforts of civilized life.

If any one, from any derangement of business, is desirous of changing his pursuits of life, or who has any other reasons to find a new location and this home in the country, and who may read and believe what we have truly stated, he will do well to go and see for himself what may be seen within a two hours' ride out of Philadelphia.

SOLON ROBINSON.